# SCOT MCKNIGHT THE Second **TESTAMENT** ..... A NEW TRANSLATION



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# INTRODUCTION TO THE GOSPEL OF MATTHEW

Four Gospels, three alike and one different. The three Gospels alike are Matthaios [Matthew], Markos [Mark], and Loukas [Luke], and they are called the "Synoptic" Gospels since they can be looked at together. The Gospel of Yōannēs [John] is noticeably different in themes, style, and content. All four of the Gospels are biographies of Yēsous and, as biographies, the content is Yēsous.

Each of the three Synoptic Gospels tells a similar biography of Yēsous but each also has its own style and his own plot and plan, and each develops distinctive themes. One of Matthaios's distinctive themes is the fulfillment of First Testament writings, and his favorite word is "to fill out" what was said in the First Testament. While some of these filling-out passages were First Testament predictions, others are theological explorations of the First Testament that are set into motion by something Yēsous actually said or did. Thus, Matthaios reads the First Testament both forward and at other seasons backward: that is, he starts in Genesis and shows how it leads to Yēsous, while at other times he starts with Yēsous and finds a text in the First Testament that fits something Yēsous says or does.

There are two major themes in the Synoptic Gospels: first, *Yēsous himself* and, second, *Empire of God* or, as Matthaios almost always phrases it, the "Heavens' Empire" or the "Empire of the heavens." Readers of the Gospel of Matthaios need to see that this text is called "the Gospel" of Matthaios because it's the gospel itself. The gospel of the Second Testament is that Yēsous is the long-awaited Messiah (here: Christos), the royal Son of God and Son of Dauid [David], who delivers Yisraēl [Israel] and others from their sins so they can live with and before God in a way that honors God and establishes God's Empire as society and culture. Empire, the second theme, highlights five convictions:

- that God alone is king in his Son Yesous
- that this one true God rules by rescuing people from their wrongs and governing them
- that this king rules a people—in the First Testament called "Yisraēl," and in the Second Testament this people becomes the "church"
- that this people follows the will of God as taught by Yesous
- that this people is governed by God in a now-universal land that has its own covenant in the pages of the Second Testament

One needs to note, too, that this Empire theme includes the very common theme in the Gospel of Matthaios of discipleship, Apprenticeship, or following Yēsous. It was impossible for Yēsous—and the Gospel authors—to have used this term *Empire* and have it not carry some notes of resistance to the all-too-common political empires of the day. You can't call the work of Yēsous "Empire" without raising eyebrows, without raising some blood pressure, and without awakening hopes for a new world.

Matthaios's Gospel alternates between narratives (chaps. 1–2, 3–4, 8–9, 11–12, 14–17, 19–22, 26–28) and speeches (chaps. 5–7, 10, 13, 18, 23–25). The collection of the teachings of Yēsous into speeches creates a Gospel that quickly became the "teacher's Gospel." Hence, his ethics, his missionary directions, his parables, his community's reconciliation, and his warnings about God's judgment on systemic corruption by political leaders—these are the topics in Yēsous' five speeches. A characteristic of Matthaios, Markos, and Loukas is Yēsous' telling of parables, which are *analogies* between the kingdom and elements in a very short story.

The gospel that gives rise to the Gospels is a story about Yēsous, and that means the Gospel of Matthaios will tell us about Yēsous' birth, his public teaching and mighty miracles, his healing people of diseases and disabilities, and his own Covenant Code (law) for his Apprentices. Running straight through that glamorous side of Yēsous' amazing deeds and profound wisdom is a set of figures—leaders in the system of Roman Galilaia and Youdaia [Galilee and Judea]—who

are none too happy about Yēsous. In fact, early on we hear of their plots to get rid of him tempered only by their being afraid of his public approval. The last week of Yēsous, however, tilts the power away from Yēsous to the Roman leaders of Yierosoluma [Jerusalem] and their cooperatives, who arrest Yēsous and put him on trial that looks like nothing but a fraudulent sentence. Then he is publicly, unjustly crucified in a hideous manner. The story of Yēsous, however, knows both the death of Yēsous on a Friday and his resurrection on Easter Sunday. The reversal of reversals: what was clearly an injustice becomes the act whereby God establishes a new kind of gracious justice, or rightness, or making all things right. God's grace turns the injustice of a death into an atoning death, and the resurrection demonstrates that God's final word is life, not death, for those who enter into the life of this Christos. He is the son of Maria and Yōsef [Mary and Joseph], and the opening to Matthaios's Gospel is a geneaology that ties Yēsous' royal line to both Dauid and Abra'am [Abraham]—we are to read it forward from Abra'am on because we've learned to read it backward.

#### RELATIONSHIP OF MATTHAIOS, MARKOS, AND LOUKAS

Some think the canonical order is also the chronological order, while most, due to detailed analysis by way of comparing each Greek word in one Gospel with each Greek word in the other Gospels, conclude they are dependent on one another. The most common view, though contested at times, is that Markos is the earliest and that Matthaios and Loukas both used and copied from Markos while availing themselves of other sources as well. Many think Matthaios and Loukas used a common source independently that Markos did not have, and this source is often called Q (from the German word for "source," that is, *Quelle*).

# THE GOSPEL OF MATTHEW

#### **PROLOGUE**

Yēsous' heritage

Book of the genesis of Yesous Christos, descendant of Dauid [David], descendant of Abra'am.

Abra'am gave a life to Yisa'ak [Isaac].
 Yisa'ak gave a life to Yakōb [Jacob].
 Yakōb gave a life to Youdas [Judah] and his siblings.

<sup>3</sup>Youdas gave a life to Phares [Perez] and to Zara [Zerah], son of Thamar [Tamar],

Phares gave a life to Hesrōm [Hezron]. Hesrōm gave a life to Aram. <sup>4</sup>Aram gave a life to Amminadab. Amminadab gave a life to Na'assōn [Nahshon].

Na'assōn gave a life to Salmōn.

<sup>5</sup>Salmōn gave a life to Boos [Boaz], son of Rachab [Rahab].

Boos gave a life to Yōbēd [Obed], son of Routh [Ruth].

Yōbēd gave a life to Yessai [Jesse]. <sup>6</sup>Yessai gave a life to Dauid, the king.

<sup>7</sup>Dauid gave a life to Solomōn, son of the wife of Ourias [Uriah].

Solomōn gave a life to Roboam [Rehoboam].

Roboam gave a life to Abia [Abijah]. Abia gave a life to Asaph.

<sup>8</sup>Asaph gave a life to Yōsaphat [Jehoshaphat].

Yōsaphat gave a life to Yōram [Joram]. Yōram gave a life to Ozia [Uzziah]. <sup>9</sup>Ozia gave a life to Yō'atham [Jotham]. Yō'atham gave a life to Achaz [Ahaz]. Achaz gave a life to Hezekias.

10 Hezekias gave a life to Manassē [Manasseh].

Manassē gave a life to Amōs. Amōs gave a life to Yōsiah [Josiah].

11 Yösiah gave a life to Yechoniah [Jechoniah] and his siblings when they were deported to Babulön [Babylon]. <sup>12</sup>After the Babulōn [Babylon] deportation:

Yechoniah gave a life to Salathiēl [Shealtiel].

Salathiēl gave a life to Zoro-babel [Zerubbabel].

<sup>13</sup>Zoro-babel gave a life to Abioud [Abiud]. Abioud gave a life to Eli-akim.

Eli-akim gave a life to Azōr.

<sup>14</sup>Azōr gave a life to Sadōk [Zadok].

Sadōk gave a life to Achim.

Achim gave a life to Eli-oud [Eliud].

<sup>15</sup>Eli-oud gave a life to Ele-azar.

Ele-azar gave a life to Matthan.

Matthan gave a life to Yakōb.

16Yakōb gave a life to Yōsēf [Joseph], the man of Maria [Mary], from whom Yēsous, who is called Christos, was given a life.

<sup>17</sup>Therefore, all the generations from Abra'am until Dauid: fourteen generations.

From Dauid until the Babulōn
deportation: fourteen generations.
From the Babulōn deportation until the

From the Babulōn deportation until the Christos: fourteen generations.

#### Yēsous born

<sup>18</sup>The genesis of Yēsous Christos was this: His mother, Maria, being engaged to Yōsēf, before they had assembled . . . she was found having a child in her womb of the Holy Spirit. <sup>19</sup>Yōsēf, her man, being right and not wanting to exhibit her in public, decided to loosen her in secret. <sup>20</sup>Yōsēf musing on all these things . . . Look! The Lord's envoy appeared to him in his dream, saying, "Yōsēf, descendant of Dauid, don't be scared to receive Maria as your woman. For the one given life in her is from the Holy Spirit. <sup>21</sup>She will birth a son, and you will call his name 'Yēsous,' for he will deliver his people from their sins."

<sup>22</sup>This entire event occurred so what the Lord said through the prophet [Isaiah] would be filled out, saying,

<sup>23</sup>"Look! A virgin will have a child in her womb and will birth a son, and they will call his name "Emmanou-El," which translated means, 'God with us."



THE GOSPEL OF MATTHEW 1.24

<sup>24</sup>Yōsēf, arising from the sleep, did as the Lord's envoy ordered him, and he received his woman, <sup>25</sup>and he did not know her until she birthed a son. He called his name "Yēsous."

# Yēsous given gifts

**2** Yēsous coming to life in Youdaian Bēth-le'em [Judean Bethlehem], in the days of King Hērōdēs [Herod] . . . Look! Diviners from the east arrived in Yierosoluma [Jerusalem], <sup>2</sup>saying, "Where is the one birthed to be king over the Youdaians? For we saw his star in the east and we came to bow down to him." <sup>3</sup>Hearing, King Hērōdēs was agitated and all Yierosoluma with him, <sup>4</sup>and assembling all the Senior Priests and the people's Covenant-Code scholars [scribes], he was inquiring from them where the Christos is given a life. <sup>5</sup>They said to him, "In Bēth-le'em of Youdaia, for thus it's written through the prophet:

<sup>6</sup>You Bēth-le'em, land of Youdas [Judah], are in no way the least significant among the governors of Youdas. A governor will exit from you, Who will pastor my people, Yisraēl [Israel]."

<sup>7</sup>Then Hērōdēs, calling the diviners secretly, figured out from them the time of the star's appearing 8 and, sending them to Beth-le'em, he said, "Journeying, search carefully [akribos] for the child. Whenever you find, declare to me so I also, going, may bow down to him." <sup>9</sup>The ones hearing the king journeyed and Look! The star that they saw in the east was leading them until, coming, it sat over where the child was. <sup>10</sup>Seeing the star they rejoiced with a great, extreme joy. 11 Coming into the house, they saw the child with Maria, his mother, and falling down they bowed down to him and, opening their treasure chests, they offered to him gifts—gold and frankincense and ointment. <sup>12</sup>Being revealed in a dream not to return to Hērōdēs, they slipped out on a different path to their region.

# Yēsous goes to Aiguptos

<sup>13</sup>They slipped away . . . Look! The Lord's envoy appears in a dream to Yōsēf [Joseph], saying, "Being raised, take the child and his mother and flee to Aiguptos [Egypt], and be there until I tell you! For Hērōdēs is about to pursue the child to destroy it." <sup>14</sup>The one

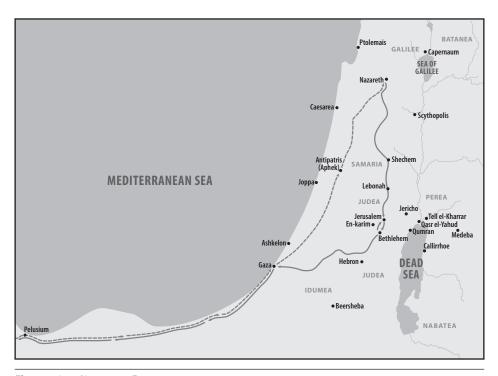


Figure 1. Jesus' journey to Egypt

being raised took the child and his mother at night and slipped away into Aiguptos, <sup>15</sup>and it was there until the end of Hērōdēs so what was said by the Lord through the prophet may be filled out, saying,

From Aiguptos I called my son.

#### Yēsous escapes murderers

<sup>16</sup>Then Hērōdēs, seeing that he had been mocked by the diviners, was enraged deeply and, commissioning, he did away with all the children in Bēth-le'em and all in its regions, from two years and younger, consistent with the time that he figured out from the diviners. <sup>17</sup>Then what was said through the prophet Yeremias [Jeremiah] was filled out, saying,

A voice in Rama was heard, Wailing and deep mourning; Rachēl wailing for her children, She did not want to be consoled, Because they are not.

#### Yēsous returns

<sup>19</sup>Hērōdēs's [life] ending...Look! The Lord's envoy appears in a dream to Yōsēf in Aiguptos, <sup>20</sup>saying, "Being raised, take the child and his mother, and journey to the land of Yisraēl, for the ones pursuing the child's self have died." <sup>21</sup>The one being raised took the child and his mother and entered the land of Yisraēl.

# Yēsous taken to safety

<sup>22</sup>Hearing that Archelaos [Archelaus] rules over Youdaia instead of his father, Hērōdēs, he was scared to depart to there. Having been revealed in a dream, he slipped into the parts of the Galilaia [Galilee] <sup>23</sup>and, coming, he resided in a city called Nazara [Nazareth] so that what was said through the prophets would be filled out:

He will be called a "Nazōraios [Nazarene]."

#### **NARRATIVE ONE**

Yesous and a wilderness dipper

In those days Yōannēs the Dipper [John the Baptist] arrives announcing in the wilderness of Youdaias [Judea], saying, 
<sup>2</sup>"Convert! The Heavens' Empire has come close!"

<sup>3</sup>For this is what is spoken about through Ēsaïas [Isaiah] the prophet, saying,

A voice bellowing in the wilderness; "Get ready the Lord's path, Make his ways straight!"

<sup>4</sup>Yōannēs himself was having his clothing from camel's hairs and an animal skin belt around his waist, and his provision was locusts and wild syrup. <sup>5</sup>Then Yierosoluma [Jerusalem] and all Youdaia and all the Yordanēs [Jordan River] region was journeying out to him, <sup>6</sup>and were being dipped in the Yordanēs River by him, publicly acknowledging their sins.

<sup>7</sup>Seeing many of the Observant [Pharisees] and Elites [Sadducees] coming to his dipping, he said to them.

