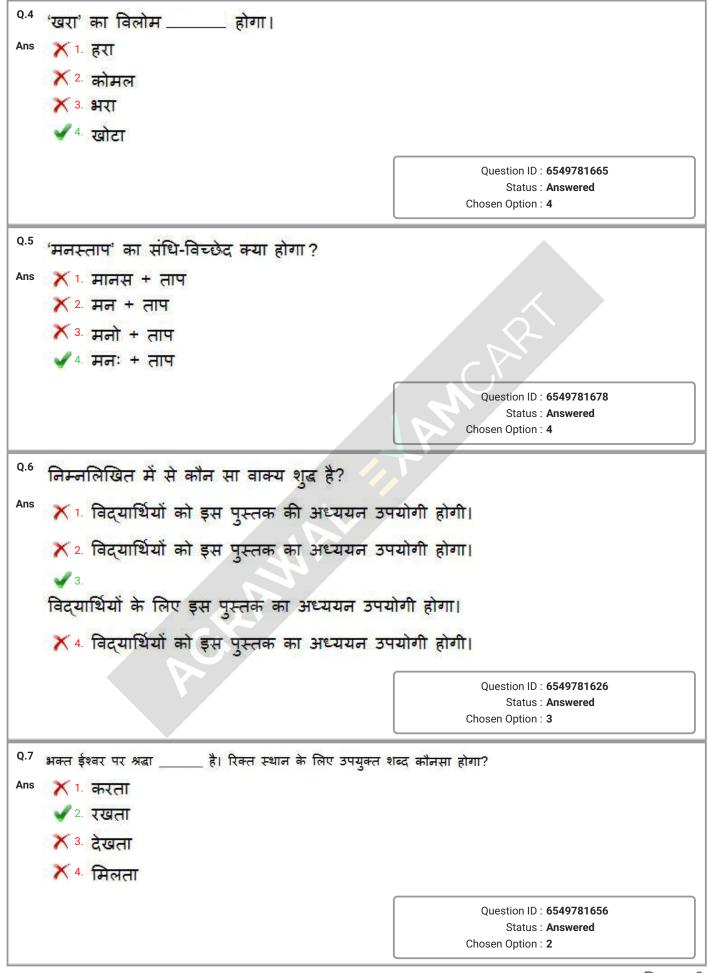
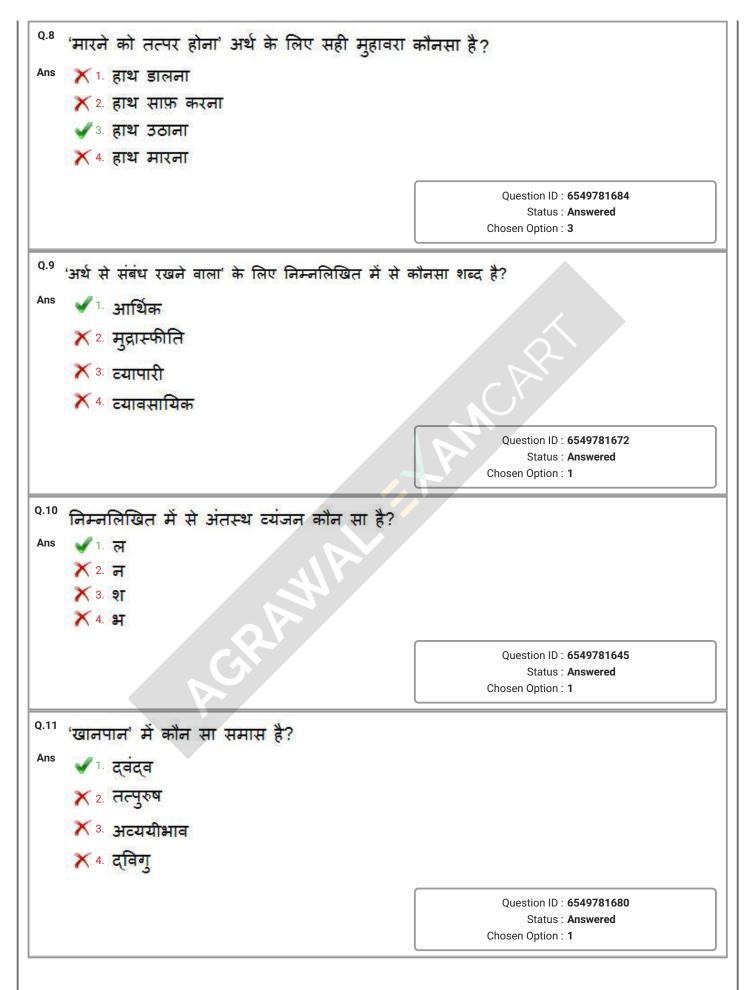
## Junior Hindi Translator Junior Translator and Senior Hindi Translator Examination 2020

Roll Number	
Candidate Name	
Venue Name	iON Digital Zone iDZ 2 Mathura Road
Exam Date	19/11/2020
Exam Time	10:00 AM - 12:00 PM
Subject	Junior Hindi Translator

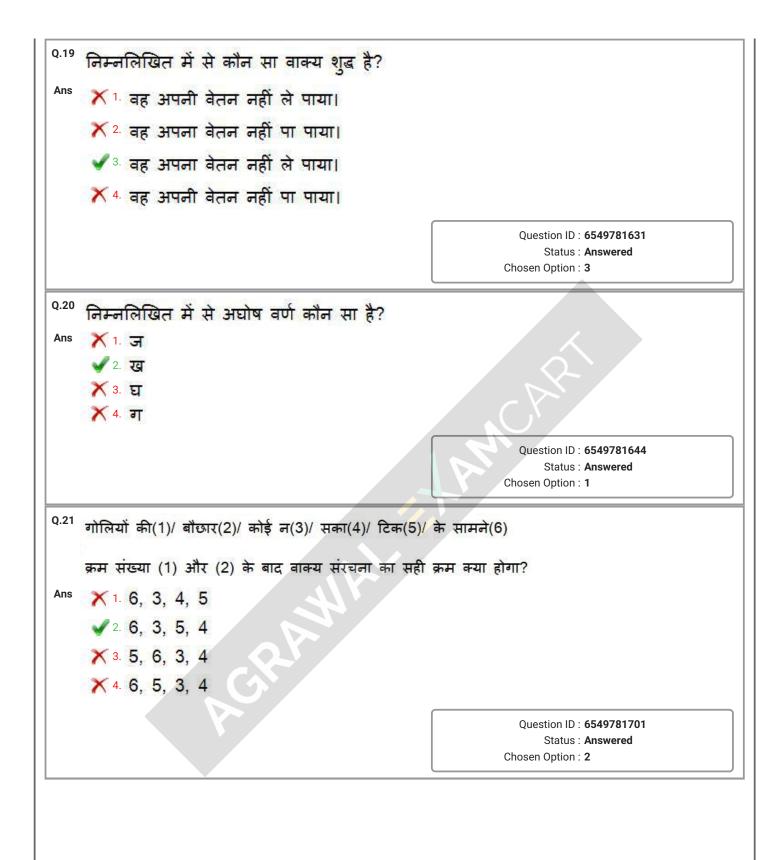
Sectio	on : General Hindi	<u>^</u>
Q.1	वे(1)/ किसी(2)/ स्वास्थ्य लाभ(3)/ रहे हैं(4)/ कर(5)/ पहा	ड़ पर(6)
	क्रम संख्या (1) और (2) के बाद वाक्य संरचना का सही	क्रम क्या होगा?
Ans	<b>×</b> 1. 6, 5, 4, 3	
	✓ 2. 6, 3, 5, 4	
	<b>X</b> <sup>3</sup> . 3, 5, 4, 6	
	<b>X</b> 4 5, 4, 6, 3	
		Question ID : <b>6549781702</b> Status : <b>Answered</b> Chosen Option : <b>2</b>
Q.2	निम्नलिखित में से कौनसा शब्द 'घर' का पर्यायव	गनी नहीं है?
Ans		
	<ul> <li>✓<sup>1.</sup> टयोम</li> <li>————————————————————————————————————</li></ul>	
	🗙 2. गृह	
	Х 3. निलय	
	🗡 ४. निकेतन	
		Question ID : 6549781659
		Status : Answered Chosen Option : 1
Q.3	निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा अल्पप्राण व्यंजन है?	
Ans	🖌 1. ब	
	X 2. 3	
	X 3. भ X 4. फ	
	X 4. फ	
		Question ID : <b>6549781643</b> Status : <b>Answered</b> Chosen Option : <b>1</b>
		Page 2



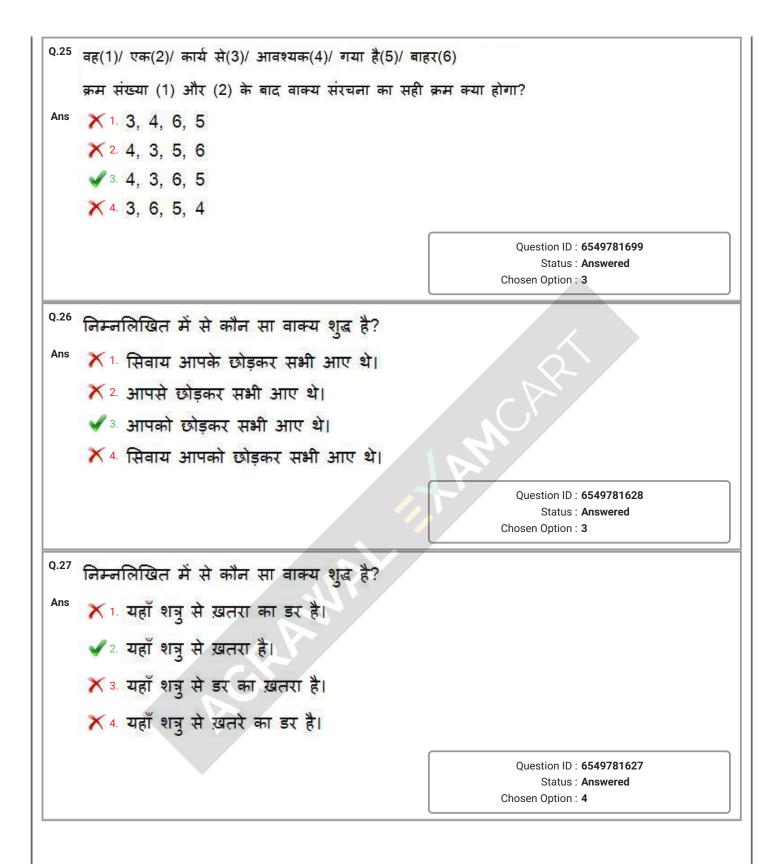


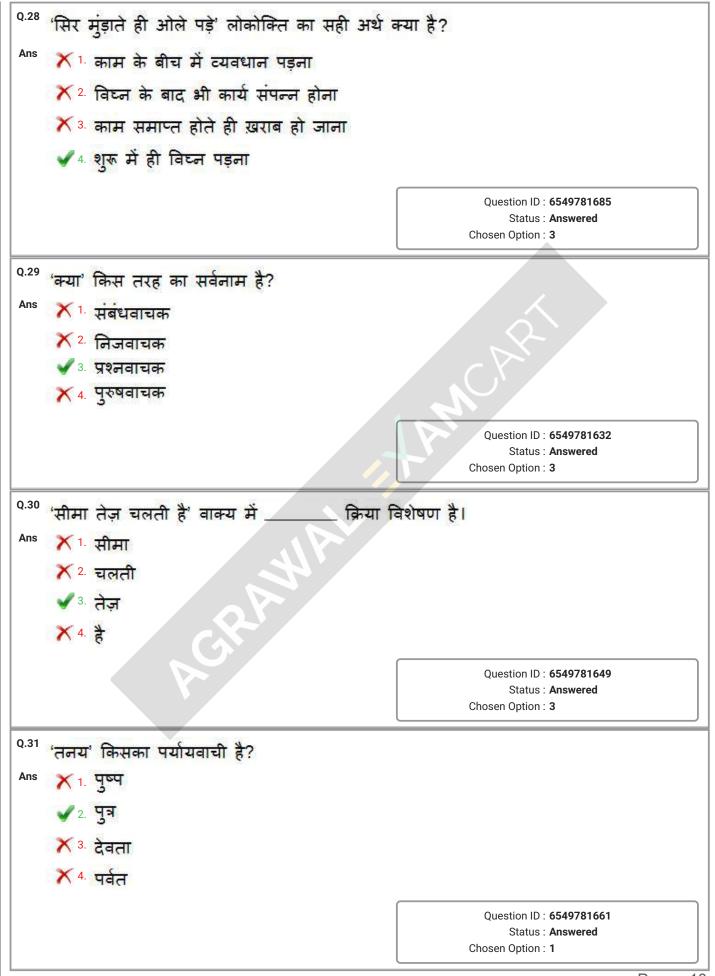
Q.12	निम्नलिखित में से कौन सी क्रिया प्रेरणार्थक क्रिय	1 \$?
Ans	Х1. जीना	
	🗸 २. लिटाना	
	🗙 ३. भीगना	
	🗙 ४. जागना	
		Question ID : 6549781635
		Status : <b>Answered</b> Chosen Option : <b>2</b>
Q.13	घोड़ा(1)/ चलता(2)/ तेज़(3)/ है(4)	
	वाक्य संरचना का सही क्रम क्या है?	
Ans	<b>X</b> 1. 1, 2, 4, 3	
	✓ 2. 1, 3, 2, 4	
	<b>X</b> <sup>3.</sup> 3, 2, 4, 1	
	<b>X</b> 4. 3, 1, 2, 4	
		Question ID : 6549781705
		Status : <b>Answered</b> Chosen Option : <b>2</b>
Q.14 Ans	निम्नलिखित में से दीर्घ स्वर कौन सा है? X1 ओ	
	<b>v</b> 2. <del>§</del>	
	X 3. t	
	🗙 4. ए	
		Question ID : 6549781646
		Status : <b>Answered</b> Chosen Option : <b>4</b>
Q.15	'जो तोला मापा जा सके' के लिए निम्नलिखित में से कौ	रसा शब्द होगा?
Ans	🗡 1. अपरिमेय	
	Х 2. परिमाप	
	<b>√</b> <sup>3.</sup> परिमेय	
	🗙 ४. आयतन	
		Ouestion ID : 6549781676
		Status : Answered
		Chosen Option : 2
		Page - 5

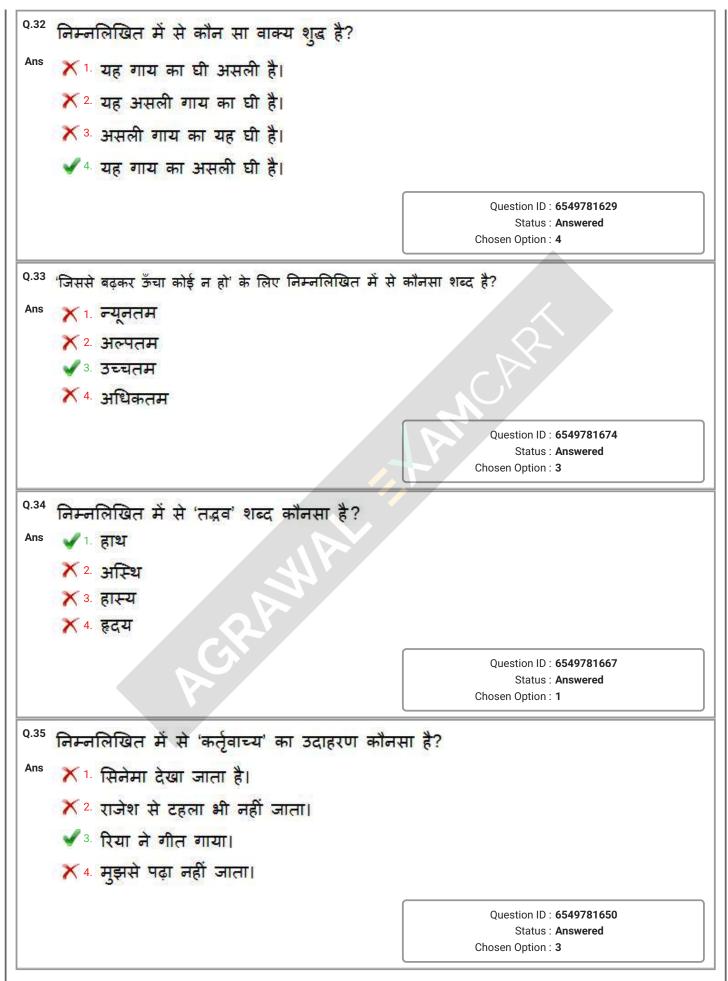
<sup>Q.16</sup> 'कर्कश' का विलोम होगा।	
Ans 🖌 1. मधुर	
🗙 २. करुण	
🗙 ३. धूमिल	
🗙 ४. निष्ठुर	
	Question ID : <b>6549781663</b> Status : <b>Answered</b> Chosen Option : <b>1</b>
Q.17 हमें व्यायाम चाहिए। रिक्त स्थान के लिए उपयुक्त श	ब्द कौनसा होगा?
Ans X 1. दौड़ना 2. करना X 3. भागना X 4. साधना	C PR
	Question ID : 6549781653 Status : Answered Chosen Option : 2
<sup>Q.18</sup> निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा वाक्य शुद्ध है?	
Ans 🗙 1. तुम उसमें नाराज़ हो।	
🗙 2. तुम उसे नाराज हो।	
🗙 3. तुम उसको नाराज़ हो।	
✔ 4. तुम उससे नाराज़ हो।	
	Question ID : <b>6549781624</b> Status : <b>Answered</b> Chosen Option : <b>4</b>



<sup>Q.22</sup> 'इतिहास का जानकार' के लिए निम्नलिखित में से व	नौनसा शब्द है?	
<sup>ns</sup> 🗙 1. पुरातात्विक		
✓ 2. इतिहासज		
17 AS-0.		
🗙 ३. विद्वान		
🗡 4. ऐतिहासिक		
	Question ID : 6549781673	
	Status : <b>Answered</b> Chosen Option : <b>2</b>	
0.22		
Q.23 निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा शब्द तत्सम नहीं है?		
Ans 🗙 1. सौभाग्य		
🗙 २. शिक्षा		
🖌 ३. सिर		
🗡 ४ शीतल		
	Question ID : 6549781669	
	Status : Answered Chosen Option : 3	
0.24		
<sup>Q.24</sup> 'चिरंतन' का विलोम होगा।		
Ans 🗙 1. पुरातन		
Ans X 1. पुरातन 2. नश्वर		
Ans X 1. पुरातन 2. नश्वर X 3. सनातन		
Ans X 1. पुरातन 2. नश्वर		
Ans X 1. पुरातन 2. नश्वर X 3. सनातन	Question ID : <b>6549781666</b> Status : <b>Answered</b>	
Ans X 1. पुरातन 2. नश्वर X 3. सनातन		
Ans X 1. पुरातन 2. नश्वर X 3. सनातन	Status : Answered	
Ans X 1. पुरातन 2. नश्वर X 3. सनातन	Status : Answered	
Ans X 1. पुरातन 2. नश्वर X 3. सनातन	Status : Answered	
Ans X 1. पुरातन 2. नश्वर X 3. सनातन	Status : Answered	
Ans X 1. पुरातन 2. नश्वर X 3. सनातन	Status : Answered	
Ans X 1. पुरातन 2. नश्वर X 3. सनातन	Status : Answered	
Ans X 1. पुरातन 2. नश्वर X 3. सनातन	Status : Answered	

