

## Safety data sheet according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Annex II

### SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

#### 1.1 Product identifier

**Silikon-Dichtstoff SN145 - Rapidseal N 402 –  
Brilliant White and Transparent**

#### 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

**Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture:**

Silicone sealant

**Uses advised against:**

No information available at present.

#### 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Material Supplier - Si-linq Construction Chemical Distribution,  
Valeriusstraat 251h, 1075GB Amsterdam, Netherlands  
Phone: +31 (0) 20 894 6051, Fax: +31 (0) 84 003 1848  
info@si-linq.com, www.si-linq.com

Qualified person's e-mail address:  
info@chemical-check.de, k.schnurbusch@chemical-check.de  
Please DO NOT use for requesting Safety Data Sheets.

Re-Packer – IFI a trading division of Rapidrop Global Limited  
Rutland Business Park, Peterborough, PE1 5WA, United Kingdom  
Phone: +44 (0) 1733 847520, Fax: +44 (0) 1733 343465:

#### 1.4 Emergency telephone

**Emergency information services / official advisory body:**

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**Telephone number of the company in case of emergencies:**

+49 (0) 700 / 24 112 112 (ISA)

+44 (0) 1733 847520      UK Office Hours

### SECTION 2 : Hazards Identification

#### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

##### 2.1.1 Classification according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP)

The mixture is not classified as dangerous in the terms of the Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP).

##### 2.1.2 Classification according to Directives 67/548/EEC and 1999/45/EC (including amendments)

The mixture is not classified as dangerous in the terms of the directive 1999/45/EC.

#### 2.2 Label elements

##### 2.2.1 Labeling according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP)

EUH208-Contains 2-Butanone oxime, Butane-2-one-O,O',O''-(methyl silyldiyne) trioxime. May produce an allergic reaction.  
EUH210-Safety data sheet available on request.

## 2.3 Other hazards

The mixture does not contain any vPvB substance (vPvB = very persistent, very bioaccumulative) or is not included under XIII of the regulation (EC) 1907/2006.

The mixture does not contain any PBT substance (PBT = persistent, bioaccumulative, toxic) or is not included under XIII of the regulation (EC) 1907/2006.

## SECTION 3 : Composition / Information on Ingredients

### 3.1 Substance

n.a.

### 3.2 Mixture

Hydrocarbons, C15-C20, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 0.03% aromatics	
Registration number (REACH)	01-2119827000-58-XXXX
Index	---
EINECS, ELINCS, NLP	934-956-3 (REACH-IT List-No.)
CAS	CAS ---
content %	30-50
Classification according to Directive 67/548/EEC	Harmful, Xn, R65
Classification according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP)	Asp. Tox. 1, H304

For the text of the R-phrases / H-phrases and classification codes (GHS/CLP), see Section 16.

The substances named in this section are given with their actual, appropriate classification!

For substances that are listed in appendix VI, table 3.1/3.2 of the regulation (EC) no. 1272/2008 (CLP regulation) this means that all notes that may be given here for the named classification have been taken into account.

## SECTION 4 : First Aid Measures

### 4.1 Description of first aid measures

#### Inhalation

Supply person with fresh air and consult doctor according to symptoms.

#### Skin contact

Wipe off residual product carefully with a soft, dry cloth.

Remove polluted, soaked clothing immediately, wash thoroughly with plenty of water and soap, in case of irritation of the skin (flare), consult a doctor.

#### Eye contact

Remove contact lenses.

Wash thoroughly for several minutes using copious water. Seek medical help if necessary.

#### Ingestion

Rinse the mouth thoroughly with water.

Do not induce vomiting - give copious water to drink. Consult doctor immediately.

### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

If applicable delayed symptoms and effects can be found in section 11 and the absorption route in section 4.1.

In certain cases, the symptoms of poisoning may only appear after an extended period / after several hours.

### 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

n.c.