"Knot of vipers! Who exhibited to you to flee from the anger about to come? <sup>8</sup>Therefore, make fruit deserving of conversion <sup>9</sup>and don't think to say among yourselves, 'We have Abra'am as father,' for I say to you that 'God is able to raise up from these stones children for Abra'am.' 10 Already the ax is laid on the trees' root. Therefore, every tree not making beautiful fruit is chopped down and tossed into fire. 11 dip you in water for conversion, but the one coming after me is stronger than meof him I am not adequate to carry the sandals. He will dip you in Holy Spirit-and-fire. 12His sifting shovel is in his hand and he will clear his floor and will collect his wheat into storage, but the husks he will burn in an inextinguishable fire."

# Yōannēs dips Yēsous

<sup>13</sup>Then Yēsous arrives at the Yordanēs from the Galilaia [Galilee] to Yōannēs to be dipped by him. <sup>14</sup>But Yōannēs was preventing him, saying, "I have a need to be dipped by you, and come to me?" <sup>15</sup>Responding, Yēsous said to him, "Release this for now, for so it's appropriate for us to fill out all rightness." Then he releases him. <sup>16</sup>Being dipped, Yēsous suddenly ascended from the water, and Look! The heavens were opened, and he saw God's Spirit descending as a dove, coming upon him. <sup>17</sup>Look! A voice from the heavens, saying, "This

is my royal Son, a the one loved, in him I was delighted."

Yēsous tested

Then Yesous was led into the wilderness by the Spirit to be tested by the Accuser. <sup>2</sup>Fasting forty days and forty nights, afterwards he hungered. 3Coming, the testing one said to him, "If you are God's royal Son, tell these stones to become breads." 4Responding, he said, "It's written: The human will live not only on bread but on every utterance journeying out through God's mouth." 5Then the Accuser takes him with him to the devoted city and stood him on the temple's turret 6 and says to him, "If you are God's royal Son, toss yourself down, for it's written that He will command his envoys about you and they will lift you in their hands, so you will not stub your foot on a stone." <sup>7</sup>Yēsous said to him: "Again it's written, You will not test out the Lord your God." 8 Again the Accuser takes him to an exceedingly high mountain and exhibits to him all the empires of the Kosmos and their splendor 9 and said to him, "I will give you all these if, falling, you bow down to me." 10 Then Yesous says to him, "Go away! Satanas [Satan], for it's written, You will bow down to the Lord God and you will venerate only him." 11Then the Accuser releases him, and Look! Envoys came and were serving him.

Yēsous announces in the Galilaia

<sup>12</sup>Hearing that Yōannēs [John] had been given over, he slipped into the Galilaia [Galilee]. <sup>13</sup>Abandoning Nazara [Nazareth], coming, he resided in Kaphar-Naoum [Capernaum] next to the Sea, in the regions of Zaboulōn [Zebulun] and Nephthalim [Naphtali], <sup>14</sup>so what was said through Ēsaïas [Isaiah], the prophet, might be filled out, saying,

 15Land of Zaboulön and land of Nephthalim,
 path by the Sea,
 Beyond the Yordanēs [Jordan]
 The Galilaia of the ethnic groups.
 16The people sitting in darkness saw a great light, and for the ones sitting in the region and in death's shadow a light rose for them.

Yēsous' first disciples

<sup>17</sup>From then Yēsous began to announce and to say, "Convert! The Heavens' Empire has come close!"

<sup>18</sup>Walking around along the Sea of the Galilaia, he saw two brothers, Simōn (called Petros [Peter]) and Andreas [Andrew] his brother, tossing a fish net into the Sea. (They were fishers.) <sup>19</sup>He says to them, "Come behind me! I will make you into human-fishers." <sup>20</sup>Immediately, releasing the nets, they followed him. <sup>21</sup>Proceeding from there, he saw another two brothers, Yakōbos [James]—son of Zebedaios [Zebedee]—and Yōannēs [John]—his brother, in the boat with Zebedaios their father, preparing their nets, and he called them. <sup>22</sup>Immediately, the boat- and father-releasers followed him.

Yēsous described: A summary

<sup>23</sup>He was leading around the whole of the Galilaia, teaching in their assembly halls, announcing the gospel about the Empire, and healing every illness and every malady among the people. <sup>24</sup>His report departed into the whole of Suria [Syria]. They offered to him all those who were in a bad way, those absorbed by various illnesses and pains, and the demonized, those with seizures, the paralyzed—and he healed them. <sup>25</sup>A large crowd followed him from the Galilaia and the Ten Cities [Decapolis] and Yerosoluma [Jerusalem] and Youdaia [Judea] and Beyond the Yordanēs.

#### SPEECH ONE

Yēsous on the mountain

Seeing the crowds, he ascended into the mountain and . . . he sat down . . . his Apprentices approached him. <sup>2</sup>Opening his mouth, he was teaching them, saying,

Yēsous announces who is blessed

<sup>3</sup>God blesses the beggars in spirit because theirs is Heavens' Empire.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup>"Son of God," as seen in Psalm 2, was a Hebrew and Jewish expression for the king of Israel, and thus especially for the Messiah/Christos.

<sup>4</sup>God blesses the grievers because they will be consoled.

<sup>5</sup>God blesses the meek because they will inherit the land.

<sup>6</sup>God blesses the ones hungering and thirsting for the rightness because they will be satisfied.

<sup>7</sup>God blesses the compassionate because they will be shown compassion.

<sup>8</sup>God blesses the clean in the heart because they will see God.

<sup>9</sup>God blesses the peacemakers because they will be called 'God's descendants.'

<sup>10</sup>God blesses the ones who have been chased for rightness because theirs is Heavens' Empire.

<sup>11</sup>God bless you whenever they degrade you and chase you and say every evil thing against you, falsifying, because of me. <sup>12</sup>Be joyful and be overjoyed because your wage will be much in the heavens, for so they chased the prophets before you.

#### Yesous and mission

<sup>13</sup>You are the land's salt. If the salt becomes foolish, with what will it become salty? It no longer has strength except, being tossed outside, to be trampled on by humans.

<sup>14</sup>You are Kosmos's light. A city laid on a mountain isn't able to be hidden, <sup>15</sup>nor do they enflame a lamp and place it under a measuring basket but on a lampstand, and it shines for everyone in the house. <sup>16</sup>So shine your light before humans so they may see your beautiful works and splendor your Father in the heavens.

# Yēsous as Moses 2.0

<sup>17</sup>Don't think that I came to destroy the Covenant Code or the Prophets. I did not come to demolish but to fill out. <sup>18</sup>For this is true to say to you: Until the heaven and the land pass away, one letter or one stroke will never pass away from the Code, until all things will happen. <sup>19</sup>Therefore, whoever loosens one of least of these orders, and teaches such to humans, will be called 'Least' in the Heavens'

Empire; but whoever observes and teaches, this person will be called 'Great' in the Heavens' Empire. <sup>20</sup>For I say this: if your rightness doesn't flow over that of the Code Scholars [scribes] and the Observant [Pharisees], you will never ever enter the Heavens' Empire.

Yesous versus the Interpreters: Seven cases

<sup>21</sup>You heard that it was said to the Ancients, You will not murder, and 'Whoever murders will be guilty before the judgment.' <sup>22</sup>But I say this to you, that the one angry with his sibling will be guilty before the judgment. Anyone who says to his sibling with 'Fool!'b will be guilty before the Central Council. Whoever says, 'Idiot!' will be guilty before the Valley of Destructive Fire [Gehenna]. 23Therefore, if you offer your donation at the sacrificial altar and there remember that your sibling has something against you, <sup>24</sup>release there your donation before the sacrificial altar, first go away, be reconciled with your sibling, and then, coming, offer your donation. <sup>25</sup>Become friends with your adversary quickly—while you are on the path with him—or else your adversary may give you over to the judge and the judge to the subordinate, and you will be tossed into prison. <sup>26</sup>This is true to say to you: you will never exit from there until you have paid off the last copper coin.

<sup>27</sup>You heard that it was said, *You will not be adulterous*. <sup>28</sup>But I say this to you that anyone looking at a woman to desire her already adulterated in his heart. <sup>29</sup>If your right eye trips you, pull it out and toss it from you, for it's to your benefit that one of your [body] parts is destroyed and your whole body not be tossed into the Valley of Destruction. <sup>30</sup>If your right hand trips you up, chop it off and toss it from you, for it's to your benefit that one of your body parts is destroyed and your whole body not depart into the Valley of Destruction.

<sup>31</sup>It was said, 'Whoever loosens his woman let him give to her a legal dismissal.' <sup>32</sup>But I say this to you: Anyone loosening his woman—an exception for the case of sexual immorality—makes her to adulterate, and whoever marries the woman loosened adulterates.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>b</sup>An Aramaic term roughly equivalent to the Greek term *Mōre* to follow; both terms roughly mean "Stupid!" or "Idiot!" or "Fool!" and are contemptuous condemnations.

<sup>33</sup>Again, you heard that it was said to the Ancients, 'You will not perjure, but you will give back to the Lord your oath.' <sup>34</sup>But I say this to you: Don't make oaths at all—not by heaven because it's God's Throne, <sup>35</sup>not by the land because it's his footstool for his feet, not in Yierosoluma [Jerusalem] because it's the great king's city, <sup>36</sup>nor are you to make oaths by your head because you aren't able to make one hair white or black. <sup>37</sup>Let your word be yes, yes; no, no. Anything bounding beyond this is from the evil one.

<sup>38</sup>You heard that it was said, *Eye for eye* and *tooth for tooth*. <sup>39</sup>But I say this to you: Not to resist the evil person. But whoever slaps your right jaw turn even the other jaw to him. <sup>40</sup>And for the one wanting you to be judged and to take your shirt, release also your robe to him. <sup>c</sup> <sup>41</sup>Whoever conscripts you for one mile, go away with him for two. <sup>42</sup>Give to the one asking, and don't turn away from the one who asks to borrow from you.

<sup>43</sup>You have heard that it was said, *You will love your neighbor* and you will hate your enemy. <sup>44</sup>But I say this to you: Love your enemies and pray for the ones chasing you, <sup>45</sup>so that you become children of your Father in the heavens, because his sun rises on evil persons and the good persons, and it rains on the right ones and the wrongdoers. <sup>46</sup>For if you love the ones loving you, what wage do you have? Don't even tax agents do the same? <sup>47</sup>If you greet only your siblings, what have you done that abounds? Don't even the ethnic groups do the same? <sup>48</sup>Therefore, you will be complete as your Father, the Heavenly One, is complete.

Yēsous versus stereotypical religious folk

Beware not to do rightness before humans to be observed by them.

Otherwise you have no wage from your Father in the heavens.

<sup>2</sup>Whenever you do a donation, don't trumpet as the masked ones do in the assembly halls and on streets so they may be splendored by humans. This is true to say to you: They've got their wage. <sup>3</sup>You are doing a donation . . . don't let your right hand know what your left

hand is doing <sup>4</sup>so that your donation is in the hidden place, and your Father who sees in the hidden place will pay you back.

<sup>5</sup>Whenever you pray, you will not be like the masked ones because they love to pray standing in the assembly halls and on the corners of the plazas so they will be apparent to humans. This is true to say to you: They've got their wage. <sup>6</sup>Whenever you pray, enter into your private place and, shutting your door, pray to your Father who is in the hidden place, and your Father who sees in the hidden place will pay you back.

<sup>7</sup>Praying, don't jabber along like the ethnic groups, for they think they will be heard in their endless words. <sup>8</sup>Therefore, don't be comparable to them, for your Father knows of what you have a need before you ask him. <sup>9</sup>Therefore, pray like this:

Your Name be devoted,

10 Your Empire come,

Your will become reality—as in heaven
so on the land,

11 Give to us our bread, for existence, for
a day,

12 Release us from our debts as we also

Our Father who is in the heavens:

released the ones indebted to us, <sup>13</sup>Don't enter us into the test but rescue us from the Evil One.

(<sup>14</sup>For if you released humans from their wrongs, your Father, the Heavenly One, will release you too. <sup>15</sup>But if you did not release humans, neither will your Father release you from your wrongs.)

<sup>16</sup>Whenever you fast don't become like the masked ones, grim ones, for they make their faces disappear so that they will be apparent, fasting, to humans. This is true to say to you: They've got their wage. <sup>17</sup>You, fasting, oil your head and wash your face <sup>18</sup>so that you will not appear to humans, fasting, but to your Father who is in the secret place, and your Father who sees in the secret place will pay you back.

Yēsous versus this world's lords

<sup>19</sup>Don't treasure for yourselves treasure chests on the land, where moth and rust make them disappear and where thieves break in and

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>c</sup>The "robe" could not be requisitioned in court and was thus an act of extravagance; see Ex 22:25-27; Deut 24:12-13.

thieve. <sup>20</sup>Treasure for yourselves heavenly treasure chests, where neither moth nor rust make them disappear and where thieves don't break in or thieve. <sup>21</sup>For where your treasure chest is, there will also be your heart.

<sup>22</sup>The body's lamp is the eye. Therefore, if your eye is healthy, your whole body will be illumined. <sup>23</sup>But if your eye is evil, your whole body will be darkened. Therefore, if the light that is in you is dark, how great is the darkness!

<sup>24</sup>No one is able to slave for two lords, for either he will hate one and love the other, or he will stick to one and snub the other. You aren't able to slave for God and accumulations [Mammon].

#### Yēsous versus anxieties

<sup>25</sup>Because this is true, I say to you: Don't disturb your self-what you might eat or what you might drink—or your body—what to put on. Isn't the self more than provision and the body more than clothing? <sup>26</sup>Observe the heaven's birds, that they don't plant seeds, they don't harvest, and they don't assemble into storage, and your Father, the Heavenly One, nurtures them. Are you not superior to them? <sup>27</sup>Who among you, disturbing, is able to add one length to one's life? 28 And why disturb yourself about clothing? Consider the lilies in the field—how they grow: they neither labor nor spin. 29I say this to you, that not even Solomon in all his splendor was covered like one of these. 30 If God so outfits the grass of the field—here today and tossed into the clay oven tomorrow-how much more [will he] not [outfit] you, little believers? 31 Therefore, don't disturb yourselves, saying, 'What might we eat?' Or, 'What might we drink?' Or, 'With what might we cover ourselves?' 32These are all things the ethnic groups pursue. For your Father, the Heavenly One, knows you require all these things. 33Pursue first God's Empire and his rightness, and all these things will be added for you. 34 Therefore, don't disturb yourselves about tomorrow, for tomorrow will disturb itself. The evil of that day is enough for the day.