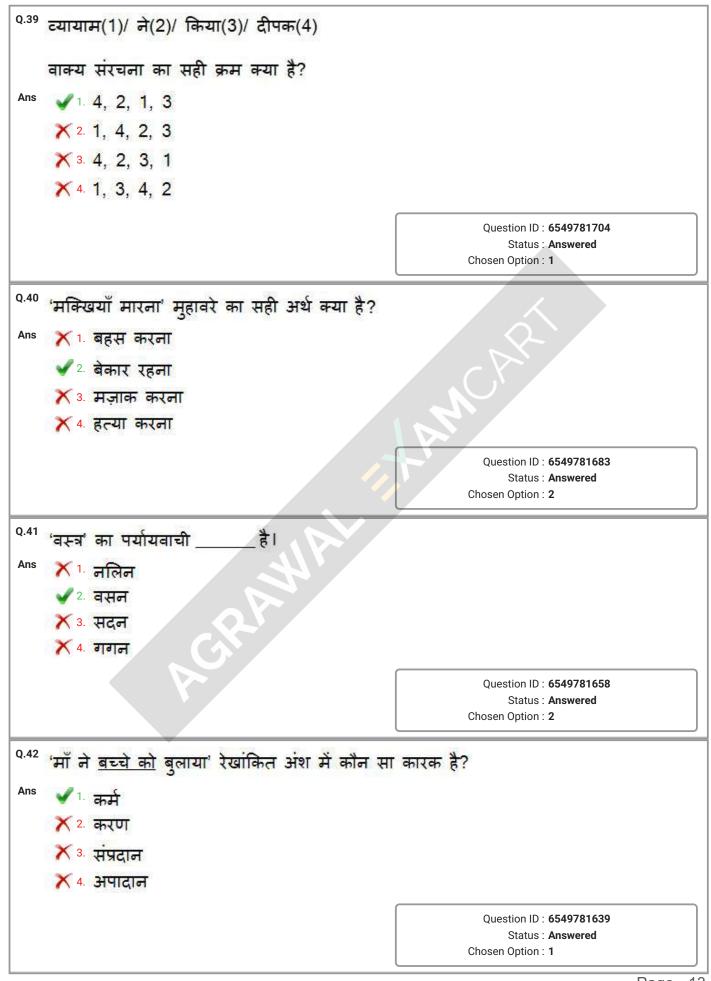




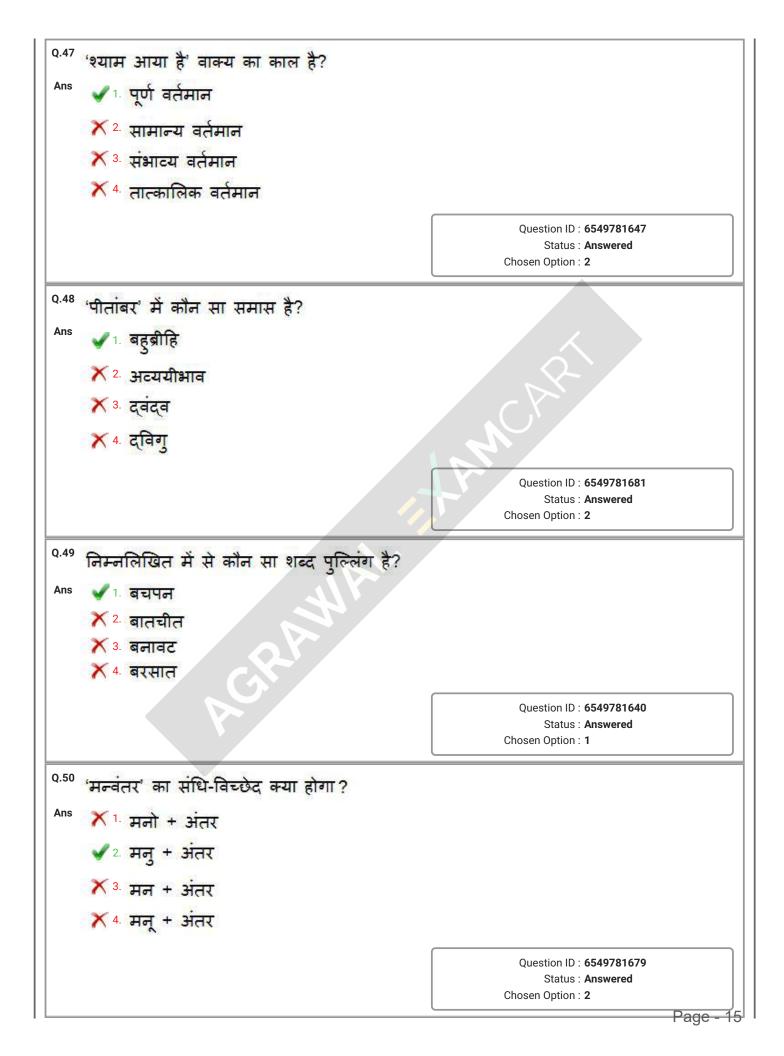


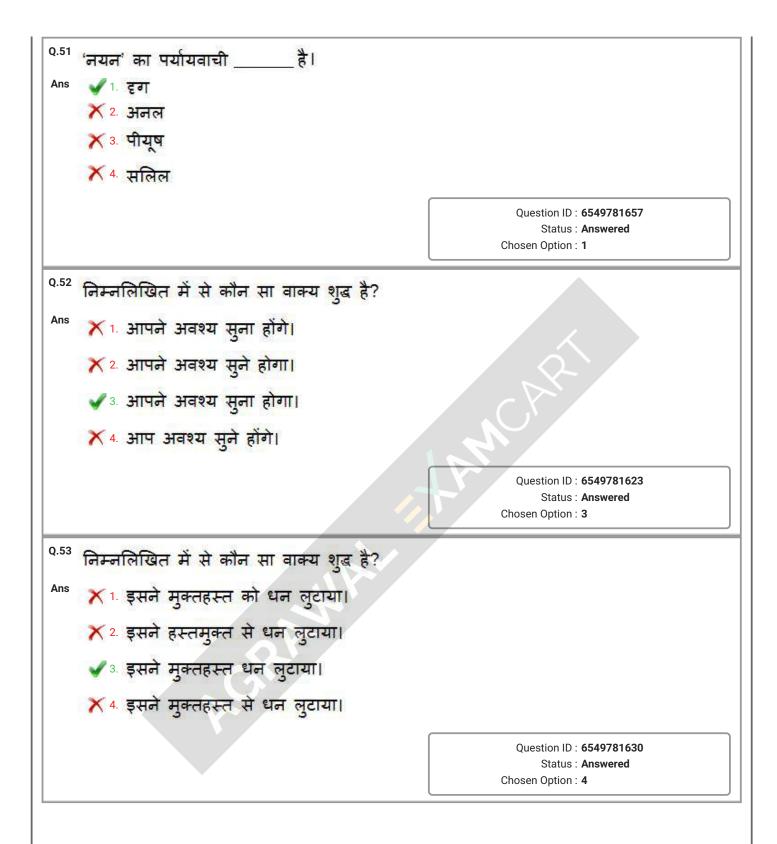
Q.36 चिंता(1)/ यह है कि(2)/ होगा(3)/ कैसे(4)/ पुनरुत्थान(5)/ दे	देश का( <mark>6</mark> )
क्रम संख्या (1) और (2) के बाद वाक्य संरचना का सही	क्रम क्या होगा?
Ans X 1. 6, 4, 3, 5	zystycolady Powietstik ≪urzystyk twein
× 2. 4, 3, 6, 5	
★ 3. 5, 6, 4, 3	
✓ 4. 6, 5, 4, 3	
	Question ID : <b>6549781703</b> Status : <b>Answered</b>
	Chosen Option : 4
Q.37 'एक देश से दूसरे देश में माल भेजना' के लिए निम्नलिखित में से क	जैनसा शब्द होगा?
Ans 🗙 1. प्रवास	
✔ 2. निर्यात	
🗙 ३. उत्पादन	
🗙 ४. आयात	
	Question ID : 6549781675
	Status : <b>Answered</b> Chosen Option : <b>2</b>
0.38	
Q.38 यह कविता अनेक भाव प्रकट है। रिक्त स्थान के लिए उपयुक्त Ans	शब्द कानसा हागा?
🖤 '' करता	
Х 2 रखती	
X 3. बोलती	
🗡 ४. कहती	
	Question ID : 6549781652
	Status : <b>Answered</b> Chosen Option : <b>1</b>

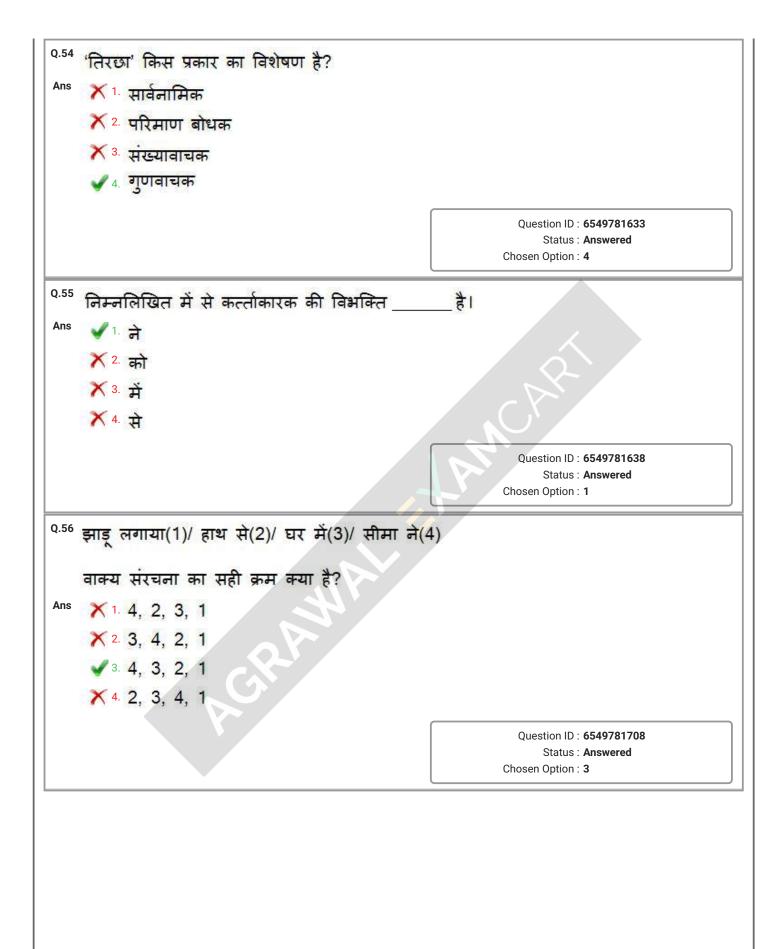
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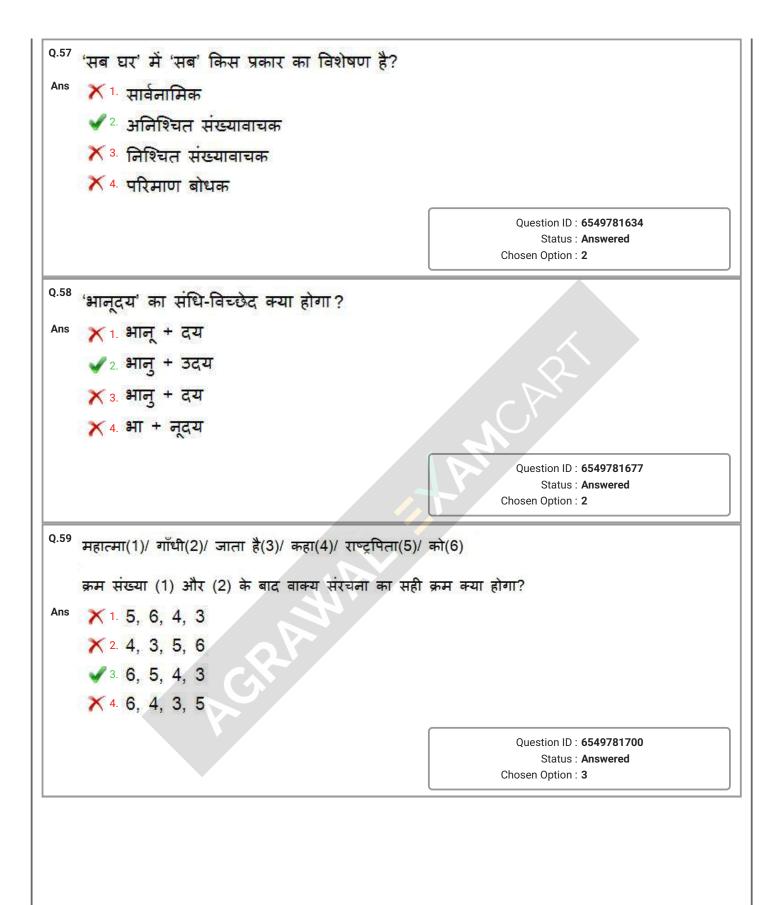


Q.43	'धन्य-धन्य !' किस प्रकार का अव्यय है?	
Ans	X 1. शोकबोधक	
	✓ <sup>2.</sup> हर्षबोधक	
	🗙 3. संबोधन बोधक	
	× 4 आश्चर्य बोधक	
		Ouestion ID : 6549781648
		Status : Answered
		Chosen Option : 2
Q.44	'कौन' सर्वनाम का परिमाणवाचक विशेषण क्या हो	गा ?
Ans	Х¹. कैसा	
	✔ 2. कितना	
	🗙 ३. किस	
	🗙 ४. जितना	NO'
		Question ID : 6549781636
		Status : Answered Chosen Option : 2
Ans	<ul> <li>निम्नलिखित में से कौनसा शब्द वर्तनी की दृष्टि</li> <li>1. विरहिणी</li> <li>2. विरहणी</li> <li>3. विरिहणी</li> <li>4. वीरहणी</li> </ul>	
		Ouestion ID : 6549781671
		Status : Not Answered Chosen Option :
Q.46	निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा शब्द स्त्रीलिंग है?	
Ans	Х¹. ट्यंजन	
	Х 2. विवाद	
	🗙 ३. वन	
	✔ 4. वकालत	









Q.60	'कीर्ति' का विलोम होगा।	
Ans	× 1. अनकीर्ति	
	✓ <sup>2.</sup> अपकीर्ति	
	🗙 ३. यश	
	🗙 ४. अकीर्ति	
		Question ID : 6549781664
		Status : <b>Answered</b> Chosen Option : <b>2</b>
Q.61	मैं आपके करने आया हूँ। रिक्त स्थान के लिए उपयुक्त !	शब्द कौनसा होगा?
Ans	🗙 १. पूजन	
	✓ 2. दर्शन	
	🗙 3. अवलोकन	
	🗙 ४. मार्गदर्शन	
		Question ID : 6549781655
		Status : Answered Chosen Option : 2
Q.62	'हवा हो जाना' मुहावरे का सही अर्थ क्या है?	
Ans		
	X 1 महत्त्वहीन हो जाना	
	Х 2. उड़ना	
	🗙 ३. तेज़ दौड़ना	
	🗸 ४. भाग जाना	
		Question ID : 6549781682 Status : Answered
		Chosen Option : 4
Q.63	निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा वाक्य शुद्ध है?	
Ans	🗙 1. मुझे को कहा गया था।	
	✔ 2. मुझसे कहा गया था।	
	🗙 3. मुझ पर कहा गया था।	
	🗙 4. मुझमें कहा गया था।	
		Question ID : 6549781622
		Status : <b>Answered</b> Chosen Option : <b>2</b>

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Q.64 सारा राज्य उसके लिए एक था। रिक्त स्थान के लिए उपयुक	त शब्द कौनसा होगा?
Ans 🗙 1. थाली	
🗙 2. नाती	
Х ₃. पाती	
✓ 4. थाती	
र याता	
	Question ID : 6549781654
	Status : <b>Not Answered</b> Chosen Option :
ानम्नालाखत म स दत्य वर्ण कान सा हः	
Ans 🖌 1. त	
× 2. ट	
X 3. म X 4. ज	
A. 3	
	Question ID : 6549781642 Status : Answered
	Chosen Option : 4

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Comprehension:
    देश-विदेश में उभरे स्त्रीवादी आंदोलनों के साथ हिंदी-साहित्य लेखन
    के क्षेत्र में भी महिलाओं ने अपनी उपस्थिति बड़ी मज़बूती के साथ
       ____(1) कराई है। महिला रचनाकार साहित्य-लेखन के प्रायः
    हर काल में मिलती हैं, लेकिन उनकी संख्या बह्त कम है। इसके
    मूल में हमारी समाज-व्यवस्था, उसकी सोच या _____(2) ही
    रही है। मध्ययुगीन जकड़ी हुई सामंती-ट्यवस्था के बावजूद मीरा
    जैसी कवयित्री का रचनाकर्म हिंदी-साहित्य में (3) है।
    आधुनिक समाज की विसंगतियों के बीच उपजा महादेवी वर्मा का
    लेखन हिंदी-साहित्य की अमूल्य _____(4) है। हिंदी-साहित्य
    जगत और इतिहास में पुरुषवादी _____(5) के कारण मीरा,
    महादेवी और अन्य महिला रचनाकारों को उनका प्राप्य अभी तक
    नहीं मिल सका है।
    उपरोक्त गदयांश के आधार पर निम्नलिखित प्रश्नों के उत्तर
    दीजिए-
    SubQuestion No : 66
<sup>Q.66</sup> गद्यांश के रिक्त स्थान (1) के लिए कौनसा उपयुक्त शब्द
    होगा?
Ans 🗙 1. संकेतित
     🖌 २. दर्ज
     🗙 3. शामिल
     🗙 4. उपलब्ध
                                                                Question ID : 6549781688
                                                                    Status : Answered
                                                              Chosen Option : 2
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Comprehension: देश-विदेश में उभरे स्त्रीवादी आंदोलनों के साथ हिंदी-साहित्य लेखन के क्षेत्र में भी महिलाओं ने अपनी उपस्थिति बड़ी मज़बूती के साथ (1) कराई है। महिला रचनाकार साहित्य-लेखन के प्रायः हर काल में मिलती हैं, लेकिन उनकी संख्या बह्त कम है। इसके मूल में हमारी समाज-व्यवस्था, उसकी सोच या \_\_\_\_\_(2) ही रही है। मध्ययुगीन जकड़ी हुई सामंती-व्यवस्था के बावजूद मीरा जैसी कवयित्री का रचनाकर्म हिंदी-साहित्य में (3) है। आधुनिक समाज की विसंगतियों के बीच उपजा महादेवी वर्मा का लेखन हिंदी-साहित्य की अमूल्य \_\_\_\_\_(4) है। हिंदी-साहित्य जगत और इतिहास में पुरुषवादी \_\_\_\_\_(5) के कारण मीरा, महादेवी और अन्य महिला रचनाकारों को उनका प्राप्य अभी तक नहीं मिल सका है। उपरोक्त गदयांश के आधार पर निम्नलिखित प्रश्नों के उत्तर दीजिए-SubQuestion No: 67 <sup>Q.67</sup> गद्यांश के रिक्त स्थान (2) के लिए कौनसा उपयुक्त शब्द होगा? Ans 🗙 1. वैयक्तिकता 🖌 २. मानसिकता 🗙 ३. ट्यावहारिकता 🗙 ४. सामाजिकता Question ID : 6549781689 Status : Answered Chosen Option : 2

Comprehension: देश-विदेश में उभरे स्त्रीवादी आंदोलनों के साथ हिंदी-साहित्य लेखन के क्षेत्र में भी महिलाओं ने अपनी उपस्थिति बड़ी मज़बूती के साथ (1) कराई है। महिला रचनाकार साहित्य-लेखन के प्रायः हर काल में मिलती हैं, लेकिन उनकी संख्या बह्त कम है। इसके मूल में हमारी समाज-व्यवस्था, उसकी सोच या \_\_\_\_\_(2) ही रही है। मध्ययुगीन जकड़ी हुई सामंती-व्यवस्था के बावजूद मीरा जैसी कवयित्री का रचनाकर्म हिंदी-साहित्य में (3) है। आधुनिक समाज की विसंगतियों के बीच उपजा महादेवी वर्मा का लेखन हिंदी-साहित्य की अमूल्य \_\_\_\_\_(4) है। हिंदी-साहित्य जगत और इतिहास में पुरुषवादी \_\_\_\_\_(5) के कारण मीरा, महादेवी और अन्य महिला रचनाकारों को उनका प्राप्य अभी तक नहीं मिल सका है। उपरोक्त गदयांश के आधार पर निम्नलिखित प्रश्नों के उत्तर दीजिए-SubQuestion No: 68 Q.68 गद्यांश के रिक्त स्थान (3) के लिए कौनसा उपयुक्त शब्द होगा? Ans X 1. चमत्कार У 2. बेमिसाल 🗙 3. निंदनीय 🗙 ४. दुर्लभ Question ID : 6549781690 Status : Answered Chosen Option : 2

Comprehension: देश-विदेश में उभरे स्त्रीवादी आंदोलनों के साथ हिंदी-साहित्य लेखन के क्षेत्र में भी महिलाओं ने अपनी उपस्थिति बड़ी मज़बूती के साथ \_\_\_\_(1) कराई है। महिला रचनाकार साहित्य-लेखन के प्रायः हर काल में मिलती हैं, लेकिन उनकी संख्या बह्त कम है। इसके मूल में हमारी समाज-व्यवस्था, उसकी सोच या \_\_\_\_\_(2) ही रही है। मध्ययुगीन जकड़ी हुई सामंती-व्यवस्था के बावजूद मीरा जैसी कवयित्री का रचनाकर्म हिंदी-साहित्य में (3) है। आधुनिक समाज की विसंगतियों के बीच उपजा महादेवी वर्मा का लेखन हिंदी-साहित्य की अमूल्य \_\_\_\_\_(4) है। हिंदी-साहित्य जगत और इतिहास में पुरुषवादी \_\_\_\_\_(5) के कारण मीरा, महादेवी और अन्य महिला रचनाकारों को उनका प्राप्य अभी तक नहीं मिल सका है। उपरोक्त गदयांश के आधार पर निम्नलिखित प्रश्नों के उत्तर दीजिए-SubQuestion No : 69 <sup>Q.69</sup> गद्यांश के रिक्त स्थान (4) के लिए कौनसा उपयुक्त शब्द होगा? Ans 🗙 1. संपत्ति 🗙 २. भंडार 🗙 ३. धन 4. निधि Question ID : 6549781691 Status : Answered Chosen Option : 4

Comprehension: देश-विदेश में उभरे स्त्रीवादी आंदोलनों के साथ हिंदी-साहित्य लेखन के क्षेत्र में भी महिलाओं ने अपनी उपस्थिति बड़ी मज़बूती के साथ (1) कराई है। महिला रचनाकार साहित्य-लेखन के प्रायः हर काल में मिलती हैं, लेकिन उनकी संख्या बह्त कम है। इसके मूल में हमारी समाज-व्यवस्था, उसकी सोच या \_\_\_\_\_(2) ही रही है। मध्ययुगीन जकड़ी हुई सामंती-ट्यवस्था के बावजूद मीरा जैसी कवयित्री का रचनाकर्म हिंदी-साहित्य में (3) है। आधुनिक समाज की विसंगतियों के बीच उपजा महादेवी वर्मा का लेखन हिंदी-साहित्य की अमूल्य \_\_\_\_\_(4) है। हिंदी-साहित्य जगत और इतिहास में पुरुषवादी \_\_\_\_\_(5) के कारण मीरा, महादेवी और अन्य महिला रचनाकारों को उनका प्राप्य अभी तक नहीं मिल सका है। उपरोक्त गद्यांश के आधार पर निम्नलिखित प्रश्नों के उत्तर दीजिए-SubQuestion No: 70 <sup>Q.70</sup> गद्यांश के रिक्त स्थान (5) के लिए कौनसा उपयुक्त शब्द होगा? Ans 🗙 1. प्रदर्शन 🗙 २. प्रतिभा 🗙 ३. कुंठा 🖌 ४. वर्चम्व Question ID : 6549781692 Status : Answered Chosen Option : 4

### Comprehension:

मानव इतिहास में संभवतः अनुवाद की अवधारणा उतनी ही पुरातन है, जितना कि मानव सभ्यता का \_\_\_\_(1)। वैसे तो अनुवाद मूल रूप में दो भाषाओं के बीच एक विशेष अंतःसंबंध का \_\_\_\_(2) है, परंतु यह व्यापक अर्थों में मानवीय अंतर्संबंधों की व्याप्ति का रूपक भी है। इस व्यापक अर्थ में अनुवाद एक व्यक्ति से दूसरे व्यक्ति के सामाजिक सरोकार का प्रमुख \_\_\_\_(3) होता है। दूसरे शब्दों में यह भी कहा जा सकता है, कि संवाद की स्थापना की पूर्व शर्त है- अनुवाद का संभव हो पाना। हम ज्यों ही दूसरे व्यक्ति के उत्कट \_\_\_\_(4) को अपने शब्दों में समझने की कोशिश करते हैं, हम अनुवाद के \_\_\_\_(5) पर विचरण शुरू कर देते हैं।

उपरोक्त गद्यांश के आधार पर निम्नलिखित प्रश्नों के उत्तर दीजिए-

SubQuestion No: 71

9.71 गद्यांश के रिक्त स्थान (1) के लिए कौनसा उपयुक्त शब्द होगा?

