SAFETY DATA SHEET

FIRETEX FX9500 Epoxy Intumescent - Base

FX9500B

Section 1. Identification

Product name	: FIRETEX FX9500 Epoxy Intumescent - Base					
Product type	: Liquid.					
Relevant identified use	Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against					
Supplier's details	: VALSPAR PAINT (NZ) LIMITED 4-14 Patiki Road Avondale, Auckland, NZ 1026					
Manufacturer	: Leighs Paints Tower Works Kestor Street Bolton, UK BL2 2AL					
Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation)	: +(64)98010034 (Available 24 hrs/ 7 days)					
e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS	: wattyl@wattyl.com.au					

Section 2. Hazards identification

HSNO Classification	: FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
	ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4
	SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2
	EYE IRRITATION - Category 2
	SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1
	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2
	REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY - Category 2
	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED EXPOSURE - Category 2
	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
	SHORT-TERM (ACUTE) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1
	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1

This material is classified as hazardous according to criteria in the Hazardous Substances (Hazard Classification) Notice 2020.

This product is classified as DANGEROUS GOODS for transport, according to the New Zealand Standard NZS 5433: 2012 Transport of Dangerous Goods on Land.

2012 Hanoport of Bangorodo	
GHS label elements	
Signal word	: Danger
Hazard statements	 Flammable liquid and vapour. Harmful if swallowed. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes serious eye irritation. Suspected of causing cancer. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statements	
General	: Do not apply directly into or onto water. Take all reasonable steps to ensure that the substance does not cause any significant adverse effects to the environment beyond the application area.

Section 2. Hazards identification

Prevention	: Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye protection, face protection, or hearing protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Avoid release to the environment. Do not breathe vapour. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.
Response	: Collect spillage. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.
Storage	: Store locked up.
Disposal	 Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Symbol	

Other hazards which do not : Please refer to the SDS for additional information. Keep out of reach of children. result in classification

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture	: Mixture
Other means of identification	: Not available.

CAS number/other identifiers

Product code

: FX9500B

Ingredient name	% (w/w)	CAS number
Epoxy Polymer	≥30 - ≤60	25068-38-6
Xylene, mixed isomers	≤10	1330-20-7
Trimethylolpropane triacrylate	≤10	15625-89-5
Titanium Dioxide	≤10	13463-67-7
Zinc Borate	≤10	12767-90-7
tert-Butylphenyl diphenyl phosphate	≤5	56803-37-3
Triphenyl Phosphate	≤5	115-86-6
Ethylbenzene	≤3	100-41-4
Glass	≤3	65997-17-3
2-Ethyl-2-(hydroxymethyl)-1,3-propanediol	≤0.3	77-99-6

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Section 4. First aid measures

	Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Ingestion :	Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Aspiration hazard if swallowed. Can enter lungs and cause damage. Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Skin contact :	Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Eye contact :	Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.
Most important symptoms/effe	cts, acute and delayed
Potential acute health effects	
	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Ingestion :	Harmful if swallowed. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
Skin contact :	Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Eye contact :	Causes serious eye irritation.
Over-exposure signs/symptor	
Inhalation :	Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations
Ingestion :	Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations
Skin :	Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations
Eyes :	Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
	I attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
	No specific treatment.
Notes to physician :	Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

Section 4. First aid measures

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Protection of first-aiders : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation
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may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Firefighting measures

Extinguishing media		
Suitable	:	Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam.
Not suitable	:	Do not use water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	:	Flammable liquid and vapour. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. The vapour/gas is heavier than air and will spread along the ground. Vapours may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. This material is very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	:	Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide phosphorus oxides halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides
Hazchem code	1	•3Y
Special precautions for fire- fighters	:	Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	:	Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures			
For non-emergency personnel	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.	
For emergency responders	:	If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".	
Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.	
Methods and material for containment and cleaning up			
Small spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.	

