

O.G. ABV IBU BREW TIME: 6 WEEKS

5.2% 45 Primary: 2 Weeks Secondary: 2 Weeks

Bottle Conditioning: 2 Weeks

MEXICAN HOT CHOCOLATE STOUT

1.059

Perhaps the best hot chocolate recipe there is, Mexican hot chocolate is a pleasure to behold. Rich chocolate flavors, a creamy body and hints of cinnamon and chile pepper are a sure match for beer. Mexican Hot Chocolate Stout hits all of these flavor notes and then some by combining this classic recipe with a moderately roasty stout base. You will find all of the flavors of decadent Mexican hot chocolate, but receive an extra flavor burst of an American-style stout. ¡Salud!

KIT INVENTORY

MALT EXTRACTS

6 lbs Gold Malt Syrup 1 lb Golden Light DME

STEEPING GRAINS

1 lb Briess Chocolate Malt 0.5 lbs Briess Caramel 80L 0.5 lbs Light Roasted Barley

PREMIUM HOPS

1 oz Columbus 60 min

OTHER INGREDIENTS

1 lb Lactose 60 min
1 oz Cinnamon 10 min
0.25 oz De Arbol Chile
Fermentor

4 oz Cacao Nibs Fermentor

SUGGESTED YEAST

YEAST

DRY YEAST:

Fermentis Safale US-05 Optimum Temp: 59°- 75°F

LIQUID YEAST OPTION:

Omega Yeast OYL-004 West Coast Ale I

Optimum temp: 60°- 73°F

Imperial Yeast AO7 Flagship
Optimum temp: 60°- 72°F

BEFORE BREW DAY

- Upon arrival, unpack kit.
- · Read all instructions before starting.
- Be sure you have all items listed in the Kit Inventory.
- Refrigerate liquid yeast.
- If making a yeast starter, we suggest 24-48 hrs.
- Contact us if you have any questions or concerns.

YOU WILL NEED

- Homebrewing equipment for brewing 5 gallon batches.
- Boiling kettle (at least 3.5 gallons capacity).
- \bullet Approx. 2 cases of 12 oz or 22 oz pry-off beer bottles.
- Optional 5 gallon carboy, with bung and airlock, to use as secondary fermentor.

A FEW HOURS BEFORE BREW DAY

Remove liquid yeast packages from the refrigerator. Allow to warm to your desired fermentation temperature (~65°F). Check yeast instructions on packet.

BREWING NOTES	KEY STATS
	Brew Day Date:
	Secondary:
	Important Additions:
	Bottling/Kegging:
	Fermentation Temp:
	Yeast Strain #:
	Measured OG:FG:

ON BREWING DAY

- 1. Heat 2.5 gal of water.
- 2. Pour grain into supplied mesh bags, and tie open end in a knot. Steep for 20 min at 150° - 160°F. Remove bags, drain and discard.
- 3. Bring to a boil. Remove the kettle from burner and stir in 6 lbs Gold Malt Syrup, 1 lb Lactose and 1 lb Golden Light DME.
- 4. Return to boil. The mixture is now called "wort", the brewer's term for unfermented beer. NOTE: Total boil time is 60 min.
 - Add 1 oz Columbus at the beginning of the boil.
 - Add 1 oz Cinnamon Sticks with 10 minutes remaining in the boil.
- 5. Cool wort. When the 60-minute boil is finished, cool wort to approximately 100°F as rapidly as possible. Use a wort chiller, or put kettle in an ice bath in your sink.
- 6. Sanitize fermenting equipment and yeast pack. While wort cools, sanitize fermenting equipment (fermenter, lid or stopper, airlock, etc) along with yeast pack.

PRIMARY FERMENTATION

- 14. Within 48 hours Active fermentation begins. You'll see a cap of foam on the surface of the beer. Specific gravity as measured with a hydrometer will drop steadily. You may see bubbles in the fermentation lock. The optimum temp. for this beer is 62°- 70°F.
- 15. Within 2 weeks Active fermentation ends.

Proceed to next step when:

- Cap of foam falls back into the beer.
- Bubbling in airlock slows down or stops.
- Specific gravity as measured with a hydrometer is stable.

SECONDARY FERMENTATION (OPTIONAL)

NOTE: You may skip transferring to a secondary fermentor and simply leave the beer in the primary fermentor.

- 16. Sanitize siphoning equipment, airlock, carboy bung or stopper. Siphon beer from primary fermenter into secondary. (optional - see above)
- 17. Add 4 oz Cacao Nibs and 0.25 oz De Arbol Chiles (remove the seeds) to a container and add enough high proof alcohol to cover. Cover container and let rest overnight.
- 18. Add the mixture of Cacao Nibs, De Arbol Chiles and alcohol directly to the new beer.
- 19. Allow the beer to condition for 2 weeks before proceeding with the next step. Timing is now somewhat flexible.

- 7. Fill primary fermenter with 2 gal cold water, then pour in cooled wort. Leave any thick sludge in bottom of kettle.
- 8. Add more cold water as needed to bring volume to 5 gal.
- 9. Aerate wort: Seal fermenter and rock back and forth to splash for a few mins, or use an aeration system and diffusion stone.
- 10. Measure the wort's specific gravity with a hydrometer. Record.
- 11. Add yeast once temperature of the wort is 70°F or lower. Sanitize and open yeast pack. Carefully pour contents into primary fermenter.
- 12. Seal fermenter. Add approx. 1 tbsp of water to sanitized fermentation lock. Insert airlock into rubber stopper or lid. Seal fermenter.
- 13. Move fermenter to a cool, dark, spot until fermentation begins.

BOTTLING DAY (ABOUT 4 WEEKS AFTER BREWING DAY)

- 20. Sanitize siphoning and bottling equipment.
- 21. Mix a priming solution (sugar dissolved in water; carbonates bottled beer). Use the following amounts, depending on which type of sugar you use:
 - Corn sugar (dextrose) 2/3 cup in 16oz water.
 - Table sugar (sucrose) 5/8 cup in 16oz water.

Bring solution to a boil. Pour into bottling bucket.

- 22. Siphon beer into bottling bucket and mix with priming solution. Stir gently to mix - do not splash.
- 23. Fill and cap bottles.

CONDITIONING (ABOUT 6 WEEKS AFTER BREWING DAY)

- 24. Condition bottles at room temp. for 1-2 weeks. After this point, store bottles cool or cold.
- 25. Serving: Pour into a clean glass. Be careful to leave any sediment at the bottom of the bottle. Cheers!

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