

SDS No.:1.2Date Revised:April 1, 2Date Created:December

April 1, 2019 December 27, 2018

## 1. CHEMICAL PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product Identifier: General Use: Product Description: On Press Wash Press Wash Clear Liquid

## MANUFACTURER

Easiway Systems, Inc. 540 River Street S Delano, MN 55328 Phone 1-763-972-6306 www.easiway.com

### EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NUMBERS:

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## 2. HAZARD IDENTIFICATION

## **EMERGENCY OVERVIEW**

#### GHS CLASSIFICATION OF SUBSTANCE

Flammable Liquid	Category 4 - Combustible
Aspiration Toxicity	Category 1
Skin Irritation	Category 2
Eye Irritation	Category 2B
Carcinogenicity	Not Classified Under GHS
Specific Organ Toxicity Repeated Exposure	Category 2 - Narcotic Effects
Specific Organ Toxicity Single Exposure	Category 3 - Narcotic Effects
Reproductive Toxicity	Not Classified Under GHS
Acute Toxicity	Category 4 - Respiratory System
Germ Cell mutagenicity	Not Classified Under GHS
Hazardous to the aquatic environment	See Section 12

Hazard Category - means the division of criteria within each hazard class, e.g. acute toxicity includes five hazard categories and flammable liquids include four hazard categories. These categories compare hazard severity within a hazard class. "GHS Classification of Substance" means the material hazard class under that particular category and should not be taken as a comparison of hazard categories more generally. Degree of severity under GHS is "1" being the most severe and sequential numbers indicating correspondingly less severity. "Not Classified Under GHS" does not have characteristics that fall into any of the categories for that hazard class.

## GHS LABEL ELEMENTS



## DANGER

**Hazard Statements** 

H227 - Combustible.

- H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
- H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
- H315 Causes skin irritation.
- H320 Causes eye irritation.

### **Precautionary Statements**

### General:

P101-If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

P103-Read label before use.

## Prevention:

P210 - Keep away from heat, open flames, sparks - No smoking.

P261 - Avoid breathing mist, vapors.

P280 - Wear eye protection, protective clothing, protective gloves.

## Response:

P301+P310 - IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a doctor, a POISON CENTER.

P302+P352 - If on skin: Wash with plenty of soap and water.

P331 - Do NOT induce vomiting.

P333+P313 - If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

P362+P364 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

P370+P378 - In case of fire: Use dry extinguishing powder, foam, carbon dioxide to extinguish.

## Storage/Disposal:

UN GHS

P403+P235+P404-Store in well-ventilated place. Keep cool. Store in closed container.

P501-Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/federal regulations.

According to the Globally Harmonized Standard for Classification and Labeling (GHS), this product is considered hazardous based on aspiration hazard.

## 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

<u>Component</u>	<u>wt%</u>	CAS Registry #
Naptha (Petroleum), Hydrotreated Heavy	70 - 80	64742-48-9
1-(3-methoxypropoxy)propyl acetate	15 - 25	88917-22-0

## 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

## INHALATION:

Remove to fresh air and keep at rest in a comfortable position. Get medical attention if symptoms of narcosis or breathing difficulties persist after moving to fresh air. Give oxygen if available, symptoms persist, and medical attention is not immediate.

## EYE CONTACT:

Remove contact lens (if present and easy to do so). Rinse eyes immediately with plenty of clean water for at least 15 minutes If necessary, gently hold the eyelid open during the flush. If eye irritation persists, seek medical attention.

## SKIN CONTACT:

Wash skin with mild soap solution to remove material. Frequent or prolonged contact with the material may defat and irritate skin.

## INGESTION:

Material contains hydrocarbons which can aspirate into the lungs if vomiting is induced. DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING. Ingestion is not a likely route of entry if used in accordance with manufacturer's instructions. If ingestion occurs, seek immediate medical attention.

### 5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Flash Point and Method:	155 F/68 C (Pensky-Martens)
Flammable Limits:	Not Determined
Autoignition Temperature:	Not Determined

#### **GENERAL HAZARD:**

Combustible liquid. Heating may cause an explosion.

