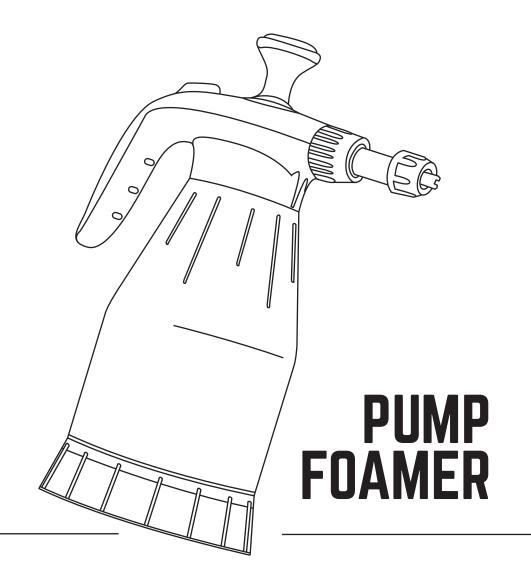
BEST PRACTICE — STAY SAFE -

Read the instructions carefully before use.

- 1) Fill the container with the soap mixture up to the designated level.
- 2) Screw the top lid tightly to secure it in place and prevent leaks.
- 3) Manually operate the hand pump in an up and downwards motion to build pressure until you hear a slight discharge in excess air through the valve or once the maximum liquid level mark is reached. This ensures optimal foam consistency and thickness generated.
- 4) Release the Pump Foamer trigger from a safe distance of 50-70cm from the targeted area to prevent any splashbacks. Note that the spray nozzle does not require any manual adjustments.
- Always depressurize the chamber by toggling on the relief valve (part 34) before opening the top lid.
- 6) Storage and care: Always depressurize the chamber after use to prevent wear on the seals. This is essential to prevent leaks and failure at the seams particularly the base of the unit. Failure to do so will void the warranty of this product. Empty the contents and rinse with water after use to prevent clogging of the nozzles.
- 7) It is highly recommended to check the MSDS or safety datasheets of any chemicals that are non pH neutral or unknown to ensure the seals and built materials are not compromised. The manufacturer will not be responsible for any liability in the event of outcomes due to improper use or tampering with the product.

- The Pump Foamer is designed to produce a consistent and lush foam from either a concentrated or diluted soap mixture for cleaning purposes. This is especially useful for applications where there is no access to a continuous supply of water or a hose.
- Results are enhanced if the cleaning reagent used contains foaming agents which help produce a richer foam consistency while reducing the amount of detergent required.
- 3) The pump has plastic components and seals that can be damaged with use of particular chemicals. The fan nozzle in POM material may deteriorate in contact with acids, ammonium derivates or acid salts. You are therefore advised to make compatibility tests to verify that the product/s does no harm, due to incompatibility of the materials of which the pump is made.
- 4) Refer to the compatibility table provided to extend the life of the seals when being used with any detergents or shampoo. It is recommended to use ones that are pH neutral which are chemically inert.
- Always depressurize the chamber by toggling on the relief valve (part 34) before opening the top lid.
- 6) Never leave the pump exposed to sunlight and make sure it is stored in a frost-free environment. The pump can be used at temperatures between +5 and +35°C.
- Do not leave the pump near heat sources such as a heater, as the material does not tolerate high temperatures.

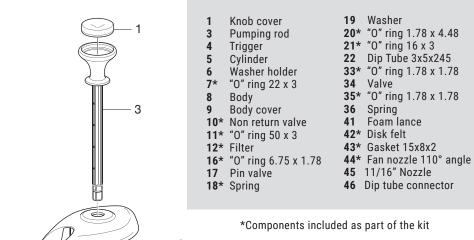


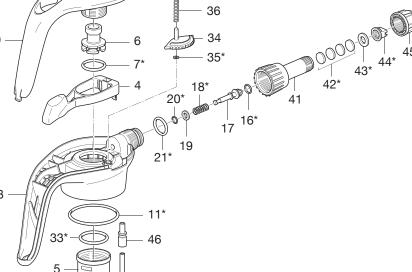






HEAD PARTS





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Original spare parts

CZ9907: FPM (7*-10*-11*-12*-16*-18*-20*-21*-33*-35) CZ9908: EPDM (7*-10*-11*-12*-16*-18*-20*-21*-33*-35) CZ9960: 42*

CZ9961: 42*-43*-44*

		EPDM pH 7-14	VIT ON pH 1-9
ACIDS	ACETIC ACID (MAX 20%)	Α	В
	HYDROCHLORIC ACID (MAX 30%)	В	Α
	HYDROFLUORIC ACID (MAX 20%)	С	Α
	PHOSPHORIC ACID	В	Α
	NITRIC ACID (MAX 30%)	В	Α
	SULPHURIC ACID (MAX 20%)	В	Α
43	CITRIC ACID	А	Α
AROMATIC HYDRO- CARBONS	TOULENE (MAX 40%)	С	В
	XYLENE	С	С
OILS AND PETROLEUM PRODUCTS	MINERAL VEGETABLE OIL	С	В
	DIESEL	С	Α
	GASOLINE	С	В
	KEROSENE	С	В
	TURPENTINE	С	В
ALCOHOLS	BUTANOL	A	A
	ETHANOL	A	В
	METHANOL	A	С
	OTHER ALCOHOLS	A	С
ALKALINE AND KETONES	ACETONE	A	C
	AMMONIA	A	A
	METHYL ACETATE	A	С
	SODIUM HYDROXIDE	A	C
	SODIUM CARBONATE	A	A
	POTASSIUM HYDROXIDE	A	В
	BUTYL ACETATE	A	С
	SODIUM HYPOCHLORITE	A A	В
THERS	FORMALDEHYDE	A	A B
	SILICONE OIL	A	В

A) Excellent B) Limited C) Not Recommended

HYDROGEN PEROXIDE

Adjust foam consistency with spacer

The foaming texture you wish to attain can be adjusted using the plastic spacer. Just unscrew the nozzle and remove the disc felt and apply the required plastic spacer as per this scheme.