## SECTION 5 : Firefighting Information

### 5.1 Extinguishing media

#### Suitable extinguishing media

Water jet spray/foam/CO2/dry extinguisher

#### Unsuitable extinguishing media

High volume water jet

### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

In case of fire the following can develop:

Oxides of carbon

Oxides of nitrogen

Formaldehyde

Toxic gases

### 5.3 Advice for firefighters

In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes.

Protective respirator with independent air supply.

According to size of fire

Full protection, if necessary

Dispose of contaminated extinction water according to official regulations.

## SECTION 6 : Accidental Release Measures

### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Ensure sufficient supply of air.

Avoid contact with eyes or skin.

If applicable, caution - risk of slipping

### 6.2 Environmental precautions

If leakage occurs, dam up.

Resolve leaks if this possible without risk.

Prevent surface and ground-water infiltration, as well as ground penetration.

Prevent from entering drainage system.

### 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Soak up with absorbent material (e.g. universal binding agent, sand, diatomaceous earth) and dispose of according to Section 13.

Flush residue using copious water.

Or:

Allow product to harden.

Pick up mechanically and dispose of according to Section 13.

### 6.4 Reference to other sections

For personal protective equipment see Section 8 and for disposal instructions see Section 13.

## SECTION 7 : Handling and Storage

In addition to information given in this section, relevant information can also be found in section 8 and 6.1.

### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

#### 7.1.1 General recommendations

Ensure good ventilation.  
 Avoid contact with eyes.  
 Avoid long lasting or intensive contact with skin.  
 Eating, drinking, smoking, as well as food-storage, is prohibited in work-room.  
 Observe directions on label and instructions for use.

#### 7.1.2 Notes on general hygiene measures at the workplace

General hygiene measures for the handling of chemicals are applicable.  
 Wash hands before breaks and at end of work.  
 Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.  
 Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering areas in which food is consumed.

### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Not to be stored in gangways or stair wells.  
 Store product closed and only in original packing.  
 Store at room temperature.  
 Store in a dry place.

### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

No information available at present

## SECTION 8 : Exposure Controls and Personal Protection

### 8.1 Control parameters

Workplace exposure limit (WEL) of the total hydrocarbon solvent content of the mixture (RCP method according to EH40):  
 1200 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

Chemical Name	Hydrocarbons, C15-C20, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 0.03% aromatics	Content %:	
WEL-TWA: 1200 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (>= C7 normal and branched chain alkanes)	WEL-STEL: ---	30-50	---
BMGV: ---	Other information: ---		
Chemical Name	Silica, amorphous	Content %:	
WEL-TWA: 6 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (total inh. dust), 2,4 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (resp. dust)	WEL-STEL: ---	---	---
BMGV: ---	Other information: ---		

WEL-TWA = Workplace Exposure Limit - Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA (= time weighted average) reference period) EH40. AGW = "Arbeitsplatzgrenzwert" (workplace limit value, Germany). | WEL-STEL = Workplace Exposure Limit - Short-term exposure limit (15-minute reference period). | BMGV = Biological monitoring guidance value EH40. BGW = "Biologischer Grenzwert" (biological limit value, Germany) | Other information: Sen = Capable of causing occupational asthma. Sk = Can be absorbed through skin. Carc = Capable of causing cancer and/or heritable genetic damage.

\*\* = The exposure limit for this substance is repealed through the TRGS 900 (Germany) of January 2006 with the goal of revision.

## SECTION 8 : Exposure Controls and Personal Protection (Continued)

<b>Silica, amorphous</b>						
Area of application	Exposure route / Environmental compartment	Effect on health	Descriptor	Value	Unit	Note
Workers / employees	Human - inhalation	Long term, local effects	DNEL	4	mg/m <sup>3</sup>	

### 8.2 Exposure controls

#### 8.2.1 Appropriate engineering controls

Ensure good ventilation. This can be achieved by local suction or general air extraction.  
 If this is insufficient to maintain the concentration under the WEL or AGW values, suitable breathing protection should be worn.  
 Applies only if maximum permissible exposure values are listed here.

#### 8.2.2 Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

General hygiene measures for the handling of chemicals are applicable.