# Yēsous versus chips

Don't judge so you will not be judged. <sup>2</sup>For you will be judged by the judgment by which you judge, and it will be measured to you by the measure by which you measure. <sup>3</sup>Why do you see the chip in your sibling's eye but

don't ponder the stick in your eye? <sup>4</sup>Or, how will you say to your sibling, 'Release me to toss away the chip from your eye,' and Look! A stick is in your eye! <sup>5</sup>Masked one! First toss away the stick from your eye, and then you will clearly see to toss out the chip of your sibling's eye.

# $Y\bar{e}$ sous versus the dogs and hogs

<sup>6</sup>Don't give the devoted item to dogs nor toss your pearls before the hogs, or the hogs will trample them with their trotters and the dogs, returning, will tear you into pieces.

# Yēsous' Father versus human fathers

<sup>7</sup>Ask—God will give it to you.

Pursue-you will find.

Knock—God will open the door for you.

<sup>8</sup>For everyone who asks receives and the one who pursues finds and for the one who knocks God will open the door. <sup>9</sup>Or, which human is among you whose son will ask him for bread: Will he ever give him a stone? <sup>10</sup>Or, if his son will ask for a fish, will he ever give him a snake? <sup>11</sup>Therefore, if you, being evil, know to give good gifts to your children, how much more will your Father, the one in the heavens, give good gifts to the ones asking him!

#### Yēsous versus human morals

<sup>12</sup>Therefore, everything—whatever you would want that the humans do to you—so also you do to them! This is the Covenant Code and the Prophets.

# Yēsous versus easy morality

<sup>13</sup>Enter through the tight gate because wide is the gate and roomy is the leading-to-destruction path, and many are the entrants through that gate. <sup>14</sup>But tight is the gate and troubled is the leading-to-life path, and few are the ones finding it.

# $Y\bar{e}$ sous versus the false prophets

<sup>15</sup>Beware the false prophets! Who come to you in the sheep's clothing but inside they are snatching wolves. <sup>16</sup>You will perceive them from their fruits. Do they collect grapes from thorns, or figs from thistles? <sup>17</sup>Thus, every good tree makes beautiful fruit, but a diseased tree makes evil fruit. <sup>18</sup>A good tree isn't able to make evil fruit, nor is a diseased tree [able] to make beautiful fruit. <sup>19</sup>Every tree not making beautiful

fruit is chopped down and tossed into fire. <sup>20</sup>So then, you will perceive them from their fruits.

# Yēsous versus cheap grace

<sup>21</sup>Not everyone saying 'Lord, Lord' to me will enter the Heavens' Empire but the one doing my Father's will, the one in the heavens. <sup>22</sup>On that Day many will say to me, 'Lord, Lord, but we prophesied in your name and we tossed out demons in your name, and we did many powers in your name.' <sup>23</sup>Then I will openly agree about them, 'I have never known you. *You separate from me, Covenant-breakers!*'

<sup>24</sup>Therefore, whoever listens to these my words and observes them will be compared to a prudent man who formed his house on the rock. <sup>25</sup>The rain descended and the rivers came and the winds blew and they all fell down on that house, and it did not fall for it was founded on the rock. <sup>26</sup>Everyone who hears these my words, and not observing them, will be compared to an idiot who formed his house on the sand. <sup>27</sup>The rain descended and the rivers came and the winds blew and they fell down on that house, and it fell and its disaster was great."

10

# End of Speech One

<sup>28</sup>It happened: when Yēsous completed these words, the crowds were shocked at his teaching, <sup>29</sup>for he was teaching them as one having authority and not as their Covenant-Code scholars [scribes].



Figure 2. Jesus' ministry in Galilee

#### **NARRATIVE TWO**

Yesous cures

He's descending from the mountain . . . a large crowd followed him. <sup>2</sup>Look! A scaly-skin man, approaching, bows down to him, saying, "Lord, if you want you are able to

clean me." <sup>3</sup>Extending the hand, he touched him, saying, "I want to. Be cleaned." Immediately, his scaliness was cleaned. <sup>4</sup>Yēsous says to him, "See that you tell no one but go away *exhibit* yourself *to the priest* and offer the gift that Mōüsēs [Moses] ordered as witness to them."

<sup>5</sup>He's entering Kaphar-Naoum [Capernaum] . . . a leader of a hundred soldiers approached him, begging him 6 and saying, "Lord, my young servant is tossed down in the house, paralyzed, tortured terribly." 7He says to him, "Should I, entering, heal him?" 8Responding, the leader said, "Lord, I am inadequate for you to come under my roof, but only say with a word and my young servant will be cured. 9For even I am a human under authority, having soldiers under me, and I say to this one 'Journey!' and he journeys, and to another 'Come!' and he comes, and to my slave 'Do this!' and he does it." 10 Hearing, Yēsous was stunned and said to the ones following, "This is true to say to you: I found in no one in Israel such trust. 11 I say this to you: Many from east and west will come and recline with Abra'am and Yisa'ak [Isaac] and Yakōb [Jacob] in Heavens' Empire, 12but the Empire's sons will be tossed out to outer darkness. There will be weeping and teeth grinding." 13 Yesous said to the leader, "Go away! As you trusted it will happen to you." His young servant was cured at that very hour.

#### Yēsous heals

<sup>14</sup>Yēsous, entering Petros's [Peter's] house, saw Petros's mother-in-law tossed down and fevering. <sup>15</sup>He touched her hand and the fever released her, and she arose and was serving him.

<sup>16</sup>It was evening . . . they offered to him many demonized persons and he tossed out the spirits with a word, and all those in a bad way were healed. <sup>17</sup>So that what was said through Ēsaïas [Isaiah], the prophet, might be filled out, saying,

Our weaknesses he took, and our maladies he carried.

#### Yēsous calls

<sup>18</sup>Seeing a crowd around him, Yēsous signaled to depart to Beyond [the Yordanēs].
<sup>19</sup>Approaching, one Covenant-Code scholar [scribe] said to him, "Teacher, I will follow you wherever you go away." <sup>20</sup>Yēsous says to him, "Foxes have dens and birds of the heaven nests, but the Son of Humanity<sup>d</sup> doesn't have a place

to recline the head." <sup>21</sup>Another of the Apprentices said to him, "Lord, permit me first to go away and to bury my father." <sup>22</sup>Yēsous says to him, "Follow me and release the dead to bury their own dead."

# Yēsous, what kind of man is he?

<sup>23</sup>In boarding down into the boat, his Apprentices followed him. <sup>24</sup>Look! A great commotion occurred in the Sea so that the boat was covered by the waves, but he was sleeping. <sup>25</sup>They, approaching, raised him, saying, "Lord, deliver! We are being destroyed." <sup>26</sup>He says to them, "Why are you cowardly, little believers?" Then, being raised, he rebuked the winds and the Sea, and a great calm occurred. <sup>27</sup>The humans were stunned, saying, "What kind of man is this that even the winds and the Sea heed him?"

#### Yēsous liberates

<sup>28</sup>He was coming to Beyond [the Yordanēs] into the region of the Gadarenes . . . two demonized men—exiting the tombs, deeply dangerous, so that no one was strong enough to pass by on that path—came out to meet him. <sup>29</sup>Look! They cried out, saying, "What is there between us and you, royal Son of God? Did you come here to torture us before the season?" <sup>30</sup>Far from them there was a large herd of hogs feeding. 31 The demons were begging him, saying, "If you toss us out, commission us into the herd of hogs." 32He said to them, "Go away!" They, exiting, departed into the hogs. Look! The whole herd dashed down the cliff into the sea and died in the waters. 33The feeders fled and, departing into the city, they announced everything and the events about the demonized. 34Look! The whole city exited to meet Yesous and, seeing him, they begged that he shift from their region.

# Yēsous releases a man from sins

And boarding down into the boat, he crossed back [over the Sea] and came to his city. <sup>2</sup>Look! They were offering to him a paralyzed man tossed down on a cot. Yēsous, seeing their trust, said to the paralyzed man, "Be

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>d</sup>The expression "Son of Humanity," if it comes from Daniel 7:13 (*First Testament* has "one like a human being"), is a title (Son of Humanity), while if this Greek expression translates a common Aramaic expression it means "a human."

courageous, child! Your sins are released."

3Look! Some Covenant-Code scholars [scribes] said among themselves, "This man insults [God]." 4Yēsous, seeing their musings, he said, "Why do you muse with evil ideas in your hearts? 5For which is easier? To say 'Your sins are released' or to say 'Rise and walk around'? 6But so you might know that the Son of Humanity has authority in the land to release sins"—then he says to the paralyzed man, "Being raised, lift your cot and go away to your house!" 7Being raised, he went away to his house. 8The crowds, seeing, were awed and splendored the God who gave such authority to humans.

# Yēsous calling

<sup>9</sup>Yēsous, passing on from there, saw a human sitting at the tax booth—he was called Matthaios [Matthew]—and says to him, "Follow me!" Arising, he followed him. <sup>10</sup>It happened: he was reclining in his house . . . Look! Many tax agents and sinners, coming, were reclining with Yēsous and his Apprentices. <sup>11</sup>The Observant [Pharisees], seeing, were saying to his Apprentices, "For what reason is your teacher eating with tax agents and sinners?" <sup>12</sup>Hearing, he said, "The strong have no need of a doctor, but those in a bad way [do]. <sup>13</sup>Go be apprenticed to what this is: *I want compassion not sacrifice*, for I did not come to call 'right ones' but sinners."

# Yēsous suspends fasting

14Yōannēs's [John's] apprentices approach him, saying, "Why do we and the Observant fast but your Apprentices don't fast?" <sup>15</sup>Yēsous said to them, "Are the groom's sons able to grieve as long as the groom is with them? The days will come whenever the groom is taken away from them, and then they will fast. <sup>16</sup>No one tosses a patch of unshrunk cloth on an ancient robe. For its fullness pulls from the robe and the rip becomes worse. <sup>17</sup>Nor do they toss new wine into ancient wineskins.
Otherwise, the wineskins break apart and the wine pours out and the wineskins are destroyed. But they toss new wine into fresh wineskins, and both are preserved."

#### Yēsous touches

<sup>18</sup>He's speaking these things to them . . . Look! One leader, coming, bows down to him, saying, "My daughter's life has just now ended but, coming, lay your hand on her and she will live." <sup>19</sup>Being raised, Yēsous followed him, and his Apprentices.

12

<sup>20</sup>Look! A twelve-year-blood-flowing woman, approaching him from behind, touched the tassels of his robe. <sup>21</sup>For she was saying in herself, *if only I can touch his robe, I will be delivered.* <sup>22</sup>Yēsous, turning around and seeing her, said, "Be courageous, daughter! Your trust has delivered you." The woman was delivered from that hour.

<sup>23</sup>Yēsous, coming into the leader's house and seeing the persons playing recorders and the disturbed crowd, <sup>24</sup>was saying, "Slip out of here! For the girl did not die but sleeps." They were laughing at him. <sup>25</sup>When the crowd was tossed out, entering, he grabbed her hand and the girl was raised. <sup>26</sup>This report exited into that whole land.

# Yesous gives sight to the sightless

<sup>27</sup>Two sightless men followed Yēsous, going on from there, crying out and saying, "Show some compassion on us, son of Dauid [David]." <sup>28</sup>The sightless approached him, entering the house, and Yēsous says to them: "Do you trust that I am able to do this?" They say to him: "Yes, Lord." <sup>29</sup>Then he touched their eyes, saying, "May it be done for you consistent with your trust." <sup>30</sup>Their eyes were opened. Yēsous snorted at them, saying, "See! Let no one know!" <sup>31</sup>They, exiting, advertised him in that whole land.

#### Yēsous exorcises

<sup>32</sup>They're exiting...Look! They offered a speechless, demonized man to him. <sup>33</sup>The demon being tossed out...the sightless man spoke. The crowds were stunned, saying, "Never has something like this appeared in Yisraēl [Israel]." <sup>34</sup>But the Observant were saying, "The demons are tossed out by the leader of the demons."

Yēsous re-described: Repeating the summary (cf. 4:23-25)

<sup>35</sup>Yēsous was leading around all the cities and villages, teaching in their assembly halls, announcing the gospel about the Empire, and healing every illness and every malady.

#### SPEECH TWO

 $Y\bar{e}$ sous spots the problem: Pastoral abuse

<sup>36</sup>Seeing the crowds, he empathized with them because they were—as sheep not having a shepherd—disturbed and dejected. <sup>37</sup>Then he says to his Apprentices: "The harvest is great, the workers are few. <sup>38</sup>Therefore, plead to the harvest's Lord that he toss out workers into his harvest."

#### Yēsous commissions

Calling his twelve Apprentices, he gave them authority over contaminating spirits so they could toss them out and heal every illness and every malady.

<sup>2</sup>These are the names of the twelve Commissioners:

first, Simōn—who is called Petros
[Peter]—and Andreas [Andrew],
his brother:

Yakōbos [James]—who is from
Zebedaios [Zebedee]—and
Yōannēs [John], his brother;

<sup>3</sup>Philippos [Philip] and Bar-Tholomaios

[Bartholomew]; Thōmas and Matthaios [Matthew]—the tax agent;

Yakōbos—who is from Halphaios [Alphaeus]—and Thaddaios [Thaddaeus];

<sup>4</sup>Simōn Kananaios [Simon the Canaanite] and Youdas the Dagger Man [Judas Iscariot], the one who gave him over.

<sup>5</sup>Yēsous commissioned these twelve, ordering them, saying,

"Don't go out on the path to the ethnic groups and don't enter into a city of the Samaritōn [Samaritans]. <sup>6</sup>Instead, journey to the sheep—the destroyed ones—of Yisraēl's [Israel's] house. <sup>7</sup>Journeying, announce, saying that 'The Heavens' Empire has come close.'

Raise the dead, Clean the scaly, Toss out demons. You received as a gift, give as a gift.

8Heal the weak,

<sup>9</sup>Don't acquire gold or silver or bronze in your belts,
<sup>10</sup>nor a bag for the path, nor two shirts, nor sandals, nor a walking stick.
The worker deserves one's provision.