#### FIRE FIGHTING INSTRUCTIONS:

Use water spray or fog for cooling exposed containers. Exercise caution when fighting any chemical fire. Do not dispose of fire-fighting water in the environment. Water fog or fine spray; dry chemical fire extinguishers; carbon dioxide fire extinguishers foam; alcohol resistant foams (ATC type).

#### FIRE FIGHTING EQUIPMENT:

In the event of a fire, wear full protective clothing and NIOSH-approved self-contained breathing apparatus with full facepiece operated in the pressure demand or other positive pressure mode. For small outdoor fires, which may be easily extinguished with a portable fire extinguisher, use of protective equipment is generally unnecessary.

#### FURTHER INFORMATION:

During a fire, smoke may contain the original material in addition to combustion products which might be more irritating.

### HAZARDOUS COMBUSTION PRODUCTS:

Carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, and organics depending on the heat of the fire.

## 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

#### LAND SPILL RESPONSE:

Absorb small spills with inert material such as sand or earth. Containerize waste material. Dike large spills to contain the area of the spill. Use cleanup procedures that minimize contamination to earth or water bodies.

#### WATER SPILL:

Prevent entry to public waterways. Remove from water surface by skimming or with suitable adsorbents. Follow local environmental regulatory procedures for spill cleanup from water bodies with respect to notification, clean up, and waste disposal.

### **RECOMMENDED DISPOSAL:**

Disposal options may be dictated by other materials mixed with this material. Dispose of in accordance with local, state, and federal regulations using methods which consider recycling/reclamation.

## 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

**STORAGE TEMPERATURE:** Ambient **STORAGE PRESSURE:** Atmospheric

#### GENERAL:

Keep the container tightly closed. Store in a dry, cool, and well-ventilated place away from incompatible materials such as oxidizing agents. Preferable storage is in a location designed for organic solvent containing liquids with secondary spill containment. Remaining residue in empty containers may present a fire hazard. Avoid breathing mist or vapor.

## 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

#### OSHA HAZARDOUS COMPONENTS (29 CFR 1910.1200 and other agencies)

	EXPOSURE LIMITS 8 hrs TWA (ppm)				
<u>Component</u>	OSHA PEL	ACGIH TLV	NIOSH REL	AIHA WEEL	<u>Other</u>
Distillates (Petroleum), Hydrotreated Heavy	None Established	None Established	None Established	None Established	140 mg/m <sup>3</sup> DFG MAK
1-(3-methoxy propoxy) propyl acetate	None Established	606 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	None Established	None Established	None Established

DFG MAK - German developed TWA exposure limits

### **ENGINEERING CONTROLS:**

Provide adequate general and local exhaust ventilation to maintain exposure below established exposure limits. Provide eyewash stations in locations available to material users. Provide hand washing facilities for routine use by personnel using the material.

#### **PERSONAL PROTECTION:**

Splash goggles and apron should be worn when pouring this material to avoid contact with the liquid. Hand protection is recommended when there is possible direct contact with the liquid. Glove choice should be appropriate for the solvent blend and the specific activity being performed. NOTE: nitrile gloves are a general purpose glove available in a wide variety of thicknesses and protect against most solvents. Respiratory protection should be appropriate for solvent exposure and utilized if ventilation cannot be established to adequately maintain exposure within exposure limits such as might occur when cleaning up spills.

#### **EXPOSURE EVALUATION:**

On Press Wash is a solvent mixture with limited established component exposure limits. Airborne exposures depend on the specifics of use and the available ventilation. The product is designed with a pleasant citrus odor. Odor is not an indication of exposure. Personal monitoring is the responsibility of the employer and should be performed to evaluate personnel exposure to the components of On Press Wash under normal use conditions. The user can employ exposure banding techniques to derive their own in house exposure limits. This is beyond the supplier's services under this SDS.