Ans 🗙 1. पतन

- 🖌 २. इतिहास
- 🗙 ३. भविष्य

🗙 4. वर्तमान

Question ID : **6549781694** Status : **Answered** Chosen Option : **2** 

# Comprehension: मानव इतिहास में संभवत: अनुवाद की अवधारणा उतनी ही पुरातन है, जितना कि मानव सभ्यता का \_\_\_\_\_(1)। वैसे तो अनुवाद मूल रूप में दो भाषाओं के बीच एक विशेष अंत:संबंध का \_(2) है, परंतु यह व्यापक अर्थों में मानवीय अंतर्संबंधों की व्याप्ति का रूपक भी है। इस व्यापक अर्थ में अनुवाद एक व्यक्ति से दूसरे व्यक्ति के सामाजिक सरोकार का प्रमुख \_\_\_\_\_(3) होता है। दूसरे शब्दों में यह भी कहा जा सकता है, कि संवाद की स्थापना की पूर्व शर्त है- अनुवाद का संभव हो पाना। हम ज्यों ही दूसरे व्यक्ति के उत्कट \_\_\_\_\_(4) को अपने शब्दों में समझने की कोशिश करते हैं, हम अनुवाद के \_\_\_\_\_(5) पर विचरण शुरू कर देते हैं। उपरोक्त गद्यांश के आधार पर निम्नलिखित प्रश्नों के उत्तर दीजिए-SubQuestion No: 72 <sup>Q.72</sup> गद्यांश के रिक्त स्थान (2) के लिए कौनसा उपयुक्त शब्द होगा? Ans 🖌 🖞 परिचायक X 2. अवलोकन 🗙 3. मार्गदर्शन 🗙 ४. निर्णायक Question ID : 6549781695 Status : Answered Chosen Option : 1

#### Comprehension:

मानव इतिहास में संभवतः अनुवाद की अवधारणा उतनी ही पुरातन है, जितना कि मानव सभ्यता का \_\_\_\_(1)। वैसे तो अनुवाद मूल रूप में दो भाषाओं के बीच एक विशेष अंतःसंबंध का \_\_\_\_(2) है, परंतु यह व्यापक अर्थों में मानवीय अंतर्संबंधों की व्याप्ति का रूपक भी है। इस व्यापक अर्थ में अनुवाद एक व्यक्ति से दूसरे व्यक्ति के सामाजिक सरोकार का प्रमुख \_\_\_\_(3) होता है। दूसरे शब्दों में यह भी कहा जा सकता है, कि संवाद की स्थापना की पूर्व शर्त है- अनुवाद का संभव हो पाना। हम ज्यों ही दूसरे व्यक्ति के उत्कट \_\_\_\_(4) को अपने शब्दों में समझने की कोशिश करते हैं, हम अनुवाद के \_\_\_\_(5) पर विचरण शुरू कर देते हैं।

उपरोक्त गद्यांश के आधार पर निम्नलिखित प्रश्नों के उत्तर दीजिए-

SubQuestion No: 73

Q.73 गद्यांश के रिक्त स्थान (3) के लिए कौनसा उपयुक्त शब्द होगा?

- Ans 🗡 1. चालक
  - 🗡 २. मानक
  - 🗙 ३. साधक
  - 🖌 ४. वाहक

Question ID : **6549781696** Status : **Answered** Chosen Option : **4** 

### Comprehension:

मानव इतिहास में संभवतः अनुवाद की अवधारणा उतनी ही पुरातन है, जितना कि मानव सभ्यता का \_\_\_\_(1)। वैसे तो अनुवाद मूल रूप में दो भाषाओं के बीच एक विशेष अंतःसंबंध का \_\_\_\_(2) है, परंतु यह व्यापक अर्थों में मानवीय अंतर्संबंधों की व्याप्ति का रूपक भी है। इस व्यापक अर्थ में अनुवाद एक व्यक्ति से दूसरे व्यक्ति के सामाजिक सरोकार का प्रमुख \_\_\_\_(3) होता है। दूसरे शब्दों में यह भी कहा जा सकता है, कि संवाद की स्थापना की पूर्व शर्त है- अनुवाद का संभव हो पाना। हम ज्यों ही दूसरे व्यक्ति के उत्कट \_\_\_\_(4) को अपने शब्दों में समझने की कोशिश करते हैं, हम अनुवाद के \_\_\_\_(5) पर विचरण शुरू कर देते हैं।

उपरोक्त गद्यांश के आधार पर निम्नलिखित प्रश्नों के उत्तर दीजिए-

SubQuestion No: 74

9.74 गद्यांश के रिक्त स्थान (4) के लिए कौनसा उपयुक्त शब्द होगा?

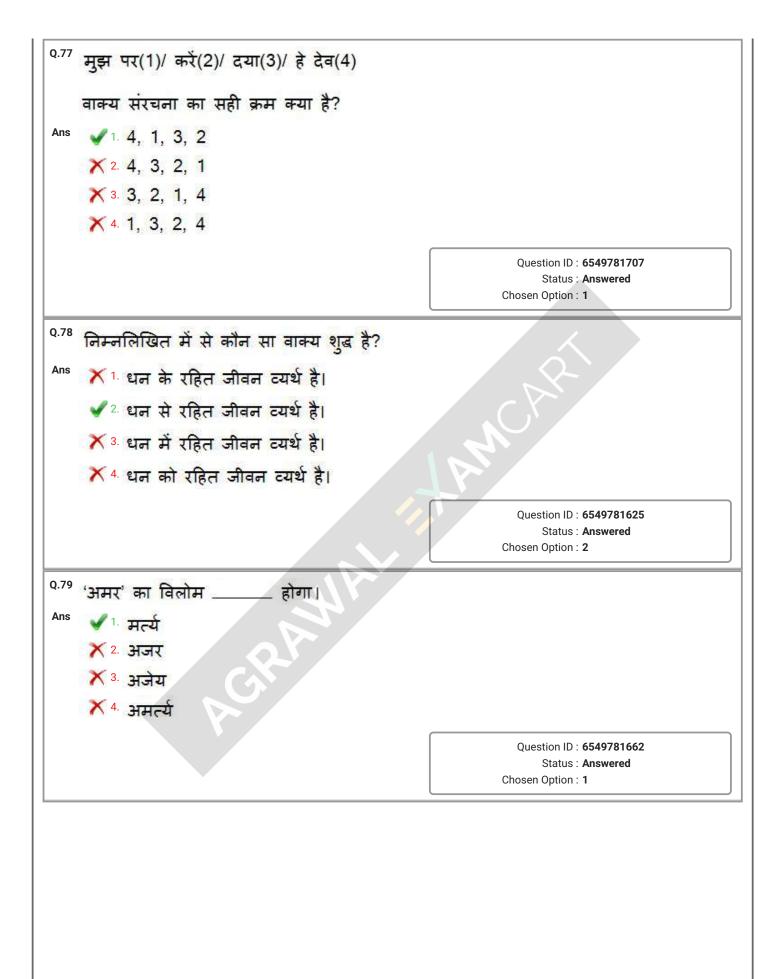
Ans 🗙 1. आग्रहों

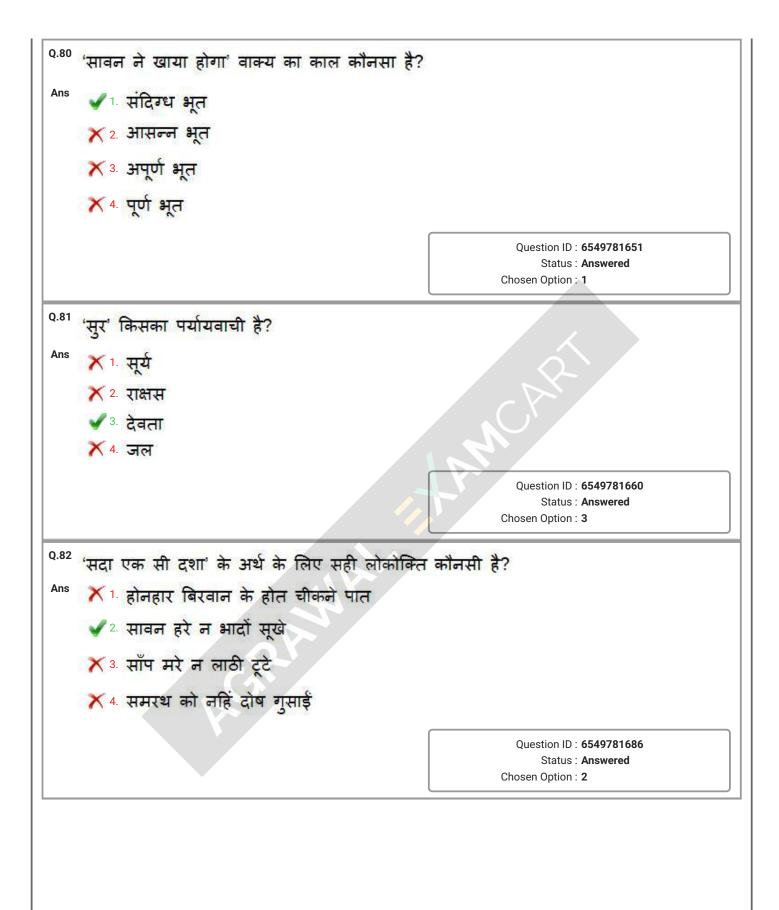
- 🗡 2. निर्णयों
- 🖌 <sup>3.</sup> भावों
- 🗡 ४. स्वप्नों

Question ID : **6549781697** Status : **Answered** Chosen Option : **3** 

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Comprehension:
    मानव इतिहास में संभवत: अनुवाद की अवधारणा उतनी ही
    प्रातन है, जितना कि मानव सभ्यता का _____(1)। वैसे तो
    अनुवाद मूल रूप में दो भाषाओं के बीच एक विशेष अंत:संबंध का
           _(2) है, परंतु यह व्यापक अर्थों में मानवीय अंतर्संबंधों की
    टयाप्ति का रूपक भी है। इस टयापक अर्थ में अन्वाद एक टयक्ति
    से दूसरे व्यक्ति के सामाजिक सरोकार का प्रमुख _____(3)
    होता है। दूसरे शब्दों में यह भी कहा जा सकता है, कि संवाद की
    स्थापना की पूर्व शर्त है- अनुवाद का संभव हो पाना। हम ज्यों ही
    दूसरे व्यक्ति के उत्कट _____(4) को अपने शब्दों में समझने
    की कोशिश करते हैं, हम अनुवाद के _____(5) पर विचरण शुरू
    कर देते हैं।
    उपरोक्त गद्यांश के आधार पर निम्नलिखित प्रश्नों के उत्तर
    दीजिए-
    SubQuestion No: 75
<sup>Q.75</sup> गद्यांश के रिक्त स्थान (5) के लिए कौनसा उपयुक्त शब्द
    होगा?
Ans
     🗙 १. पंरव
     🗙 २. आसमान
     🗙 3. सागर
      / 4. धरातल
                                                                Question ID : 6549781698
                                                                   Status : Answered
                                                              Chosen Option : 4
<sup>Q.76</sup> श्याम की(1)/ खो गई(2)/ कमीज़(3)/ उजली(4)
    वाक्य संरचना का सही क्रम क्या है?
Ans X 1. 2, 1, 4, 3
    X 2. 1, 3, 4, 2
     X 3. 4, 3, 1, 2
     4 1, 4, 3, 2
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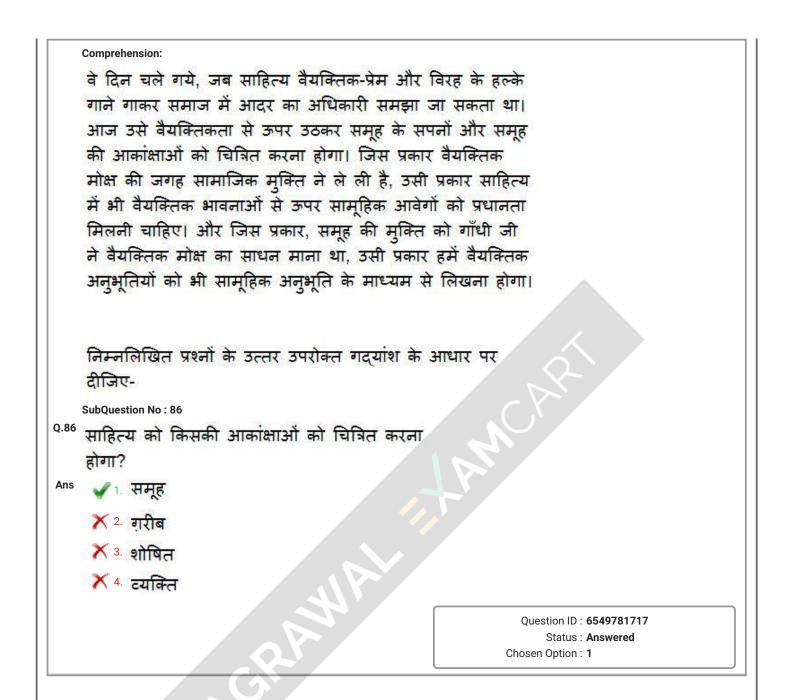
Question ID : **6549781706** Status : **Answered** Chosen Option : **4** 





Q.83	निम्नलिखित में से 'तत्सम' शब्द कौनसा है?	
Ans	🗡 1. सेज	
	✓ 2. सूर्य	
	🗙 ३. सोना	
	Х ₄ सेठ	
		Question ID : <b>6549781668</b> Status : <b>Answered</b>
		Chosen Option : 2
Q.84	निम्नलिखित में से कौनसा शब्द वर्तनी की दृष्टि	से अशुद्ध है?
Ans	✓ ¹. परिक्षा	
	Х 2. परिणति	
	🗙 3. विश्लेषण	
	🗙 ४. प्रणाम	
		Question ID : 6549781670
		Status : Answered Chosen Option : 1
Q.85	'कथा' का बहुवचन क्या होगा?	
Ans	🗡 1. कथे	
	🗙 २. कथन	
	✓ <sup>3.</sup> कथाएँ	
	🗡 ४. कथो	
		Question ID : 6549781637
		Status : <b>Answered</b> Chosen Option : <b>3</b>

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	Comprehension:
	वे दिन चले गये, जब साहित्य वैयक्तिक-प्रेम और विरह के हल्के
	गाने गाकर समाज में आदर का अधिकारी समझा जा सकता था।
	आज उसे वैयक्तिकता से ऊपर उठकर समूह के सपनों और समूह
	की आकांक्षाओं को चित्रित करना होगा। जिस प्रकार वैयक्तिक
	मोक्ष की जगह सामाजिक मुक्ति ने ले ली है, उसी प्रकार साहित्य
	में भी वैयक्तिक भावनाओं से ऊपर सामूहिक आवेगों को प्रधानता
	मिलनी चाहिए। और जिस प्रकार, समूह की मुक्ति को गाँधी जी
	ने वैयक्तिक मोक्ष का साधन माना था, उसी प्रकार हमें वैयक्तिक
	अनुभूतियों को भी सामूहिक अनुभूति के माध्यम से लिखना होगा।
	निम्नलिखित प्रश्नों के उत्तर उपरोक्त गद्यांश के आधार पर
	दीजिए-
	SubQuestion No : 87
Q.87	गाँधी जी ने समूह की मुक्ति को वैयक्तिक मोक्ष
	का क्या माना था?
Ans	√1. माध्यम
	🗙 2. मूल
	🗙 ३. लक्ष्य
	Х 4. आधार
	Question ID : 6549781719 Status : Answered

Comprehension: वे दिन चले गये, जब साहित्य वैयक्तिक-प्रेम और विरह के हल्के गाने गाकर समाज में आदर का अधिकारी समझा जा सकता था। आज उसे वैयक्तिकता से ऊपर उठकर समूह के सपनों और समूह की आकांक्षाओं को चित्रित करना होगा। जिस प्रकार वैयक्तिक मोक्ष की जगह सामाजिक मुक्ति ने ले ली है, उसी प्रकार साहित्य में भी वैयक्तिक भावनाओं से ऊपर सामूहिक आवेगों को प्रधानता मिलनी चाहिए। और जिस प्रकार, समूह की मुक्ति को गाँधी जी ने वैयक्तिक मोक्ष का साधन माना था, उसी प्रकार हमें वैयक्तिक अनुभूतियों को भी सामूहिक अनुभूति के माध्यम से लिखना होगा। निम्नलिखित प्रश्नों के उत्तर उपरोक्त गद्यांश के आधार पर दीजिए-SubQuestion No : 88 <sup>Q.88</sup> 'आवेग' का अर्थ क्या है? Ans 🗡 1. अधिकार 🗙 2. होश 🖌 ः जोश

🗙 ४. इच्छा

Question ID : **6549781718** Status : **Answered** Chosen Option : **3** 

Comprehension: वे दिन चले गये, जब साहित्य वैयक्तिक-प्रेम और विरह के हल्के गाने गाकर समाज में आदर का अधिकारी समझा जा सकता था। आज उसे वैयक्तिकता से ऊपर उठकर समूह के सपनों और समूह की आकांक्षाओं को चित्रित करना होगा। जिस प्रकार वैयक्तिक मोक्ष की जगह सामाजिक मुक्ति ने ले ली है, उसी प्रकार साहित्य में भी वैयक्तिक भावनाओं से ऊपर सामूहिक आवेगों को प्रधानता मिलनी चाहिए। और जिस प्रकार, समूह की मुक्ति को गाँधी जी ने वैयक्तिक मोक्ष का साधन माना था, उसी प्रकार हमें वैयक्तिक अनुभूतियों को भी सामूहिक अनुभूति के माध्यम से लिखना होगा। निम्नलिखित प्रश्नों के उत्तर उपरोक्त गद्यांश के आधार पर दीजिए-SubQuestion No : 89 <sup>Q.89</sup> 'मोक्ष' का आशय क्या है? Ans 🖌 १. मुक्ति 🗙 २. भकित 🗙 ३. शक्ति 🗙 ४. उन्नति Question ID : 6549781720 Status : Answered Chosen Option : 1

Comprehension: वे दिन चले गये, जब साहित्य वैयक्तिक-प्रेम और विरह के हल्के गाने गाकर समाज में आदर का अधिकारी समझा जा सकता था। आज उसे वैयक्तिकता से ऊपर उठकर समूह के सपनों और समूह की आकांक्षाओं को चित्रित करना होगा। जिस प्रकार वैयक्तिक मोक्ष की जगह सामाजिक मुक्ति ने ले ली है, उसी प्रकार साहित्य में भी वैयक्तिक भावनाओं से ऊपर सामूहिक आवेगों को प्रधानता मिलनी चाहिए। और जिस प्रकार, समूह की मुक्ति को गाँधी जी ने वैयक्तिक मोक्ष का साधन माना था, उसी प्रकार हमें वैयक्तिक अनुभूतियों को भी सामूहिक अनुभूति के माध्यम से लिखना होगा। निम्नलिखित प्रश्नों के उत्तर उपरोक्त गद्यांश के आधार पर दीजिए-SubQuestion No : 90 <sup>Q.90</sup> विरह का अर्थ क्या है? Ans 🗹 1. वियोग 🗙 २. संयोग 🗙 ३. मिलन 🗙 ४. स्मृति Question ID : 6549781716 Status : Answered Chosen Option : 1

