

BIG EGO 32 Bit / 384K USB
Digital to Analog Converter

User Manual

Welcome To Your Big Ego









- 1. Toslink Output (digital)
- 2. USB Input (digital)
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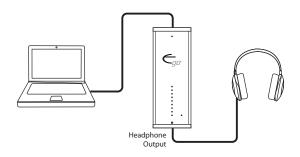
Quick Start

If you have an Apple computer, just connect the USB Input on your Big Ego to an available USB port on your computer, and plug in your headphones.

If you have a Windows computer, your Big Ego can play files up to 24/96 without installing any drivers. Just hold the Filter Select Switch button down while connecting your Big Ego to a USB port; the USB Mode Indicator will light red. Plug in your headphones and you're all set to go.

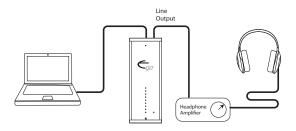
Connecting Your Big Ego

Connecting Your Big Ego To a Computer

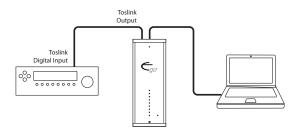


Your computer thinks of your Big Ego as a sound card. You can connect it to any computer that has a free USB port and can support an external USB sound card, and you'll be able to play anything through your Big Ego that you can play on your computer. The high-quality low-impedance headphone output will drive all standard headphones to satisfying levels and sounds superb.

You can also connect the Headphone Output on your Big Ego to a pair of powered monitors that don't have their own volume control.



The analog Line Output bypasses the headphone amplifier, and provides the best possible sound quality for connection to the line level inputs on preamps, pre/pros, external headphone amplifiers, and powered monitors that have their own volume controls.



The Toslink digital output carries a S/PDIF version of the digital audio at the input, which can be routed to another DAC or a digital input on a pre/pro or AVR. Pressing the Output Select Switch toggles between the analog and digital outputs on your Big Ego, and the Output Indicator is lit green when the Toslink digital output is selected.

Using Big Ego With Your Apple Computer

Apple computers already have the drivers they need to use your Big Ego. All you need to do is to tell your computer to use your Big Ego as its sound card. Once you do that, your computer will usually play through your Big Ego when it's plugged in, and play through its internal speakers when your Big Ego is unplugged.

To tell your Apple computer to use Big Ego:

- Connect your Big Ego to a USB port on your Apple computer.
- Open the Finder from the dock.
- · Select Applications.
- · Double click on Utilities.
- · Double click on Audio MIDI Setup.
- · Click on Emotiva Big Ego on the left to select it.
- · Click on the little gear (on the bottom left).
- Click Use This Device For Sound Output to set the Big Ego as your default sound device.
- Click on the red dot to Exit Utilities and Audio MIDI Setup.

Note: Your Big Ego has a special driverless mode for Windows computers. If you hold the Filter Select Switch while plugging in your Big Ego you'll end up in this mode; and the USB Mode Selector will light up red. If this happens, it may confuse your Apple computer. If that happens, just unplug your Big Ego and plug it back in.

Using Big Ego With Your Windows Computer

The audio drivers that are built into Microsoft Windows only support sample rates up to 96k.

To enable your Big Ego to play high resolution audio files up to 384k, you'll need to install our Emotiva Big Ego drivers for Windows. You can download the drivers for free from the Resources tab on the Big Ego product page. Instructions for installing the drivers on your computer are included along with the drivers.

If you only play files below 96k, or you're using your Big Ego on a friend's machine, your Big Ego has a special mode that supports up to 96k without having to install drivers. To use this Driverless Mode, all you need to do is press and hold down the Filter Selector Switch while connecting Big Ego to your computer. When your Big Ego is in Driverless Mode, the USB Mode Indicator will be lit red.

Note: If you're using Driverless Mode, and you turn your computer off or let it hibernate while Big Ego is still connected, you'll have to unplug Big Ego and plug it back in while holding the Filter Selector Switch button down after you turn your computer back on.