Wash hands before breaks and at end of work.

Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.

Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering areas in which food is consumed.

Eye/face protection:

With danger of contact with eyes.

Tight fitting protective goggles with side protection (EN 166).

Skin protection - Hand protection:

Chemical resistant protective gloves (EN 374).

If applicable

Safety gloves made of chloroprene (EN 374).

Protective nitrile gloves (EN 374)

Minimum layer thickness in mm:

0,5

Permeation time (penetration time) in minutes:

> 480

The breakthrough times determined in accordance with EN 374 Part 3 were not obtained under practical conditions.

The recommended maximum wearing time is 50% of breakthrough time.

Protective hand cream recommended.

Skin protection - Other:

Protective working garments (e.g. safety shoes EN ISO 20345, long-sleeved protective working garments)

Respiratory protection:

Normally not necessary.

If OES or MEL is exceeded.

Gas mask filter A (EN 14387), code colour brown

Observe wearing time limitations for respiratory protection equipment.

Thermal hazards:

Not applicable

Additional information on hand protection - No tests have been performed.

In the case of mixtures, the selection has been made according to the knowledge available and the information about the contents.

Selection of materials derived from glove manufacturer's indications.

Final selection of glove material must be made taking the breakthrough times, permeation rates and degradation into account.

Selection of a suitable glove depends not only on the material but also on other quality characteristics and varies from manufacturer to manufacturer.

In the case of mixtures, the resistance of glove materials cannot be predicted and must therefore be tested before use.

The exact breakthrough time of the glove material can be requested from the protective glove manufacturer and must be observed.

#### 8.2.3 Environmental exposure controls

No information available at present.

## SECTION 9 : Physical and Chemical Properties

### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state:	Solid, Pastelike
Colour:	According to specification
Odour:	Aromatic
Odour threshold:	Not determined
pH-value:	~7
Melting point/freezing point:	Not determined
Initial boiling point and boiling range:	Not determined
Flash point:	n.a.
Evaporation rate:	Not determined
Flammability (solid, gas):	>440 °C
Lower explosive limit:	n.a.
Upper explosive limit:	n.a.
Vapour pressure:	Not determined
Vapour density (air = 1):	n.a.
Density:	0.96-1.00 g/cm <sup>3</sup>
Bulk density:	n.a.
Solubility(ies):	Not determined
Water solubility:	Soluble
Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water):	Not determined
Auto-ignition temperature:	Not determined
Decomposition temperature:	Not determined
Viscosity:	>20,5 mm <sup>2</sup> /s
Explosive properties:	No
Oxidising properties:	No

### 9.2 Other information

Miscibility:	Not determined
Fat solubility / solvent:	No
Conductivity:	Not determined
Surface tension:	Not determined
Solvents content:	0 %

## SECTION 10 : Reactivity and Stability

### 10.1 Reactivity

The product has not been tested.

### 10.2 Chemical stability

Stable with proper storage and handling.

### 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

No dangerous reactions are known.

### 10.4 Conditions to avoid

See also section 7.

Strong heat

Moisture

### 10.5 Incompatible materials

See also section 7.

Avoid contact with strong oxidizing agents.

Avoid contact with strong alkalis.

Avoid contact with strong acids.

### 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

See also section 5.2

No decomposition when used as directed.

## SECTION 11 : Toxicology Information

Possibly more information on health effects, see Section 2.1 (classification).

<b>Silikon-Dichtstoff SN145</b>						
Toxicity/effect	Endpoint	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
Acute toxicity, by oral route:						n.d.a.
Acute toxicity, by dermal route:						n.d.a.
Acute toxicity, by inhalation:						n.d.a.
Skin corrosion/irritation:						n.d.a.
Serious eye damage/irritation:						n.d.a.
Respiratory or skin sensitisation:						n.d.a.
Germ cell mutagenicity:						n.d.a.
Carcinogenicity:						n.d.a.
Reproductive toxicity:						n.d.a.
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure (STOT-SE):						n.d.a.
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (STOT-RE):						n.d.a.
Aspiration hazard:						n.d.a.
Respiratory tract irritation:						n.d.a.
Repeated dose toxicity:						n.d.a.
Symptoms:						n.d.a.
Other information:						Classification according to calculation procedure.