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Comprehension:
    कविता कोई हवाई चीज़ नहीं है। योगी, वैज्ञानिक अथवा
    समाजशास्त्री सत्य की खोज करने के लिए जितनी गहरी समाधि
    लगाता है, उतनी गहरी समाधि लगाए बिना कवि भी सत्य को
    नहीं पा सकता। किंतू, कवि और वैज्ञानिक के सत्यों में भेद है।
    विज्ञान स्थूलता की कला है। वह एक चीज़ से दूसरी चीज़ की दूरी
    मापता है, और हर चीज़ को अपनी काठ की अंगुलियों से छुकर
    यह बतलाता है कि वह कड़ी या मुलायम है। किंतु, कविता
    वस्तुओं के सूक्ष्म रूप का मूल्य ढूँढती है। वह उनके उन पक्षों का
    विश्लेषण करती है, जो गणित की भाषा में व्यक्त नहीं किए जा
    सकते। और चूँकि बूद्धि भी गणित को छोड़कर और कोई भाषा
    समझ नहीं सकती; इसलिए, कविता अपने विश्लेषण का परिणाम
    बुद्धि नहीं, बल्कि हृदय के सामने निवेदित करती है; क्योंकि हृदय
    उन संकेतों को समझ सकता है, जिनके माध्यम से कवि अदृश्य
    और अनिर्वचनीय का वर्णन करता है।
    निम्नलिखित प्रश्नों के उत्तर उपरोक्त गदयांश के आधार पर
    दीजिए-
   SubQuestion No : 91
Q.91
    गद्यांश के अनुसार कविता में किसका महत्व
    अधिक है?
Ans 🗙 1. कल्पना
    🗙 २. जान
    🗙 ३. बुद्धि
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🖌 ४. हृदय

Question ID : 6549781713 Status : Answered Chosen Option : 4

कविता कोई हवाई चीज़ नहीं है। योगी, वैज्ञानिक अथवा समाजशास्त्री सत्य की खोज करने के लिए जितनी गहरी समाधि लगाता है, उतनी गहरी समाधि लगाए बिना कवि भी सत्य को नहीं पा सकता। किंतु, कवि और वैज्ञानिक के सत्यों में भेद है। विज्ञान स्थूलता की कला है। वह एक चीज़ से दूसरी चीज़ की दूरी मापता है, और हर चीज़ को अपनी काठ की अंगुलियों से छूकर यह बतलाता है कि वह कड़ी या मुलायम है। किंतु, कविता वस्तुओं के सूक्ष्म रूप का मूल्य ढूँढती है। वह उनके उन पक्षों का विश्लेषण करती है, जो गणित की भाषा में व्यक्त नहीं किए जा सकते। और चूँकि बुद्धि भी गणित को छोड़कर और कोई भाषा समझ नहीं सकती; इसलिए, कविता अपने विश्लेषण का परिणाम बुद्धि नहीं, बल्कि इदय के सामने निवेदित करती है; क्योंकि हृदय उन संकेतों को समझ सकता है, जिनके माध्यम से कवि अदृश्य और अनिर्वचनीय का वर्णन करता है।

निम्नलिखित प्रश्नों के उत्तर उपरोक्त गद्यांश के आधार पर दीजिए-

SubQuestion No : 92

<sup>0.92</sup> 'सूक्ष्म' का आशय क्या है?

- Ans 🗡 1. जटिल
  - 🗙 २. महत्त्वपूर्ण
  - 🗙 ः विशाल
  - 🖌 ४. बहुत बारीक

Question ID : 6549781712 Status : Answered Chosen Option : 4

कविता कोई हवाई चीज़ नहीं है। योगी, वैज्ञानिक अथवा समाजशास्त्री सत्य की खोज करने के लिए जितनी गहरी समाधि लगाता है, उतनी गहरी समाधि लगाए बिना कवि भी सत्य को नहीं पा सकता। किंतु, कवि और वैज्ञानिक के सत्यों में भेद है। विज्ञान स्थूलता की कला है। वह एक चीज़ से दूसरी चीज़ की दूरी मापता है, और हर चीज़ को अपनी काठ की अंगुलियों से छूकर यह बतलाता है कि वह कड़ी या मुलायम है। किंतु, कविता वस्तुओं के सूक्ष्म रूप का मूल्य ढूँढती है। वह उनके उन पक्षों का विश्लेषण करती है, जो गणित की भाषा में व्यक्त नहीं किए जा सकते। और चूँकि बुद्धि भी गणित को छोड़कर और कोई भाषा समझ नहीं सकती; इसलिए, कविता अपने विश्लेषण का परिणाम बुद्धि नहीं, बल्कि इदय के सामने निवेदित करती है; क्योंकि इदय उन संकेतों को समझ सकता है, जिनके माध्यम से कवि अदृश्य और अनिर्वचनीय का वर्णन करता है।

निम्नलिखित प्रश्नों के उत्तर उपरोक्त गद्यांश के आधार पर दीजिए-

SubQuestion No : 93

<sup>Q.93</sup> गद्यांश का केंद्रीय विषय क्या है?

- Ans 🗙 1. हृदय
  - 🗙 २. बुद्धि
  - 🗡 3. विज्ञान
  - 🖌 ४. कविता

Question ID : 6549781711 Status : Answered Chosen Option : 4

कविता कोई हवाई चीज़ नहीं है। योगी, वैज्ञानिक अथवा समाजशास्त्री सत्य की खोज करने के लिए जितनी गहरी समाधि लगाता है, उतनी गहरी समाधि लगाए बिना कवि भी सत्य को नहीं पा सकता। किंतु, कवि और वैज्ञानिक के सत्यों में भेद है। विज्ञान स्थूलता की कला है। वह एक चीज़ से दूसरी चीज़ की दूरी मापता है, और हर चीज़ को अपनी काठ की अंगुलियों से छूकर यह बतलाता है कि वह कड़ी या मुलायम है। किंतु, कविता वस्तुओं के सूक्ष्म रूप का मूल्य ढूँढती है। वह उनके उन पक्षों का विश्लेषण करती है, जो गणित की भाषा में व्यक्त नहीं किए जा सकते। और चूँकि बुद्धि भी गणित को छोड़कर और कोई भाषा समझ नहीं सकती; इसलिए, कविता अपने विश्लेषण का परिणाम बुद्धि नहीं, बल्कि हृदय के सामने निवेदित करती है; क्योंकि हृदय उन संकेतों को समझ सकता है, जिनके माध्यम से कवि अदृश्य और अनिर्वचनीय का वर्णन करता है।

निम्नलिखित प्रश्नों के उत्तर उपरोक्त गद्यांश के आधार पर दीजिए-

SubQuestion No : 94

- <sup>Q.94</sup> 'अनिर्वचनीय' का सही अर्थ क्या है?
- Ans 🗙 1. जो लिख कर व्यक्त न किया जा सकता हो
  - 🖌 2. जो वचन द्वारा कहा न जा सकता हो
  - 🗙 3. बढ़ा-चढ़ाकर वर्णन करना
  - 🗡 4. जो प्रकट न किया जा सकता हो

Question ID : 6549781714 Status : Answered Chosen Option : 2

कविता कोई हवाई चीज़ नहीं है। योगी, वैज्ञानिक अथवा समाजशास्त्री सत्य की खोज करने के लिए जितनी गहरी समाधि लगाता है, उतनी गहरी समाधि लगाए बिना कवि भी सत्य को नहीं पा सकता। किंतु, कवि और वैज्ञानिक के सत्यों में भेद है। विज्ञान स्थूलता की कला है। वह एक चीज़ से दूसरी चीज़ की दूरी मापता है, और हर चीज़ को अपनी काठ की अंगुलियों से छूकर यह बतलाता है कि वह कड़ी या मुलायम है। किंतु, कविता वस्तुओं के सूक्ष्म रूप का मूल्य ढूँढती है। वह उनके उन पक्षों का विश्लेषण करती है, जो गणित की भाषा में व्यक्त नहीं किए जा सकते। और चूँकि बुद्धि भी गणित को छोड़कर और कोई भाषा समझ नहीं सकती; इसलिए, कविता अपने विश्लेषण का परिणाम बुद्धि नहीं, बल्कि इदय के सामने निवेदित करती है; क्योंकि हृदय उन संकेतों को समझ सकता है, जिनके माध्यम से कवि अदृश्य और अनिर्वचनीय का वर्णन करता है।

निम्नलिखित प्रश्नों के उत्तर उपरोक्त गद्यांश के आधार पर दीजिए-

SubQuestion No : 95

<sup>Q.95</sup> गद्यांश में 'भेद' का आशय क्या है?

- Ans 🗙 1. रहस्य
  - 🗙 2. विरोध
  - 🗙 ३. समानता
  - 🗸 ४. अंतर

Question ID : 6549781710 Status : Answered Chosen Option : 4

Comprehension: स्वामी विवेकानंद ने कहा था कि यूरोप की सभ्यता सर्वथा तिरस्कार की वस्त् नहीं; क्योंकि मैं भी उस ईश्वर में विश्वास करना नहीं चाहता जो मरने के बाद मुझे शांति तो दे सकता है, किंतु जीवन में मुझे रोटी नहीं दे सकता। स्पष्ट ही, स्वामी विवेकानंद भारतीय अध्यात्म का संबंध उस वस्तू के साथ जोड़ना चाहते थे जो हमारे पास नहीं थी- जो शायद, हमारे पूर्वजों के पास भी नहीं थी। उन्होंने धर्म की गोद में ऊँघते हुए भारतवर्ष को जगाने के लिए शंखनाद किया और कहा, कि तुम्हें जीवन में स्पंदन भरने वाली प्रेरणा की ज़रूरत है; तुम्हें शक्ति का वह विद्युत् प्रवाह चाहिए जिससे धरती जवान रहती है और जिससे यूरोप के अंग-अंग में चेतना और स्वास्थ्य का सौंदर्य छलक रहा है। निम्नलिखित प्रश्नों के उत्तर उपरोक्त गदयांश के आधार पर दीजिए-SubQuestion No : 96 Q.96 विवेकानंद ने किसकी गोद में बैठे हुए भारतवर्ष को जगाने का कार्य किया? Ans 🗡 1. अर्थ 🗙 २. काम 🗙 ३. मोक्ष 4. धर्म Question ID : 6549781723 Status : Answered Chosen Option : 4

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Comprehension:
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स्वामी विवेकानंद ने कहा था कि यूरोप की सभ्यता सर्वथा तिरस्कार की वस्तु नहीं; क्योंकि मैं भी उस ईश्वर में विश्वास करना नहीं चाहता जो मरने के बाद मुझे शांति तो दे सकता है, किंतु जीवन में मुझे रोटी नहीं दे सकता। स्पष्ट ही, स्वामी विवेकानंद भारतीय अध्यात्म का संबंध उस वस्तु के साथ जोड़ना चाहते थे जो हमारे पास नहीं थी- जो शायद, हमारे पूर्वजों के पास भी नहीं थी। उन्होंने धर्म की गोद में ऊँघते हुए भारतवर्ष को जगाने के लिए शंखनाद किया और कहा, कि तुम्हें जीवन में स्पंदन भरने वाली प्रेरणा की ज़रूरत है; तुम्हें शक्ति का वह विदयुत् प्रवाह चाहिए जिससे धरती जवान रहती है और जिससे यूरोप के अंग-अंग में चेतना और स्वास्थ्य का सौंदर्य छलक रहा है।

निम्नलिखित प्रश्नों के उत्तर उपरोक्त गद्यांश के आधार पर दीजिए-

SubQuestion No : 97

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    Q.97 विवेकानंद ने किसके विद्युत् प्रवाह की वकालत
की?
    Ans X<sup>1</sup> भकित
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🗙 २. मुक्ति
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🖌 ः शक्ति
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🗡 ४. शांति
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Question ID : **6549781725** Status : **Answered** Chosen Option : **3** 

Comprehension:

स्वामी विवेकानंद ने कहा था कि यूरोप की सभ्यता सर्वथा तिरस्कार की वस्तु नहीं; क्योंकि मैं भी उस ईश्वर में विश्वास करना नहीं चाहता जो मरने के बाद मुझे शांति तो दे सकता है, किंतु जीवन में मुझे रोटी नहीं दे सकता। स्पष्ट ही, स्वामी विवेकानंद भारतीय अध्यात्म का संबंध उस वस्तु के साथ जोड़ना चाहते थे जो हमारे पास नहीं थी- जो शायद, हमारे पूर्वजों के पास भी नहीं थी। उन्होंने धर्म की गोद में ऊँघते हुए भारतवर्ष को जगाने के लिए शंखनाद किया और कहा, कि तुम्हें जीवन में स्पंदन भरने वाली प्रेरणा की ज़रूरत है; तुम्हें शक्ति का वह विदयुत् प्रवाह चाहिए जिससे धरती जवान रहती है और जिससे यूरोप के अंग-अंग में चेतना और स्वास्थ्य का सौंदर्य छलक रहा है।

निम्नलिखित प्रश्नों के उत्तर उपरोक्त गद्यांश के आधार पर दीजिए-

SubQuestion No : 98

<sup>Q.98</sup> 'तिरस्कार' का अर्थ क्या है?

Ans 🖌 1. अपमान



🗡 ः स्वीकार

🗡 ४. सम्मान

Question ID : 6549781722 Status : Answered Chosen Option : 1

स्वामी विवेकानंद ने कहा था कि यूरोप की सभ्यता सर्वथा तिरस्कार की वस्तु नहीं; क्योंकि मैं भी उस ईश्वर में विश्वास करना नहीं चाहता जो मरने के बाद मुझे शांति तो दे सकता है, किंतु जीवन में मुझे रोटी नहीं दे सकता। स्पष्ट ही, स्वामी विवेकानंद भारतीय अध्यात्म का संबंध उस वस्तु के साथ जोड़ना चाहते थे जो हमारे पास नहीं थी- जो शायद, हमारे पूर्वजों के पास भी नहीं थी। उन्होंने धर्म की गोद में ऊँघते हुए भारतवर्ष को जगाने के लिए शंखनाद किया और कहा, कि तुम्हें जीवन में स्पंदन भरने वाली प्रेरणा की ज़रूरत है; तुम्हें शक्ति का वह विद्युत् प्रवाह चाहिए जिससे धरती जवान रहती है और जिससे यूरोप के अंग-अंग में चेतना और स्वास्थ्य का सौंदर्य छलक रहा है।

निम्नलिखित प्रश्नों के उत्तर उपरोक्त गद्यांश के आधार पर दीजिए-

SubQuestion No : 99

<sup>Q.99</sup> 'स्पंदन' का अर्थ क्या है?

- Ans 🗡 1. स्थिरता
  - 🖌 २. गति
  - 🗙 ३. सौंदर्य
  - 🗙 ४. सुख

Question ID : **6549781726** Status : **Answered** Chosen Option : **2** 

स्वामी विवेकानंद ने कहा था कि यूरोप की सभ्यता सर्वथा तिरस्कार की वस्तु नहीं; क्योंकि मैं भी उस ईश्वर में विश्वास करना नहीं चाहता जो मरने के बाद मुझे शांति तो दे सकता है, किंतु जीवन में मुझे रोटी नहीं दे सकता। स्पष्ट ही, स्वामी विवेकानंद भारतीय अध्यात्म का संबंध उस वस्तु के साथ जोड़ना चाहते थे जो हमारे पास नहीं थी- जो शायद, हमारे पूर्वजों के पास भी नहीं थी। उन्होंने धर्म की गोद में ऊँघते हुए भारतवर्ष को जगाने के लिए शंखनाद किया और कहा, कि तुम्हें जीवन में स्पंदन भरने वाली प्रेरणा की ज़रूरत है; तुम्हें शक्ति का वह विद्युत् प्रवाह चाहिए जिससे धरती जवान रहती है और जिससे यूरोप के अंग-अंग में चेतना और स्वास्थ्य का सौंदर्य छलक रहा है।

निम्नलिखित प्रश्नों के उत्तर उपरोक्त गद्यांश के आधार पर दीजिए-

SubQuestion No: 100

<sup>Q.100</sup> गद्यांश का केंद्रीय लक्ष्य क्या है?

Ans 🗡 1. भारत की सभ्यता का बखान

🗙 २ भारत और यूरोपीय सभ्यता का संघर्ष

🗙 ३ यूरोपीय सभ्यता का बखान

🖌 ४ भारत और यूरोपीय सभ्यता के बीच समन्वय

Question ID : 6549781724 Status : Answered Chosen Option : 4

Chosen Option : 1

Section : General English

l	Q.1	Select the correct passive form of the given sentence.	
		Light a candle in the memory of the brave martyrs.	
	Ans	1. Let a candle be lit in the memory of the brave martyrs.	
		X 2. A candle has been lit in the memory of the brave martyrs.	
		X 3. A candle is lit by us in the memory of the brave martyrs.	
		$\mathbf{X}$ 4. A candle will be lighted in the memory of the brave martyrs.	
l			
l			Question ID : 6549781536 Status : Answered

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Q.2	Select the correct indirect form of the given sentence.		
	I said, "What a remarkable likeness between the two sisters!"		
Ans			
	X 2. I remarked that what a remarkable likeness there was betw	veen the two sisters.	
	X 3. I asked that was there a remarkable likeness between the t		
	$\times$ 4. I exclaimed that what a remarkable likeness was there bet		
		Question ID : 6549781545	
		Status : Answered Chosen Option : 1	
Q.3	Select the most appropriate meaning of the given idiom.		
	Keep a lid on		
Ans	1. keep a record of something		
	2. keep up the good work		
	💞 3. keep emotions under control		
	X 4. keep the change		
		Question ID : 6549781563 Status : Answered	
		Chosen Option : 1	
Q.4	Fill in the blank with the most appropriate word.		
	She her pearly white teeth in a broad smile.		
Ans	1. glowed		
	2. flashed		
	X 3. flamed		
	X 4. sparkled		
		Question ID : 6549781550 Status : Not Answered	
0.5	4. sparkled	Status : Not Answered	
Q.5	X 4. sparkled Select the most appropriate ANTONYM of the given word.	Status : Not Answered	
	X 4. sparkled Select the most appropriate ANTONYM of the given word. BARREN	Status : Not Answered	
Q.5 Ans	X 4. sparkled Select the most appropriate ANTONYM of the given word. BARREN X 1. sterile	Status : Not Answered	
	A. sparkled Select the most appropriate ANTONYM of the given word. BARREN 1. sterile 2. fruitful	Status : Not Answered	
	A. sparkled Select the most appropriate ANTONYM of the given word. BARREN 1. sterile 2. fruitful	Status : Not Answered	
	X 4. sparkled Select the most appropriate ANTONYM of the given word. BARREN X 1. sterile	Status : Not Answered	
	A. sparkled Select the most appropriate ANTONYM of the given word. BARREN 1. sterile 2. fruitful	Status : Not Answered	
	A. sparkled Select the most appropriate ANTONYM of the given word. BARREN 1. sterile 2. fruitful	Status : Not Answered Chosen Option :	

Q.0	Select the most appropriate meaning of the given idiom.	
	Take a walk	
Ans	1. diffusing a tense situation	
	2. comforting someone in pain	
	3. rudely telling someone to go away	
	X 4. following someone secretly	
		Question ID : 6549781566
		Status : <b>Answered</b> Chosen Option : <b>2</b>
Q.7	Select the most appropriate ANTONYM of the given word.	
	DILUTE	
Ans	X 1. lessen	
	2. strengthen	
	X 3. modify	
	4. weaken	
		Question ID : 6549781558
		Status : <b>Answered</b> Chosen Option : <b>2</b>
Q.8	Select the most appropriate ANTONYM of the given word.	
	Select the most appropriate ANTONYM of the given word. EMULATE	
Q.8 Ans	EMULATE 1. neglect 2. imitate 3. extract	Question ID : <b>6549781559</b>
	EMULATE 1. neglect 2. imitate 3. extract	Question ID : <b>6549781559</b> Status : <b>Answered</b>
	EMULATE 1. neglect 2. imitate 3. extract	Question ID : <b>6549781559</b>
Ans	EMULATE 1. neglect 2. imitate 3. extract	Question ID : <b>6549781559</b> Status : <b>Answered</b>
Ans	EMULATE 1. neglect 2. imitate 3. extract 4. protect	Question ID : <b>6549781559</b> Status : <b>Answered</b>
Ans	EMULATE	Question ID : 6549781559 Status : Answered
Ans	EMULATE	Question ID : 6549781559 Status : Answered
Ans	EMULATE <ul> <li>1. neglect</li> <li>2. imitate</li> <li>3. extract</li> <li>4. protect</li> </ul> Select the most appropriate ANTONYM of the given word. ANNIHILATION <ul> <li>1. elimination</li> <li>2. construction</li> </ul>	Question ID : 6549781559 Status : Answered
Ans	EMULATE <ul> <li>1. neglect</li> <li>2. imitate</li> <li>3. extract</li> <li>4. protect</li> </ul> Select the most appropriate ANTONYM of the given word. ANNIHILATION <ul> <li>1. elimination</li> <li>2. construction</li> <li>3. extinction</li> </ul>	Question ID : 6549781559 Status : Answered
Ans	EMULATE <ul> <li>1. neglect</li> <li>2. imitate</li> <li>3. extract</li> <li>4. protect</li> </ul> Select the most appropriate ANTONYM of the given word. ANNIHILATION <ul> <li>1. elimination</li> <li>2. construction</li> </ul>	Question ID : <b>6549781559</b> Status : <b>Answered</b>