<sup>11</sup>Into whatever city or village you enter, search in it for someone who is deserving and remain there until you exit. <sup>12</sup>Entering into the house, greet it. <sup>13</sup>If the house is deserving, let your peace come upon it, but if the house isn't deserving, let your peace return to you. <sup>14</sup>Whoever doesn't receive you or hear your words, exiting out of the house or that city, shake off the dust from your feet. <sup>15</sup>This is true to say to you: It will be lighter for the land of Sodoma [Sodom] and Gomorra [Gomorrah] on the day of judgment than for that city.

<sup>16</sup>Look! I commission you as sheep in the middle of wolves. Therefore, be both prudent as snakes and innocent as doves.

<sup>17</sup>Beware of humans! They will give you over to the Central Councils and in their assembly halls they will lash you. <sup>18</sup>You will be led before governors and kings because of me—as a witness to them and to the ethnic groups. <sup>19</sup>Whenever they give you over, don't be disturbed how or about what you might say, for what you are to say in that hour will be given to you. <sup>20</sup>For you are not the ones speaking but the Spirit of your Father that is speaking in you.

<sup>21</sup>Sibling will give over sibling and a father a child, and children will rise up in rebellion against parents and they will kill them. <sup>22</sup>You will be hated by all because of my name, but the one resilient to the completion—this person will be delivered. <sup>23</sup>Whenever they chase you in this city, flee to another. This is true to say to you: You will never complete the cities of Yisraēl before the Son of Humanity<sup>e</sup> comes.

<sup>24</sup>An apprentice isn't above the teacher, nor is a slave above the lord. <sup>25</sup>It's adequate for an apprentice to become as one's teacher, and a slave as one's lord. If they called the master of the house 'master of demons' [Beelzeboul], how much more his house members.

<sup>26</sup>Therefore, don't be scared of them. For there is nothing covered that will not be apocalypsed, and hidden that will not be known. <sup>27</sup>What I say to you in the darkness, say in the light! What you hear in the ear, announce on terraces! <sup>28</sup>Don't be scared of ones killing the body but not ones able to kill the self. Instead, be awed of the one able to destroy both self and body in the Valley of Destructive Fire [Gehenna]. <sup>29</sup>Are not two little sparrows sold for an assarion<sup>6</sup>? Not one of them falls on the land apart from your Father. <sup>30</sup>Even your head's hairs are all numbered. <sup>31</sup>Therefore, don't be scared. You are superior to all the little sparrows.

<sup>32</sup>Therefore, everyone who openly agrees with me before humans I will also openly agree about that person before my Father in the heavens. <sup>33</sup>Whoever denies me before humans, I will also deny that person before my Father in the heavens.

<sup>34</sup>Don't think that I came to toss peace on the land. I did not come to toss peace but a long knife. <sup>35</sup>For, I came to split a man against his father and a daughter against her mother and a bride against her mother-in-law <sup>36</sup>and a human's enemies—his own house members.

<sup>37</sup>The one loving father or mother more than me doesn't deserve me, and the one loving son or daughter more than me doesn't deserve me, and <sup>38</sup>the one who doesn't take his cross and follow behind me doesn't deserve me.

<sup>39</sup>The one finding one's self will destroy it, and the one destroying one's self—because of me—will find it.

<sup>40</sup>The one receiving you receives me, and the one receiving me receives the one who commissioned me. <sup>41</sup>The one receiving a prophet in the name of a prophet will receive the prophet's wage, and the one receiving a right one in the name of a right one will receive the right one's wage. <sup>42</sup>Whoever gives a cup of cold water to one of these little ones in the name of an apprentice—this is true to say to you—will never destroy one's wage."

11 It happened: when Yēsous completed ordering his twelve Apprentices, he shifted from there to teach and to announce in their cities.

#### **NARRATIVE THREE**

Yēsous sends a message back to Yōannēs

<sup>2</sup>Yōannēs [John], hearing in confinement about the Christos's works, sending through his own Apprentices, <sup>3</sup>said to him, "Are you the Coming One or are we anticipating someone different?" <sup>4</sup>Responding, Yēsous said to them, "Journeying, declare to Yōannēs what you hear and see:

<sup>5</sup>The sightless see again, The lame walk around, The scaly are cleaned, The deaf hear, The dead arise, The beggars are gospeled.

<sup>6</sup>God blesses whoever isn't tripped up by me."

Yēsous explains Yōannēs to the crowds

<sup>7</sup>These are journeying . . . Yēsous began to speak to the crowds about Yōannēs. "What did you exit into the wilderness to observe? A reed shaken by wind? <sup>8</sup>But what did you exit to see? A human outfitted in delicate clothing? Look! The ones wearing delicate things are in the houses of kings. <sup>9</sup>But what did you exit to see? A prophet? Yes, I say this to you: And exceeding a prophet. <sup>10</sup>This is the person about whom it's written:

Look! I commission my envoy before your face,

Who will prepare your path before you.

<sup>11</sup>This is true to say to you: No one greater than Yōannēs the Dipper has been raised among the ones given life by women. Yet, the smallest in the Heavens' Empire is greater than him. <sup>12</sup>From days of Yōannēs the Dipper until now—the Heavens' Empire is forcefully advancing, and the enforcers snatch it. <sup>13</sup>For all the Prophets and the Covenant Code prophesied until Yōannēs. <sup>14</sup>If you want to accept it, he is Ēlias [Elijah] who is to come. <sup>15</sup>The one who has ears—let that person hear.

Yēsous describes this generation

<sup>16</sup>To what will I compare this generation? It's comparable to children sitting in the squares, who are voicing out to the others; <sup>17</sup>they say,

'We played the recorder for you and you did not dance;

We lamented and you did not strike yourselves.'

<sup>18</sup>For Yōannēs came neither eating nor drinking, and they say, 'He has a demon.' <sup>19</sup>The Son of Humanity came eating and drinking, and they say, 'Look! A human who is a glutton and a winedrinker, a friend of tax agents and sinners.' Wisdom was righted by her works."

#### Yēsous describes Gentile cities

<sup>20</sup>Then he began to degrade the cities in which most of his powers happened because they did not convert. 21"Oy! on you, Chorazin! Oy! on you, Bēth-saïda! Because—if the powers that happened in your cities had been done in Tyros [Tyre] and Sidon—long ago they would have converted in sack and soot. <sup>22</sup>However, I say this to you: It will be lighter for Tyros [Tyre] and Sidon on the Judgment Day than for you. 23 As for you, Kaphar-Naoum [Capernaum], will you be raised in status as far as heaven? You will descend into Hades. Because if the powers that happened in you had happened in Sodoma [Sodom], it would remain until this day. 24 However, I say this to you: It will be lighter on the Judgment Day for Sodoma than for you."

# Yēsous praises the Father

<sup>25</sup>At that season, responding, Yēsous said, "I publicly acknowledge You, Father, Lord over heaven and the land because you hid these things from the wise and understanding ones, and apocalypsed these things to the childlike. <sup>26</sup>Yes, Father, because this is what becomes a delight before you. <sup>27</sup>All things have been given over to me by my Father, and no one perceives the Son but the Father, nor does any perceive the Father but the Son—and the one to whom the Son decides to apocalypse."

#### Yēsous invites

<sup>28</sup>Come to me—all the laboring and loaded—and I will [provide] rest [for] you.

<sup>29</sup>Lift my yoke upon you and be apprenticed by me, because I am meek and impoverished in heart, and *you will find rest for your selves*.

<sup>30</sup>For my yoke is gracious and my load is light."

Yēsous, Lord over the Sabbath

At that season, Yēsous journeyed on Sabbaths through the grain fields. His Apprentices hungered and began to pick heads of grain and to eat. <sup>2</sup>Seeing, the Observant [Pharisees] said to him: "Look! Your Apprentices do what isn't observant to do on a Sabbath."

<sup>3</sup>He said to them,

"Did you not read what Dauid [David] did when he hungered—including those with him? 4How he entered into God's house and they ate the Presence Breads, which was not observant for him to eat—nor for those with him—but only for the priests? 5Or, did you not read in the Covenant Code that the priests in the temple on Sabbaths defile the Sabbath, and they are innocent? <sup>6</sup>I say this to you, that something greater than the temple is here. <sup>7</sup>If you had known what this means—I want compassion, not sacrifice—you would not have condemned the innocent. 8For the Son of Humanity is Lord over the Sabbath."

<sup>9</sup>Shifting from there, he came into their assembly hall. <sup>10</sup>Look! A human, having a stiff hand. They questioned him, saying, "Is it observant to heal on the Sabbaths?" so they might accuse him. <sup>11</sup>He said to them, "Which human among you, who has one sheep and if it falls into a pot bunker on the Sabbaths, will he not grab it and raise it?" <sup>12</sup>Therefore, how much superior is a human to a sheep. So, it's observant to do beautifully on the Sabbaths. <sup>13</sup>Then he says to the human, "Extend your hand!" He extended and it was restored—as healthy as the other. <sup>14</sup>Exiting, the Observant took council against him so they could destroy him.

# Yēsous fills out Ēsaïas

<sup>15</sup>Yēsous, knowing, slipped away from there. Great crowds followed him, and he healed them all <sup>16</sup>and rebuked them not to make him apparent, <sup>17</sup>so to fill out what was said through Ēsaïas [Isaiah], the prophet, saying,

<sup>18</sup>Look! My young servant whom I chose him,

My loved one, in whom my self was delighted.

I will place my Spirit on him, He will declare justice for the ethnic groups.

<sup>19</sup>He will neither strive nor make a racket, Nor will anyone hear his voice in the plazas.

<sup>20</sup>He will not snap a broken reed And he will not snuff out a smoking wick . . .

Until he tosses out justice for conquering.

21 And in his name ethnic groups will hope.

# Yēsous versus Beelzeboul

<sup>22</sup>Then a demonized man was offered to him—sightless and speechless—and he healed him so to speak and to see. <sup>23</sup>All the crowds were beside themselves and saying, "This can't be the son of Dauid, can it?" <sup>24</sup>Hearing, the Observant said, "This man doesn't toss out demons except by Beelzeboul, the leader of the demons."

<sup>25</sup>Recognizing their musings, he said to them, "Every empire parted against itself becomes wilderness, and every city or house parted against itself will not stand up. <sup>26</sup>If the Satanas [Satan] tosses out the Satanas, he is parted against himself! Therefore, how will his empire stand up?

<sup>27</sup>If I toss out demons by Beelzeboul, by what do your sons toss out? Because this is true they will be your judges.

<sup>28</sup>If I toss out demons by the Spirit of God, then God's Empire arrived upon you.

<sup>29</sup>Or, how is someone able to enter into the strong one's house and snatch his vessels if he doesn't, first, bind the strong one? Then he will seize his house.

30 The one not with me is against me, and the one not assembling with me scatters.

<sup>31</sup>Because of this I say to you: Every sin and insult will be released for humans, but insulting the Spirit will not be released. <sup>32</sup>And whoever says a word against the Son of Humanity—it will be released for him. But whoever says [something] against the Holy Spirit, it will not be released from him—neither in this Era nor [the Era] to Come.

# Yesous and the final judgment

<sup>33</sup>Either make a beautiful tree and its fruit beautiful, or make a diseased tree and its fruit diseased. For the tree is known from the fruit.

<sup>34</sup>Knot of vipers! How are you, being evil, able to speak good things? For the mouth speaks from the overflow of the heart. <sup>35</sup>The good human tosses out good things from a good treasure chest, and an evil human tosses out evil things from an evil treasure chest. <sup>36</sup>I say this to you, Every workless utterance that humans speak will be given over to his word on the Judgment Day. <sup>37</sup>For you will be righted from your words and you will be judged wrong from your words."

# Yesous and this generation

<sup>38</sup>Then some of the Covenant-Code scholars [scribes] and Observant responded to him, saying, "Teacher, we want to see an authenticating sign from you." <sup>39</sup>Responding, he said to them,

"An evil-and-philandering generation pursues an authenticating sign, and an authenticating sign will not be given to it-except the authenticating sign of Yōnas [Jonah], the prophet. 40 For just as Yōnas was in the belly of the big fish for three days and three nights, so the Son of Humanity will be in the heart of the land for three days and three nights. 41 The Nineuitēs [Ninevites] men will rise up with this generation at the judgment and they will condemn it, because they converted at the Yonas announcement. Look! Greater than Yonas is here. 42The Queen of the East will be raised with this generation at the judgment and will condemn it, because she came from over the land to hear Solomon's wisdom. Look! Greater than Solomon is here.

<sup>43</sup>Whenever the contaminating spirit exits from the human, it crosses through parched places pursuing rest and doesn't find it. <sup>44</sup>Then it says, 'I will return to my house from where I exited.' Entering, it finds it unoccupied, swept clean, and decorated. <sup>45</sup>Then it journeys and takes along with himself seven other spirits more evil than itself and, entering, resides there. The last things of that human become worse than the first things. Thus it will be for this evil generation."

# Yēsous and his family

<sup>46</sup>While he was still speaking to the crowds . . . Look! The mother and his brothers had been standing outside pursuing to speak with him. <sup>47</sup>Someone said to him, "Look! Your mother and your siblings have been standing outside pursuing to speak with you." <sup>48</sup>Responding, he said to the one speaking to him, "Who is my mother and who are my siblings?" <sup>49</sup>Extending his hand on his Apprentices, he said, "Look! My mother and my siblings! <sup>50</sup>For whoever does the will of my Father, who is in the heavens, that person is my brother and sister and mother"

#### SPEECH THREE

Yesous tells the analogy of the planter and the seeds

On that day, Yēsous, exiting the house, was sitting next to the Sea. <sup>2</sup>Many crowds assembled to him so that he, boarding down into the boat, sat, and the whole crowd had been standing on the shore. <sup>3</sup>He spoke many things to them in analogies, saying, "Look! A planter exited for planting. <sup>4</sup>In his planting, some seeds fell next to the path and, coming, the birds gobbled them. <sup>5</sup>Others fell on rocky ground where it did not have much land and immediately it rose up because they did not have depth of land. <sup>6</sup>The sun arose . . . it was scorched and, because it did not have root, it was stiffened. <sup>7</sup>Others fell on the thorns, and the thorns ascended and suffocated them. 8Others fell on the beautiful land and it was giving fruit—one a hundred, one sixty, and one thirty. 9The one who has ears-let that person hear."