To tell your Windows 7 computer to use Big Ego:

- Connect your Big Ego to a USB port on your computer. .
- · On your computer, open Control Panel.
- Click on Hardware and Sound.
- Under Sound, click on Manage Audio Devices.
- Go to the Playback tab and right click on Speakers Emotiva Big Ego.
- · Select Set As Default Device.
- Click OK.
- · Close Control Panel.

To tell your Windows 8.1 computer to use Big Ego:

- Connect your Big Ego to a USB port on your computer.
- On your computer, sweep in from the right edge of your touch screen or bump your mouse against the bottom right corner of the screen to pop up the Charm Bar.
- Click on the Settings icon (the gear).
- · Click on Control Panel.
- · Click on Hardware and Sound.
- Under Sound, click on Manage Audio Devices.
- Go to the Playback tab and right click on Speakers Emotiva Big Ego.
- · Select Set As Default Device.
- Click OK.
- · Close Control Panel.

Playing High Resolution Audio Files

Your Big Ego can play high resolution audio files up to 32/384k. However, both your computer and the music player software you're using have to cooperate if you want to get the best possible quality from all of your digital audio files.

The Sample Rate LEDs on your Big Ego always display the sample rate of the audio the Big Ego is receiving. If you're playing a high resolution audio file, but the Big Ego is only receiving 44k, then your computer probably isn't configured correctly.

Apple Computers

By default, Apple computers always play audio files at a single preset sample rate. If you want to play all high resolution audio files at full quality on an Apple computer, you'll have to select a player program that supports "bit perfect playback". Some popular choices include Amarra, Audirvana, jRiver Media Center, and the Bitperfect plugin for iTunes.

Windows Computers

By default, Windows computers always play audio files at a single preset sample rate. If you want to play all high resolution audio files at full quality on a Windows computer, you'll have to select a player program that supports "WASAPI Mode" and configure it to do so. Some popular choices include jRiver Media Center and Foobar2000.

USB Modes (technical)

In order to deliver the absolute best performance and the ideal level of convenience with the widest variety of computers, your Big Ego supports two different USB audio modes - UAC1 and UAC2 (this is not the same as USB 1.0, USB 2.0, and USB 3.0).

The Big Ego's default operating mode is called USB Audio Class 2 (UAC2), which supports all standard bit depths and sample rates up to 32/384. The drivers needed to support UAC2 are built into all modern Apple computers, but not into Microsoft Windows, which is why you have to install our drivers to unleash the full potential of the Big Ego with a Windows computer. Some versions of Linux also support UAC2, but not all.

Since it isn't always convenient to install drivers on a Windows computer, the Big Ego also gives you the option of running in USB Audio Class 1. Both Apple and Windows computers have support for UAC1 built in, as well as most versions of Linux, so you can use UAC1 on most computers without drivers. The only limitation is that UAC1 only supports bit depths and sample rates up to 24/96k.

The Big Ego's UAC1 mode is engaged by holding down the Filter Select Switch button while connecting the Big Ego to the computer, and the USB Mode Indicator LED will light up red when the Big Ego is in UAC1 mode.

Digital Oversampling Filters

Your Big Ego offers a choice of three different digital interpolation filters, each of which sounds subtly different.

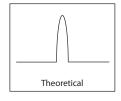
To select a digital filter, press the Filter Select Switch once. The first LED will blink, and one or more of the LEDs above it will light steady blue - indicating which filter is currently selected. While the first LED is still blinking, press the Filter Select Switch repeatedly to cycle through the available filters. Within a few seconds after you stop pressing the button, your Big Ego will switch to the new filter, and resume normal operation. You will hear a slight period of silence when the filter switch occurs.

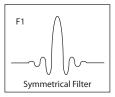
The *Symmetrical* filter (F1) is a classical design which combines equal amounts of pre-ringing and post-ringing. This is the filter most commonly used by other DACs.

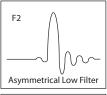
The Asymmetrical Low filter (F2) has virtually no pre-ringing, but several cycles of post-ringing. Many listeners find this combination to sound more natural, while still preserving the liveliness of your music.

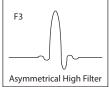
The Asymmetrical High filter (F3) has virtually no pre-ringing, and very little post-ringing. Listeners tend to describe this filter as sounding very mellow, but possibly more flat sounding than F2 with some program material.