Q.10	Select the most appropriate option to substitute the underlined segment sentence. If there is no need to substitute it, select 'No substitution'.	in the given		
	She ordered some scrambled eggs but the coffee.			
Ans	X 1. but a coffee			
	2. and coffee			
	X 3. and the coffee			
	X 4. No substitution			
	4. No substitution			
		Question ID : 6549781599		
		Status : Answered		
		Chosen Option : 2		
Q.11	Select the correct direct form of the given sentence.			
	Ishmit told his mother that someone had come to see her that day.			
Ans	1. Ishmit said to his mother, "Someone is coming to see her today."			
	2. Ishmit said to his mother, "Someone came to see you today."			
	$\times$ 3. Ishmit said to his mother, "Someone has come to see her that da	ay."		
	$\times$ 4. Ishmit said to his mother, "Someone has come to see you that da	ay."		
		Question ID : 6549781538		
		Status : <b>Answered</b> Chosen Option : <b>2</b>		
Q.12	Select the most appropriate meaning of the given idiom.			
	A feast for the eyes			
Ans	1. a pleasing visual experience			
	2. a remedy for good eyesight			
	X 3. a lavish spread of food			
	X 4. a well presented but tasteless dish			
		Question ID : 6549781562		
		Status : <b>Answered</b> Chosen Option : <b>1</b>		
2.13	Select the correct indirect form of the given sentence.			
	The teacher has said, "It is important to maintain personal hygiene."			
Ans	1. The teacher has said that it is important to maintain personal hygiene.			
	2. The teacher said that it is important to maintain personal hygiene.			
	X 3. The teacher said that it was important to maintain personal hygiene.			
	4. The teacher is saying said that it was important to maintain pers			
		Question ID : <b>6549781543</b>		
		Status · Answeren		
		Status : <b>Answered</b> Chosen Option : <b>1</b>		

.14	Fill in the blank with the most appropriate word.	
	He seems to have no of keeping his promise.	
ns	1. retention	
	2. intention	
	X 3. attention	
	X 4. rejection	
		Question ID : <b>6549781549</b> Status : <b>Answered</b>
		Chosen Option : 2
2.15	Select the correct passive form of the given sentence.	
Ans	The receptionist had informed us about the appointment.	
/ 110		
	2. We have been informed about the appointment by the reception	st.
	3. We were informed about the appointment by the receptionist.	
	$\sim$ X 4. The receptionist had been informed about the appointment by u	s.
		Ouestion ID : 6549781535
		Question ID : 6549781535 Status : Answered
	Identify the segment in the sentence that contains a grammatical error. I was fully convinced that she did not believe a word of that I had said.	
Q.16 Ans		Status : Answered
	I was fully convinced that she did not believe a word of that I had said. 1. I was fully convinced 2. of that I had said 3. that she did not	Status : Answered
	I was fully convinced that she did not believe a word of that I had said. 1. I was fully convinced 2. of that I had said 3. that she did not	Status : <b>Answered</b> Chosen Option : <b>1</b> Question ID : <b>6549781523</b>
	I was fully convinced that she did not believe a word of that I had said. 1. I was fully convinced 2. of that I had said 3. that she did not	Status : Answered Chosen Option : 1
Ans	I was fully convinced that she did not believe a word of that I had said. 2. of that I had said 3. that she did not 4. believe a word	Status : <b>Answered</b> Chosen Option : <b>1</b> Question ID : <b>6549781523</b> Status : <b>Answered</b>
Ans	I was fully convinced that she did not believe a word of that I had said.	Status : <b>Answered</b> Chosen Option : <b>1</b> Question ID : <b>6549781523</b> Status : <b>Answered</b>
Ans Q.17	I was fully convinced that she did not believe a word of that I had said.	Status : <b>Answered</b> Chosen Option : <b>1</b> Question ID : <b>6549781523</b> Status : <b>Answered</b>
Ans	I was fully convinced that she did not believe a word of that I had said.	Status : <b>Answered</b> Chosen Option : <b>1</b> Question ID : <b>6549781523</b> Status : <b>Answered</b>
Ans Q.17	<ul> <li>I was fully convinced that she did not believe a word of that I had said.</li> <li>1. I was fully convinced</li> <li>2. of that I had said</li> <li>3. that she did not</li> <li>4. believe a word</li> </ul> Select the correct direct form of the given sentence. He asked me if I was not thinking of investing then. <ul> <li>1. He said to me, "Are you thinking of investing then?"</li> <li>2. He said to me, "Haven't you thought of investing then?"</li> </ul>	Status : <b>Answered</b> Chosen Option : <b>1</b> Question ID : <b>6549781523</b> Status : <b>Answered</b>
Ans Q.17	<ul> <li>I was fully convinced that she did not believe a word of that I had said.</li> <li>1. I was fully convinced</li> <li>2. of that I had said</li> <li>3. that she did not</li> <li>4. believe a word</li> </ul> Select the correct direct form of the given sentence. He asked me if I was not thinking of investing then. <ul> <li>1. He said to me, "Are you thinking of investing then?"</li> <li>2. He said to me, "Are you not thinking of investing now?"</li> </ul>	Status : <b>Answered</b> Chosen Option : <b>1</b> Question ID : <b>6549781523</b> Status : <b>Answered</b>
Ans Q.17	<ul> <li>I was fully convinced that she did not believe a word of that I had said.</li> <li>1. I was fully convinced</li> <li>2. of that I had said</li> <li>3. that she did not</li> <li>4. believe a word</li> </ul> Select the correct direct form of the given sentence. He asked me if I was not thinking of investing then. <ul> <li>1. He said to me, "Are you thinking of investing then?"</li> <li>2. He said to me, "Haven't you thought of investing then?"</li> </ul>	Status : <b>Answered</b> Chosen Option : <b>1</b> Question ID : <b>6549781523</b> Status : <b>Answered</b>
Ans Q.17	<ul> <li>I was fully convinced that she did not believe a word of that I had said.</li> <li>1. I was fully convinced</li> <li>2. of that I had said</li> <li>3. that she did not</li> <li>4. believe a word</li> </ul> Select the correct direct form of the given sentence. He asked me if I was not thinking of investing then. <ul> <li>1. He said to me, "Are you thinking of investing then?"</li> <li>2. He said to me, "Are you not thinking of investing now?"</li> </ul>	Status : <b>Answered</b> Chosen Option : <b>1</b> Question ID : <b>6549781523</b> Status : <b>Answered</b>
Ans Q.17	<ul> <li>I was fully convinced that she did not believe a word of that I had said.</li> <li>1. I was fully convinced</li> <li>2. of that I had said</li> <li>3. that she did not</li> <li>4. believe a word</li> </ul> Select the correct direct form of the given sentence. He asked me if I was not thinking of investing then. <ul> <li>1. He said to me, "Are you thinking of investing then?"</li> <li>2. He said to me, "Are you not thinking of investing now?"</li> </ul>	Status : Answered         Chosen Option : 1         Question ID : 6549781523         Status : Answered         Chosen Option : 2

Q.18	Select the most appropriate synonym of the given word.	
	REDEMPTION	
Ans	1. atonement	
	2. requirement	
	X 3. foundation	
	4. consumption	
		Question ID : <b>6549781555</b> Status : <b>Answered</b>
		Chosen Option : 4
Q.19	Given below are four sentences in jumbled order. Pick the option that given order.	ves their correct
	<ul> <li>A. In arid regions of Rajasthan, almost all houses traditionally had under</li> <li>B. They were connected to the sloping roof of the house through a pipe.</li> <li>C. These could be as large as a big room.</li> <li>D. Rainwater falling on the roofs would travel down the pipe and get store</li> </ul>	
Ans	X 1. BCDA	
	2. ACBD	
	X 3. ADBC	
	4. CADB	
		Question ID : 6549781595
		Status : Answered Chosen Option : 2
Q.20	Select the most appropriate option to substitute the underlined segmen sentence. If there is no need to substitute it, select 'No substitution'.	t in the given
	Neither my sister nor me was keen to attend the concert.	
Ans	X 1. Either my sister or me	
	2. Neither my sister or me	
	3. Neither my sister nor I	
	4. No substitution	
		Question ID : <b>6549781600</b> Status : <b>Answered</b>
		Chosen Option : 3
0.21	Select the correct active form of the given sentence.	
Q.21		
Ans	Anything would have been permitted by Alice Bennett.  1. Alice Bennett permitted anything.	
	2. Alice Bennett would permit anything.	
	X 3. Alice Bennett will permit anything.	
	4. Alice Bennett would have permitted anything.	
		Question ID : 6549781528
		Status : Answered
		Chosen Option : 4

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2.22	Select the correct active form of the given sentence.	
	I am being devoured by curiosity.	
Ans	1. Curiosity is devouring me.	
	2. Curiosity had devoured me.	
	X 3. Curiosity will devour me.	
	X 4. Curiosity has devoured me.	
		Question ID : <b>6549781530</b> Status : <b>Answered</b>
		Chosen Option : 1
2.23	Select the correct direct form of the given sentence.	
	She exclaimed that I was wearing an exquisite ring.	
Ans	1. She said, "Is this an exquisite ring you are wearing?"	
	2. She said, "What an exquisite ring you are wearing!"	
	X 3. She said, "Are you wearing an exquisite ring?"	
	4. She says, "What an exquisite ring are you wearing!"	
		Question ID : 6549781540
		Status : Answered Chosen Option : 2
2.24	Fill in the blank with the most appropriate word.	
	I an unopened letter lying on the mantelpiece.	
Ans	X 1. watched	
	2. noticed	
	X 3. peered	
	X 4. glanced	
	4. granceu	
		Question ID : 6549781548
		Status : Answered
		Chosen Option : 2

	Given below are six sentences, out of which sentences A and F are in the correct position. Sentences B, C, D and E are in a jumbled order. Select the option that gives the correct order.	
	<ul> <li>A. King Advois of the Philippines mounted his horse and left for the fore</li> <li>B. But there was no sign of water nearby.</li> <li>C. He was thirsty and so was his horse.</li> <li>D. Finally, he stopped his horse to rest for a while.</li> <li>E. He rode so fast that he soon left his soldiers far behind.</li> <li>F. Wandering about, the king spotted a hut with a thatched roof.</li> </ul>	est with his soldiers.
Ans	1. AEDCBF	
	2. ADCBEF	
	3. AEBDCF	
	4. ACDEBF	
		Question ID : <b>6549781589</b> Status : <b>Answered</b>
		Chosen Option : 1
J.26	Select the correct active form of the given sentence.	
	Can your presence at the site of the murder be denied?	
Ans	1. Can you be denying your presence at the site of the murder?	
	2. Had you denied your presence at the site of the murder?	
	3. Did you deny your presence at the site of the murder?	
	4. Can you deny your presence at the site of the murder?	
		Ouestion ID : 6549781531
		Status : Answered
		Chosen Option : 4
Q.27	Given below are four sentences in jumbled order. Pick the option that gi order.	ves their correct
	<ul><li>A. At seventy, one only waited to be summoned by God.</li><li>B. When he was dead, what would his wife do?</li><li>C. They had lived in each other's company since they were children.</li><li>D. The shopkeeper had said Muni was seventy.</li></ul>	
Ans	1. DABC	
	X 2. BDCA	
	X 3. DCBA	
	X 3. DCBA X 4. CDBA	
		Question ID : 6549781597
		Status : <b>Answered</b> Chosen Option : <b>1</b>
		Chosen Option : 1

Q.28	Select the most appropriate option to substitute the underlined segment in the given sentence. If there is no need to substitute it, select 'No substitution'.			
	Do you deny that <u>you have offered</u> him a huge sum to impersonate you at the party last month?			
Ans	1. you were offered			
	X 2. No substitution			
	3. you offered			
	X 4. you have offer			
		Question ID : 6549781603 Status : Answered		
		Chosen Option : 3		
Q.29	Select the most appropriate option to substitute the underlined seg sentence. If there is no need to substitute it, select 'No substitution			
	"What a fine piece of workmanship this is!" he exclaimed.			
Ans	$\mathbf{X}$ 1. these are			
	2. it is this			
	3. No substitution			
	-			
	X 4. is there			
		Question ID : 6549781602		
		Status : Answered		
		Chosen Option : 3		
Q.30	<ul> <li>Given below are six sentences, out of which sentences A and F are Sentences B, C, D and E are in a jumbled order. Select the option the order.</li> <li>A. A young Brahmin came forward and bowed to the king.</li> <li>B. He gripped the bow and looked at the princess with a smile.</li> <li>C. His arms were powerful and did not seem to belong to a Brahmin D. He was tall, dark with broad shoulders.</li> </ul>	at gives the correct		
	E. They were certainly those of a warrior.	oroud		
Ans	E. They were certainly those of a warrior. F. Then he strung the bow evoking a thunderous applause from the	crowd.		
Ans	<ul> <li>E. They were certainly those of a warrior.</li> <li>F. Then he strung the bow evoking a thunderous applause from the 1. ADCEBF</li> </ul>	crowd.		
Ans	<ul> <li>E. They were certainly those of a warrior.</li> <li>F. Then he strung the bow evoking a thunderous applause from the 1. ADCEBF</li> </ul>	crowd.		
Ans	<ul> <li>E. They were certainly those of a warrior.</li> <li>F. Then he strung the bow evoking a thunderous applause from the 1. ADCEBF</li> </ul>	crowd.		
Ans	E. They were certainly those of a warrior. F. Then he strung the bow evoking a thunderous applause from the	crowd.		
Ans	<ul> <li>E. They were certainly those of a warrior.</li> <li>F. Then he strung the bow evoking a thunderous applause from the 1. ADCEBF</li> </ul>	crowd. Question ID : <b>6549781593</b>		
Ans	<ul> <li>E. They were certainly those of a warrior.</li> <li>F. Then he strung the bow evoking a thunderous applause from the 1. ADCEBF</li> </ul>			

Q.31	Select the correct indirect form of the given sentence.	
	You said to me, "I slept well last night."	
Ans	1. You told me that you had slept well the previous night.	
	🛛 🗙 2. You told me that you sleep well the previous night.	
	$\times$ 3. You said to me that you slept well last night.	
	X 4. You said to me that you were sleeping well last night.	
		Question ID : <b>6549781542</b> Status : <b>Answered</b>
		Chosen Option : 1
Q.32	Select the most appropriate synonym of the given word.	
	RAPT	
Ans	1. absorbed	
	X 2. upset	
	X 3. unhappy	
	X 4. troubled	
		Question ID : 6549781553
		Status : Answered
		Chosen Option : 1
	There were floral decorations from display in the city.	
Ans	<ul> <li>1. from display</li> <li>2. in the city</li> <li>3. There were</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>1. from display</li> <li>2. in the city</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>1. from display</li> <li>2. in the city</li> <li>3. There were</li> </ul>	Question ID : <b>6549781520</b>
	<ul> <li>1. from display</li> <li>2. in the city</li> <li>3. There were</li> </ul>	Status : Answered
	<ul> <li>1. from display</li> <li>2. in the city</li> <li>3. There were</li> </ul>	
Ans	<ul> <li>1. from display</li> <li>2. in the city</li> <li>3. There were</li> </ul>	Status : <b>Answered</b> Chosen Option : <b>1</b>
Ans Q.34	<ul> <li>1. from display</li> <li>2. in the city</li> <li>3. There were</li> <li>4. floral decorations</li> </ul>	Status : <b>Answered</b> Chosen Option : <b>1</b>
Ans Q.34	<ul> <li>1. from display</li> <li>2. in the city</li> <li>3. There were</li> <li>4. floral decorations</li> </ul>	Status : <b>Answered</b> Chosen Option : <b>1</b>
Ans Q.34	<ul> <li>1. from display</li> <li>2. in the city</li> <li>3. There were</li> <li>4. floral decorations</li> </ul> Identify the segment in the sentence that contains a grammatical error. The warriors reluctantly withdrawn their weapons and peace prevailed.	Status : <b>Answered</b> Chosen Option : <b>1</b>
Ans Q.34	<ul> <li>1. from display</li> <li>2. in the city</li> <li>3. There were</li> <li>4. floral decorations</li> </ul> Identify the segment in the sentence that contains a grammatical error. The warriors reluctantly withdrawn their weapons and peace prevailed. 1. The warriors	Status : <b>Answered</b> Chosen Option : <b>1</b>
Ans Q.34	<ul> <li>1. from display</li> <li>2. in the city</li> <li>3. There were</li> <li>4. floral decorations</li> </ul> Identify the segment in the sentence that contains a grammatical error. The warriors reluctantly withdrawn their weapons and peace prevailed. <ul> <li>1. The warriors</li> <li>2. their weapons</li> </ul>	Status : <b>Answered</b> Chosen Option : <b>1</b>
Ans Q.34	<ul> <li>1. from display</li> <li>2. in the city</li> <li>3. There were</li> <li>4. floral decorations</li> </ul> Identify the segment in the sentence that contains a grammatical error. The warriors reluctantly withdrawn their weapons and peace prevailed. <ul> <li>1. The warriors</li> <li>2. their weapons</li> <li>3. and peace prevailed</li> </ul>	Status : Answered Chosen Option : 1
Ans Q.34	<ul> <li>1. from display</li> <li>2. in the city</li> <li>3. There were</li> <li>4. floral decorations</li> </ul> Identify the segment in the sentence that contains a grammatical error. The warriors reluctantly withdrawn their weapons and peace prevailed. <ul> <li>1. The warriors</li> <li>2. their weapons</li> <li>3. and peace prevailed</li> </ul>	Status : <b>Answered</b> Chosen Option : <b>1</b>

I

Q.35	Identify the segment in the sentence that contains a grammatical error.	
	I wondered why both the wife of Lord Easton had left him.	
Ans	1. of Lord Easton	
	2. had left him	
	X 3. I wondered why	
	4. both the wife	
		Question ID : 6549781522 Status : Answered
		Chosen Option : 4
Q.36	Given below are six sentences, out of which sentences A and F are in the Sentences B, C, D and E are in a jumbled order. Select the option that give order.	
	<ul> <li>A. Folk tales offer lots of advice.</li> <li>B. Most of them deliver the message clearly.</li> <li>C. The reason was that he was not properly dressed.</li> <li>D. There is a story of Birbal not being allowed to attend the king's free lu</li> <li>E. This happened despite his high intellectual abilities.</li> <li>F. The advice thus conveyed is 'Don't judge a book by its cover.'</li> </ul>	nch.
Ans	1. ADEBCF	
	2. ABCEDF	
	X 3. ACEDBF	
	4. ABDCEF	
		Question ID : 6549781590
		Status : Answered
		Chosen Option : 4
Q.37	Identify the segment in the sentence that contains a grammatical error.	
	I immediately realised that my deductions had being all wrong.	
Ans	1. that my deductions	
	X 2. all wrong	
	3. I immediately realised	
	4. had being	
		Question ID : 6549781524
		Status : <b>Answered</b> Chosen Option : <b>4</b>

