# ENGAGEMENT RING GUIDE 

The Anatomy of a Ring
Shank Styles
Ring Profiles
Ring Styles
Bridal Sets

Ring Size Reference
Prong Styles
Setting Styles


RINGS | The Anatomy of a Ring


Top/Looking Down View

Sizing Area


Through Finger View

Side View




Straight


Tapered


Reverse Tapered


Pinched


Flair


Bypass


Split


Freeform


Cathedral


RINGS | Shank Styles and Ring Profiles



Fashion


Halo


3-Stone


Promise


Semi-Mount


Award/Signet



Solitaire


Bridal Set
(Engagement Ring and Wedding Band )


Wedding Band


Anniversary Band


Eternity Band


## STRAIGHT BAND

A straight band is designed to complement and sit next to the engagement ring. One advantage of a straight band is that it can be worn independently from the engagement ring. A straight band can fit flush against the engagement ring. However, if the engagement ring has a center setting that prevents the band from sitting flush, a gap can be seen between the ring and band.


Straight Flush


Straight With Gap

Option 1:

- Place your ring over the circles, matching the inside edge of the ring to the nearest in size.
- If the ring falls between two sizes, select the larger size.



## Option 2:

## - Copy this page.

- Cut out the ring size chart and then cut a slit for slot " $A$ ".
- Wrap the ring size chart around your finger with the numbers facing outward.
- Insert "B" through slot "A" until it fits snugly around the finger where the ring will be worn.
- The number aligned along the slit is your ring size. If the measurement occurs between two numbers, your size is a half size. For example, if it falls between 7 and 8 then your ring size is $71 / 2$.




V-Prong/Chevron


Decorative Double


Four (Standard)


Six


Two (Vertical)


Four (Diagonal)


Eight


Two (Horizontal)



Channel


Bead and Bright-Cut/Pinpoint


Surface Prong


Shared Prong


Bar