About Pre-Ringing and Post-Ringing









In order to facilitate converting digital audio into analog as accurately as possible, the Big Ego uses what's known as an oversampling filter or interpolation filter. While this filter causes no audible alteration of steady state signals, when a transient signal like a drum beat is converted, a tiny bit of ringing is added to the signal. While this ringing is not audible as a separate sound, its presence can subtly alter the sound character of the output.

The first picture on the left shows what a theoretically perfect output of a certain pulse would look like.

The remaining three pictures show graphically what that same pulse will look like after passing through each of the three filter options on the Big Ego.

Tests have shown that ringing after the main signal is less audible than ringing before it, and many people perceive the Asymmetrical filter choices as sounding better, but it's really a matter of personal preference.

Headphone Blend Mode

Your Big Ego also offers a special precision Headphone Blend Mode which provides a more natural headphone listening experience by selectively reducing the separation between the left and right channels so that what you hear from your headphones is more like what you hear when listening to speakers in a real room.

To select the Headphone Blend Mode, press the Filter Select Switch once. The first LED will blink, and one or more of the LEDs above it will light steady blue - indicating which filter is currently selected. While the first LED is still blinking, press the Filter Select Switch repeatedly to cycle through the available filters until the fourth LED is lit: HP (Headphone Blend Mode). Within a few seconds after you stop pressing the button, your Big Ego will switch to the Headphone Blend mode, and resume normal operation. You will hear a slight period of silence when the switch occurs.

Digitally Controlled Analog Volume Control

To take full advantage of the Big Ego's high quality digitally controlled analog volume control, you should leave your player program's Volume Control set to 100% and use the computer's System Volume Control to adjust your audio level.

What You Need to Know About Digital Audio

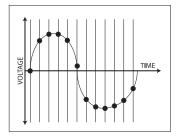
What is Sound?

The sound we hear is made up of tiny changes in air pressure. Our ears detect these minute changes and transmit them to our brain, which interprets them as sound. When we make an audio recording, these changes in air pressure are represented by changes in voltage. When we play back our recording, we use a speaker to turn the changes in voltage back into changes in air pressure that we hear as sound.

Digital Audio

To convert that analog signal into digital audio, we start with a clock that marks off equal amounts of time. For each tick of our clock, we measure the voltage of the signal and save it as a number. The picture shows a grid marked off in time ticks - each vertical line is a tick; the snaky line is our analog audio voltage; and the black dots represent each value in the corresponding digital audio data.

To convert our digital audio back into an analog signal, we use a matching clock; this time, for each tick of the clock, we read one number off our list and convert the number value back into a voltage. Finally, after we use some filtering to smooth the signal and "connect the dots",



we end up with a very good reproduction of our original analog audio signal. The math involved can get complicated, but you don't need to know that part to enjoy digital audio.

The Basics

How often we take a measurement is known as the *sample rate*. The sample rate for standard CDs is 44.1 kHz, which means that each channel on a CD stores 44,100 measurements for each second of digital audio, and the math tells us that means we can store frequencies up to about 21 kHz (which most people agree is about as high as we can hear).

How many digits we allow for each measurement, which determines how accurately we can store each value, is called the *bit depth*. The bit depth used by standard CD audio is 16 bits (which means 16 digits in binary). The math there tells us that a CD can store information accurately enough to give us a dynamic range of about 90 dB, which means that the loudest sound we can store is about 90 dB louder than the noise floor

Those two numbers are usually written together, so a CD is "16/44" - or sometimes "44/16". If we want to store higher frequencies, we can use a higher sample rate and, if we need more dynamic range, we can use a higher bit depth.

While the CD specification requires CDs to store digital audio at 44/16, digital audio files are available in several bit depths and a wide range of sample rates.

Sample Rates and Bit Depths

Digital recordings are currently available at sample rates from 44k to 192k, with 384k recordings just starting to become available. Files created directly from CDs and CD quality downloads have a bit depth of 16 bits, while most high res downloads are 24 bits. Most audio mastering software supports bit depths of 32 bits, so we can expect to start seeing files at that bit depth eventually.

