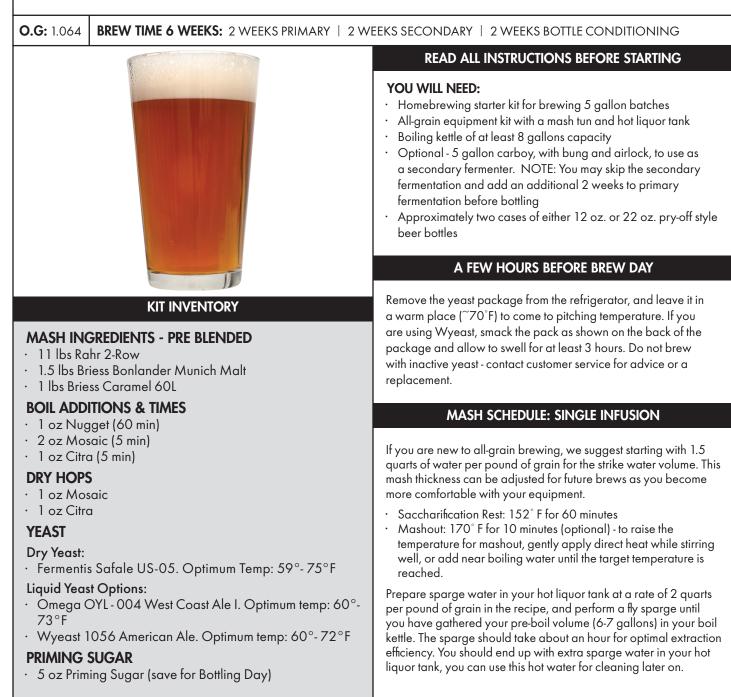
# NORTHERN BREWER

# FRESH SQUISHED

# ALL-GRAIN

Dripping with vivid flavors, Fresh Squished is the beer equivalent of visiting your local fruit stand. Flavors and aromas of grapefruit, melon, berries, lime and passionfruit drizzle into a faint herbal, piney background. The sturdy malt foundation of sweet crystal malts and toasty munich concedes to this indulgent use of Citra and Mosaic hops to achieve remarkable balance. Pale copper in color, Fresh Squished is overlaid by a fluffy, rich beige foam cap, allowing the juicy aromas to ooze out.



## **BOIL ADDITIONS AND TIMES**

- This recipe calls for a 60 minute boil duration.
- 1 oz Nugget (60 minutes start of the boil)
- 2 oz Mosaic (5 minutes remaining in the boil)
- $\cdot$  1 oz Citra (5 minutes remaining in the boil)

# AFTER THE BOIL

- 1. Cool the wort: When the 60 minute boil is finished, cool the wort to 65° 70°F as rapidly as possible.
- 2. Sanitize fermenting equipment and yeast pack: While the wort cools, sanitize the fermenting equipment fermenter, lid or stopper, airlock, funnel, etc along with the yeast packet.
- Transfer your cooled wort into the primary fermentation vessel using a valve on the boil kettle, by siphoning from the boil kettle, or pouring the wort into the fermenter.
- 4. Aerate the wort. Seal the fermenter and rock back and forth to spash for a few minutes, or use an aeration system and diffusion stone.
- 5. Measure specific gravity of the wort with a hydrometer and record in the "BREWER'S NOTES" section. Target gravity for this kit is 1.064.
- 6. Add your yeast once the temperature of the wort is between 65° 70°F. Sanitize and open the yeast pack(s) or yeast starter and carefully pour the contents into the primary fermenter.
- 7. Seal the fermenter. Add approximately 1 tablespoon of sanitizer or clean water to the sanitized airlock. Insert the airlock into the rubber stopper or bucket lid and seal the fermenter.
- 8. Move the fermenter to a warm, dark, quiet spot until fermentation begins.

# PRIMARY FERMENTATION

- 9. Active fermentation begins. Within approximately 48 hours of Brewing Day, active fermentation will begin – there will be a cap of foam on the surface of the beer, the specific gravity as measured with a hydrometer will drop steadily, and you may see bubbles come through the fermentation lock. The optimum fermentation temperature for this beer is 66° - 70°F, move the fermenter to a warmer or cooler spot as needed.
- 10. Active fermentation ends. Approximately one to two weeks after brewing day, active fermentation will end. When the cap of foam falls back into the new beer, bubbling in the air lock slows down or stops, and the specific gravity as measured with a hydrometer is stable, proceed to the next step.

11. Optional - Transfer beer to secondary fermenter. Sanitize siphoning equipment and an airlock and carboy bung or stopper. Siphon the beer from the primary fermenter into the secondary. If you do not have a secondary fermenter, simply leave the beer in the primary fermenter for an additional two weeks.

#### SECONDARY FERMENTATION - OPTIONAL\*

- 12. Allow the beer to condition in the secondary fermetner for 2 weeks before proceeding to the next step. Timing is now somewhat flexible. \*See the "YOU WILL NEED" section and Step 11.
- 13. Add 1 oz Mosaic and 1 oz Citra dry hops 5 7 days before bottling.

### BOTTLING DAY - ABOUT 1 MONTH AFTER BREWING DAY

- 14. Sanitize siphoning and bottling equipment.
- 15. Mix a priming solution (a measured amount of sugar dissolved in water to carbonate the bottled beer). Use the following amounts, depending on which type of sugar you will use:
  - Corn sugar (dextrose) 2/3 cup in 16 oz water.
  - Table sugar (sucrose) 5/8 cup in 16 oz water.
- Bring the solution to a boil and pour into the bottling bucket.
- 16. Siphon beer into bottling bucket and mix with priming solution. Stir gently to mix-don't splash.
- 17. Fill and cap bottles.

#### **CONDITIONING** - ABOUT 2 WEEKS AFTER BOTTLING DAY

- 18. Condition bottles at room temperature for 2 weeks. After this point, the bottles can be stored cool or cold.
- 19. Serving. Pour into a clean glass, being careful to leave the layer of sediment at the bottom of the bottle. Cheers!

# **BREWER'S NOTES**

At Northern Brewer, we've always got your back. Our Brewmasters are available 7 days a week to help you brew your very best, and it doesn't end until you're completely happy with your latest batch...and looking forward to the next one. We'll never let you fail. Guaranteed.