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Large spill : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spa
explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. F sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spilla effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or dia and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (s Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminate material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product. Note: se emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling	L	
Protective measures	:	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Do not swallow. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	:	Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	:	Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidising materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

		11
Occupational	exposure	<u>IIMIts</u>

Ingredient name	Exposure limits			
Xylene, mixed isomers	HSWA 2015 - HSW (GRWM) 2016. Workplace exposure standards (WES) (New Zealand, 4/2022). [xylene (o-, m-, p- isomers)] WES-TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.			
Titanium Dioxide	WES-TWA: 217 mg/m ³ 8 hours. HSWA 2015 - HSW (GRWM) 2016. Workplace exposure standards (WES) (New Zealand, 4/2022).			
	WES-TWA: 10 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: The value for inhalable dust containing no asbestos and less than 1% free silica.			

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Triphenyl Phosphate	HSWA 2015 - HSW (GRWM) 2016. Workplace expective standards (M/ES)
	Workplace exposure standards (WES) (New Zealand, 4/2022).
	WES-TWA: 3 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
Ethylbenzene	HSWA 2015 - HSW (GRWM) 2016.
	Workplace exposure standards (WES)
	(New Zealand, 4/2022). Absorbed through
	skin. WES-TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.
	WES-TWA: 20 ppm o hours. WES-TWA: 88 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	WES-STEL: 176 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	WES-STEL: 40 ppm 15 minutes.
Glass	HSWA 2015 - HSW (GRWM) 2016.
	Workplace exposure standards (WES)
	(New Zealand, 4/2022). [synthetic mineral fibres (man-made mineral fibres)]
	WES-TWA: 0.3 f/ml 8 hours. Form: for
	carcinogenic SMFs
	WES-TWA: 2 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: for
	non-carcinogenic SMFs
Appropriate engineering	: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust
controls	ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne
	contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls
	also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.
Environmental exposure controls	: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some
controls	cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process
	equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.
ndividual protection measu	<u>ires</u>
Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before
	eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period.
	Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing.
	Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety
	showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk
- ,	assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists,
	gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn,
	unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash
	goggles.
Skin protection	
Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should
	be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer,
	check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It
	should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be
	different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of
	several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately
	estimated.
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task
	being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity,
	wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static
	discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
Other skin protection	: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be
	selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be
	approved by a specialist before handling this product.
larsion : 14.04	Date of issue/Date of revision : 13 June 2023

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Respiratory protection

: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

<u>Appearance</u>			
Physical state	: Liquid.		
Colour	: White.		
Odour	: Not available.		
Odour threshold	: Not available.		
рН	: Not applicable.		
Melting point/freezing point	: Not available.		
Boiling point, initial boiling point, and boiling range	: 136°C (276.8°F)		
Flash point	: Closed cup: 30°C (86°F) [Pensky-Martens Closed Cup]		
Evaporation rate	: 0.8 (butyl acetate = 1)		
Flammability	: Flammable liquid.		
Lower and upper explosion limit/flammability limit	: Lower: 1% Upper: 7%		
Vapour pressure	: 0.95 kPa (7.1 mm Hg)		
Relative vapour density	: 3.66 [Air = 1]		
Relative density	: 1.35		
Solubility(ies)	:		
Media	Result		

cold water		Not soluble
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	:	Not applicable.
Auto-ignition temperature	1	Not available.
Decomposition temperature	1	Not available.
Viscosity	1	Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): <20.5 mm²/s (<20.5 cSt)
Aerosol product		
Type of aerosol	:	Not applicable.
Heat of combustion	1	8.208 kJ/g
Ignition distance	:	Not applicable.
Enclosed space ignition - Time equivalent	1	Not applicable.
Enclosed space ignition - Deflagration density	:	Not applicable.
Flame height	:	Not applicable.
Flame duration	:	Not applicable.