# Yēsous explains his analogies

<sup>10</sup>His Apprentices, approaching, said to him, "Why do you speak to them in analogies?" <sup>11</sup>He, responding, said to them, "Because to you is given to know the secrets of the Heavens' Empire, but to them it has not been given. <sup>12</sup>For whoever has, it will be given to the person and it will flow over. But whoever doesn't have, even what that person has will be lifted from the person. <sup>13</sup>Because

this is true I speak to them in analogies—because, seeing, they don't see and, hearing, they don't hear or understand, <sup>14</sup>and the prophecy of Ēsaïas [Isaiah] is filled up for them—which is saying,

In hearing you will hear and never understand,
And, seeing, you will see and never perceive.

15 For this people's heart has thickened And they hear with dull ears
And they shut their eyes . . .
So that they may never perceive with eyes And hear with ears
And understand with heart
And return . . .
And I will cure them.

<sup>16</sup>Your eyes are blessed by God because they see and your ears because they hear. <sup>17</sup>This is true to say to you, that many prophets and right ones desired to see what you see and did not see, and to hear what you hear and did not hear.

Yesous explains the analogy with the planter

<sup>18</sup>Therefore, hear the analogy about the planter:

<sup>19</sup>Everyone hearing the word about the Empire and not understanding . . . the Evil One comes and snatches what is planted in the person's heart—this is the one planted next to the path.

<sup>20</sup>The one planted on rocky ground—this is the one hearing the word and suddenly accepts it with joy, <sup>21</sup>but the person did not have root within oneself but is momentary . . . trouble and pursuit come because of the word . . . suddenly they are tripped.

<sup>22</sup>The one planted in the thorns—this is the one hearing the word, and the Era's anxiety and wealth's delusion suffocate the word and the person becomes fruitless.

<sup>23</sup>The one planted on beautiful land—this is the one hearing the word and understanding—who also bears fruit and makes: one a hundred, one sixty, and one thirty."

Yēsous gives more analogies

<sup>24</sup>He presented another analogy to them, saying, "The Heavens' Empire can be compared to a human planting beautiful seed in his field.

<sup>25</sup>While the humans were sleeping his enemy came and overplanted zizania [weeds] in the middle of the wheat and departed. <sup>26</sup>When the stalk sprouted and made fruit, then also the zizania appeared. 27 Approaching, the slaves of the master's household said to him, 'Lord, did you not plant beautiful seed in your field? How therefore does it have zizania?' 28 He responded to them, 'A human enemy did this.' The slaves say to him, 'Therefore, do you want, departing, that we gather them up?' 29But he said, 'No, for in gathering the zizania you might uproot the wheat with them. 30 Release them to grow together until the harvest, and at the harvest season I will say to the harvesters, 'Gather first the zizania and bind them into bundles to burn them up, but assemble the wheat into my storage barn."

<sup>31</sup>He presented another analogy to them, saying, "The Heavens' Empire is comparable to a mustard seed, which, taking, a human planted in his field. <sup>32</sup>Which is the smallest of all seeds, but whenever it grows it's larger than leafy vegetables and becomes a tree, so that *the birds of the heaven* come *and nest in its branches*."

<sup>33</sup>He spoke another analogy to them, "The Heavens' Empire is comparable to yeast, which a woman, taking, hid in three portions of flour until it leavened the whole."

# Yēsous' rationale for analogies

<sup>34</sup>Yēsous spoke all these things to the crowds in analogies, and spoke nothing to them apart from an analogy, <sup>35</sup>so that what was said through the prophet might be filled out, saying,

I will open my mouth in analogies, I will pour out things buried from the Kosmos's origin.

Yēsous explains the story of the wheat and zizania

<sup>36</sup>Then, releasing the crowds, he came into the house. His Apprentices approached him, saying, "Clarify for us the analogy about the zizania of the field." <sup>37</sup>Responding, he said,

"The Planter of the beautiful seed is the Son of Humanity,

38 the field is the Kosmos, the beautiful seed, these are the Empire's descendants. but the zizania are the evil one's descendants,

<sup>39</sup>the enemy who planted them is the Accuser,

and the harvest is the completion of the Era,

and the harvesters are the envoys.

<sup>40</sup>Therefore, just as the zizania are gathered and burned in fire so it will at the completion of the Era: <sup>41</sup>the Son of Humanity will commission his envoys and they will gather from his Empire all those tripped up and the Covenant-breakers, <sup>42</sup>and *they will be tossed into the fiery furnace*. There will be weeping and grinding teeth. <sup>43</sup>Then the right ones will, like the sun, shimmer in their Father's Empire. The one who has ears—let that person hear.

# Yēsous gives more analogies

<sup>44</sup>The Heavens' Empire is comparable to a treasure chest hidden in the field, which a human, finding, hid and out of his joy goes away and sold whatever he has and purchases that field.

<sup>45</sup>Again, the Heavens' Empire is comparable to a human conducting business pursuing beautiful pearls. <sup>46</sup>Finding one priceless pearl, going away, he has sold everything he had and purchased it.

<sup>47</sup>Again, the Heavens' Empire is comparable to a seine, tossed into the sea and assembles from all sorts [of fishes], <sup>48</sup>which when it was filled out, hauling to the shore and sitting down, he gathered the beautiful into a container but the bad he tossed out. <sup>49</sup>So it will be at the completion of the Era: the envoys will exit and isolate the evil out of the presence of the right ones, <sup>50</sup>and *they will toss them into the fiery furnace*. There will be weeping and grinding teeth."

# Yēsous and his Covenant-Code expert Apprentices

<sup>51</sup>"Have you understood all these?" They say to him, "Yes." <sup>52</sup>He said to them, "Because this is true: Every Covenant-Code scholar [scribe], apprenticed in Heavens' Empire, is comparable to a human house master who tosses out from his treasure chest new and ancient things."

<sup>53</sup>It happened: when Yēsous completed these analogies, he moved on from there.

#### **NARRATIVE FOUR**

Yēsous rejected at home

<sup>54</sup>Coming into his ancestral village, he was teaching them in their assembly hall, so that they were shocked and saying, "What's the source for this man—this wisdom and the powers? <sup>55</sup>Isn't he the artisan's son? Isn't his mother called 'Mariam' [Mary] and his brothers 'Yakōbos [James], Yōsēf [Joseph], Simōn, and Youdas [Judas]'? <sup>56</sup>Are not his sisters all with us? Therefore, what's the source for this man—all these things?" <sup>57</sup>They were tripped up by him. Yēsous said to them, "A prophet isn't dishonored except in one's ancestral village and house."

<sup>58</sup>He did not do there many powers because of their anti-trust.

Yēsous told about Yōannēs

At that season, Hērōdēs [Herod] the tetrarch, heard the report about Yēsous <sup>2</sup>and said to his young servants, "This is Yōannēs the Dipper [John the Baptist]. He has been raised from among the dead and because of this the powers are working in him." <sup>3</sup>Hērōdēs, grabbing Yōannēs, bound him and placed him in a prison because of Hērōdias, Philippos [Philip] his brother's woman. <sup>4</sup>For Yōannēs was saying to him: "It isn't observant for you to have her." 5Wanting to kill him, he was scared of the crowd because they had him as a prophet. 6On Hērōdēs's birthday Hērōdias's daughter danced in the middle and she pleased Hērōdēs 7so he openly agreed to her with an oath to give her whatever she asked. 8She, being instigated by her mother, said, "Give to me here Yōannēs the Dipper's head on a tray." Being grieved, because of the oath and the ones reclining together, the king signaled it to be given, 10 and, sending, they decapitated Yōannēs in the prison. 11His head was carried on a tray and was given to the young woman, and she carried it to her mother. <sup>12</sup>Approaching, his Apprentices lifted the corpse and buried him, and coming, they declared [this] to Yesous.

Yēsous feeds more than five thousand

<sup>13</sup>Yēsous, hearing, slipped away from there in a boat to a wilderness place by himself. The crowds, hearing, followed him on foot from the cities. <sup>14</sup>Exiting, he saw a large crowd and he empathized with them and healed their ill ones.

<sup>15</sup>It was evening . . . the Apprentices approached him, saying, "This is a wilderness location and the hour has already passed by. Loosen the crowds so that, departing to the villages, they can purchase for themselves foods." 16 Yēsous said to them, "They don't have a need to depart. You give them [something] to eat." <sup>17</sup>They say to him, "We don't have [anything] here but five breads and two fishes." 18 Yesous said, "Bring them to me—here." 19Signaling the crowds to recline on the grass, taking the five breads and the two fishes, looking up to heaven, he blessed and, cracking, he gave the breads to the Apprentices. The Apprentices to the crowds. <sup>20</sup>They all ate and were satisfied, and they lifted the overflow of the broken pieces twelve full baskets. 21 The ones eating were about five thousand men, apart from the women and children.

Yēsous walks on water, Petros sinks in water

<sup>22</sup>Immediately he compelled the Apprentices to board down into the boat and to go ahead to Beyond the Yordanes [Jordan] while he loosened the crowds. <sup>23</sup>Loosening the crowds, he ascended the mountain by himself—to pray . . . it was evening . . . he was there alone. <sup>24</sup>The boat was already many stadesg from the land, tortured by the waves—for the wind was contrary. 25At the fourth watch of the night [early a.m.], he came to them, walking around on the Sea. 26The Apprentices, seeing him walking around on the Sea, were agitated, saying that "It's a phantom!" They cried out from being scared. <sup>27</sup>Suddenly, Yēsous spoke to them, saying, "Be courageous! I am. Don't be scared!"

<sup>28</sup>Responding to him, Petros [Peter] said, "Lord, if you are, signal me to come to you on the waters." <sup>29</sup>He said, "Come!" Petros, descending from the boat, walked around on

the waters and came to Yēsous. <sup>30</sup>Seeing the strong wind, he was scared and, beginning to be submerged, he cried out, saying, "Lord, deliver me!" <sup>31</sup>Immediately, Yēsous, extending the hand, took hold of him and says to him, "Little believer! Why did you doubt?" <sup>32</sup>[They] ascended into the boat . . . the wind ceased. <sup>33</sup>Those in the boat bowed down to him, saying, "You are truly Son of God."

<sup>34</sup>Crossing to Beyond the Yordanēs [Jordan], they came on the land to Gennēsaret. <sup>35</sup>The men of that location, perceiving him, commissioned into that whole area and they carried to him all who were in a bad way, <sup>36</sup>and they were begging him that they might only touch the tassels of his robe, and those who touched were delivered.

#### Yesous and human conventions

Then Observant [Pharisees] and Covenant-Code scholars [scribes] from Yierosoluma [Jerusalem] approach Yēsous, saying, 2"Why do your Apprentices violate the convention of the elders? For they don't wash their hands whenever they eat bread." <sup>3</sup>Responding, he said to them, "Why do you also violate God's order because of your convention? 4For God said, Honor the father and the mother, and the denouncer of father or mother—let his life end in death, 5but you say, 'Whoever says to father or mother—"what you gain from me is a donation," 6won't honor his father.' You invalidate God's word because of your convention. <sup>7</sup>Masked ones! Ēsaïas [Isaiah] prophesied beautifully about you, saying,

<sup>8</sup>This people honors me with the lips But their heart is a far distance from me. <sup>9</sup>They revere me in vain Teaching teachings that are human prescriptions.

<sup>10</sup>Calling the crowd, he said to them, "Listen and understand: <sup>11</sup>what enters the mouth doesn't make a human common, but what comes out of the mouth—this makes the human common."

<sup>12</sup>Then the Apprentices, approaching, say to him, "Do you know that the Observant, hearing the word, were tripped up?" <sup>13</sup>Responding, he said, "Every plant that my Father, the Heavenly One, doesn't plant will be uprooted. <sup>14</sup>Release them! They are sightless

guides of sightless. If the sightless guide the sightless, both will fall into a pot bunker." <sup>15</sup>Responding, Petros said to him: "Explain to us this analogy." <sup>16</sup>He said,

"Are you also still ignorant? <sup>17</sup>Do you not know that everything journeying into the mouth makes space in the stomach and is tossed out into the sewer? 18 But what journeys out of the mouth exits from the heart—these matters make the human common. 19 For from the heart exit evil deliberations. murders, adulteries. sexual immoralities. thefts. false witnesses. insults. <sup>20</sup>These are what make a human common, but to eat with unwashed hands doesn't make the human common."

#### Yēsous and a Gentile woman

<sup>21</sup>Exiting from there, Yēsous slipped away into the region of Tyros [Tyre] and Sidon. <sup>22</sup>Look! A Kananaia [Canaanite] woman from that region, exiting, cried out, saying, "Show some compassion on me, Lord, son of Dauid [David]. My daughter is demonized terribly." <sup>23</sup>He did not respond to her with a word. His Apprentices, approaching, were asking him, saying, "Loosen her! Because she's crying out from behind us." <sup>24</sup>Responding, he said, "I was not commissioned except to the sheep—the destroyed ones—of Yisraēl's [Israel's] house." <sup>25</sup>The woman, coming, was bowing down to him, saying, "Lord, help me!" 26 Responding, he said, "It isn't beautiful to take the children's bread and toss it to the puppies." <sup>27</sup>She said, "Yes, Lord, for even the puppies eat crumbs falling from their lord's table." 28Then, responding, Yēsous said to her, "Wow, woman! Your trust is great. It will be done to you as you want." Her daughter was cured from that hour.

#### Yēsous heals

<sup>29</sup>Shifting from there, Yēsous came along the Sea of Galilaia [Galilee] and, ascending into the mountain, he was sitting down there. <sup>30</sup>Many crowds approached him, having with them persons who were lame, sightless,

impaired, speechless, and many others, and they dropped them off at his feet, and he healed them <sup>31</sup>so that the crowd was stunned, seeing the speechless speaking, the impaired healthy, and the lame walking around and the sightless seeing, and they splendored the God of Israel.

# Yēsous feeds more than four thousand

32Yēsous, calling his Apprentices, said, "I empathize with this crowd. They are attached to me already for three days and they don't have anything they can eat. I don't want to loosen them fasting, or they might faint on the path." 33The Apprentices say to him, "From what source, in a wilderness, is there such breads so to satisfy such a crowd?" 34Yēsous says to them, "How many breads do you have?" They said, "Seven and a few small fishes." <sup>35</sup>Ordering the crowd to lie down on the land, <sup>36</sup>he took the seven breads and the fishes and, giving thanks, he cracked [it] and was giving [them] to the Apprentices, and the Apprentices to the crowds. 37 Everyone ate and was satisfied. They lifted the overflow of the broken pieces, seven full big baskets. 38The ones eating were four thousand men, apart from women and children.

<sup>39</sup>Loosening the crowds, he boarded the boat and came to the region of Magadan.

