MAINTENANCE SCHEDULE

Maintenance frequency may vary depending on the number of hours the shock is ridden and the condition under which it is ridden. Heat, frame design, dust, mud, and adjustment settings are all factors that need to be taken into consideration in determining the frequency of basic maintenance and oil changes.

	AFTER EACH USE	END OF EACH SEASON	ANNUALLY
Clean under the bottom-out bumper	Yes	Yes	Yes
Clean shock exterior	Yes	Yes	Yes
Check shaft for damage or rust	Inspect	Inspect	Inspect
Check seal head for leaks or loosening	Inspect	Inspect/Replace	Replace
Check nuts for loosening	Inspect	Inspect	Inspect
Check DU bushings	Inspect	Inspect	Inspect
Check spring	Inspect	Inspect	Inspect
Change oil, piston and wearband, clean interior parts, check nitrogen		Recommended	

IMPORTANT NOTE:

NOTE: MRP RECOMMENDS SENDING YOUR SHOCK EXCLUSIVELY TO MRP OR A RECOMMENDED SERVICE CENTER FOR ALL YOUR OIL CHANGE AND SEAL REPLACEMENT MAINTENANCE.

MORE TUNING INFORMATION AT







OWNER'S MANUAL

Congratulations on your purchase of another cutting-edge suspension product from MRP! Please read this manual completely before you ride. It will help you to set your shock for optimum performance.

IMPORTANT CONSUMER SAFETY INFORMATION

WARNING: RIDING A BIKE IS DANGEROUS. NOT PROPERLY
MAINTAINING OR INSPECTING YOUR BIKE AND ITS COMPONENTS
IS EVEN MORE DANGEROUS. IT IS ALSO DANGEROUS TO NOT READ
AND FOLLOW THESE INSTRUCTIONS.

Thank you for choosing MRP. This owner's manual is your reference guide to using and fine-tuning your shock for optimum suspension performance and comfort. It also provides important information about the proper maintenance of your shock. Carefully read this manual before installing your shock. If you need further assistance, our experienced team is able to advise and assist you to find the exact set up to meet your personal needs.

The shock is an important part of your mountain bike and this owner's manual explains how to install and use it properly. We recommend that it be installed by a qualified bicycle mechanic. Improperly installed shocks might cause serious harm to you and may severely damage your mountain bike. Never take any chances with your safety. Before installing and using your new shock, carefully read this owner's manual to learn the correct installation and adjustment procedures and avoid the consequences of an incorrect installation or improper adjustment.

When your shock requires an oil change or other internal maintenance, MRP and experienced suspension service centers are best qualified to provide the necessary service or repairs.

WARRANTY:

MRP suspension products are the highest quality and as such are warranted to be free from defects in materials and workmanship for a period of one year from the date of purchase for the original purchaser. If date of purchase cannot be verified by product registration or proof of purchase then the warranty is one year from the date of manufacture. On receipt of the product by MRP, if it is found to be defective, MRP will determine replacement or repair of the product at its sole discretion. MRP shall not be liable for any indirect, special or consequential damages. Warranty does not apply to any product that has been installed improperly

effectively absorb impacts, thus making the ride harsh.

To reduce the high-speed compression threshold, thus decreasing the level of force to activate the blow-off valve, turn the silver high-speed compression adjuster knob counterclockwise (unscrew). When the high-speed setting gets too soft, the suspension will use more travel upon impacts and become more prone to bottoming out.

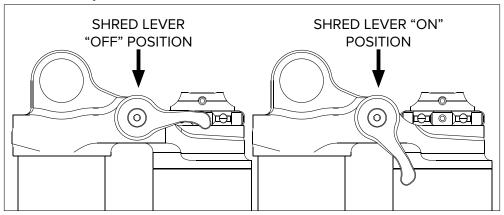
IMPORTANT NOTE:

WHEN TURNING THE HIGH-SPEED COMPRESSION ADJUSTMENT KNOB, THE LOW-SPEED COMPRESSION ADJUSTMENT KNOB WILL FOLLOW ALONG WITHOUT AFFECTING ITS SETTING.

SHRED LEVER ADJUSTMENT

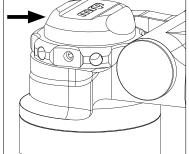
The Hazzard features the Shred Lever, a two position switch that quickly boosts low-speed compression damping significantly in the "on" position. Between the shock body and reservoir (piggyback), the Hazzard has two available flowpaths for the damping oil. The Shred Lever allows you to toggle between them. In the "on" position (when the lever pushed towards a positon parallel with body and reservoir), oil must pass through an additional shim that provides firm resistance to low-speed compression events.

