Valutek Nitrile Powder-Free Antistatic Finger Cots

**Description:** Valutek's disposable nitrile powder-free finger cots are constructed from 100% clean, synthetic nitrile polymer and contains no rubber latex. With a smooth finish and beaded edge. The finger cots are inherently static dissipative. Packaged in a controlled environment, all Valutek finger cots are tested and manufactured in ISO compliant facilities under Valutek inspection and strict process control to ensure Valutek quality standards and product specifications.



#### Features:

- 100% clean, synthetic nitrile polymer (Acrylonitrile Butadiene)
- Protein free
- Consistent antistatic power, suitable for ESD sensitive compenents
- Excellent oil, grease and chemical resistance
- Application: As part of the Valutek Microtek product family, this product is recommended for use in a cleanroom Class 100-1,000 (ISO 5-6) critical environment. It is also ideal for the handling of Class II ESD sensitive devices (with thresholds above 100V).

## Color Option: White

### VTCNRPF Packaging





- VTCNRPF (SM-LG): Rolled. 5 gross/bag, 18 bags/case.
- VTCNRPF (XL): Rolled. 5 gross/bag, 14 bags/case.
- Critical environment compatible. All finger cots are lot traceable with retention samples held in Quality Control for 15 months from date of manufacturing.



# Valutek Nitrile Powder-Free Antistatic Finger Cots

Part Number: VTCNRPF



### VTCNRPF Physical Properties

Part Number	Size	Length (inch/mm)	Flat Width (inch/mm)	Thickness (mil/mm)	Test Method
VTCNRPF-SM VTCNRPF-MD VTCNRPF-LG VTCNRPF-XL	SM MD LG XL	2.75"/ 70 mm	0.94"/24 mm 1.02"/26 mm 1.10"/28 mm 1.26"/32 mm	3.5 mil / 0.09 mm	ASTM D3772
Tensile Strength	Ultima	te Elongation	Test Method	Surface Resistivity	Test Method
14 MPa, min	500%, min		ASTM D412 ASTM D573	<10 <sup>11</sup> ohm/square	ANSI/ESD SP15.1

### VTCNRPF Shelf Life and Storage

All Valutek finger cots will have a minimum shelf life of 12 months. All finger cots must be stored in a cool and dry environment with temperature below 77 °F (25°C) away from direct sunlight and chemical damages.