# Yēsous and an authenticating sign

Approaching, the Observant [Pharisees] and Elites [Sadducees], testing, asked him to demonstrate an authenticating sign from heaven for them.

Responding, he said to them, "It's evening . . . . you say, 'Good weather for the heaven reddens,' and in the morning, 'Today is stormy for the heaven reddens, threatening.' You know how to discriminate the heaven's face, but the authenticating signs of the seasons you aren't able. An evil-and-philandering generation pursues an authenticating sign, and an authenticating sign will not be given to it—except the authenticating sign of Yōnas [Jonah].' Abandoning them, he departed.

# Yesous and breads

<sup>5</sup>The Apprentices, coming to Beyond the Yordanēs [Jordan], forgot to take breads. <sup>6</sup>Yēsous said to them, "See! Beware the yeast of

the Observants and Elites!" <sup>7</sup>They were deliberating among themselves, saying that "We did not take breads." <sup>8</sup>Knowing, Yēsous said, "Why deliberate among yourselves, little believers, that you don't have breads? <sup>9</sup>Don't you know yet nor remember the five breads of the five thousand and how many baskets you received? <sup>10</sup>Nor the seven breads of the four thousand and how many big baskets you received? <sup>11</sup>How do you not know that I spoke to you not about breads? Beware the yeast of the Observants and Elites!" <sup>12</sup>Then they understood that he spoke to them not about the yeast of breads but of the teachings of the Observants and Elites.

# Yēsous confessed as Christos

<sup>13</sup>Yēsous, coming to the region of Kaisareia Philippos [Caesarea Philippi], was asking his Apprentices, saying, "Who do humans say the Son of Humanity is?" They said, "Some [say] Yōannēs the Dipper [John the Baptist], others Ēlias [Elijah] and yet others Yieremias [Jeremiah] or one of the prophets." <sup>15</sup>He says to them, "But you, who do you say I am?" <sup>16</sup>Responding, Simōn Petros [Simon Peter] said, "You are the Christos, the living God's royal Son." 17Responding, Yēsous said him, "God blesses you, Simon Bar-Yonas [Simon son of Jonah], because flesh-and-blood did not apocalypse to you but my Father, the one in the heavens. 18So I say to you, that you are the Rock [Petros] and on this rock [petra] I will form my assembly, and the gates of Hades will not prevail over it. <sup>19</sup>I will give you keys to the Heavens' Empire, and whatever you bind on the land will be bound in the heavens, and whatever you loosen on the land will be loosened in the heavens."

<sup>20</sup>Then he ordered the Apprentices that they tell no one that he is the Christos.

# $Y\bar{e}$ sous calls to the cross-life

<sup>21</sup>From then Yēsous began to demonstrate for his Apprentices that it's necessary for him to depart to Yierosoluma [Jerusalem] and to suffer much from the Elders and Senior Priests and Covenant-Code scholars [scribes], and to be killed, and on the third day to be raised. <sup>22</sup>Petros, taking him in, began to rebuke him, saying, "Mercy for you, Lord! Never will this be for you!" <sup>23</sup>He, turning, said to Petros, "Go

away behind me, Satanas [Satan]! You are a trip for me because you are not thinking God's ways but the ways of humans."

<sup>24</sup>Then Yēsous said to his Apprentices, "If anyone wants to come behind me, let that person renounce oneself, lift up one's cross, and let the person follow me. <sup>25</sup>For whoever wants to deliver one's self, the person will destroy it; but whoever destroys one's self because of me, the person will find it. 26For what can a human gain if one takes advantage of the whole Kosmos but damages one's self? Or, what will a human give in compensation for one's self? <sup>27</sup>For the Son of Humanity is about to come in the splendor of his Father with his envoys, and then he will pay back to each person consistent with one's practice. <sup>28</sup>This is true to say to you, that there are some standing here who will not taste death before they see the Son of Humanity coming in his Empire."

# Yēsous glows

After six days, Yēsous takes Petros [Peter] and Yakōbos [James] and Yōannēs [John], his brother, and he guides them up on a high mountain by themselves, <sup>2</sup>and he was metamorphosed before them, and his face shone like the sun, his robes became white as light. <sup>3</sup>Look! Mōüsēs [Moses] and Ēlias [Elijah] appeared to them—conversing with him. <sup>4</sup>Responding, Petros said to Yēsous, "Lord, it's beautiful for us to be here. If you want, I will make here three tents, one for you, one for Mōüsēs, one for Ēlias." <sup>5</sup>While he was speaking . . . Look! A cloud full of light enveloped them, and Look! A voice out of the cloud saying,

"This is my royal Son, the one loved, in him I was delighted. Listen to him!"

<sup>6</sup>Hearing, the Apprentices fell on their faces and they were extremely scared. <sup>7</sup>Yēsous approached and, touching them, said, "Be raised! Don't be scared!" <sup>8</sup>Lifting up their eyes, they saw no one but Yēsous alone.

#### Yesous and Elias

<sup>9</sup>They're descending from the mountain . . . Yēsous ordered them, saying, "Tell no one about the vision—until the Son of Humanity has been raised from among the dead." <sup>10</sup>The

Apprentices asked him, saying, "Therefore, why do the Covenant-Code scholars [scribes] say that it's necessary first for Ēlias to arrive?"

11 Responding, he said, "Ēlias comes and will restore all things, 12 but I say this to you, Ēlias already came, and they did not perceive him but they did with him whatever they wanted. So also the Son of Humanity is about to suffer by them." 13 Then the Apprentices understood that he spoke to them about Yōannēs the Dipper [John the Baptist].

# Yēsous heals a man's son

<sup>14</sup>They're approaching the crowd...a human, genuflecting before him, approached him, <sup>15</sup>saying, "Lord, show some compassion on my son because he has seizures and suffers terribly, for he often falls into the fire and often into the water. 16I offered him to your Apprentices, and they weren't able to heal him." 17Responding, Yēsous said, "Wow, anti-trust and distorted generation! How long will I be with you? How long will I put up with you? Bring him here to me." 18 Yesous rebuked, it and the demon exited from him and the child was healed from that hour. <sup>19</sup>Then approaching Yēsous privately, the Apprentices said to him, "Why weren't we able to toss it out?" <sup>20</sup>He says to them, "Because of your little trust. This is true to say to you: If you have trust like a mustard seed, you will say to this mountain, 'Shift from there to here,' and it will shift. Nothing will be impossible for you."

# Yēsous predicts his death

<sup>22</sup>They're coming together in the Galilaia [Galilee] . . . Yēsous said to them: "The Son of Humanity is about to be given over into human hands, <sup>23</sup>and they will kill him, and on the third day he will be raised." They grieved extremely.

# Yēsous on the temple tax

<sup>24</sup>They're coming into Kaphar-Naoum [Capernaum] . . . the collectors of the two-drachma tax approached Petros and said, "Does your teacher not pay the two-drachma tax?" <sup>25</sup>He says, "Yes." Yēsous anticipated him, the one entering into the house, saying, "What does it look like to you, Simōn? The kings of the land receive tax and custom from whom?

From their own descendants or from outsiders?" <sup>26</sup>Saying, "From outsiders"... Yēsous said to him, "Then the descendants are liberated. <sup>27</sup>But so we don't trip them, journeying to the sea, toss a hook and take the first fish ascending, and opening its mouth, you will find a statēr. Taking that, give to them for me and for you."

#### SPEECH FOUR

Yēsous instructs on status in God's Empire

In that hour the Apprentices approached Yēsous, saying, "Who, then, is the greatest in the Heavens' Empire?" <sup>2</sup>Calling a child, he stood it in their middle <sup>3</sup>and said, "This is true to say to you: If you don't convert and become as the children, you can never enter into the Heavens' Empire. <sup>4</sup>Therefore, whoever impoverishes oneself as this child—this person is the greatest one in the Heavens' Empire. <sup>5</sup>Whoever receives one such child in my name, receives me.

<sup>6</sup>Whoever trips one of these little ones who trust in me—it would be to that person's benefit if a donkey-driving grinding-stone were hung around the person's neck and plunged in the deeps of the sea. <sup>7</sup>Oy! to the Kosmos because of tripping! It's compulsory for trippings to come—however, Oy! to the human through whom the trip comes. 8If your hand or your foot trips you, chop it off and toss it away from you. It's beautiful for you to enter life impaired or sightless than, having two hands or two feet, to be tossed into the Era's Fire. <sup>9</sup>If your eye trips you, pull it out and toss it from you. It's beautiful for you to enter single-eyed into life than, having two eyes, to be tossed into the Valley of Destructive Fire [Gehenna]. <sup>10</sup>See! Don't snub one of these little ones. For I say this to you that their envoys in heavens through all [time] see the face of my Father in the heavens.

Yēsous tells a story about a wandering sheep

<sup>12</sup>What does it look like to you? If one hundred sheep are some human's and one of them wanders off, will he not release the

ninety-nine on the mountains and, journeying, pursue the wanderer? <sup>13</sup>If he happens to find it—this is true to say to you that he has more joy over the one than over the ninety-nine who are not wandering. <sup>14</sup>So, it isn't the will in the presence of your Father, who is in the heavens, that one of these little ones be destroyed.

Yēsous and community reconciliation

<sup>15</sup>If your sibling sins against you, go away, convince the person—between you and that person alone. If the person hears you, you have an advantage with your sibling. 16 If the person won't hear [you], take one or two with you—so in the mouth of two witnesses—or three—every utterance may stand. <sup>17</sup>If the person won't listen to them, tell the assembly. If that person won't listen to the assembly, let the person be just as the ethnic and tax agent. <sup>18</sup>This is true to say to you: whatever you bind on the land will be bound in heaven and whatever you loosen on the land will be loosened in heaven. <sup>19</sup>Again, this is true to say to you that if two of you concur on the land about any matter about which you ask, it will happen for them with my Father who is in the heavens. 20 For where there are two or three assembled in my name. I am there in the middle of them."

Yēsous responds to Petros with a story

<sup>21</sup>Then Petros [Peter], approaching, said to him, "Lord, how often will my sibling sin against me and I will release him? Up to seven time?" <sup>22</sup>Yēsous says to him:

"I don't say to you 'up to seven times,' but 'up to seventy times seven!' <sup>23</sup>Because this is true the Heavens' Empire can be compared to a human king, who wanted to settle an account with his slaves. <sup>24</sup>He began to settle... one debtor with an inestimable debt<sup>i</sup> was brought to him. <sup>25</sup>He doesn't have [funds] to pay back... the lord signaled for him to be sold, along with the woman and the children and everything he had, and to be paid back. <sup>26</sup>Therefore, the slave, falling down,

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>h</sup>A coin of much value, paying the temple tax for two.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>i</sup>Ten thousand talents is equivalent to sixty million days of labor! The debt there (a "loan" in v. 27) is hyperbolic.

was bowing down to him, saying, 'Show patience on me, and I will pay everything back.' <sup>27</sup>Empathizing, the slave's lord loosened him and released the loan for him.

<sup>28</sup>Exiting, that slave found one of his co-slaves, who owed him ten dēnaria,<sup>j</sup> and, grabbing, he was suffocating him, saying, 'Pay back what you owe!'
<sup>29</sup>Therefore, falling down, his co-slave was begging him, saying, 'Show patience on me, and I will pay back.'
<sup>30</sup>He didn't want to but, departing, tossed him into prison until he paid back the indebtedness.

<sup>31</sup>Therefore, his co-slaves, seeing what happened, were extremely grieved and, coming, clarified for their lord everything that happened. <sup>32</sup>Then his lord, calling him, says to him, 'Evil slave! I released you from that whole debt—since you begged me. <sup>33</sup>Is it not necessary also for you to show compassion with your co-slave, as I showed compassion with you?' <sup>34</sup>His lord, angered, gave him over to the tormentors until he could pay back everything indebted.

<sup>35</sup>So also, my Father—the Heavenly One—will do to you if you don't release—each of you—one's siblings from your hearts."

19 It happened: when Yēsous completed these words, he moved on from the Galilaia [Galilee] and came into the regions of Youdaia [Judea] Beyond the Yordanēs [Jordan River]. <sup>2</sup>Many crowds followed him, and he healed them there.

#### **NARRATIVE FIVE**

Yēsous instructs about divorce and celibacy

<sup>3</sup>The Observant [Pharisees] approached him, testing him and saying, "Is it observant for a man to loosen his woman for every cause?" <sup>4</sup>Responding, he said, "Do you not know that the one who created at the beginning *made them male and female*?" <sup>5</sup>And he said, "*Because of this a human will abandon* 

the father and the mother and will be united with his woman, and the two will be one flesh. <sup>6</sup>So that they are no longer two but one flesh. Therefore, what God connected let not a human separate."

24

<sup>7</sup>They say to him: "Why therefore did Mõüsēs [Moses] command to give *a divorce document* and to loosen her?" <sup>8</sup>He says to them, "Because Mõüsēs permitted you to loosen your women because of your hard-heartedness, but from the beginning it was not so. <sup>9</sup>I say this to you that, Whoever loosens his woman—except in a case of sexual immorality—and marries another, adulterates."

<sup>10</sup>His Apprentices say to him, "If the cause of humans with women is like this, it's not to one's benefit to marry." <sup>11</sup>He said to them, "Not everyone creates space for this word, but those to whom it's given. <sup>12</sup>For there are celibates who were given life like this from their mother's belly, and there are celibates who were made celibates by humans, and there are celibates who made themselves celibates because of the Heavens' Empire. The one capable of creating space, let that person create space."

#### Yēsous blesses children

<sup>13</sup>Then children were offered to him so he could place hands on them and pray. The Apprentices rebuked them. <sup>14</sup>But Yēsous said, "Release the children and don't prohibit them to come to me, for the Heavens' Empire is of such ones." <sup>15</sup>Placing the hands on them, he journeyed from there.

Yesous challenges a life of possessions

<sup>16</sup>Look! Someone approaching him said, "Teacher, what good might I do so I might have Era Life?" <sup>17</sup>He said to him: "Why do you ask me about the good? One is the good. If you want to enter into the Life, observe the orders." <sup>18</sup>He says to him, "Which ones?" Yēsous said,

"The You will not murder, You will not adulterate, You will not thieve, You will not false witness, <sup>19</sup>Honor the father and the mother and You will love your neighbor as yourself." <sup>20</sup>The youth says to him: "I guarded all these. What do I still lack?" <sup>21</sup>Yēsous said to him: "If you want completion, go away, sell your possessions and give to the beggars, and you will have a treasure chest in heavens, and come follow me!" <sup>22</sup>The youth, hearing the word, departed, grieving, for he was one having many acquisitions.