### 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Vapor Pressure:
Specific Gravity:
Solubility in Water:
pH:
<b>Boiling Point:</b>
Viscosity kinematic:
Flash Point:

Not Determined 0.8 @ 68 F/20 C Insoluble Not Applicable >347 F/175 C <10 cps 155 F/68 C (Pensky-Martens) Vapor Density: Evaporation Rate: Freezing Point: Odor: Appearance: Physical State: Flammable Range: VOC content:

Heavier than air Not Determined Not Determined Mild Clear Liquid 0.6 - 4.5 % Estimated @ 25 C (77 F) 800 g/l (6.4 lbs/gallon) calculated

## **10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

### GENERAL:

No dangerous reactions known under normal use conditions.

#### INCOMPATIBLE MATERIALS AND CONDITIONS TO AVOID:

Strong oxidizers and strong alkalis. Avoid contact with heat and ignition sources.

### HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION:

May decompose at high temperature. Thermal decomposition generates carbon dioxide and carbon monoxide. Other decomposition are dependent on temperature.

## **11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

#### TOXICITY TO ANIMALS:

<u>Component</u>	Acute Test	Value	Species
Naphtha (Petroleum), hydrotreated heav	vy LC50	8,500 mg/m <sup>3</sup> /4hr	
C12-C14 isoalkanes	LD50 oral	>5000 mg/kg	Rat
C12-C14 isoalkanes	LC50 inhalation	>5.3 mg/l 4h	Rat
C12-C14 isoalkanes	comparison to similar cmpds	No Skin irritation	
C12-C14 isoalkanes	comparison to similar cmpds	No Eye irritation	
C9-C11 alkane/cycloalkanes	LC50 inhalation	>5000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Rat
C9-C11 alkane/cycloalkanes	LD50	>5000 mg/kg	Rat
C9-C11 alkane/cycloalkanes	Skin Irritation	Not expected to be skin sensitizer	
C9-C11 alkane/cycloalkanes	Serious Eye Damage	Mild, short term discomfort	
1-(3-methoxypropoxy)propyl acetate	LD50 Oral	>2,930 mg/kg	Unknown
1-(3-methoxypropoxy)propyl acetate	LD50 Dermal	>5,000 mg/kg	Unknown
1-(3-methoxypropoxy)propyl acetate	LC50 vapor	5.7 mg/l	Unknown

#### **ROUTES OF ENTRY:**

Inhalation of vapor; ingestion of liquid; permeation through skin; eye contact

### CHRONIC EFFECTS ON HUMANS:

Applicable to naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy: specially formulated to limit amount of the aromatic hydrocarbons (specifically benzene, toluene, xylene, ethyl benzene) which are more harmful to humans. Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated is a blend of hydrocarbons in the C9 to C11 range consisting of isoalkanes and cyclic hydrocarbons with less than 2% aromatic hydrocarbons. The blend produces reversible acute CNS depression at high exposure levels, chemical pneumonitis if aspirated, and irritation to the skin, eyes, and respiratory tract depending on the means and levels they are encountered. With the exception of n-hexane (a C6 compound and not present in the blend) repeated exposures at even high levels produce no effects or non-specific effects in animal studies with no pathological changes in organs examined. Thus, the animal data in general suggest that hydrocarbon solvents produce only acute

effects and normally only at high levels of exposure. No known carcinogenic effects. 1-(3-methoxypropoxy)propyl acetate has no known carcinogenic effects.

### Eyes:

Expected to be slightly irritating to the eyes.

## Skin:

Irritating to the skin through a defatting mechanism. Chronic exposure may result in drying of the skin with some redness and cracking.

### Ingestion:

Aspiration hazard with the potential of causing chemical pneumonitis.

## Inhalation:

High concentrations, exceeding those expected during normal use, may cause central nervous system depression resulting in headaches, dizziness, and nausea with continued inhalation.

