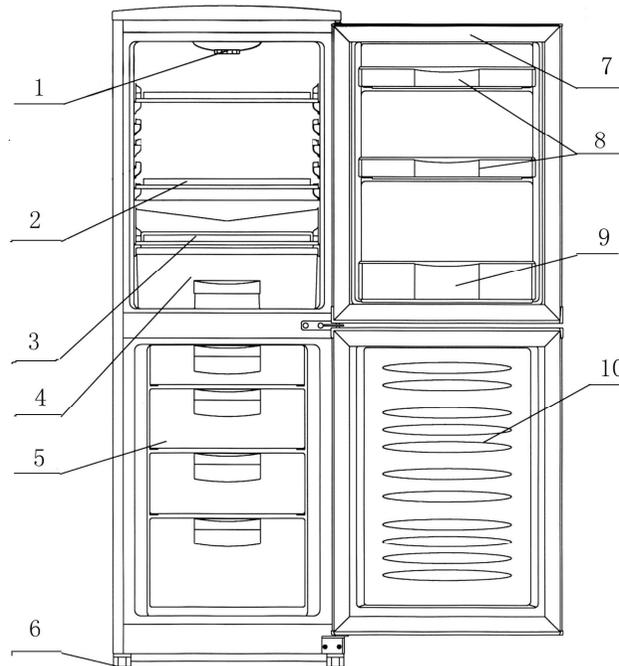


**EA232
70/30 Combi 55cm**

Instruction Manual

This product was supplied by Shomar Ltd Dublin. We can be contacted on Dublin 01- 4505327 or by visiting our website www.shomar.ie

Parts and Features



- | | |
|--------------------------------|-----------------------|
| 1. Lamp and thermostat control | 2. Refrigerator Shelf |
| 3. Crisper Glass | 4. Crisper Drawer |
| 5. Drawer | 6. Adjustable Foot |
| 7. Fridge door | 8. Door shelf |
| 9. Lower Door Shelf | 10. Freezer door |

Transportation and Handing

- When transporting, hold the base and lift the refrigerator carefully at a tilted angle not more than 45 degrees.
- Never hold the door handle as support.
- Never place it upside down or horizontally.
- Push refrigerator on the two back roller feet and then tilt slightly to get through

doorways.

Installation

1. Install the refrigerator on a flat, firm floor, in order to prevent Vibration and noise.
2. Choose a well-ventilated place. A space of no less than 10cm must be left around the refrigerator.
3. Choose a location where there is no heat source. Keep the refrigerator Away from direct sunlight and the oven etc.
4. Choose a dry and well-ventilated place where there is no corrosive air.

Testing

1. Turn the thermostat knob to the "3" position, then turn on electricity. The compressor and the light inside the refrigerator will come on.
2. When the refrigerator operates for a period of time, the temperature Controller will automatically set the temperature within limits it opens.
3. If the above steps are successful, the trial operations finish. The refrigerator works normally.

Temperature Control

1. The temperature in the refrigerator and freezer compartment is controlled by the temperature controller installed on the inside wall of the refrigerator compartment.
We strongly recommend you use a freezer thermostat to check that the temperature is below -18 centigrade before loading any food. This can take 2 - 3 hours.
2. The marks on the knob are the temperature grades, NOT the exact degrees of

temperature.

'0' is 'OFF' and "5" represents the lowest temperature.

3. Please start with the knob set to position "3". Use a suitable thermometer to check the temperature after two hours. The refrigerator temperature should be set between +2°C and +5° and the freezer will vary between -18 and -25 degrees centigrade over a typical cycle. To reduce the refrigerator temperature turns the knob towards '4' and check after one hour.

Storage of Food

1. How to Use the Freezer Compartment

- Freeze food when it is still fresh in order to preserve the nutrients.
- Wrap food to be frozen in ALUMINIUM FOIL or place it in AIRTIGHT boxes.
- If you buy frozen food, place it in freezer as quickly as possible.

2. How to Use the Refrigerator Compartment

- Hot cooked meals can be put into refrigerator to keep fresh after their temperature decreases to room temperature.
- Egg pockets and bottle pockets for eggs, butter, milk and bottle drinks, etc.
- Food such as MEAT, FISH, in addition to becoming dry, may cause smells. To prevent this, they should be wrapped in aluminum foil, placed in suitable polythene bags or stored in proper airtight containers.