The Big Ego supports all standard sample rates between 44k and 384k, and all standard bit depths from 16 bits to 32 bits. The row of LEDs on your Big Ego show you the sample rate of whatever is currently playing, so you'll always know exactly what your computer is sending to your Big Ego.

Lossless vs Lossy Compression

Digital audio files take up a significant amount of storage space, especially at higher sample rates and bit depths, so various methods have been developed to compress them so you can get more songs on your music player or hard disk. These fall into two categories.

Lossless compression - uses math to store the data more efficiently, while still preserving every single bit of the original, and all of the original quality. Common lossless file formats include FLAC and ALAC.

Lossy compression - can fit a lot more music into a much smaller space. Unfortunately, it does this by discarding information. Several methods of lossy compression compete to give you the smallest files with the least loss of quality, but most audiophiles consider any deliberate reduction in sound

quality to be unacceptable, and so avoid lossy compression. It's important to note that the quality lost with lossy compression is gone forever - you can't get it back.

Another important thing that you should know is that the various lossy file formats have their own numbering schemes. So, for example, a 256k MP3 has lower sound quality than a 44k CD quality lossless file. (However, a 256k MP3 file is about the same as a 256k AAC file, and both are better than a 128k MP3 file.)

High Resolution Audio

The term high resolution is generally used to refer to any lossless audio file that is recorded at any resolution higher than the 16/44k used by CDs. The most common formats for high resolution audio at the moment are 24/96 and 24/192, with the files themselves being either uncompressed WAV files, or in the lossless FLAC or ALAC formats.

High resolution audio files exist for a very simple reason: because most audiophiles agree that they sound better.

There are currently several online stores where you can buy a wide selection of high resolution audio files.

What Do I Need To Play High Resolution Audio Files?

The easiest way to play a wide variety of high resolution audio files is to use a computer. There are lots of player programs you can use - although you do need to configure them correctly to get the best results. You also need playback hardware that can convert those superb quality high res files back into analog audio at the best quality possible. Luckily you have a Big Ego!

Specifications

USB Interface: Asynchronous (UAC1 and UAC2)

Format: PCM digital audio.

Audio File Formats Supported: Big Ego supports any file or stream format your computer can play.

Digital Filter Options:

Symmetrical; Asymmetrical Low; Asymmetrical High.

Maximum Output Level:

1.8 VRMS (headphone); 2.1 VRMS (line).

Sample Rates Supported:

Apple computers: 44.1k - 384k (no drivers required).

Windows computers: 44.1k - 384k (with free drivers).

Windows computers: 44.1k - 96k (driverless).

Bit Depths Supported: 16 bits, 24 bits, 32 bits.

Frequency Response:

8 Hz to 20 kHz; 44.1k and 48k sample rates.

8 Hz to 40 kHz; 88.2k and 96k sample rates.

8 Hz to 60 kHz; 176k and 192k sample rates.

Signal to Noise Ratio:

> 106 dB (A-weighted; headphone output).

> 113 dB (A-weighted; line output).

Total Harmonic Distortion + Noise:

< 0.006% (headphone output).

< 0.004% (line output).

Troubleshooting

Problem:

No sound on your headphones or Line Output.

Check for:

- Make sure the Output Indicator isn't lit.
 (If it's lit, then the digital output is selected.)
- Make sure you selected the proper output device on your computer.
- Make sure that the volume control is not set all the way down.

Problem:

You're playing high resolution files, but the Big Ego still shows a 44k sample rate.

Check for:

 Your computer or player software is configured incorrectly. If you have an Apple computer, make sure your player software supports bit-perfect playback. If you have a Windows computer, make sure your player software supports WASAPI mode, and is configured to use it.

Warranty

The Emotiva Big Ego DAC carries a **one year** transferable warranty on parts and labor. Please refer to the product page and the Warranty Information section of our website for details.

If you're new to computer and digital audio, we highly recommend that you check out our user forums. We have lots of discussion groups about digital audio, Emotiva digital audio products, player software, and other related topics. It's a great place to read up on digital audio and interact with other digital audio fans.

All information contained in this manual is accurate to the best of our knowledge at the time of publication. In keeping with our policy of ongoing product improvement, we reserve the right to make changes to the design and features of our products without prior notice.

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