The Shred Lever is best utilized to improve effciency by reducing pedal bob and wasted energy on long, smooth climbs or particularly tame terrain. Although there is no risk of damage if the shock is ridden aggressively while the feature is "on," it will result in a harsh ride over very rough terrain. For that reason, we do not recommend you descend while the Shred Lever is on.



#LEVER**OFF**PARTY**ON**

setting gets too firm, the shock absorber will not be able to absorb low-velocity impacts and weight transfers, thus making the ride harsher. When the low-speed setting gets too soft, the shock absorber will be too active, wallowing more under pedaling and more prone to bottoming out.



To increase low-speed compression

damping, thus making the suspension stiffer, turn the black low-speed compression adjuster knob clockwise (screw in). There are approximately 30 clicks of low-speed compression adjustment. To reduce the low-speed compression damping, thus making the suspension softer, turn the low-speed compression adjuster counterclockwise (unscrew).

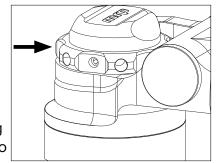
HIGH-SPEED COMPRESSION

The Hazzard's high-speed compression circuit is an adjustable blow-off valve that momentarily relieves the pressure building up inside the shock upon a harsh impact, instantly providing additional plushness then increasing resistance as needed. The adjustment controls the level of force (threshold) required to open the blow-off valve upon fast movements of the shock's shaft (high velocity) which can be caused by square-edged impacts, roots, rocks, potholes, vibrations or brake bumps. When set properly, the high-speed compression circuit allows the wheel to effectively absorb all impacts without bottoming out or using too much travel.

Start with the adjustment in the fully open position (completely turned counterclockwise) and take a test ride. If you tend to bottom out often or use too much travel upon impacts or repetitive bumps (but your sag is set appropritely), add more resistance by turning the adjuster one click (approximately 1/8th of a turn) at a time until you bottom out only once in a while upon major impacts.

To increase the high-speed compression threshold, thus

increasing the level of force to activate the blow-off valve, turn the silver high-speed compression adjuster knob clockwise (screw in). There are appoximately 14 clicks (two complete rotations) of high-speed compression adjustment. When the high-speed setting gets too firm, the shock will not be able to



or adjusted using methods not outlined in this manual. Warranty also does not cover products that have been misused or products that have missing/altered serial numbers. The product is not warrantied against damage in the appearance of the product or for modifications not outlined in this manual. This warranty does not cover breakage, bending, or damage that may result from crashes, falls, or abuse. Normal wear and tear items such as; seals, wipers, bushings, stanchion coating, stanchions, piston bands, foam rings, bottom out and top out bumpers, or damage caused by lack of proper maintenance as outlined in this manual is not covered by this warranty.

What to do if you need warranty inspection or service:

- 1. Go to MRPbike.com and locate the warranty contact form in the support section of the site. Alternatively, call or e-mail MRP about the troubles you are having and to set up a RA# (Return Authorization Number).
- 2. Carefully pack and ship your product, be sure to insure the package in case it is lost or damaged in transit. (Only the return shipping to the customer is covered under warranty)
- 3. Wait for an e-mail confirming MRP has received your shipment.

DISCLAIMER

BECAUSE MRP SUSPENSION PRODUCTS ARE DESIGNED FOR USE IN RACING AND EXTREME RIDING CONDITIONS, MRP SUSPENSION CANNOT GUARANTEE ANY OF ITS SUSPENSION PRODUCTS, OTHER THAN FROM MANUFACTURING DEFECTS, BECAUSE WE HAVE NO CONTROL OVER HOW THE PRODUCTS ARE USED AFTER INSTALLATION. IN ADDITION, THE PURCHASER ASSUMES FULL RESPONSIBILITY TO THE EXTENT LEGALLY PERMITTED FOR THE RISKS OF PERSONAL INJURY AND OR DAMAGE TO THE PURCHASER'S BIKE OR TO ANY THIRD PARTY THAT MAY BE INVOLVED IN AN INCIDENT WITH THE PURCHASER.

MOUNTING HARDWARE

MRP uses 1/2" (12.7mm) DU bushings on both ends, which is compatible with the original mounting hardware found on many recent mountain bikes. Ordering new hardware with your shock is recommended as this will ensure you have the proper hardware for your shock and bike. If you contact MRP or your local MRP dealer, we can verify if you can use the original mounting hardware that came with your bike.