<b>Hydrocarbons, C15-C20, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, &lt; 0.03% aromatics</b>						
Toxicity/effect	Endpoint	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
Acute toxicity, by oral route:	LD50	>5000	mg/kg	Rat	OECD 401 (Acute Oral Toxicity)	
Acute toxicity, by dermal route:	LD50	>3160	mg/kg	Rabbit	OECD 402 (Acute Dermal Toxicity)	24h
Acute toxicity, by inhalation:	LC50	>5266	mg/m <sup>3</sup> /4h	Rat	OECD 403 (Acute Inhalation Toxicity)	Aerosol
Skin corrosion/irritation:					OECD 404 (Acute Dermal Irritation/Corrosion)	Not irritant

Serious eye damage/irritation:					OECD 405 (Acute Eye Irritation/Corrosion)	Not irritant
Germ cell mutagenicity:						Negative
Reproductive toxicity:						Negative
Aspiration hazard:						Yes
Respiratory tract irritation:						In high doses:, Possible
Symptoms:						vomiting, skin afflictions





## SECTION 12 : Ecological Information (Continued)

<b>Hydrocarbons, C15-C20, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, &lt; 0.03% aromatics</b>							
<b>Toxicity/effect</b>	<b>Endpoint</b>	<b>Time</b>	<b>Value</b>	<b>Unit</b>	<b>Organism</b>	<b>Test method</b>	<b>Notes</b>
Toxicity to fish:	LL50	96h	>1028	mg/l	Scophthalmus maximus	OECD 203 (Fish, Acute Toxicity Test)	
Toxicity to daphnia:	LL50	48h	>3193	mg/l	Acartia tonsa	ISO 14669	
Toxicity to algae:	ErL50	72h	>10000	mg/l	Skeletonema costatum	ISO 10253	
Persistence and degradability:		28d	74	%		OECD 306 (Biodegradability in Seawater)	Readily biodegradable
Persistence and degradability:		28d	74	%		OECD 306 (Biodegradability in Seawater)	Readily biodegradable
Bioaccumulative potential:							Yes
Mobility in soil:							Not to be expected
Results of PBT and vPvB assessment							No PBT substance, No vPvB substance

<b>Silica, amorphous</b>							
<b>Toxicity/effect</b>	<b>Endpoint</b>	<b>Time</b>	<b>Value</b>	<b>Unit</b>	<b>Organism</b>	<b>Test method</b>	<b>Notes</b>
Toxicity to fish:	LC50	96h	>10000	mg/l	Brachydanio rerio	OECD 203 (Fish, Acute Toxicity Test)	
Toxicity to daphnia:	EC50	24h	>10000	mg/l	Daphnia magna	OECD 202 (Daphnia sp. Acute Immobilisation Test)	
Persistence and degradability:							Abiotically degradable.
Results of PBT and vPvB assessment							No PBT substance, No vPvB substance

<b>Calcium carbonate</b>							
<b>Toxicity/effect</b>	<b>Endpoint</b>	<b>Time</b>	<b>Value</b>	<b>Unit</b>	<b>Organism</b>	<b>Test method</b>	<b>Notes</b>
Toxicity to fish:	LC50	96h	>10000	mg/l	Oncorhynchus mykiss		
Toxicity to daphnia:	EC50	48h	>1000	mg/l	Daphnia magna		
Toxicity to algae:	EC50	72h	>200	mg/l	Desmodesmus subspicatus		
Water solubility:			0,014	g/l			

## SECTION 13 : Disposal Considerations

### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

#### For the substance / mixture / residual amounts

EC disposal code no.:

The waste codes are recommendations based on the scheduled use of this product.  
Owing to the user's specific conditions for use and disposal, other waste codes may be allocated under certain circumstances. (2001/118/EC, 2001/119/EC, 2001/573/EC)

07 02 17 wastes containing silicones other than those mentioned in 07 02 16

08 04 10 waste adhesives and sealants other than those mentioned in 08 04 09

Recommendation:

Pay attention to local and national official regulations

E.g. suitable incineration plant.