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurise, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition. Do not allow vapour to accumulate in low or confined areas.
Incompatible materials	: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidising materials
Hazardous decomposition products	 Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

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Information on likely	routes of exposure
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Ingestion	: Harmful if swallowed. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
Skin contact	: Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.
Symptoms related to	the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
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Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

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AU	ate	LOX	OILY	

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Xylene, mixed isomers	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	6700 ppm	4 hours
•	LD50 Oral	Rat	4300 mg/kg	-
Trimethylolpropane	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	5170 mg/kg	-
triacrylate				
Triphenyl Phosphate	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>7900 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3500 mg/kg	-
Ethylbenzene	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
-	LD50 Oral	Rat	3500 mg/kg	-
2-Ethyl-2-(hydroxymethyl) -1,3-propanediol	LD50 Oral	Rat	14000 mg/kg	-

Irritation/Corrosion

Section 11. Toxicological information

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Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
Epoxy Polymer	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	100 mg	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				uL	
	Skin - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 2	-
				mg	
Xylene, mixed isomers	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	87 mg	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 5	-
				mg	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rat	-	8 hours 60 uL	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100 %	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				mg	
Trimethylolpropane	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100 mg	-
triacrylate					
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				mg	
Titanium Dioxide	Skin - Mild irritant	Human	-	72 hours 300	-
				ug l	
Ethylbenzene	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 15	-
				mg	

Sensitisation

Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

General	 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	: Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.
Eye contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Carcinogenicity	: Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Teratogenicity	: Suspected of damaging the unborn child.
Developmental effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Fertility effects	: Suspected of damaging fertility.
Chronic toxicity	
Not available.	
Carcinogenicity	
Not available.	
Mutagenicity	
Not available.	

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

<u>Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)</u> Not available.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Phenol, 4,4'-(1-methylethylidene)bis-, polymer with (chloromethyl)oxirane	Category 2	-	-
Benzene, dimethyl- mixed isomers Benzene, ethyl-	Category 2 Category 2	-	-

Aspiration hazard

Name

Xylene, mixed isomers Ethylbenzene

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapours) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
FIRETEX FX9500 Epoxy Intumescent - Base	1798.6	6433.7	34502	87.7	N/A
Benzene, dimethyl- mixed isomers	500	1100	6700	N/A	N/A
Trimethylolpropane triacrylate	N/A	5170	N/A	N/A	N/A
tert-Butylphenyl diphenyl phosphate	N/A	N/A	N/A	11	N/A
Triphenyl phosphate	500	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Benzene, ethyl-	3500	N/A	N/A	11	N/A
2-Ethyl-2-(hydroxymethyl)-1,3-propanediol	14000	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

Section 12. Ecological information

: This material is very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Aquatic and terrestrial toxicity

Ecotoxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Xylene, mixed isomers	Acute LC50 8500 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Palaemonetes	48 hours
		pugio	
	Acute LC50 13400 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
Titanium Dioxide	Acute LC50 >1000000 μg/l Marine water	Fish - Fundulus heteroclitus	96 hours
tert-Butylphenyl diphenyl phosphate	Acute LC50 300 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
Triphenyl Phosphate	Acute EC50 225 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss - Fingerling	96 hours
	Acute LC50 320 to 560 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Americamysis bahia	48 hours
	Acute LC50 0.09 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours
	Chronic NOEC 0.01 mg/l	Algae - Chlorella vulgaris	3 days
	Chronic NOEC 50 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	21 days
	Chronic NOEC 131 ng/L Fresh water	Fish - Oryzias latipes - Larvae	103 days
Ethylbenzene	Acute EC50 4900 µg/l Marine water	Algae - Skeletonema costatum	72 hours
	Acute EC50 7700 µg/l Marine water	Algae - Skeletonema costatum	96 hours
	Acute EC50 6.53 mg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Artemia sp Nauplii	48 hours
	Acute EC50 2.93 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 4200 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
2-Ethyl-2-(hydroxymethyl) -1,3-propanediol	Acute EC50 1300000 μg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours

FIRETEX FX9500 Epoxy Intumescent - Base					Page: 11/14	
Section 12. Ecolo	gical information	on				
	Acute LC50 14400000 μg/l Marine water		Fish - Cyprinodon variegatus		96 hours	
Persistence/degradability						
Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photol	Photolysis		Biodegradability	
Xylene, mixed isomers Ethylbenzene		-		Readily Readily	5	
Bioaccumulative potential				L		
Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF		Potential		
Epoxy Polymer Xylene, mixed isomers Zinc Borate Triphenyl Phosphate 2-Ethyl-2-(hydroxymethyl) -1,3-propanediol	- - - -	31 8.1 to 25.9 60960 144 <1		low low high low low	low high low	
<u>Mobility in soil</u>	•					
Soil/water partition coefficient (K _{oc})	: Not available.					
Other adverse effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.					