Before installing your mounting hardware check the direction the piggy back should face on your frame. This is important so as not to damage your frame, and also for frames that require different mounting hardware sizes for each end of the shock. For three piece hardware, start with the steel sleeve and insert it through (the correct side) the bushing in the eyelet and center it on the eyelet as best as you can. Take the frame spacers and insert the provided seals into the flanged side of the spacer. With the seals installed slide the frame spacers over the sleeve so that the seal rests against the eyelet of the

SPRING REMOVAL & INSTALLATION

To remove the spring, start by turning the preload adjuster ring counterclockwise to remove all preload until the spring become loose. Push down on the spring retainer clip then slide it off the shock, being careful not to damage the shaft with the sharp sides of the spring clip. Once the clip is removed, you can slide the spring off the shock.

IMPORTANT NOTE:

ALWAYS MAKE SURE THAT THE END OF THE SPRING'S COIL IS ALIGNED ON THE OPPOSITE SIDE OF THE SLOT IN THE SPRING RETAINING CLIP. THIS WILL PREVENT THE SPRING FROM BENDING THE CLIP.

PRELOAD

Spring preload is the compression applied to the shock's spring when at rest, using the preload adjuster ring. The preload adjustment is used to achieve the optimal amount of sag and proper ride height.

To increase the preload on your spring, turn the preload ring clockwise. Increasing the preload will increase the ride height, thus reducing the sag. This will result in a more responsive ride. Be careful not to apply too much preload. This can cause "coil binding", which is when the coils of the spring rub against each other under full compression. This can damage the spring, the shock, and can be dangerous for the rider.

To reduce the preload on your spring, turn the preload ring counter-clockwise. Reducing the preload will decrease the ride height, thus increasing the sag. This will result in a more comfortable ride. Make sure to apply enough preload so the spring is firmly held in place and does not spin freely on the shock.

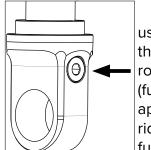
IMPORTANT NOTE:

IF MORE THAN 5MM OF PRELOAD (5 TURNS) IS NEEDED TO ACHIEVE PROPER SAG, IT IS RECOMMENDED TO CHANGE TO A HIGHER SPRING RATE. IF SAG IS NOT ENOUGH WITHOUT ANY PRELOAD APPLIED TO THE SPRING, IT IS RECOMMENDED TO CHANGE TO A LIGHTER SPRING RATE.

REBOUND

The rebound adjustment controls the speed with which the shock will return to its initial extended state after being compressed by an impact. If the rebound adjustment properly set, the rear wheel

should keep maximum traction by tracking the ground without catapulting the rider off the bike.



The rebound adjustment on the Hazzard uses requires a 3mm hex key. You should start in the middle of the adjustment range, one complete rotation counterclockwise from max rebound (fully in). To adjust properly, turn the adjustment appoximately 1/8 of a turn at a time and take a test ride. The adjustment is more sensitive towards the fully in position (slowest). When the rebound setting

gets too slow, the shock absorber will not have time to returne to its initial position when a series of close bumps is encountered. In this case, the bike will run out of travel (packing), possibly bottoming out, and may give the impression of the compression being too soft. When the rebound adjustment is set too fast, the rear end of the bike will kick and move from side to side after hitting a series of close bumps and the rider will feel catapulted by the bike.

To increase the rebound damping, thus making the shock return slower upon an impact, turn the rebound adjustement clockwise (screw in). To reduce the rebound damping, thus making the shock return faster upon an impact, turn the rebound adjuster knob counterclockwise (unscrew). The rebound adjustment range is appoximtely two complete rotations.

If you cannot achieve appropriate rebound speeds, a change to the internal shimstack may be needed. Contact MRP if this is the case.

IMPORTANT NOTE:

MRP'S REBOUND VALVING IS TUNED IN SUCH A WAY THAT IT PROVIDES MORE DAMPING (SLOWER RETURN) WHEN DEEP WITHIN THE STROKE TO PREVENT THE RIDER FROM BEING CATAPULTED OFF THE BIKE UPON MAJOR IMPACTS.

LOW-SPEED COMPRESSION

The low-speed compression adjustment controls the damping level (resistance) for slow movement of the shock's shaft (low velocity), such as under pedaling, when cornering and when preloading the suspension for jumping. The low-speed compression damping level provides the overall stiffness feeling of the bike's suspension, making it either plush and comfortable or firm and fast rolling.

You should start in the middle of the adjustment range (approximately 15 clicks *back* from max). To adjust properly, turn the adjuster one click at a time and take a test ride. The adjustment is more sensitive towards the max position (firmest). When the low-speed