Hardened product:

Can be disposed of with household rubbish.

#### For contaminated packing material

Pay attention to local and national official regulations

Empty container completely.

Uncontaminated packaging can be recycled.

Dispose of packaging that cannot be cleaned in the same manner as the substance.

15 01 02 plastic packaging

## SECTION 14 : Transport Information

### General statements

UN number: n.a.

#### Transport by road/by rail (ADR/RID)

UN proper shipping name:

Transport hazard class(es): n.a.

Packing group: n.a.

Classification code: n.a.

LQ (ADR 2013): n.a.

LQ (ADR 2009): n.a.

Environmental hazards: Not applicable

Tunnel restriction code:

#### Transport by sea (IMDG-code)

UN proper shipping name:

Transport hazard class(es): n.a.

Packing group: n.a.

Marine Pollutant: n.a.

Environmental hazards: Not applicable

#### Transport by air (IATA)

UN proper shipping name:

Transport hazard class(es): n.a.

Packing group: n.a.

Environmental hazards: Not applicable

### Special precautions for user

Unless specified otherwise, general measures for safe transport must be followed.

#### Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Non-dangerous material according to Transport Regulations.

## SECTION 15 : Regulatory Information

### 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

For classification and labelling see Section 2.

Observe restrictions:

### 15.2 Chemical safety assessment

A chemical safety assessment is not provided for mixtures.

## SECTION 16 : Other Information

### Any abbreviations and acronyms used in this document:

These details refer to the product as it is delivered.

Revised sections:

n.a.

### Classification and processes used to derive the classification of the mixture in accordance with the ordinance (EG) 1272/2008 (CLP):

Not applicable

The following phrases represent the posted R phrases / H phrases, Hazard Class and Risk Category Code (GHS/CLP) of the product and the constituents (specified in Section 2 and 3).

65 Harmful: may cause lung damage if swallowed.

H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Asp. Tox. — Aspiration hazard

AC Article Categories

acc., acc. to according, according to

ACGIH American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

ADR Accord européen relatif au transport international des marchandises Dangereuses par Route (= European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road)

AOEL Acceptable Operator Exposure Level

AOX Adsorbable organic halogen compounds

approx. approximately

Art., Art. no. Article number

ATE Acute Toxicity Estimate according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP)

BAM Bundesanstalt für Materialforschung und -prüfung (Federal Institute for Materials Research and Testing, Germany)

BAuA Bundesanstalt für Arbeitsschutz und Arbeitsmedizin (= Federal Institute for Occupational Health and Safety, Germany)

BCF Bioconcentration factor

BGV Berufsgenossenschaftliche Vorschrift (= Accident Prevention Regulation)

BHT Butylhydroxytoluol (= 2,6-Di-t-butyl-4-methyl-phenol)

BMGV Biological monitoring guidance value (EH40, UK)

BOD Biochemical oxygen demand

BSEF Bromine Science and Environmental Forum

bw body weight

CAS Chemical Abstracts Service

CEC Coordinating European Council for the Development of Performance Tests for Fuels, Lubricants and Other Fluids

CESIO Comité Européen des Agents de Surface et de leurs Intermédiaires Organiques

CIPAC Collaborative International Pesticides Analytical Council

CLP Classification, Labelling and Packaging (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures)