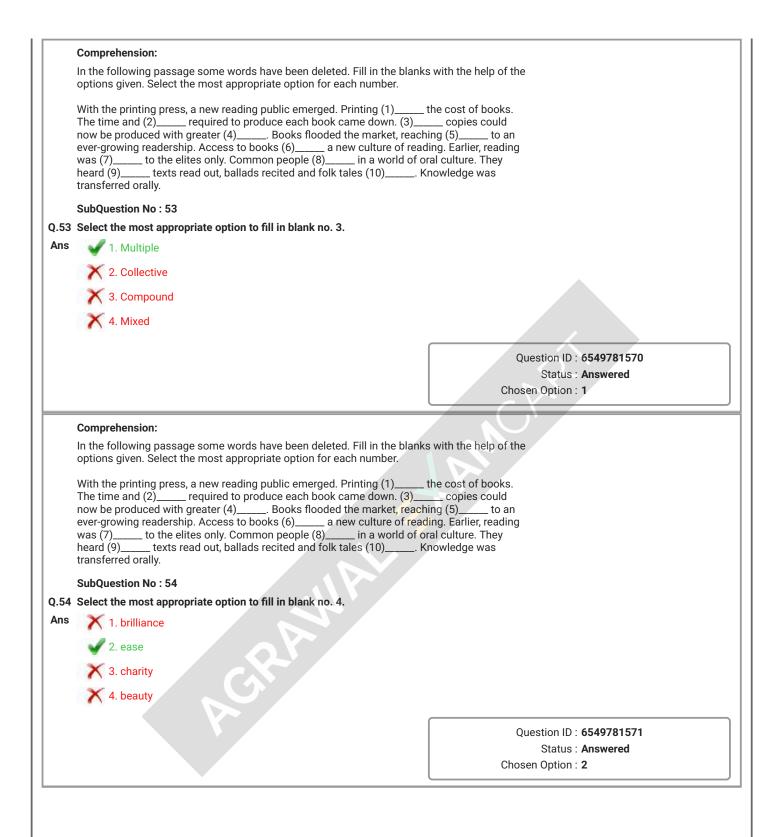
Q.38	Select the most appropriate meaning of the given idiom.	
	Take the high ground	
Ans	1. to show arrogance	
	2. to act morally	
	X 3. to ridicule the lowly	
	4. to behave childishly	
		Question ID : 6549781565
		Status : <b>Answered</b> Chosen Option : <b>2</b>
Q.39	Select the correct passive form of the given sentence.	
	She can do only one thing at a time.	
Ans	1. Only one thing at a time was done by her.	
	2. Only one thing at a time can be done by her.	
	X 3. Only one thing at a time is done by her.	
	X 4. Only one thing at a time is being done by her.	
		Question ID : 6549781533
		Status : Answered Chosen Option : 2
Ans	<ol> <li>The commander ordered the soldiers not to think twice and jurt</li> <li>The commander ordered the soldiers don't think twice and jurt</li> <li>The commander ordered the soldiers that don't think twice and now.</li> <li>The commander ordered the soldiers to not think twice and to now.</li> </ol>	ap off the plane then. I jump off the plane
Q.41	Identify the segment in the sentence that contains a grammatical error	
Ans	The boy longed for the comfort with his mother's lap.	
6115	1. The boy longed	
	2. for the comfort	
	3. with his	
	3. with his	Question ID : 6540781517
	3. with his	Question ID : 6549781517 Status : Answered
	3. with his	

I

Q.42	Select the most appropriate synonym of the given word.	
	DETAIN	
Ans	🔭 1. permit	
	X 2. assist	
	3. confine	
	X 4. advance	
	4. auvance	
		Question ID : 6549781554
		Status : Answered
		Chosen Option : 3
Q.43	Fill in the blank with the most appropriate word.	
	He is quite capable of taking hot-blooded actions.	
Ans	1. sympathetic	
	X 2. gratifying	
	X 3. genuine	
	4. impulsive	
	4. Impuisive	CX
		Question ID : 6549781551
		Status : Answered
		Chosen Option : 2
Q.44	Select the most appropriate meaning of the given idiom. Go the extra mile	
Ans	1. lose the way in a foreign country	
	2. take a longer route in a journey	
	X 3. over-achieve the targets	
	4. make more effort than is expected	
		Question ID : 6549781564
		Status : Answered
		Chosen Option : 4
0.45	Identify the segment in the sentence that contains a grammatical error.	
<b>Q</b> . 10		
Ans	I won't hold you up for so very long as you are busy.	
	2. you up for	
	X 3. as you are busy	
	🛛 🗙 4. I won't hold	
		Question ID : <b>6549781521</b> Status : <b>Answered</b>
		Chosen Option : 1

DIS Ans	ISTINCT	
Ans		
	✔ 1. unmistakable	
	X 2. vague	
	X 3. similar	
	X 4. indefinite	
- 14		
		Question ID : 6549781552
		Status : <b>Not Answered</b> Chosen Option :
Q.47 Se	elect the correct direct form of the given sentence.	
То	om said that he would paint the fence himself.	
Ans	igmma 1. Tom is saying, "I will paint the fence myself."	
	2. Tom said, "I will paint the fence myself."	
	X 3. Tom said, "He had painted the fence himself."	
1.07	4. Tom said, "He would paint the fence myself."	
		Question ID : 6549781539
		Status : Answered
oro A. B.	iven below are four sentences in jumbled order. Pick the option that g rder. . But Mr. Oliver did not feel nervous at all. . The pine trees made sad eerie sounds in the forest.	Chosen Option : 2
A. B. C. D. Ans	rder. . But Mr. Oliver did not feel nervous at all.	Chosen Option : 2
A. B. C. D. Ans	rder. But Mr. Oliver did not feel nervous at all. The pine trees made sad eerie sounds in the forest. When the light fell on the figure of a boy, sitting on a rock, Mr. Oliver He kept along the forest path guided by a flickering torch light. 1. BADC 2. CABD 3. DABC	Chosen Option : 2
A. B. C. D. Ans	rder. But Mr. Oliver did not feel nervous at all. The pine trees made sad eerie sounds in the forest. When the light fell on the figure of a boy, sitting on a rock, Mr. Oliver He kept along the forest path guided by a flickering torch light. 1. BADC 2. CABD 3. DABC	Chosen Option : 2 ives their correct stopped. Question ID : 6549781596
A. B. C. D. Ans	rder. But Mr. Oliver did not feel nervous at all. The pine trees made sad eerie sounds in the forest. When the light fell on the figure of a boy, sitting on a rock, Mr. Oliver He kept along the forest path guided by a flickering torch light. 1. BADC 2. CABD 3. DABC	Chosen Option : 2 ives their correct stopped. Question ID : 6549781596 Status : Answered
A. B. C. D. Ans	rder. But Mr. Oliver did not feel nervous at all. The pine trees made sad eerie sounds in the forest. When the light fell on the figure of a boy, sitting on a rock, Mr. Oliver He kept along the forest path guided by a flickering torch light. 1. BADC 2. CABD 3. DABC	Chosen Option : 2 ives their correct stopped. Question ID : 6549781596
A. B. C. D. Ans	rder. But Mr. Oliver did not feel nervous at all. The pine trees made sad eerie sounds in the forest. When the light fell on the figure of a boy, sitting on a rock, Mr. Oliver He kept along the forest path guided by a flickering torch light. 1. BADC 2. CABD 3. DABC	Chosen Option : 2 ives their correct stopped. Question ID : 6549781596 Status : Answered
Q.49 Se	<ul> <li>and the second second</li></ul>	Chosen Option : 2 ives their correct stopped. Question ID : 6549781596 Status : Answered
Q.49 Se	<ul> <li>and an analysis of the second secon</li></ul>	Chosen Option : 2 ives their correct stopped. Question ID : 6549781596 Status : Answered Chosen Option : 1
Q.49 Se Ans	<ul> <li>and a construction of the given sentence.</li> <li>But Mr. Oliver did not feel nervous at all.</li> <li>The pine trees made sad eerie sounds in the forest.</li> <li>When the light fell on the figure of a boy, sitting on a rock, Mr. Oliver</li> <li>He kept along the forest path guided by a flickering torch light.</li> <li>1. BADC</li> <li>2. CABD</li> <li>3. DABC</li> <li>4. BDCA</li> </ul>	Chosen Option : 2 ives their correct stopped. Question ID : 6549781596 Status : Answered Chosen Option : 1 ed.
Q.49 Se Ans	<ul> <li>ander.</li> <li>But Mr. Oliver did not feel nervous at all.</li> <li>The pine trees made sad eerie sounds in the forest.</li> <li>When the light fell on the figure of a boy, sitting on a rock, Mr. Oliver</li> <li>He kept along the forest path guided by a flickering torch light.</li> <li>1. BADC</li> <li>2. CABD</li> <li>3. DABC</li> <li>4. BDCA</li> </ul> elect the correct passive form of the given sentence. he is cooking up stories so that she can escape punishment. 1. Stories are cooked up by her so that punishment can be escape	Chosen Option : 2 ives their correct stopped. Question ID : 6549781596 Status : Answered Chosen Option : 1 ed. caped.
Q.49 Se	<ul> <li>ander.</li> <li>But Mr. Oliver did not feel nervous at all.</li> <li>The pine trees made sad eerie sounds in the forest.</li> <li>When the light fell on the figure of a boy, sitting on a rock, Mr. Oliver</li> <li>He kept along the forest path guided by a flickering torch light.</li> <li>1. BADC</li> <li>2. CABD</li> <li>3. DABC</li> <li>4. BDCA</li> </ul> elect the correct passive form of the given sentence. he is cooking up stories so that she can escape punishment. 1. Stories are cooked up by her so that punishment could be escape	Chosen Option : 2 ives their correct stopped. Question ID : 6549781596 Status : Answered Chosen Option : 1 ed. eaged. escaped.
Q.49 Se	<ul> <li>ander.</li> <li>But Mr. Oliver did not feel nervous at all.</li> <li>The pine trees made sad eerie sounds in the forest.</li> <li>When the light fell on the figure of a boy, sitting on a rock, Mr. Oliver</li> <li>He kept along the forest path guided by a flickering torch light.</li> <li>1. BADC</li> <li>2. CABD</li> <li>3. DABC</li> <li>4. BDCA</li> </ul> elect the correct passive form of the given sentence. the is cooking up stories so that she can escape punishment. 1. Stories are cooked up by her so that punishment could be escape 3. Stories are being cooked up by her so that punishment can be escape	Chosen Option : 2 ives their correct stopped. Question ID : 6549781596 Status : Answered Chosen Option : 1 ed. escaped.

Q.50	Select the correct active form of the given sentence.		
	The excitement aroused by the murder was soon forgotten by people.		
Ans	1. People are soon going to forget the excitement aroused by the r	nurder.	
	<ul> <li>2. People will soon forget the excitement aroused by the murder.</li> <li>3. People have soon forgotten the excitement aroused by the murder.</li> </ul>		
	4. People soon forgot the excitement aroused by the murder.		
		Question ID : 6549781529	
s		Status : Answered	
		Chosen Option : 4	
	Comprehension:		
In the following passage some words have been deleted. Fill in the blanks with the help of the options given. Select the most appropriate option for each number.			
	With the printing press, a new reading public emerged. Printing (1) the cost of books. The time and (2) required to produce each book came down. (3) copies could now be produced with greater (4) Books flooded the market, reaching (5) to an ever-growing readership. Access to books (6) a new culture of reading. Earlier, reading was (7) to the elites only. Common people (8) in a world of oral culture. They heard (9) texts read out, ballads recited and folk tales (10) Knowledge was transferred orally.		
	SubQuestion No : 51		
	Select the most appropriate option to fill in blank no. 1.		
Ans	X 1. reproduced		
	2. reduced		
	X 3. removed		
	X 4. recovered		
Question ID : <b>6549781568</b>			
		Status : <b>Answered</b> Chosen Option : <b>2</b>	
		· .	
	Comprehension:		
	In the following passage some words have been deleted. Fill in the blanks options given. Select the most appropriate option for each number	s with the help of the	
	options given. Select the most appropriate option for each number. With the printing press, a new reading public emerged. Printing (1) the cost of books. The time and (2) required to produce each book came down. (3) copies could now be produced with greater (4) Books flooded the market, reaching (5) to an ever-growing readership. Access to books (6) a new culture of reading. Earlier, reading was (7) to the elites only. Common people (8) in a world of oral culture. They heard (9) texts read out, ballads recited and folk tales (10) Knowledge was transferred orally.		
	SubQuestion No : 52		
).52	52 Select the most appropriate option to fill in blank no. 2.		
Ans	💦 X 1. health		
	2. fame		
	3. labour		
	X 4. courage		
		Question ID : <b>6549781569</b> Status : <b>Answered</b>	
		Chosen Option : 3	
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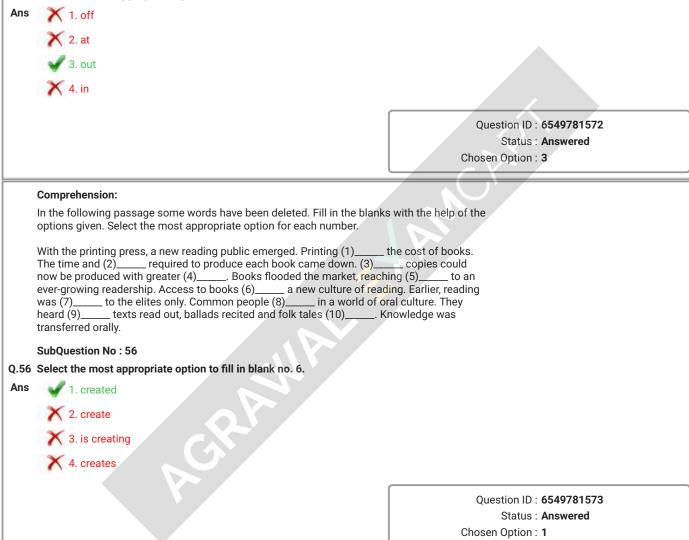


In the following passage some words have been deleted. Fill in the blanks with the help of the options given. Select the most appropriate option for each number.

With the printing press, a new reading public emerged. Printing (1)\_\_\_\_\_\_ the cost of books. The time and (2)\_\_\_\_\_\_ required to produce each book came down. (3)\_\_\_\_\_\_ copies could now be produced with greater (4)\_\_\_\_\_\_. Books flooded the market, reaching (5)\_\_\_\_\_\_ to an ever-growing readership. Access to books (6)\_\_\_\_\_\_ a new culture of reading. Earlier, reading was (7)\_\_\_\_\_\_ to the elites only. Common people (8)\_\_\_\_\_\_ in a world of oral culture. They heard (9)\_\_\_\_\_\_ texts read out, ballads recited and folk tales (10)\_\_\_\_\_\_. Knowledge was transferred orally.

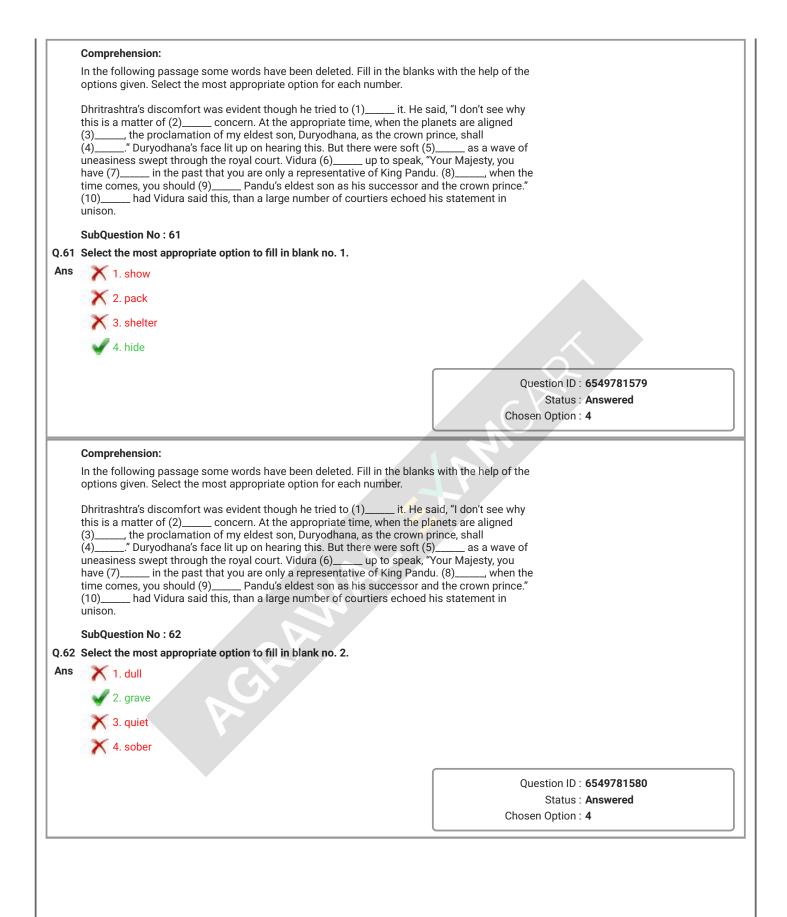
#### SubQuestion No : 55

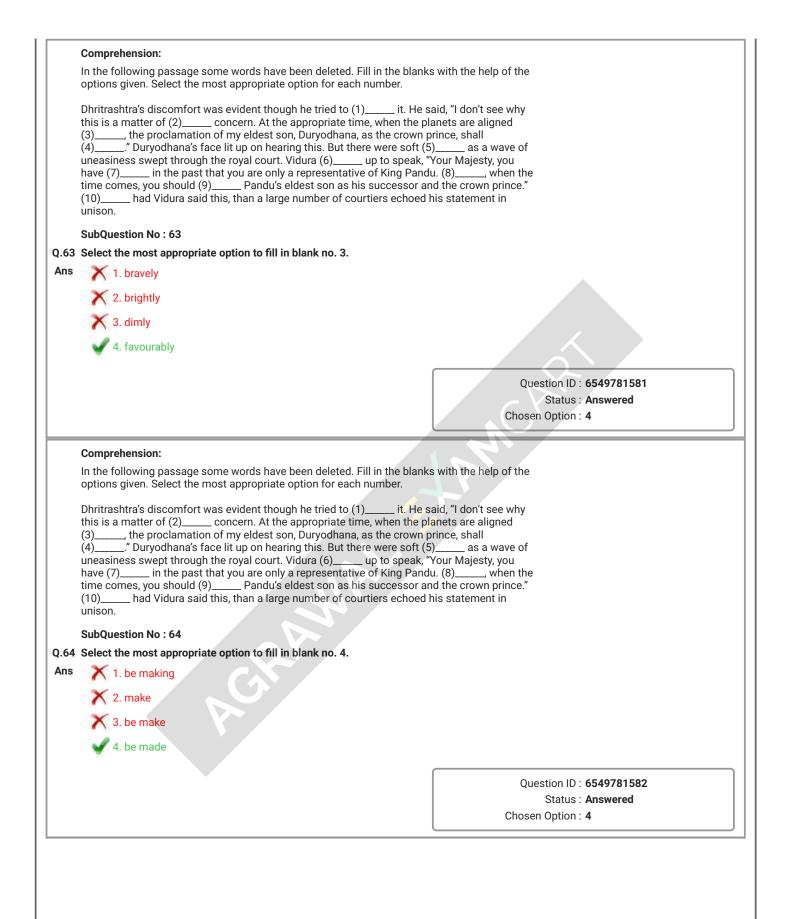
Q.55 Select the most appropriate option to fill in blank no. 5.

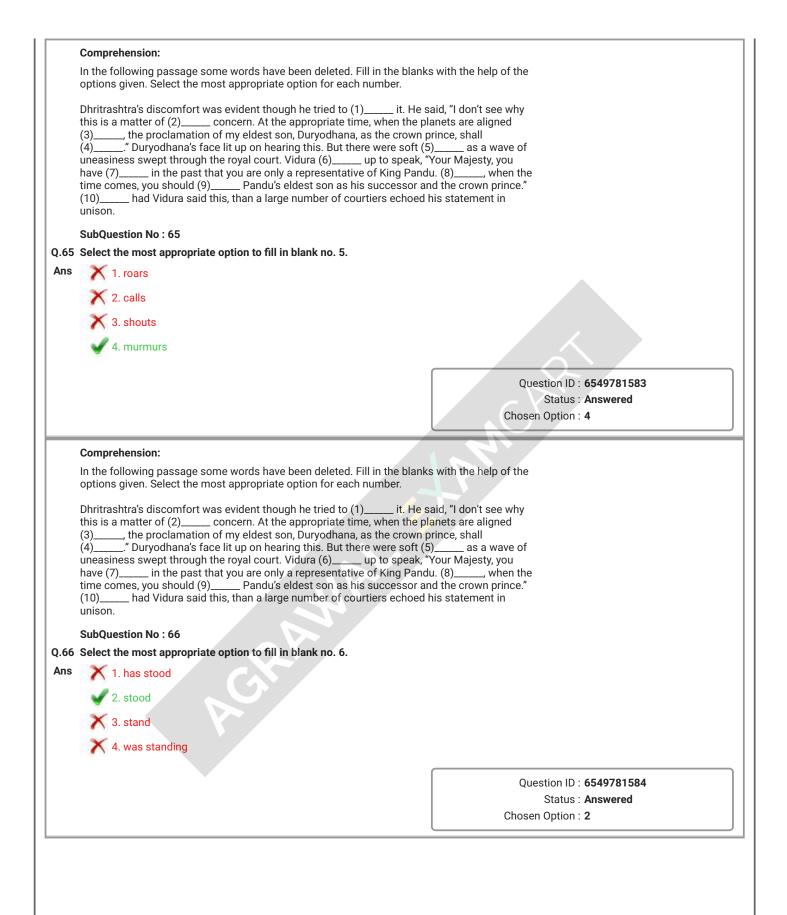


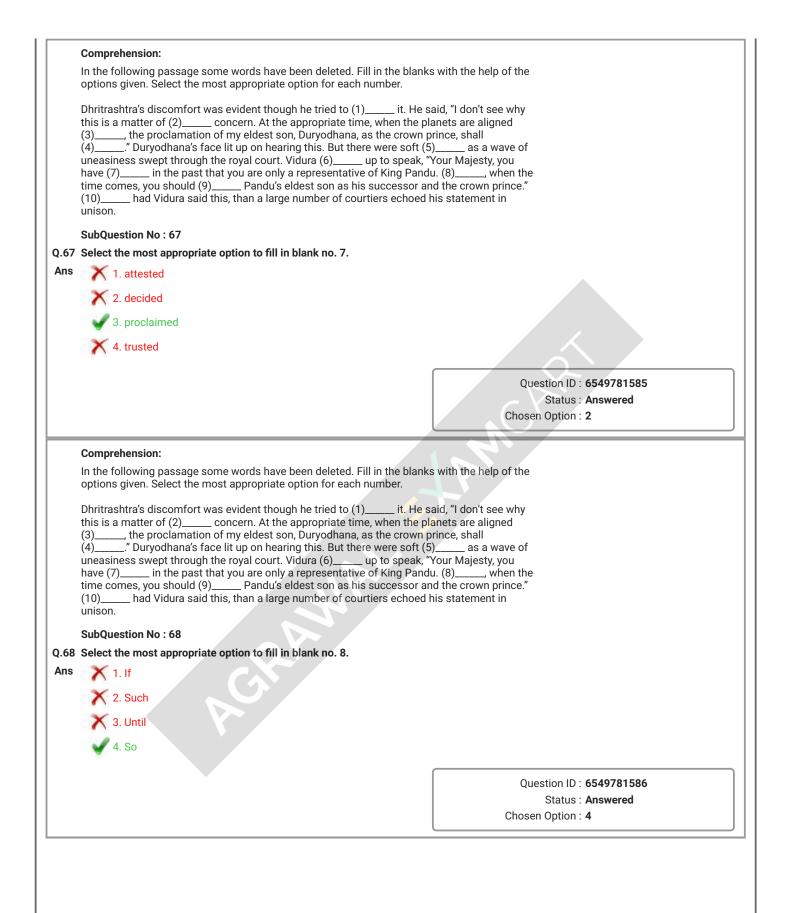
	Comprehension:		
	In the following passage some words have been deleted. Fill in the blanks with the help of the		
	options given. Select the most appropriate option for each number. With the printing press, a new reading public emerged. Printing (1) the cost of books. The time and (2) required to produce each book came down. (3) copies could now be produced with greater (4) Books flooded the market, reaching (5) to an ever-growing readership. Access to books (6) a new culture of reading. Earlier, reading was (7) to the elites only. Common people (8) in a world of oral culture. They heard (9) texts read out, ballads recited and folk tales (10) Knowledge was transferred orally.		
	SubQuestion No : 57		
	Q.57 Select the most appropriate option to fill in blank no. 7.		
Ans	1. controlled		
	2. deprived		
	X 3. surrounded		
	4. restricted		
		Question ID : 6549781574	
		Status : <b>Answered</b> Chosen Option : <b>1</b>	
	Comprehension:		
	In the following passage some words have been deleted. Fill in the blanks with the help of the options given. Select the most appropriate option for each number.		
	With the printing press, a new reading public emerged. Printing (1) the cost of books. The time and (2) required to produce each book came down. (3) copies could now be produced with greater (4) Books flooded the market, reaching (5) to an ever-growing readership. Access to books (6) a new culture of reading. Earlier, reading was (7) to the elites only. Common people (8) in a world of oral culture. They heard (9) texts read out, ballads recited and folk tales (10) Knowledge was transferred orally. SubQuestion No : 58 58 Select the most appropriate option to fill in blank no. 8. 1. lived		
Q.58			
Ans			
	X 2. lives		
	X 3. live		
	4. are living		
		Question ID : 6549781575	
		Question ID : <b>6549781575</b> Status : <b>Answered</b> Chosen Option : <b>1</b>	