## **12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

<u>Species</u>	<b>Test Information</b>	<b>Concentration</b>	<u>Component</u>
Oncorhynchus mykiss	LLO Acute	1000 mg/l	C9-C11 alkanes/cycloalkanes
Daphnia magna	ELO Acute	1000 mg/l	C9-C11 alkanes/cycloalkanes
Daphnia magna	NOELR	1 mg/l - 21 days	C9-C11 alkanes/cycloalkanes
Green Algae	NOELR chronic	0.315 mg/l- 21 days	C12-C14 Isoalkanes
Oncorhynchus mykiss	LL50 Acute	>1000 mg/l - 96h	C12-C14 Isoalkanes
Daphnia magna	EL50 Acute	>1000 mg/l - 48h	C12-C14 Isoalkanes
Green Algae	EL50 Acute	>1000 mg/l - 72h	C12-C14 Isoalkanes

Neither C12-C14 isoalkane blend or the C9-C11 alkanes/cycloalkanes are expected to be harmful to aquatic organisms based in data. No ecological information for 1-(3-methoxypropoxy)propyl acetate.

## **PRODUCTS OF BIODEGRADATION:**

Expected to be inherently biodegradable. The volatile constituents will oxidize rapidly by photochemical reactions in air. Contains constituents with the potential to bioaccumulate. Films formed on water may affect oxygen transfer and damage organisms.

## **13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

Dispose of any waste in compliance with local, state, and federal regulations. Determine EPA RCRA waste categorization at the time of disposal as mixing with other materials may change its categorization. Containers may contain residue that needs to be addressed at time of disposal. Recycling containers needs to address any remaining residues.

## **14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

The following proper shipping name, hazard class and packing group are in accordance to 49 CFR Department of Transportation (U.S. DOT) regulatory requirements from 172.101 Hazardous Materials Table

49 CFR Shipping Information	On Press Wash
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Symbols	"G" - identifies proper shipping names for which one or more technical names of the hazardous material must be entered in parantheses, in association with the basic description. See 172.203(k).
UN Number	NA1993
Proper Shipping Name	Not DOT regulated for domestic transportation unless greater than 119 gallons (450 liters). Proper shipping name when regulated: Combustible liquid, n.o.s. Contains: Petroleum distillates
Hazard Class	3
Packing Group	III
Label Codes	None
Special Provisions (172.102)	148, IB3, T1 ,TP1
Packaging - Exceptions	173.150
Packaging - Nonbulk	173.203
Packaging - bulk	173.241
Quantity Limitations - Passenger aircraft/rail	60L
Quantity Limitations - Cargo aircraft only	220L
Vessel stowage - Location	A - The material may be stowed "on deck" or "under deck" on a cargo vessel and on a passenger vessel.
Vessel stowage - Other	Not Applicable

## INTERNATIONAL AIR TRADE ASSOCIATION (IATA)

IATA 58th Edition Information	On Press Wash
UN Number	NA
Proper Shipping Name Description	NA
Class or Division	NA
Hazard Label(s)	NA
Packing Group	NA
EQ - 2.6 Dangerous Goods in Excepted Quantities	NA
Passenger Aircraft - Limited Quantity Packing Instructions	NA
Passenger Aircraft - Limited Quantity Max net Qty/Pkg	NA
Passenger Aircraft - Packing Instructions	NA
Passenger Aircraft - Quantity Max Net Qty/Pkging	NA

Cargo Aircraft only - Packing Instructions	NA
Cargo Aircraft only - Max Net Qty/Pkging	NA
Special Provisions 4.4	NA
ERG Code	NA

#### INTERNATIONAL MARITIME DANGEROUS GOODS CODE (IMDG CODE)

IMDG 2016 EDITION	On Press Wash
UN Number	NA
Proper Shipping Name Description	ΝΑ
Class or Division	NA
Subsidiary Risks	NA
Packing Group	NA
Special Provisions	NA
Limited Quantities	NA
Excepted Quantities	NA
Packing Instructions	NA
Packing Provisions	NA
IBC Instructions 4.1.4	NA
IBC Provisions 4.1.4	NA
Portable tanks and bulk containers - tank instructions	NA
Portable tanks and bulk containers - provisions	NA
EmS	NA
Stowage and Handling	ΝΑ
Segregation	NA
Properties and observations	NA

## **15. REGULATORY INFORMATION**

### **Chemical Inventory Status**

Ingredients listed on: TSCA, DSL, Japan, and EC inventories.