3. Fast Freezing

- Our freezers have a function of fast freezing.
- Fresh fish and meat to be stored for a long period of time should be fast frozen for this purpose.
- When fast freezing, please set the temperature control selector to the mark "7", after fast freezing, set it to normal position.

Defrosting

1. After a period of time, the freezer will form a layer of white frost. It may raise the electricity consumption and lessen the effect of refrigeration. Then you should defrost your freezer.
2. When defrosting, cut off the power, open the door and move frozen foods to a shady and cooling place. Defrost with a plastic scraper (do not use a knife), or let the temperature rise naturally until frost melts by itself. Then wipe away remaining ice and water, and switch on electricity again.

Notes: Never use sharp metal tools, as it will damage the refrigerator.

General Notes:

- The appliance should be so positioned that the plug is easily accessible.
- If the supply cord is damaged, it must be replaced by a special cord or assembly available from the manufacturer or its service agent.
- The appliance shall not be used in open air and shall not be exposed to rain.

- Do not store something like ether, methanol, gasoline etc., which is easy to evaporate, burn or explode.
- Do not put something too heavy on the top of refrigerator and do not pour water on it.
- Connect your refrigerator to an independent electrical socket and use a safe ground wire. The voltage should be limited within the ranges from 187V to 242V, or the main motor will be damaged.
- If the electricity trips, wait 5 minutes after power has returned before putting the power to the refrigerator back on. Otherwise, the compressor may be damaged.
- Be sure to keep the electrical cable away from compressor and condenser, or its insulation function will be spoiled by high temperature.
- To save the energy, you should reduce the frequency and duration of the opening of the doors.
- When the frost in freezer is removed, or where there is no electricity or when refrigerator ceases to be used, it should be cleaned in time in order to prevent it from smelling. Too much frost may affect refrigeration.
- It is not recommended to use any extension cords.
- If your refrigerator has a lock, to avoid children getting shut in the refrigerator, do not leave the key near the refrigerator or other places easy to be reached by children.
- Warning-Do not use mechanical devices or other means to accelerate the defrosting process, other than those recommended by the manufacturer.

- Warning-Do not damages the refrigerant circuit.
- Warning-Do not use electrical appliances inside the food storage of the appliance unless they are of the type recommended by the manufacturer.

General Instructions for Care and Maintenance

Wipe the inside and outside of the refrigerator with a wet soft cloth.

If it's too dirty, clean with a soft cloth soaked with neutral detergent and clean water, remove the moisture with dry cloth.

Remember to clear the defrost drain situated at the back just above the glass cover.

If you are going away on holiday or for any other reason, wish to leave the refrigerator idle for any period of time, proceed as follows:

- Disconnect the refrigerator from the electric power supply by removing the plug from the wall socket.
- Remove all food.
- Clean and dry the inside as instructed in the direction given above for cleaning.
- Leave the doors open to prevent any unpleasant smells from building up while the refrigerator is not used.

Replacing the light bulb

Should the light fail, switch off at the socket outlet and pull out the mains plug. Then ensure the bulb is screwed securely in the bulb holder. Replace the plug and switch on.

If the light still fails, obtain a replacement E14 screw-cap type 15 Watt (Max) bulb from your local electrical store and then fit it. Carefully dispose of the burnt-out light bulb immediately.

Working Defects and Failures

Symptom: Appliance will not work at all.

- **Check the following:**

Is the power supply plug inserted in the wall socket correctly

Try plugging in another appliance or electrical item into the same plug socket to check that the power supply is working

.

Symptom: Noisy running.

Cause:

The appliance has not been properly leveled.

The refrigerator contact with the wall.

The accessories in the refrigerator are placed wrong position.

Symptom: Appliance does not cool sufficiently.

Cause:

Door has been opened too often, or it has been left open for a while.

The refrigerator is too near to the wall.

Too much food in the refrigerator.

Temperature not regulated the correctly.

Symptom: Smell inside the appliance.

Cause:

Some of the food is not properly wrapped or covered.

The inside of the refrigerator needs cleaning.

If your refrigerator shows other symptoms from those described above, or if you have checked all items listed as the causes and the symptom still exists, then call the service department.

The Following Are not Breakdowns

1. Refrigerant running in pipes gives forth a gentle sound of water running in pipes.
2. In a moist season, the outer surface of refrigerator may be covered with moisture, which should be simply wiped away.
3. The compressor and the rear condenser may be heated to the extent that scalding your hand in summer during refrigerator operation.
4. Door frame heat means the anti-dew tube is working during refrigerator operation.