

If you can't give us a 5 star rating in every category... we want to hear from you so we can fix the issue.

It's not your business we're after...

It's your repeat business that we strive for!

## **Contact info:**

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## Warranty Information

	Compressor is: DRY Contains Oil Check this Unit x
	The <b>minimum</b> requirements to receive a 1 year warranty are as follows:
1.	Accumulator/Receiver Drier <b>must</b> be replaced. This component is a 'filter'.
2.	Orifice Tubes <b>must</b> be replaced (if system is equipped with one)

- 3. Expansion valve(s) must be inspected and/or replaced if dirty or defective when installing a new compressor. Expansion valves must be replaced when installing a remanufactured compressor.
- 4. **A/C system must be clean and free of debris and contaminants.** The system must be flushed and/or have an inline filter installed. In most cases components can be flushed; however in some instances it may be necessary to replace condenser or other items.
- 5. Correct amount and type of oil must be used. Some compressors will come with some oil in them. This oil should be drained and a new bottle of oil needs to be used. Please refer to the OE manufacturer for the amount and type of oil required.
- 6. An ASE certified repair shop must charge the system. Anyone can install the parts but the technician must be the one to do the evacuation and recharge. The recharge will generally consist of the installation of the oil as well.
- 7. Prior to refrigerant charging, full vacuum **must** be done for a minimum of 45 minutes. In humid climates or during cooler days, this time should be increased to effectively remove air and boil off moisture.

The Technician installing this compressor should refer to the vehicle manufacturer's guide for oil and refrigerant specifications. After the compressor is installed, the clutch hub should be **rotated 10-20 revolutions** to ensure that oil is evenly distributed, and to clear excess oil from the cylinders, or internal damage may occur. You do not want the entire oil charge in the compressor itself; it is best to split the oil charge up into 3 different components.

## Information to Vehicle Owner

You are replacing your original compressor for a reason. You must be prepared to replace additional components of the A/C system. If your A/C system suffered a catastrophic failure, i.e., the unit locked up, metal debris was strewn throughout the system. Even if you did not, your Technician will need to make sure the **system is properly cleaned**, whether through the use of a flush gun, closed loop flush, or replacement of damaged components.

Receiver driers or accumulators, and expansion devices should be replaced any time an A/C system is opened. They act as filters for your air conditioning system, and should be replaced just like an oil filter during an oil change.

Be prepared to replace a condenser, and relieved if you do not have to .The condenser sits right in front of the radiator, and cools down refrigerant. Many times, bugs, road debris, and pebbles or rocks can damage it. Also, if a restriction develops internally, the path of the refrigerant will be blocked, causing high pressures, which can damage the compressor and other components.

If your automotive Technician is advising you to replace more parts than you thought you would need, he is only trying to save you from having to repair your system again. The cost of doing it right the first time will be worth it.