SARA Section 302 - Emergency Planning Notification - None SARA Section 304 - Emergency Release Notification - None SARA 311/312 - Hazard categories for SARA Section 311/312 Reporting -

Immediate (acute) health hazard; Delayed (chronic) health hazard; Fire hazard

CERCLA - Hazardous Substance - Noi

RCRA Hazardous Waste Classification - None

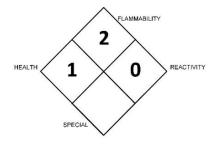
### **California Proposition 65:**

This product does not contain any substance known to the state of California to cause cancer and/or reproductive harm.

## **16. OTHER INFORMATION**

### UNITED STATES NATIONAL FIRE PROTECTION ASSOCIATION (U.S. NFPA)

NFPA 704 "fire diamond" is used by emergency personnel to quickly identify the risks posed by the material during response to a fire or a spill or other unusual event.



## NFPA rating explanation as applied to On Press Wash

**FLAMMABILITY 2** - Materials which must be moderately heated or exposed to high ambient temperature before ignition can occur. Includes liquids having a flash point at or above 100 F (38 C) but below 200 F (93 C) **HEALTH 1** - Irritation or minor reversible injury possible. **REACTIVITY 0** - Normally stable, even under fire exposure conditions, and is not reactive with water.

**SPECIAL** - contains special symbols applicable to the material. In this case there are no applicable special conditions.

The Hazardous Materials Identification System (HMIS) is a numerical hazard rating that incorporates the use of labels with color developed by the American Coatings Association as a compliance aid for the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard.

On Press Wash	HEALTH - FLAMMABILITY-	1 - Irritation or minor reversible injury possible.
HEALTH 1	FLAIVIIVIABILITY-	2 - Materials which must be moderately heated or exposed to high ambient temperatures before ignition will occur.
FLAMMABILITY 2		Includes liquids having a flash point at or above 100F/38C
PHYSICAL HAZARD 0		but below 200F/93C.
PERSONAL PROTECTION H	REACTIVITY-	0-Materials that are normally stable, even under fire conditions, and will not react with water, polymerize, decompose, condense, or self-react. Nonexplosives.
	PERSONAL PROTECTION-	Gloves. Protective goggles. Protective clothing. Insufficient ventilation: wear respiratory protection.
CREATION/REVISION SUMMARY:		
Created on: December 27, 2018		LEGEND TECHNICAL SERVICES, INC.
Revised on: April 1, 2019		88 Empire Drive, Saint Paul, Minnesota 55103
added IATA and IMDG transportation information		651-221-4085 Registered Specialist
Revised on: April 1, 2019		AlHA Registry Programs*
revised hydrocarbon portion to be consistently identified as		
Naphtha (Petroleum), Hydrotreated Heavy; not regulated		

THE INFORMATION RELATES TO THIS SPECIFIC INFORMATION. IT MAY NOT BE VALID FOR THIS MATERIAL IF USED IN COMBINATION WITH ANY OTHER MATERIALS OR IN ANY PROCESS. IT IS THE USER'S RESPONSIBILITY TO SATISFY ONESELF AS TO THE SUITABILITY AND COMPLETENESS OF THIS INFORMATION FOR HIS OWN PARTICULAR USE. ALL MATERIALS MAY PRESENT UNKNOWN HAZARDS AND SHOULD BE USED WITH CAUTION. ALTHOUGH CERTAIN HAZARDS ARE DESCRIBED HEREIN, WE CANNOT GUARANTEE THAT THESE ARE THE ONLY HAZARDS THAT EXIST.

under IATA and IMDG for shipping