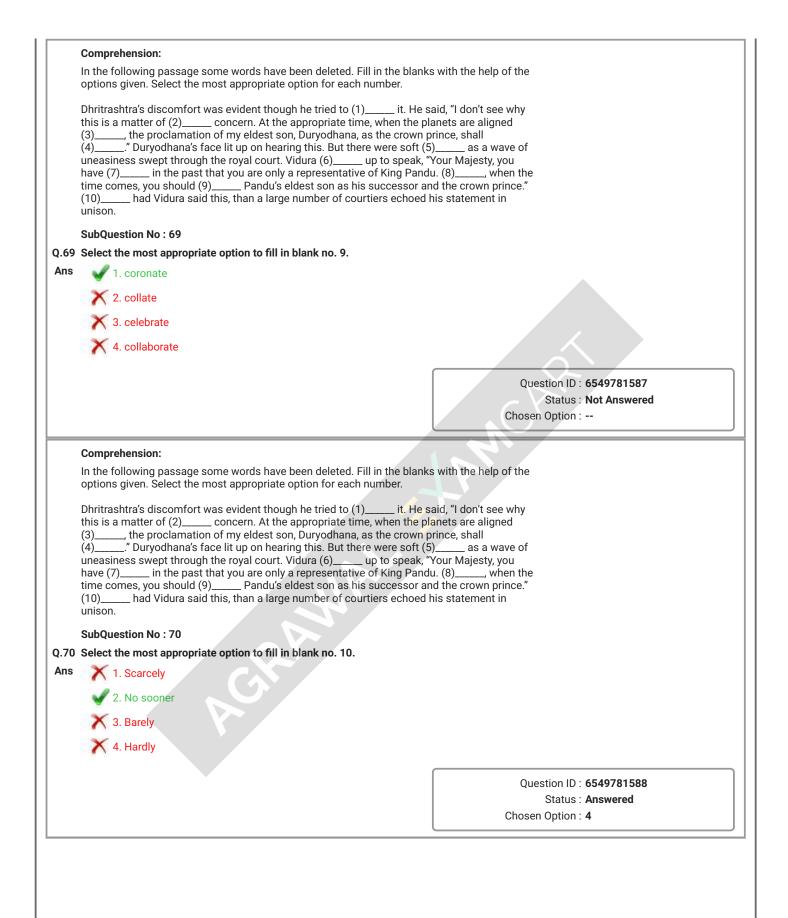
# Comprehension: In the following passage some words have been deleted. Fill in the blanks with the help of the options given. Select the most appropriate option for each number. With the printing press, a new reading public emerged. Printing (1)\_\_\_\_\_ the cost of books. The time and (2)\_\_\_\_\_ required to produce each book came down. (3)\_\_\_\_\_ copies could now be produced with greater (4)\_\_\_\_\_. Books flooded the market, reaching (5)\_\_\_\_\_ to an ever-growing readership. Access to books (6)\_\_\_\_\_ a new culture of reading. Earlier, reading was (7)\_\_\_\_\_ to the elites only. Common people (8)\_\_\_\_\_ in a world of oral culture. They heard (9)\_\_\_\_\_ texts read out, ballads recited and folk tales (10)\_\_\_\_\_. Knowledge was transferred orally. SubOuestion No : 59 Q.59 Select the most appropriate option to fill in blank no. 9. Ans X 1. stuffed 2. stored 3. secret 4. sacred Question ID : 6549781576 Status : Answered Chosen Option : 4 Comprehension: In the following passage some words have been deleted. Fill in the blanks with the help of the options given. Select the most appropriate option for each number. With the printing press, a new reading public emerged. Printing (1)\_ \_ the cost of books. The time and (2) required to produce each book came down. (3) copies could now be produced with greater (4). Books flooded the market, reaching (5) to an ever-growing readership. Access to books (6)\_\_\_\_\_ a new culture of reading. Earlier, reading was (7)\_\_\_\_\_ to the elites only. Common people (8)\_\_\_\_\_ in a world of oral culture. They heard (9)\_\_\_\_\_ texts read out, ballads recited and folk tales (10)\_\_\_\_\_. Knowledge was transferred orally. SubQuestion No: 60 Q.60 Select the most appropriate option to fill in blank no. 10. Ans 1. recorded 2. depicted 3. narrated 🔨 4. enacted Question ID : 6549781577 Status : Answered Chosen Option : 3











Q.71	Identify the segment in the sentence that contains a grammatical error.	
	I do not like vegetables, or do I like fruits.	
Ans	1. like vegetables	
	X 2. I do not	
	3. or do I	
	X 4. like fruits	
		Question ID : <b>6549781519</b> Status : <b>Answered</b>
		Chosen Option : 3
Q.72	Select the most appropriate synonym of the given word.	
	IMPROMPTU	
Ans	1. rehearsed	
	X 2. deliberate	
	X 3. calculated	
	4. spontaneous	
		Question ID : 6549781556
		Status : Answered
		Chosen Option : 2
0.73	Select the correct passive form of the given sentence.	
<b>,</b> ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	Circumstances forced him to accept the menial job.	
Ans	1. He was being forced by the circumstances to accept the menial	iob.
	2. He was forced by circumstances to accept the menial job.	
	X 3. He is forced by circumstances to accept the menial job.	
	X 4. He will be forced by circumstances to accept the menial job.	
	4. He will be forced by circulatees to accept the mental job.	
		Question ID : 6549781532
		Status : <b>Answered</b> Chosen Option : <b>2</b>
Q.74	Given below are four sentences in jumbled order. Pick the option that give order.	ves their correct
	A. Ultimately, cotton was exported to Britain as a raw material for their to B. This was due to the availability of good quality cotton from India.	extile industries.
	C. The British were attracted to the cotton belts of India. D. Textile industries in Manchester and Liverpool greatly flourished.	
Ans	1. CADB	
	X 2. DCBA	
	X 3. CBDA	
	X 4. BDAC	
		Question ID : 6549781594
		Status : Answered Chosen Option : 3
		·

Q.75	Identify the segment in the sentence that contains a grammatical error.	
	She said that it was 4 o'clock on her watch when she entered.	
Ans	1. when she entered	
	X 2. She said that	
	X 3. it was 4 o'clock	
	4. on her watch	
		Question ID : 6549781526
		Status : <b>Answered</b> Chosen Option : <b>4</b>
Q.76	6 Select the most appropriate option to substitute the underlined segment in the given sentence. If there is no need to substitute it, select 'No substitution'.	
	They got at touch with Miss Adams much later.	
Ans	1. No substitution	
	2. got to touch	
	X 3. are getting a touch	
	4. got in touch	
		Question ID : 6549781601
		Status : Answered Chosen Option : 4
		Onoden option: 4
Ans	<ul> <li>A. She had never seen the like of it before.</li> <li>B. But her own earnings had been in coppers and nickels.</li> <li>C. She peered closely at the big currency note.</li> <li>D. She only recognised the fives and tens she had seen in other people's <ul> <li>1. CADB</li> <li>2. DACB</li> <li>3. CBAD</li> <li>4. DABC</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	Question ID : <b>6549781598</b>
		Status : Answered
		Chosen Option : 1
Q.78	Select the correct active form of the given sentence.	
	An online order has been placed by me today.	
Ans	1. I placed an online order today.	
	2. I have placed an online order today.	
	3. I am placing an online order today.	
	4. I will place an online order today.	
		Question ID : <b>6549781527</b> Status : <b>Answered</b> Chosen Option : <b>2</b>

Q.79	2.79 Select the correct indirect form of the given sentence.			
	She said to her brother, "Who do you think will win the best all-rounder award this year?"			
Ans	<ul> <li>1. She asked to her brother who he thought will win the best all-rounder award that year.</li> <li>2. She asked her brother who did he thought would win the best all-rounder award that</li> <li>3. She asked her brother who he thought would win the best all-rounder award that</li> </ul>			
	4. She asked her brother who did he think will win the best all-rounde	r award this year.		
		Question ID : <b>6549781544</b> Status : <b>Answered</b> Chosen Option : <b>3</b>		
Q.80	Select the correct direct form of the given sentence.			
Ans	The air hostess said that the passengers must wear face masks during the flight.			
		Question ID : <b>6549781537</b> Status : <b>Answered</b> Chosen Option : <b>3</b>		
Q.81	Fill in the blank with the most appropriate word.			
Ans	Jane Wilkinson was a young American actress. 1. talented 2. concrete 3. damaged 4. faint			
		Question ID : <b>6549781547</b> Status : <b>Answered</b> Chosen Option : <b>1</b>		

	Given below are six sentences, out of which sentences A and F are in the correct position. Sentences B, C, D and E are in a jumbled order. Select the option that gives the correct order.	
	<ul> <li>A. When I woke up in my tent, I realised I was all alone.</li> <li>B. I asked him to be ushered in.</li> <li>C. My chest hurt badly from the hard blow.</li> <li>D. It was getting dark outside when my guard announced a visitor.</li> <li>E. I applied a balm to my wounds which eased the pain slightly.</li> <li>F. My heart thumped in expectation of the news of the war.</li> </ul>	
Ans	X 1. ABCEDF	
	2. ACEDBF	
	X 3. ADCEBF	
	X 4. AEDCBF	
		Question ID : 6549781592 Status : Answered
		Chosen Option : 2
Q.83	Select the most appropriate ANTONYM of the given word.	
	DERELICT	
Ans	X 1. regardless	
	X 2. negligent	
	X 3. vagrant	
	4. careful	
		Question ID : 6549781561 Status : Answered
		Chosen Option : 4
Q.84	Given below are six sentences, out of which sentences A and F are in th Sentences B, C, D and E are in a jumbled order. Select the option that given order.	e correct position. ves the correct
	<ul> <li>A. Amina joined a two-year course at a local coaching institute.</li> <li>B. However, she decided to opt out of the course at the end of one year.</li> <li>C. When she asked for the refund of the fee for one year, she was denied.</li> <li>D. This was because of the poor quality of teaching at the institute.</li> <li>E. At the time of joining, she paid a fees of Rs. 60000 as lump sum for the F. Amina filed a case in the district consumer court.</li> </ul>	d.
Ans	1. AEBDCF	
	X 2. ADEBCF	
	3. ABCDEF	
	<ul> <li>2. ADEBCF</li> <li>3. ABCDEF</li> <li>4. ACDEBE</li> </ul>	
	X 3. ABCDEF X 4. ACDEBF	
	X 3. ABCDEF X 4. ACDEBF	Question ID : 6549781591
	3. ABCDEF 4. ACDEBF	Question ID : <b>6549781591</b> Status : <b>Answered</b> Chosen Option : <b>1</b>

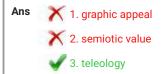
Q.85	Q.85 Identify the segment in the sentence that contains a grammatical error.		
The atmosphere become tensed as heated words were exchanged.			
Ans	<ul> <li>1. become tensed</li> <li>2. The atmosphere</li> <li>3. were exchanged</li> <li>4. as heated words</li> </ul>		
		Question ID : <b>6549781518</b> Status : <b>Answered</b>	
		Chosen Option : 4	
	Comprehension: Read the given passage and answer the questions that follow.		
	Design has manifold applications and usages ranging from the most obvious or surface-level usages to the subtler and indirect usages that have far-reaching and deeper impact. The significance of design lies in its ability to fulfil these demands, whether aesthetic, teleological or semiotic. By aesthetics, it is broadly understood as its sensory and beauty values, i.e. concerned with the judgment of visual taste, here it is meant as the sensory appreciation of graphic design. While by functionality is meant the practical aspects of a given graphic design such as usability, communicability, readability and making an impact. Its efficiency lies in its ability to do so. Design has function as well as some purpose. In theoretical terms the ability of design to fulfil the function or purpose is called 'teleology' of design. Apart from the above two, there is one more aspect of design called 'content' or meaning of design that can be broadly called as semiotic value of design. A simple discussion might elaborate this case. Food has taste that caters to our taste buds which is a sensory quality of food. Sometimes the colour of food is attractive therefore we like it and probably other times we get attracted towards it because it is presented in an appealing manner. Aroma, taste and decoration or garnishing cater to our sensory expectations. Food also has nutritional value that is concerned with supplying energy to the body that helps in its overall physical growth and maintenance of general health and work efficiency and at times such food may not be visually attractive. This is the teleological significance. Now if the food is cooked by a mother, sister or wife, then it has a special meaning and a highly personal significance attached to it. It may not be very nutritious or properly garnished, still the food will have its own unique significance which is the semiotic value of the food.		
	6 What is the passage mainly about?		
Ans	1. I direttorial aspect of design		
	X 2. Aesthetic function of design		
	X 3. How to make food appealing		
	4. Design and its varied usages		
		Question ID : <b>6549781621</b> Status : <b>Answered</b> Chosen Option : <b>4</b>	

Read the given passage and answer the questions that follow.

Design has manifold applications and usages ranging from the most obvious or surface-level usages to the subtler and indirect usages that have far-reaching and deeper impact. The significance of design lies in its ability to fulfil these demands, whether aesthetic, teleological or semiotic. By aesthetics, it is broadly understood as its sensory and beauty values, i.e. concerned with the judgment of visual taste, here it is meant as the sensory appreciation of graphic design. While by functionality is meant the practical aspects of a given graphic design such as usability, communicability, readability and making an impact. Its efficiency lies in its ability to do so. Design has function as well as some purpose. In theoretical terms the ability of design to fulfil the function or purpose is called 'teleology' of design. Apart from the above two, there is one more aspect of design called 'content' or meaning of design that can be broadly called as semiotic value of design. A simple discussion might elaborate this case. Food has taste that caters to our taste buds which is a sensory quality of food. Sometimes the colour of food is attractive therefore we like it and probably other times we get attracted towards it because it is presented in an appealing manner. Aroma, taste and decoration or garnishing cater to our sensory expectations. Food also has nutritional value that is concerned with supplying energy to the body that helps in its overall physical growth and maintenance of general health and work efficiency and at times such food may not be visually attractive. This is the teleological significance. Now if the food is cooked by a mother, sister or wife, then it has a special meaning and a highly personal significance attached to it. It may not be very nutritious or properly garnished, still the food will have its own unique significance which is the semiotic value of the food.

#### SubQuestion No: 87

### Q.87 The ability of a design to fulfil the purpose is called:



X 4. visual taste

Question ID : 6549781617 Status : Answered Chosen Option : 3

Read the given passage and answer the questions that follow.

Design has manifold applications and usages ranging from the most obvious or surface-level usages to the subtler and indirect usages that have far-reaching and deeper impact. The significance of design lies in its ability to fulfil these demands, whether aesthetic, teleological or semiotic. By aesthetics, it is broadly understood as its sensory and beauty values, i.e. concerned with the judgment of visual taste, here it is meant as the sensory appreciation of graphic design. While by functionality is meant the practical aspects of a given graphic design such as usability, communicability, readability and making an impact. Its efficiency lies in its ability to do so. Design has function as well as some purpose. In theoretical terms the ability of design to fulfil the function or purpose is called 'teleology' of design. Apart from the above two, there is one more aspect of design called 'content' or meaning of design that can be broadly called as semiotic value of design. A simple discussion might elaborate this case. Food has taste that caters to our taste buds which is a sensory quality of food. Sometimes the colour of food is attractive therefore we like it and probably other times we get attracted towards it because it is presented in an appealing manner. Aroma, taste and decoration or garnishing cater to our sensory expectations. Food also has nutritional value that is concerned with supplying energy to the body that helps in its overall physical growth and maintenance of general health and work efficiency and at times such food may not be visually attractive. This is the teleological significance. Now if the food is cooked by a mother, sister or wife, then it has a special meaning and a highly personal significance attached to it. It may not be very nutritious or properly garnished, still the food will have its own unique significance which is the semiotic value of the food.

### SubQuestion No : 88

#### Q.88 The practical aspects of a graphic design DO NOT take into account:



Question ID : **6549781618** Status : **Answered** Chosen Option : **1** 

Read the given passage and answer the questions that follow.

Design has manifold applications and usages ranging from the most obvious or surface-level usages to the subtler and indirect usages that have far-reaching and deeper impact. The significance of design lies in its ability to fulfil these demands, whether aesthetic, teleological or semiotic. By aesthetics, it is broadly understood as its sensory and beauty values, i.e. concerned with the judgment of visual taste, here it is meant as the sensory appreciation of graphic design. While by functionality is meant the practical aspects of a given graphic design such as usability, communicability, readability and making an impact. Its efficiency lies in its ability to do so. Design has function as well as some purpose. In theoretical terms the ability of design to fulfil the function or purpose is called 'teleology' of design. Apart from the above two, there is one more aspect of design called 'content' or meaning of design that can be broadly called as semiotic value of design. A simple discussion might elaborate this case. Food has taste that caters to our taste buds which is a sensory quality of food. Sometimes the colour of food is attractive therefore we like it and probably other times we get attracted towards it because it is presented in an appealing manner. Aroma, taste and decoration or garnishing cater to our sensory expectations. Food also has nutritional value that is concerned with supplying energy to the body that helps in its overall physical growth and maintenance of general health and work efficiency and at times such food may not be visually attractive. This is the teleological significance. Now if the food is cooked by a mother, sister or wife, then it has a special meaning and a highly personal significance attached to it. It may not be very nutritious or properly garnished, still the food will have its own unique significance which is the semiotic value of the food.

#### SubQuestion No : 89

#### Q.89 Aesthetics is mainly concerned with:

- Ans X 1. purpose of creation
  - 🔨 2. usefulness of the product
  - 3. sensory appeal
  - X 4. relevance of content

Question ID : 6549781619 Status : Answered Chosen Option : 3

Read the given passage and answer the questions that follow.