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. 1 Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Regulatory information	UN number	Proper shipping name	Classes	PG*	Label	Marine Pollutant
New Zealand Class	UN1263	PAINT. Marine pollutant (Epoxy Polymer, Trimethylolpropane triacrylate)	3	111	LANDER LANDER	Yes.
ADG Class	UN1263	PAINT	3			Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.
Version : 14	4.04		Date of	issue/Date of		3, June, 2023

Section 14. Transport information

UN Class	UN1263	PAINT	3			Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.
ADR/RID Class	UN1263	PAINT	3	III		Yes.
IATA Class	UN1263	PAINT	3	111		Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.
IMDG Class	UN1263	PAINT. Marine pollutant (Epoxy Polymer, Trimethylolpropane triacrylate)	3	111		Marine pollutant
Additional information					·	
New Zealand C	class :	The marine pollutant <u>Hazchem code</u> •3Y	mark is not r	equired when	transported by roa	ad or rail.
ADG Class	:	Hazchem code •3Y				
UN Class	:	-				

 The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg.
 <u>Tunnel code</u> D/E

The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations.

IMDG Class: The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg.Emergency schedulesF-E, S-E

PG* : Packing group NZ NZS 14 Hazchem Code

ADR/RID Class

IATA Class

: •3Y

Special precautions for user : **Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not available. to IMO instruments

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HSNO Approval Number	: HSR002669
HSNO Group Standard	: Surface coatings and colourants
HSNO Classification	 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4 SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2 SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2 REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY - Category 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED EXPOSURE - Category 2 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 SHORT-TERM (ACUTE) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1 LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1
Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product	: No known specific national and/or regional regulations applicable to this product (including its ingredients).
International regulations	
Chemical Weapon Convent	ion List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals
Not listed.	
Montreal Protocol Not listed.	
Stockholm Convention on I Not listed.	Persistent Organic Pollutants
Rotterdam Convention on F Not listed.	Prior Informed Consent (PIC)
LINECE Aarbus Protocol on	POPs and Hoavy Motals

UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

Not listed.

Section 16. Other information

<u>History</u>	
Date of printing	: 13, June, 2023.
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 13, June, 2023
Date of previous issue	: 07, March, 2023
Version	: 14.04
Key to abbreviations	: ADG = Australian Dangerous Goods ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Internediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) RID = The Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail SGG = Segregation Group UN = United Nations
References	: Not available.

Section 16. Other information

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

It is recommended that each customer or recipient of this Safety Data Sheet (SDS) study it carefully and consult resources, as necessary or appropriate, to become make themselves aware of and understand the data contained in this SDS and any hazards that may be associated with the product. This information is provided in good faith and believed to be accurate as of the effective date mentioned herein. However, no warranty, express or implied, is given. The information presented here applies only to the product as shipped. The addition of any material can may change later the composition, hazards and risks of the product. Products shall should not be repackaged, modified, or tinted except as specifically instructed by the manufacturer, including but not limited to, the incorporation of products not specified by the manufacturer, or the use or addition of products in proportions not specified by the manufacturer. Regulatory requirements are subject to change and may differ between various locations and jurisdictions. The customer/buyer/user is responsible to ensure that his activities comply with all country, federal, state, provincial or local laws. The conditions for the use of the product are not under the manufacturer's control of the manufacturer; the customer/buyer/user is responsible to for determine determining the conditions necessary for the safe use of this product. The customer/buyer/user should not use the product for any purpose other than the purpose shown in the applicable section of this SDS, without first referring to the supplier and obtaining written handling instructions. Due to the proliferation of sources for information such as manufacturer-specific SDS, the manufacturer cannot be held responsible for SDSs obtained from any other source.