<sup>23</sup>Yēsous said to his Apprentices, "This is true to say to you, that the wealthy with difficulty will enter into the Heavens' Empire. <sup>24</sup>Again, I say this to you: It's easier for a camel to cross through a needle's eye than for the wealthy to enter into God's Empire." <sup>25</sup>The Apprentices, hearing, were shocked extremely, saying, "Who then is able to be delivered?" <sup>26</sup>Yēsous, observing, said to them, "With humans this is impossible, but with God all things are possible."

<sup>27</sup>Then responding, Petros said to him, "Look! We released all things and we followed you. What then will there be for us?" <sup>28</sup>Yēsous said to them: "This is true to say to you that you, the ones following me, at the Restoration, when the Son of Humanity sits on his splendor's throne, will also be seated on twelve thrones judging Yisraēl's [Israel's] twelve tribes. <sup>29</sup>Anyone who released houses or brothers or sisters or father or mother or children or fields—because of my name, will receive one hundred times more and will inherit the Era Life.

<sup>30</sup>Many first ones will be last [ones] and last [ones] first [ones].

 $Y\bar{e}$ sous tells a story about vineyard workers

The Heavens' Empire is comparable to a human house master who exited early in the day to hire workers for his vineyard. <sup>2</sup>Concurring with the workers for a denarion a day, he commissioned them into his vineyard. <sup>3</sup>Exiting about the third hour, he saw others standing workless in the squares 4 and to them he said, 'You also go away into the vineyard and I will give to you what would be right.' <sup>5</sup>They went away. Again, exiting about the sixth and ninth hour he did similarly. <sup>6</sup>About the eleventh hour, exiting, he found others standing and says to them, 'Why have you stood here the whole day workless?' <sup>7</sup>They say to him, 'Because no one hired us.' He says to them, 'You also go away into the vineyard.'

<sup>8</sup>It was evening . . . the lord of the vineyard says to his supervisor, 'Call the workers and give back to them the wage, beginning from the last until the first.' <sup>9</sup>Coming, the eleventh-hour ones received one dēnarion. <sup>10</sup>Coming, the first-hour ones thought that they would receive more. They also received one denarius each. <sup>11</sup>Receiving, they murmured against the house master, <sup>12</sup>saying, 'These last ones did one hour, and you made them equal to us, those who carried the load of the day and the scorching heat.'

<sup>13</sup>Responding, he said to one of them, 'Friend! I didn't wrong you. Did you not concur with me for a dēnarion? <sup>14</sup>Take yours and go away! I want to give to this last one as to you. <sup>15</sup>Or, is it not observant for me to do what I want with what is mine? Or, is your eye evil because I am good? <sup>16</sup>So the last ones will be first [ones] and the first ones last [ones]."

### Yēsous predicts his death again

<sup>17</sup>Yēsous, ascending into Yierosoluma [Jerusalem], took the twelve Apprentices by himself and on the path said to them, <sup>18</sup>"Look! We are ascending into Yierosoluma, and the Son of Humanity will be given over to the Senior Priests and Covenant-Code scholars [scribes], and they will condemn him to death, <sup>19</sup>and they will give him over to the ethnic groups to mock and to lash and to crucify, and on the third day he will be raised."

Yesous and a mother with high hopes

<sup>20</sup>Then the mother of Zebedaios's [Zebedee's] sons approached him with her sons, bowing down and asking for something from him. <sup>21</sup>He said to her, "What do you want?" She says to him, "Say that these my two sons may sit, one on your right and one on your left, in your Empire." <sup>22</sup>Responding, Yēsous said, "You don't know what you ask. Are you able to drink the cup that I am about to drink?" They said to him, "We are able." <sup>23</sup>He says to them, "You will indeed drink my cup, but the sitting at my right and left isn't mine to give, but for those whom it's prepared by my Father."

<sup>24</sup>The ten, hearing, were angered with the two brothers. <sup>25</sup>Calling them, Yēsous said, "You know that the leaders of the ethnic groups overrule them and the great ones overpower

them. <sup>26</sup>It will not be so among you: Instead, whoever wants to become great among you will be your servant, <sup>27</sup>and whoever wants to be first among you will be your slave. <sup>28</sup>Just as the Son of Humanity did not come to be served but to serve and to give his self as liberation price for many."

# Yēsous gives sight to the sightless

<sup>29</sup>They're journeying out of Yierichō [Jericho] . . . a large crowd followed him. <sup>30</sup>Look! Two sightless men, sitting along the path, hearing that Yēsous is going by, cried out, saying, "Show compassion on us, Lord, Dauid's [David's] son!" <sup>31</sup>The crowd rebuked them so they might be silenced. But they cried out all the more, saying, "Show compassion on us, Lord, Dauid's son!" <sup>32</sup>Standing, Yēsous voiced to them and said, "What do you want that I do for you?" <sup>33</sup>They say to him, "Lord, that our eyes may be opened." <sup>34</sup>Empathizing, Yēsous touched their eyes, and immediately they saw again and they followed him.

### Yēsous enters Yierosoluma

When they came close to Yierosoluma [Jerusalem], and they came to Bēth-Phagē [Bethphage] to the mountain of olives [Mount Olivet], then Yēsous commissioned two Apprentices, <sup>2</sup>saying to them, "Journey into the village opposite of you, and immediately you will find a tied-up donkey and a foal with her. Loosening, bring to me. <sup>3</sup>If anyone says to you, 'Why?' you will say that 'The Lord has a need for them.' Suddenly he will commission them." <sup>4</sup>This occurred to fill out what was said through the prophet, saying,

<sup>5</sup>Tell Daughter Siōn [Zion], Look! Your king comes to you Meek and mounted on a donkey, On a foal, male of a pack animal.

<sup>6</sup>The Apprentices, journeying and doing just as Yesous ordered them, <sup>7</sup>led the donkey and foal, and placed their robes on them, and he sat upon them.

<sup>8</sup>The very numerous crowd spread their robes in the path, and others snapped branches from the trees and were spreading in the path. <sup>9</sup>The crowds—the ones leading him and the ones following—were crying out, saying,

Hosanna to Dauid's [David's] son!
Blessed is the one coming in the Lord's
name.

Hosanna in the highest levels.

<sup>10</sup>He enters into Yierosoluma . . . the whole city was shaken, saying, "Who is this?" <sup>11</sup>The crowds were saying, "This is the prophet Yēsous—the man from Nazara [Nazareth] of the Galilaia [Galilee]."

# Yesous in the temple

<sup>12</sup>Yēsous entered into the temple and tossed out all the sellers and purchasers in the temple, and he tipped over the tables of the moneychangers and the chairs of those selling doves. <sup>13</sup>He says to them,

"It's written: My house will be called a prayer house, but you have made it a bandits' cave."

# Yesous heals the sightless and lame

<sup>14</sup>Sightless and lame in the temple approached him, and he healed them. <sup>15</sup>The Senior Priests and Covenant-Code scholars [scribes]—seeing the wonders that he did and the young servants crying out "Hosanna to Dauid's son!" in the temple—were angered <sup>16</sup>and said to him, "Do you hear what these are saying?" Yēsous says to them, "Yes. Have you never read that *From the mouth of infants and the nursing I have prepared praise*?" <sup>17</sup>Abandoning them, he exited out of the city into Bēthania [Bethany] and overnighted there.

# Yēsous dries out a fig tree

<sup>18</sup>At dawn, returning into the city, he hungered. <sup>19</sup>Seeing one fig tree on the path, he came to it and found nothing in it but only leaves, and he says to it, "May there be no fruit from you into the Era!" Instantly, the fig tree dried out. <sup>20</sup>The Apprentices, seeing, were stunned, saying, "How did the fig tree dry out so instantly?" <sup>21</sup>Responding, Yēsous said to them, "This is true to say to you: If you have trust and don't mentally waver, you will not only do what occurred to the fig tree, but even if you say to this mountain, 'Be lifted and be tossed into the sea,' it will happen. <sup>22</sup>Whatever you ask in prayer, trusting, you will receive."

# Yesous and authority

<sup>23</sup>He's entering into the temple . . . the Senior Priests and the people's Elders approached him [as he was] teaching, saying, "By what sort of authority do you do these things? Who gave to you this authority?" <sup>24</sup>Responding, Yēsous said to them, "I will also ask you one word, which if you tell me I will also tell you by what sort of authority I do these things: 25 The dipping, Yōannēs's [John's]—what is its origin? From heaven or from humans?" They were deliberating among themselves, saying, "If we say 'From heaven,' he will ask us, 'Why then did you not declare allegiance to him?' 26If we say, 'From humans' we are scared of the crowd. (For everyone has Yōannēs as a prophet.) 27Responding to Yēsous, they said, "We don't know." He said to them, "Neither do I say to you by what sort of authority I do these things."

# Yēsous tells a story about two children

<sup>28</sup>"What does it look like to you? A human had two children. Approaching the first, he said, 'Child, go away, work today in the vineyard.' 29But, responding, he said, 'I will not.' But later, regretting, went away. 30 Approaching the other, he said similarly. But, responding, he said, 'I [will], Lord,' but did not go away. <sup>31</sup>Which of the two did the father's will?" They say, "The first." Yesous says to them, "This is true to say to you: The tax agents and the prostitutes go ahead of you into God's Empire. 32For Yōannēs came to you in the path of rightness, and you did not declare allegiance to him, but the tax agents and prostitutes declared allegiance to him. You, seeing, did not later regret it so to declare allegiance to him.

# Yēsous tells an analogy about bad vineyard workers

<sup>33</sup>Listen to another analogy! [There was] a human, a house master, who planted a vineyard and encircled it with a hedge and dug a winepress in it and formed a tower and gave it out to farmers and traveled abroad. <sup>34</sup>When the fruit season came close, he commissioned his slaves to the farmers to take his fruit. <sup>35</sup>The farmers, taking the slaves—one they beat, one they killed, and one they stoned. <sup>36</sup>Again, [the house lord] commissioned other slaves, more

than the first ones, and they did similarly to them. <sup>37</sup>Finally, he commissioned to them his son, saying, 'They will defer to my son.' <sup>38</sup>The farmers, seeing the son, said among themselves, 'This is the heir. Come! Let us kill him and we may have his inheritance,' <sup>39</sup>and, taking him, they tossed him out of the vineyard and killed him. <sup>40</sup>Therefore, when the vineyard's lord comes, what will he do to those farmers?" <sup>41</sup>They say, "He will destroy badly those bad ones and he will give the vineyard out to other farmers, who will pay back to him the fruit in their season." <sup>42</sup>Yēsous says to them, "Have you never read in the writings?

A stone the formers rejected . . . This [stone] became the foundation stone. This happened from the Lord And it's a stunner in our eyes?

<sup>43</sup>Because this is true, I say this to you: God's Empire will be lifted from you and it will be given to an ethnic group doing its fruits. <sup>44</sup>The Faller on this stone will be shattered, but upon whom it falls, it will pulverize the person." <sup>45</sup>The Senior Priests and Observant [Pharisees], hearing his analogy, knew that he is speaking about them. <sup>46</sup>They, pursuing him to grab [him], were scared of the crowds, since they had him as a prophet.

Yēsous tells a story about a marriage

Responding, Yēsous again spoke to them in analogies, saying, <sup>2</sup>"The Heavens' Empire may be compared to a human king, who made a marriage for his son. 3He commissioned his slaves to call the ones called to the marriage, and they did not want to come. <sup>4</sup>Again, he commissioned other slaves, saying, 'Say to the called: Look! I have prepared the luncheon, my bulls and the fattened [calves] are slaughtered and everything is prepared. Come to the marriage!' 5The ones neglecting went away, one to his own field, and one to his business. 6The ones remaining, grabbing, assaulted and killed the slaves. <sup>7</sup>The king was angered and, sending his troops, destroyed those murderers and set their city on fire. 8Then he says to his slaves, 'The marriage is prepared, the ones called are not deserving. <sup>9</sup>Therefore, journey to the path's exits and call whomever you find to the marriage.' 10 Exiting to the paths, those slaves assembled everyone

they found—both evil and good. The marriage was full of reclining ones. <sup>11</sup>The king, entering to observe the ones reclining, saw there a human not having put on in marriage clothes, <sup>12</sup>and says to him, 'Friend! How did you enter here not having marriage clothes?' He was silenced. <sup>13</sup>Then the king said to his servants, 'Binding his feet and hands, toss him out to the dark edges, where there will be weeping and teeth grinding. <sup>14</sup>Many are the called, few are the elect.'"

# Yesous and Kaisar

<sup>15</sup>Then, journeying on, the Observant [Pharisees] took a council so they might trap him in a word. 16 They commissioned to him their Apprentices with the Hērodianoi [Herodians], saying, "Teacher, we know that you are true and you teach God's path in truth and no one is a worry to you, for you don't see into the face of humans. <sup>17</sup>Therefore, tell us, what does it look like to you? Is it observant to give a tax to Kaisar [Caesar] or not?" 18 Knowing their evil, Yesous said, "Why do you test me? Masked ones! <sup>19</sup>Demonstrate to me the coin for the tax!" They offered to him a denarion. 20He says to them, "This image and inscription—whose is it?" 21 They say to him, "Kaisar's." Then he says to them, "Therefore, pay back to Kaisar what is Kaisar's, and to God what is God's." <sup>22</sup>Hearing, they were stunned and, releasing him, they went away.

#### Yēsous and Elites

<sup>23</sup>On that day Elites [Sadducees] approached him—those claiming there is no resurrection—and they asked him, <sup>24</sup>saying, "Teacher, Mōüsēs [Moses] said, If someone ends life without children, his brother will marry his woman and will raise up seed for his brother. <sup>25</sup>There were seven brothers among us. The first, marrying, [his life] ended, and not having a seed, he released his wife to his brother. 26Likewise for the second and the third until the seventh. <sup>27</sup>After all of them, the wife died. 28 Therefore, in the resurrection, of which of the seven will she be a woman?" (All of them had her.) 29Responding, Yesous said to them, "You are deceived, understanding neither the writings nor God's power. 30 At the resurrection they don't marry or get married,

but they are like envoys in heaven. <sup>31</sup>Concerning the resurrection from among the dead... did you not read what was said to you by God, saying, *I am the God of Abra'am and the God of Yisa'ak and the God of Yakōb*? He isn't the God of the dead ones but of the living ones." <sup>33</sup>Hearing, the crowds were

#### Yēsous—his creed

shocked by his teaching.