Design has manifold applications and usages ranging from the most obvious or surface-level usages to the subtler and indirect usages that have far-reaching and deeper impact. The significance of design lies in its ability to fulfil these demands, whether aesthetic, teleological or semiotic. By aesthetics, it is broadly understood as its sensory and beauty values, i.e. concerned with the judgment of visual taste, here it is meant as the sensory appreciation of graphic design. While by functionality is meant the practical aspects of a given graphic design such as usability, communicability, readability and making an impact. Its efficiency lies in its ability to do so. Design has function as well as some purpose. In theoretical terms the ability of design to fulfil the function or purpose is called 'teleology' of design. Apart from the above two, there is one more aspect of design called 'content' or meaning of design that can be broadly called as semiotic value of design. A simple discussion might elaborate this case. Food has taste that caters to our taste buds which is a sensory quality of food. Sometimes the colour of food is attractive therefore we like it and probably other times we get attracted towards it because it is presented in an appealing manner. Aroma, taste and decoration or garnishing cater to our sensory expectations. Food also has nutritional value that is concerned with supplying energy to the body that helps in its overall physical growth and maintenance of general health and work efficiency and at times such food may not be visually attractive. This is the teleological significance. Now if the food is cooked by a mother, sister or wife, then it has a special meaning and a highly personal significance attached to it. It may not be very nutritious or properly garnished, still the food will have its own unique significance which is the semiotic value of the food.

### SubQuestion No : 90

Q.90 Which of the following aspects of a dish does NOT have a sensory appeal?



Question ID : 6549781620 Status : Answered Chosen Option : 1

Read the given passage and answer the questions that follow.

There are five basic features of services. These features distinguish them from goods. The first is that services are intangible. They are experiential in nature. One cannot taste a doctor's treatment, or touch entertainment. One can only experience it. An important implication of this is that quality of the offer can often not be determined before consumption or before purchase. It is, therefore, important for the service providers that they consciously work on creating a desired service so that the customer undergoes a favourable experience. The second important characteristic of services is inconsistency. Since there is no standard tangible product, services have to be performed exclusively each time. Different customers have different demands and expectations. Service providers need to have an opportunity to alter their offer to closely meet the requirements of the customers.

Another important characteristic of services is the simultaneous activity of production and consumption being performed. This makes the production and consumption of services inseparable. While we can manufacture a car today and sell it after, say, a month; this is often not possible with services that have to be consumed as and when they are produced. For example, the services of a teacher, doctor or lawyer. Service providers may design a substitute for the person by using appropriate technology but the interaction with the customer remains a key feature of services. Automated Teller Machines (ATMs) may replace the banking clerk for the front office activities like cash withdrawal and cheque deposit. But, at the same time, the presence of the customer, is required and his/her interaction with the process has to be managed.

Services have little or no tangible components and, therefore, cannot be stored for a future use. That is, services are perishable and providers can, at best, store some associated goods but not the service itself. This means that the demand and supply needs to be managed as the service has to be performed as and when the customer asks for it. They cannot be performed earlier to be consumed at a later date. For example, a railway ticket can be stored but the railway journey will be experienced by a traveller only when the railways provide it.

#### SubQuestion No: 91

- Q.91 For a pleasant experience of a service, the provider should:
- **Ans** 1. give what the consumer desires
  - X 2. make the service available before purchase
  - X 3. create a service which is profitable
  - X 4. provide the service without customer demand

Question ID : **6549781606** Status : **Answered** Chosen Option : **1** 

Read the given passage and answer the questions that follow.

There are five basic features of services. These features distinguish them from goods. The first is that services are intangible. They are experiential in nature. One cannot taste a doctor's treatment, or touch entertainment. One can only experience it. An important implication of this is that quality of the offer can often not be determined before consumption or before purchase. It is, therefore, important for the service providers that they consciously work on creating a desired service so that the customer undergoes a favourable experience. The second important characteristic of services is inconsistency. Since there is no standard tangible product, services have to be performed exclusively each time. Different customers have different demands and expectations. Service providers need to have an opportunity to alter their offer to closely meet the requirements of the customers.

Another important characteristic of services is the simultaneous activity of production and consumption being performed. This makes the production and consumption of services inseparable. While we can manufacture a car today and sell it after, say, a month; this is often not possible with services that have to be consumed as and when they are produced. For example, the services of a teacher, doctor or lawyer. Service providers may design a substitute for the person by using appropriate technology but the interaction with the customer remains a key feature of services. Automated Teller Machines (ATMs) may replace the banking clerk for the front office activities like cash withdrawal and cheque deposit. But, at the same time, the presence of the customer, is required and his/her interaction with the process has to be managed.

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#### SubQuestion No: 92

### Q.92 Entertainment is an intangible service because it can only be:

Ans X 1. stored X 2. tasted 3. experienced X 4. touched

> Question ID : 6549781605 Status : Answered Chosen Option : 3

Read the given passage and answer the questions that follow.

There are five basic features of services. These features distinguish them from goods. The first is that services are intangible. They are experiential in nature. One cannot taste a doctor's treatment, or touch entertainment. One can only experience it. An important implication of this is that quality of the offer can often not be determined before consumption or before purchase. It is, therefore, important for the service providers that they consciously work on creating a desired service so that the customer undergoes a favourable experience. The second important characteristic of services is inconsistency. Since there is no standard tangible product, services have to be performed exclusively each time. Different customers have different demands and expectations. Service providers need to have an opportunity to alter their offer to closely meet the requirements of the customers.

Another important characteristic of services is the simultaneous activity of production and consumption being performed. This makes the production and consumption of services inseparable. While we can manufacture a car today and sell it after, say, a month; this is often not possible with services that have to be consumed as and when they are produced. For example, the services of a teacher, doctor or lawyer. Service providers may design a substitute for the person by using appropriate technology but the interaction with the customer remains a key feature of services. Automated Teller Machines (ATMs) may replace the banking clerk for the front office activities like cash withdrawal and cheque deposit. But, at the same time, the presence of the customer, is required and his/her interaction with the process has to be managed.

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#### SubQuestion No: 93

# Q.93 What is the key feature of any service?

- Ans X 1. It is non-perishable
  - 2. Interaction with the consumer
  - X 3. Ability to be stored for future use
  - X 4. Automation of service

Question ID : 6549781608 Status : Answered Chosen Option : 2

Read the given passage and answer the questions that follow.

There are five basic features of services. These features distinguish them from goods. The first is that services are intangible. They are experiential in nature. One cannot taste a doctor's treatment, or touch entertainment. One can only experience it. An important implication of this is that quality of the offer can often not be determined before consumption or before purchase. It is, therefore, important for the service providers that they consciously work on creating a desired service so that the customer undergoes a favourable experience. The second important characteristic of services is inconsistency. Since there is no standard tangible product, services have to be performed exclusively each time. Different customers have different demands and expectations. Service providers need to have an opportunity to alter their offer to closely meet the requirements of the customers.

Another important characteristic of services is the simultaneous activity of production and consumption being performed. This makes the production and consumption of services inseparable. While we can manufacture a car today and sell it after, say, a month; this is often not possible with services that have to be consumed as and when they are produced. For example, the services of a teacher, doctor or lawyer. Service providers may design a substitute for the person by using appropriate technology but the interaction with the customer remains a key feature of services. Automated Teller Machines (ATMs) may replace the banking clerk for the front office activities like cash withdrawal and cheque deposit. But, at the same time, the presence of the customer, is required and his/her interaction with the process has to be managed.

Services have little or no tangible components and, therefore, cannot be stored for a future use. That is, services are perishable and providers can, at best, store some associated goods but not the service itself. This means that the demand and supply needs to be managed as the service has to be performed as and when the customer asks for it. They cannot be performed earlier to be consumed at a later date. For example, a railway ticket can be stored but the railway journey will be experienced by a traveller only when the railways provide it.

#### SubQuestion No: 94

### Q.94 Which of the following is NOT a service provider?

Ans X 1. Bank 2. Lawyer 3. Car 4. Teacher

> Question ID : 6549781609 Status : Answered Chosen Option : 3

Read the given passage and answer the questions that follow.

There are five basic features of services. These features distinguish them from goods. The first is that services are intangible. They are experiential in nature. One cannot taste a doctor's treatment, or touch entertainment. One can only experience it. An important implication of this is that quality of the offer can often not be determined before consumption or before purchase. It is, therefore, important for the service providers that they consciously work on creating a desired service so that the customer undergoes a favourable experience. The second important characteristic of services is inconsistency. Since there is no standard tangible product, services have to be performed exclusively each time. Different customers have different demands and expectations. Service providers need to have an opportunity to alter their offer to closely meet the requirements of the customers.

Another important characteristic of services is the simultaneous activity of production and consumption being performed. This makes the production and consumption of services inseparable. While we can manufacture a car today and sell it after, say, a month; this is often not possible with services that have to be consumed as and when they are produced. For example, the services of a teacher, doctor or lawyer. Service providers may design a substitute for the person by using appropriate technology but the interaction with the customer remains a key feature of services. Automated Teller Machines (ATMs) may replace the banking clerk for the front office activities like cash withdrawal and cheque deposit. But, at the same time, the presence of the customer, is required and his/her interaction with the process has to be managed.

Services have little or no tangible components and, therefore, cannot be stored for a future use. That is, services are perishable and providers can, at best, store some associated goods but not the service itself. This means that the demand and supply needs to be managed as the service has to be performed as and when the customer asks for it. They cannot be performed earlier to be consumed at a later date. For example, a railway ticket can be stored but the railway journey will be experienced by a traveller only when the railways provide it.

## SubQuestion No: 95

Ans

### Q.95 Which of the following statements is NOT true?

- 1. Services are distinct from goods.
  - 2. Production and consumption of services are inseparable.
  - 3. Quality of a service can be determined before consumption.
  - X 4. Services tend to be inconsistent in nature.

Question ID : 6549781607 Status : Answered Chosen Option : 3

Read the given passage and answer the questions that follow.

A porcelain Chinese statue of Emperor Kung was being auctioned off to a motley crowd and not-so-serious bidders. In order to grab the bidders' attention, the auctioneer presented a fact sheet about the history of the statue. It said that the statue was brought from a place called Ha Li Chuan in China.

The narrator of the story, seated amidst the bidders, was intrigued by the statue's history. He tried to delve deeper into its history and found that the statue was bought by Sir Alexander Heathcote, a diplomatic person of great acclaim. He also happened to be a very fastidious person. He would have breakfast at the same time every morning, with the same ingredients in the exact same quantity, reach his office desk at the Foreign Office at exactly 8:59 AM and leave for home at exactly 6 in the evening.

In Peking, Sir Alexander once visited the countryside and was delighted to see the beautiful Chinese arts. The craftsman in one of the shops, upon realising his deep interest in Chinese art, showed him a porcelain Chinese statue of Emperor Kung which had been in his family for seven generations. Sir Alexander was sure that the statue must have been made by Pen Q and even calculated that it must have been made during the turn of the 15th century. The only flaw was that the base of the statue was missing.

Alexander Heathcote could not contain his heart's desire and said, "How I wish the piece was mine". Upon seeing his interest, the craftsman, with a heavy heart, fixed a base of his choice on the statue and gifted it to him. It was the Chinese custom to oblige if an honoured guest requested something. To pay the craftsman back, Alexander constructed a beautiful house on the hills for the man to settle down. The craftsman accepted it only after knowing that the Empress herself sanctioned the gift.

Sir Alexander was so fond of the statue that he wrote in his will that it must be passed on generation to generation and mustn't be sold until and unless the family's reputation was at stake. The statue, now regarded as a family heirloom, was passed on to his great-great grandson Alex Heathcote who got into a financial crisis and decided to sell it. Alex brought the statue to the Sotheby's auction. The head of the department was sure with a glance that it was the work of Pen Q. But later on, it was discovered that the statue was a fake copy of the original one. But the base which the craftsman had gifted so casually turned out to be a genuine piece of art. The narrator bought the statue for seven hundred and twenty guineas and an American gentleman bought the base for a whopping twenty-two thousand

#### SubQuestion No : 96

guineas.

Ans

Q.96 The craftsman parted with the statue with a heavy heart because:

- 1. he was in a financial crisis
  - 🔨 2. he had carved it himself
  - 3. it had been in the family for seven generations
  - 🗙 4. it was the statue of his ancestor

Question ID : 6549781613 Status : Answered Chosen Option : 3

Read the given passage and answer the questions that follow.

A porcelain Chinese statue of Emperor Kung was being auctioned off to a motley crowd and not-so-serious bidders. In order to grab the bidders' attention, the auctioneer presented a fact sheet about the history of the statue. It said that the statue was brought from a place called Ha Li Chuan in China.

The narrator of the story, seated amidst the bidders, was intrigued by the statue's history. He tried to delve deeper into its history and found that the statue was bought by Sir Alexander Heathcote, a diplomatic person of great acclaim. He also happened to be a very fastidious person. He would have breakfast at the same time every morning, with the same ingredients in the exact same quantity, reach his office desk at the Foreign Office at exactly 8:59 AM and leave for home at exactly 6 in the evening.

In Peking, Sir Alexander once visited the countryside and was delighted to see the beautiful Chinese arts. The craftsman in one of the shops, upon realising his deep interest in Chinese art, showed him a porcelain Chinese statue of Emperor Kung which had been in his family for seven generations. Sir Alexander was sure that the statue must have been made by Pen Q and even calculated that it must have been made during the turn of the 15th century. The only flaw was that the base of the statue was missing.

Alexander Heathcote could not contain his heart's desire and said, "How I wish the piece was mine". Upon seeing his interest, the craftsman, with a heavy heart, fixed a base of his choice on the statue and gifted it to him. It was the Chinese custom to oblige if an honoured guest requested something. To pay the craftsman back, Alexander constructed a beautiful house on the hills for the man to settle down. The craftsman accepted it only after knowing that the Empress herself sanctioned the gift.

Sir Alexander was so fond of the statue that he wrote in his will that it must be passed on generation to generation and mustn't be sold until and unless the family's reputation was at stake. The statue, now regarded as a family heirloom, was passed on to his great-great grandson Alex Heathcote who got into a financial crisis and decided to sell it. Alex brought the statue to the Sotheby's auction. The head of the department was sure with a glance that it was the work of Pen Q. But later on, it was discovered that the statue was a fake copy of the original one. But the base which the craftsman had gifted so casually turned out to be a genuine piece of art. The narrator bought the statue for seven hundred and twenty guineas and an American gentleman bought the base for a whopping twenty-two thousand guineas.

#### SubQuestion No : 97

Q.97 Which of the following statements is NOT a fact about the statue?

Ans X 1. It had originally been acquired by Sir Alexander Heathcote in China.

- 2. It was brought from Ha Li Chuan.
- 3. It was a genuine piece of art.
- 🔨 4. It was made of porcelain.

Question ID : 6549781612 Status : Answered Chosen Option : 4

Read the given passage and answer the questions that follow.

A porcelain Chinese statue of Emperor Kung was being auctioned off to a motley crowd and not-so-serious bidders. In order to grab the bidders' attention, the auctioneer presented a fact sheet about the history of the statue. It said that the statue was brought from a place called Ha Li Chuan in China.

The narrator of the story, seated amidst the bidders, was intrigued by the statue's history. He tried to delve deeper into its history and found that the statue was bought by Sir Alexander Heathcote, a diplomatic person of great acclaim. He also happened to be a very fastidious person. He would have breakfast at the same time every morning, with the same ingredients in the exact same quantity, reach his office desk at the Foreign Office at exactly 8:59 AM and leave for home at exactly 6 in the evening.

In Peking, Sir Alexander once visited the countryside and was delighted to see the beautiful Chinese arts. The craftsman in one of the shops, upon realising his deep interest in Chinese art, showed him a porcelain Chinese statue of Emperor Kung which had been in his family for seven generations. Sir Alexander was sure that the statue must have been made by Pen Q and even calculated that it must have been made during the turn of the 15th century. The only flaw was that the base of the statue was missing.

Alexander Heathcote could not contain his heart's desire and said, "How I wish the piece was mine". Upon seeing his interest, the craftsman, with a heavy heart, fixed a base of his choice on the statue and gifted it to him. It was the Chinese custom to oblige if an honoured guest requested something. To pay the craftsman back, Alexander constructed a beautiful house on the hills for the man to settle down. The craftsman accepted it only after knowing that the Empress herself sanctioned the gift.

Sir Alexander was so fond of the statue that he wrote in his will that it must be passed on generation to generation and mustn't be sold until and unless the family's reputation was at stake. The statue, now regarded as a family heirloom, was passed on to his great-great grandson Alex Heathcote who got into a financial crisis and decided to sell it. Alex brought the statue to the Sotheby's auction. The head of the department was sure with a glance that it was the work of Pen Q. But later on, it was discovered that the statue was a fake copy of the original one. But the base which the craftsman had gifted so casually turned out

to be a genuine piece of art. The narrator bought the statue for seven hundred and twenty guineas and an American gentleman bought the base for a whopping twenty-two thousand guineas.

### SubQuestion No : 98

## Q.98 The statue being auctioned was that of:



Question ID : 6549781611 Status : Answered Chosen Option : 3

Read the given passage and answer the questions that follow.

A porcelain Chinese statue of Emperor Kung was being auctioned off to a motley crowd and not-so-serious bidders. In order to grab the bidders' attention, the auctioneer presented a fact sheet about the history of the statue. It said that the statue was brought from a place called Ha Li Chuan in China.

The narrator of the story, seated amidst the bidders, was intrigued by the statue's history. He tried to delve deeper into its history and found that the statue was bought by Sir Alexander Heathcote, a diplomatic person of great acclaim. He also happened to be a very fastidious person. He would have breakfast at the same time every morning, with the same ingredients in the exact same quantity, reach his office desk at the Foreign Office at exactly 8:59 AM and leave for home at exactly 6 in the evening.

In Peking, Sir Alexander once visited the countryside and was delighted to see the beautiful Chinese arts. The craftsman in one of the shops, upon realising his deep interest in Chinese art, showed him a porcelain Chinese statue of Emperor Kung which had been in his family for seven generations. Sir Alexander was sure that the statue must have been made by Pen Q and even calculated that it must have been made during the turn of the 15th century. The only flaw was that the base of the statue was missing.

Alexander Heathcote could not contain his heart's desire and said, "How I wish the piece was mine". Upon seeing his interest, the craftsman, with a heavy heart, fixed a base of his choice on the statue and gifted it to him. It was the Chinese custom to oblige if an honoured guest requested something. To pay the craftsman back, Alexander constructed a beautiful house on the hills for the man to settle down. The craftsman accepted it only after knowing that the Empress herself sanctioned the gift.

Sir Alexander was so fond of the statue that he wrote in his will that it must be passed on generation to generation and mustn't be sold until and unless the family's reputation was at stake. The statue, now regarded as a family heirloom, was passed on to his great-great grandson Alex Heathcote who got into a financial crisis and decided to sell it. Alex brought the statue to the Sotheby's auction. The head of the department was sure with a glance that it was the work of Pen Q. But later on, it was discovered that the statue was a fake copy of the original one. But the base which the craftsman had gifted so casually turned out to be a genuine piece of art. The narrator bought the statue for seven hundred and twenty guineas and an American gentleman bought the base for a whopping twenty-two thousand

#### SubQuestion No: 99

guineas.

Q.99 The words 'motley crowd' means:



- 2. an incongruous crowd
- 🔨 3. a group of art lovers
- X 4. a gathering of serious bidders

Question ID : 6549781614 Status : Answered Chosen Option : 2

Read the given passage and answer the questions that follow.

A porcelain Chinese statue of Emperor Kung was being auctioned off to a motley crowd and not-so-serious bidders. In order to grab the bidders' attention, the auctioneer presented a fact sheet about the history of the statue. It said that the statue was brought from a place called Ha Li Chuan in China.

The narrator of the story, seated amidst the bidders, was intrigued by the statue's history. He tried to delve deeper into its history and found that the statue was bought by Sir Alexander Heathcote, a diplomatic person of great acclaim. He also happened to be a very fastidious person. He would have breakfast at the same time every morning, with the same ingredients in the exact same quantity, reach his office desk at the Foreign Office at exactly 8:59 AM and leave for home at exactly 6 in the evening.

In Peking, Sir Alexander once visited the countryside and was delighted to see the beautiful Chinese arts. The craftsman in one of the shops, upon realising his deep interest in Chinese art, showed him a porcelain Chinese statue of Emperor Kung which had been in his family for seven generations. Sir Alexander was sure that the statue must have been made by Pen Q and even calculated that it must have been made during the turn of the 15th century. The only flaw was that the base of the statue was missing.

Alexander Heathcote could not contain his heart's desire and said, "How I wish the piece was mine". Upon seeing his interest, the craftsman, with a heavy heart, fixed a base of his choice on the statue and gifted it to him. It was the Chinese custom to oblige if an honoured guest requested something. To pay the craftsman back, Alexander constructed a beautiful house on the hills for the man to settle down. The craftsman accepted it only after knowing that the Empress herself sanctioned the gift.

Sir Alexander was so fond of the statue that he wrote in his will that it must be passed on generation to generation and mustn't be sold until and unless the family's reputation was at stake. The statue, now regarded as a family heirloom, was passed on to his great-great grandson Alex Heathcote who got into a financial crisis and decided to sell it. Alex brought the statue to the Sotheby's auction. The head of the department was sure with a glance that it was the work of Pen Q. But later on, it was discovered that the statue was a fake copy of the original one. But the base which the craftsman had gifted so casually turned out to be a genuine piece of art. The narrator bought the statue for seven hundred and twenty guineas and an American gentleman bought the base for a whopping twenty-two thousand guineas.

### SubQuestion No: 100

Q.100 What is the central theme of the story revealed in the climax?



Question ID : **6549781615** Status : **Answered** Chosen Option : **1**