CMR carcinogenic, mutagenic, reproductive toxic

COD Chemical oxygen demand

CTFA Cosmetic, Toiletry, and Fragrance Association

## SECTION 16 : Other Information (Continued)

### Any abbreviations and acronyms used in this document:

DMEL	Derived Minimum Effect Level
DNEL	Derived No Effect Level
DOC	Dissolved organic carbon
DT50	Dwell Time - 50% reduction of start concentration
DVS	Deutscher Verband für Schweißen und verwandte Verfahren e.V. (= German Association for Welding and Allied Processes)
dw	dry weight
e.g.	for example (abbreviation of Latin 'exempli gratia'), for instance
EC	European Community
ECHA	European Chemicals Agency
EEA	European Economic Area
EEC	European Economic Community
EINECS	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances
ELINCS	European List of Notified Chemical Substances
EN	European Norms
EPA	United States Environmental Protection Agency (United States of America)
ERC	Environmental Release Categories
ES	Exposure scenario
etc.	et cetera
EU	European Union
EWC	European Waste Catalogue
Fax.	Fax number
gen.	general
GHS	Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals
GWP	Global warming potential
HET-CAM	Hen's Egg Test - Chorionallantoic Membrane
HGWP	Halocarbon Global Warming Potential
IARC	International Agency for Research on Cancer
IATA	International Air Transport Association
IBC	Intermediate Bulk Container
IBC (Code)	International Bulk Chemical (Code)
IC	Inhibitory concentration
IMDG-code	International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods
incl.	including, inclusive
IUCLID	International Uniform Chemical Information Database
LC	lethal concentration
LC50	lethal concentration 50 percent kill
LCLo	lowest published lethal concentration
LD	Lethal Dose of a chemical
LD50	Lethal Dose, 50% kill
LDLo	Lethal Dose Low
LOAEL	Lowest Observed Adverse Effect Level
LOEC	Lowest Observed Effect Concentration
LOEL	Lowest Observed Effect Level
LQ	Limited Quantities
MARPOL	International Convention for the Prevention of Marine Pollution from Ships
n.a.	not applicable
n.av.	not available
n.c.	not checked
n.d.a.	no data available
NIOSH	National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health (United States of America)
NOAEC	No Observed Adverse Effective Concentration
NOAEL	No Observed Adverse Effect Level
NOEC	No Observed Effect Concentration
NOEL	No Observed Effect Level

## SECTION 16 : Other Information (Continued)

### Any abbreviations and acronyms used in this document:

ODP Ozone Depletion Potential  
OECD Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development  
org. organic  
PAH polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbon  
PBT persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic  
PC Chemical product category  
PE Polyethylene  
PNEC Predicted No Effect Concentration  
POCP Photochemical ozone creation potential  
ppm parts per million  
PROC Process category  
PTFE Polytetrafluorethylene  
REACH Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REGULATION (EC) No 1907/2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals)  
REACH-IT List-No. 9xx-xxx-x No. is automatically assigned, e.g. to pre-registrations without a CAS No. or other numerical identifier. List Numbers do not have any legal significance, rather they are purely technical identifiers for processing a submission via REACH-IT.  
RID Règlement concernant le transport International ferroviaire de marchandises Dangereuses (= Regulation concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail)  
SADT Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature  
SAR Structure Activity Relationship  
SU Sector of use  
SVHC Substances of Very High Concern  
Tel. Telephone  
ThOD Theoretical oxygen demand  
TOC Total organic carbon  
TRGS Technische Regeln für Gefahrstoffe (=Technical Regulations for Hazardous Substances)  
UN RTDG United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods  
VbF Verordnung über brennbare Flüssigkeiten (= Regulation for flammable liquids (Austria))  
VOC Volatile organic compounds  
vPvB very persistent and very bioaccumulative  
WEL-TWA, WEL-STEL WEL-TWA = Workplace Exposure Limit - Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA (= time weighted average) reference period), WEL-STEL = Workplace Exposure Limit - Short-term exposure limit (15-minute reference period) (EH40, UK).  
WHO World Health Organization  
wwt wet weight

The statements made here should describe the product with regard to the necessary safety precautions - they are not meant to guarantee definite characteristics - but they are based on our present up-to-date knowledge.  
No responsibility.

These statements were made by:

**Chemical Check GmbH, Si-Linq Construction Chemicals and Rapidrop Global Limited.**