<sup>34</sup>The Observant, hearing that he silenced the Elites, were assembled at the same place, <sup>35</sup>and one of their Covenant-Code experts, testing him, asked, <sup>36</sup>"Teacher, which is the great order in the Code?" <sup>37</sup>He said to him, "You will love the Lord, your God, in your whole heart and in your whole self and in your whole intelligence. <sup>38</sup>This is the great and the first order. <sup>39</sup>The second is comparable: You will love your neighbor as yourself. <sup>40</sup>The whole Code and the prophets hang on these two orders"

#### Yēsous as Dauid's son

<sup>41</sup>The Observant assembled together . . . Yesous asked them, <sup>42</sup>saying, "What does it look like to you about the Christos? Whose son is he?" They say to him, "Of Dauid [David]." <sup>43</sup>He says to them, "Therefore, how does Dauid, in Spirit, call him 'Lord,' saying, <sup>44</sup>The Lord said to my Lord: Sit from my right until I place your enemies under your feet? <sup>45</sup>If, therefore, Dauid calls him 'Lord,' how is he his son?" <sup>46</sup>No one was able to respond a word to him, and neither did anyone dare—from that day on—to question him about anything.

#### SPEECH FIVE

 $Y\bar{e}$ sous unmasks the masked

Then Yēsous spoke to the crowds and to his Apprentices, <sup>2</sup>saying, "The Covenant-Code scholars [scribes] and the Observant [Pharisees] sat on the teaching chair of Mōūsēs [Moses]. <sup>3</sup>Therefore, do and observe whatever they say, but don't do consistent with their works, for they say and don't do. <sup>4</sup>They bind heavy and difficult-to-bear burdens, and they place them on the shoulders of humans, but they, with their finger, don't want to move them. <sup>5</sup>They do all their works to be observed by humans. For they widen their prayer straps

and they magnify their prayer tassels, <sup>6</sup>they love the first-status positions at banquets and the first-status seats in the assembly halls <sup>7</sup>and the greetings in the squares and to be called 'My Greatness [Rabbi]' by humans.

<sup>8</sup>But you are not to be called 'My Greatness,' for your teacher is one, and you are all siblings. <sup>9</sup>Don't call your father on the land because one is your Father—the Heavenly One. <sup>10</sup>Nor are you to be called 'Instructor' because your instructor is one, the Christos. <sup>11</sup>The greatest of you will be your servant. <sup>12</sup>Whoever raises one's own status will be impoverished and whoever impoverishes oneself will be raised in status.

#### Yēsous warns

<sup>13</sup>Oy! on you, Covenant-Code scholars and Observant, masked ones! Because you lock the Heavens' Empire in front of humans. For you are not entering, nor do you release those entering to enter.<sup>k</sup>

<sup>15</sup>Oy! on you, Covenant-Code scholars and Observant, masked ones! Because you lead around sea and dry ground to make one convert and, whenever it happens, you make the person twice the descendant of the Valley of Destruction [Gehenna] as you are.

<sup>16</sup>Oy! on you, sightless guides, who say, 'Whoever makes an oath by the sanctuary, it's nothing, but whoever makes an oath by the gold of the sanctuary is obligated.' 17 Idiot and Sightless! For which is greater, the gold or the temple, which makes the gold devoted? 18 And, 'whoever makes an oath by the sacrificial altar, it's nothing, but whoever makes an oath by the donation on it is obligated.' 19Sightless! Which is greater, the gift or the sacrificial altar that makes the gift devoted? 20 Therefore, the one who makes an oath by the sacrificial altar makes an oath by it and everything on it. <sup>21</sup>The one who makes an oath by the sanctuary makes an oath by it and by the one who resides in it. 22 The one who makes an oath by the heaven makes an oath by God's throne and by the one who sits on it.

<sup>23</sup>Oy! on you, Covenant-Code scholars and Observant, masked ones! Because you donate a tenth of mint and dill and cumin and released the heavier things of the Code—justice and compassion and allegiance. It's necessary to do

these without releasing those. <sup>24</sup>Sightless guides! Those sifting out the gnat but swallowing the camel.

<sup>25</sup>Oy! on you, Covenant-Code scholars and Observant, masked ones! Because you clean the exterior of the cup and the saucer, but inwardly are filled with extortion and the absence of control. <sup>26</sup>Sightless Observant one! Clean first the inside of the cup so its outside also becomes clean.

<sup>27</sup>Oy! on you, Covenant-Code scholars and Observant, masked ones! Because you can be compared to plastered tombs, which outside appear to be elegant but inside are full of bones of the dead and every kind of uncleanness. <sup>28</sup>So also you—outside you appear to humans as right ones but inside you are full of mask-wearing and Code-breaking.

<sup>29</sup>Oy! on you, Covenant-Code scholars and Observant, masked ones! Because you form the prophets' graves and decorate the memorials of the right ones, <sup>30</sup>and say, 'Had we been alive in the days of our fathers, we would not have had in common the murder-blood of the prophets.' <sup>31</sup>So that you witness to yourselves that you are descendants of prophet-murderers. <sup>32</sup>You—fill out the standard [established by] your fathers! <sup>33</sup>Snakes! Knot of vipers! How are you to flee from the judgment of the Valley of Destruction?

<sup>34</sup>Because this is true, Look! I commission prophets and wise ones and Code Scholars to you. [Some] of them you will kill and crucify, and some of them you will lash in your assembly halls and chase from city to city, <sup>35</sup>so will come down on you all the right, poured-out-on-the-land blood—from the blood of Abel—the one who did what was right—up to the blood of Zacharias, son of Barachias, whom you murdered between the sanctuary and the sacrificial altar. <sup>36</sup>This is true to say to you: All these things will fall upon this generation.

<sup>37</sup>Yierousalēm Yierousalēm [Jerusalem], killer of the prophets and stoner of those commissioned to her! How many times have I wanted to assemble your children—the way a hen assembles her chicks under the wings—and you did not want [this]. <sup>38</sup>Look! Your house is released to you as wilderness.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>k</sup>Matthaios 23:14 isn't found in the best manuscripts.

<sup>39</sup>For I say this to you, You will never see me from now until you say, *Blessed is the one coming in the Lord's name*."

 $Y\bar{e}$ sous and the coming disaster

Exiting, Yesous was journeying from the temple, and his Apprentices approached him to demonstrate to him the formations of the temple. <sup>2</sup>Responding, he said to them, "Do you not see all these things? This is true to say to you: Stone on stone here will never be released that will not be demolished."

<sup>3</sup>He was sitting on the mountain of olives [Mount Olivet] . . . the Apprentices approached him by himself, saying, "Tell us, when will these things occur? What is the authenticating sign of your Parousia and the completion of the Era?" 4Responding, Yesous said to them, "Beware that someone not deceive you! 5For many will come in my name, saying, 'I am the Christos,' and they will deceive many. 6You are about to hear of wars and war reports. See! Don't be alarmed! For it's necessary to happen, but this isn't yet the completion. <sup>7</sup>For ethnic group will be raised against ethnic group and empire against empire, and there will be famines and earthquakes from place to place. <sup>8</sup>All these are the beginning of labor pains.

<sup>9</sup>Then they will give you over into the troubles and they will kill you, and you will be hated by all the ethnic groups because of my name. <sup>10</sup>Then many will be tripped up and they will give over one another and they will hate one another. <sup>11</sup>Many false prophets will be raised up and they will deceive many. <sup>12</sup>Because Covenant-breaking will be abounding, the love of many will become cold. <sup>13</sup>The one resilient to the completion—this person will be delivered. <sup>14</sup>This gospel of the Empire will be announced in the whole inhabited world as a witness to all the ethnic groups. Then the completion will come.

15 Therefore, whenever you see the desecrating abomination, what was said through Daniël [Daniel], the prophet, standing in the Devoted Place—let the lector know—

16 then let those who are in Youdaia [Judea] flee to the mountains, 17 let not the one on the terrace descend to lift things from his house, 18 and let not the one in the field return back to lift his robe. 19 Oy! for women who have a child in the womb and nursing in those days! 20 Pray

that your flight occurs neither in stormy season nor on a Sabbath. <sup>21</sup>For then there will be great trouble such that has not occurred from the beginning of the Kosmos until now nor that ever may be. <sup>22</sup>If those days were not cut short, all flesh could not be delivered. For the elect ones, those days will be cut short.

<sup>23</sup>Then, if someone says to you, 'Look! The Christos is here, or here,' don't trust. <sup>24</sup>For false Christoses and false prophets will be raised, and they will give great authenticating signs and omens so to deceive—if possible—even the elect ones. <sup>25</sup>Look! I have told you in advance. <sup>26</sup>Therefore, if they say to you, 'Look! In the wilderness,' don't exit. 'Look! In a private room,' don't trust. <sup>27</sup>For just as the lightning exits from the east and appears to the west, so will be the Parousia of the Son of Humanity. <sup>28</sup>Wherever the corpse is, there the eagles will be assembled.

<sup>29</sup>Immediately after the troubles of those days,

The sun will be darkened, And the moon will not give its light, And the stars will fall from the heaven, And the heavens' powers will be shaken.

<sup>30</sup>Then the authenticating sign—the Son of Humanity—will appear in heaven, and then all the tribes of the land will strike themselves, and they will see *the Son of Humanity coming on the clouds of heaven* with power and much splendor. <sup>31</sup>He will commission his envoys with a great trumpet blast, and they will assemble his elect ones from the four winds—from the ends of the heavens until their ends.

<sup>32</sup>Be apprenticed about an analogy from the fig tree: Whenever its branch is already tender and the leaves sprout, you know the summer is close. <sup>33</sup>So also you—whenever you see all these things, you know that it's close, at the doors. <sup>34</sup>This is true to say to you: this generation will never pass away until all these events occur. <sup>35</sup>The heaven and the land will pass away, but my words will never pass away.

#### Yesous and the time

<sup>36</sup>About that day and hour, no one knows—neither the heavens' envoys nor the royal Son, except only the Father. <sup>37</sup>For as the days of Nōe [Noah], so will be the Parousia of the Son of Humanity. <sup>38</sup>For as in those days,

the ones before the flood, chewing and drinking, marrying and receiving marriage until the day Noe entered into the chest [ark], <sup>39</sup>and they did not know until the flood came and all of them were lifted: So will be the Parousia of the Son of Humanity. 40 Then two will be in the field, one received and one released; 41two grinding meal in the mill, one received and one released. 42Therefore, be awake! Because you don't know on what day your Lord comes. 43Know this: If the house master had known on which night-watch the thief comes, he would have been awake and would not have permitted [the thief] to break into his household. 44Because this is true, you also be prepared because at an hour you don't seem [to know] the Son of Humanity comes.

<sup>45</sup>Who then is the allegiant and prudent slave, whom the Lord established over his domestics to give them provision at the season? <sup>46</sup>Blessing on that slave who, coming, his lord will find doing so. <sup>47</sup>This is true to say to you that he will establish him over all his possessions. <sup>48</sup>But if that bad slave says in his heart, 'My lord is taking a long time,' <sup>49</sup>and begins to beat his fellow slaves, and eats and drinks with the boozers, <sup>50</sup>that slave's lord will come on a day that he doesn't anticipate and at an hour that he doesn't know, <sup>51</sup>and he will cut him in half and place his part among the masked ones, where there will be weeping and teeth grinding.

Yēsous tells an analogy with ten virgins

Then the Heavens' Empire will be compared to ten virgins, who, taking their lamps, exited for the official welcome of the bridegroom. <sup>2</sup>Five of them were idiots and five prudent. <sup>3</sup>For the idiots, taking their lamps, did not take olive oil with them, 4but the prudent took olive oil in containers with their own lamps. 5The bridegroom taking a long time . . . all got drowsy and were sleeping. 6In the middle of the night, a shout occurred. 'Look! The bridegroom! Exit for the official reception!' 7Then all those virgins were raised and decorated their lamps. 8But the idiots said to the prudent, 'Give us of your olive oil because our lamps are snuffing out.' 9The prudent responded, saying, '[We can't] in the event there may not be enough for us and for you. Instead, journey to sellers and purchase

for yourselves.' <sup>10</sup>They go away to purchase . . . the bridegroom came and the prepared ones entered with him into the marriage and the door was shut. <sup>11</sup>Later the remaining virgins come saying, 'Lord, lord, open for us.' <sup>12</sup>Responding, he said, 'This is true to say to you: I don't know you.' <sup>13</sup>Therefore, be awake! because you don't know the day or the hour.

Yesous tells a story about investments

<sup>14</sup>For just as a human, traveling abroad, called his own slaves and gave over his possessions: <sup>15</sup>To one he gave five measures of silver [*talanta*], to one two, to another one—to each consistent with his own power, and he traveled abroad.

Immediately, <sup>16</sup>journeying, the fivemeasures slave, taking, worked with them and got the advantage of five more. <sup>17</sup>Similarly, the two-measures slave got the advantage of two more. <sup>18</sup>But the one-measure slave, taking, departing, dug the land and hid his lord's silver.

<sup>19</sup>After a long time, those slaves' lord came and settled a word with them. <sup>20</sup>Approaching, the five-measures slave, taking, offered five more measures of silver, saying, 'Lord, you gave over to me five measures of silver. Look! I got the advantage of five more measures.' 21 His lord said to him, 'Well done, good and allegiant slave. You were allegiant over a few, I establish you over many. Enter into your lord's joy.' 22 Also approaching, the two-measures slave said, 'Lord, you gave over to me two measures of silver. Look! I got the advantage of two more measures.' 23His lord said to him, 'Well done, good and allegiant slave. You were allegiant over a few, I establish you over many. Enter into your lord's joy.' <sup>24</sup>Also approaching, the one who had received the one measure said, 'Lord, I know you—that you are a harsh human, harvesting where you did not plant and assembling where you did not scatter, 25 and, being scared, departing, I hid your measure of silver in the land. Look! You have your [measure].' <sup>26</sup>Responding, his lord said to him, 'Evil and timid slave! Did you know that I harvest where I did not plant and assemble where I did not scatter? <sup>27</sup>Therefore, it was necessary for you to toss my silver to the table managers and, coming, I would have obtained mine with interest. <sup>28</sup>Therefore, lift the measure of silver from him and give to the ten-measures slave.

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