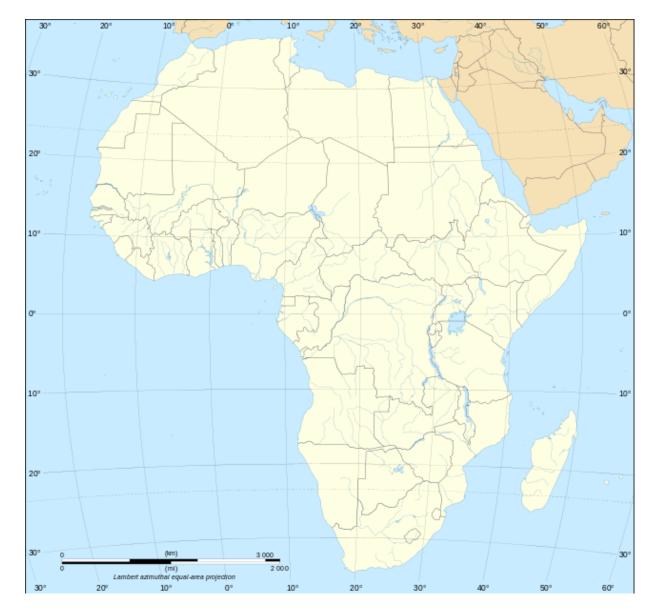


1.1 Political Geography of Africa:

Political maps include borders, cities, territories, and any other tools used to organize an area. Directions: Label the following POLITICAL items below by using an atlas to assist you.

- 1. The largest country in Africa
- 2. The country whose capital is Abuja
- 3. The 7 countries making up North Africa
- 4. The southernmost country
- 5. The Sudan
- 6. The Democratic Republic of the Congo
- 7. Kenya
- 8. Chad



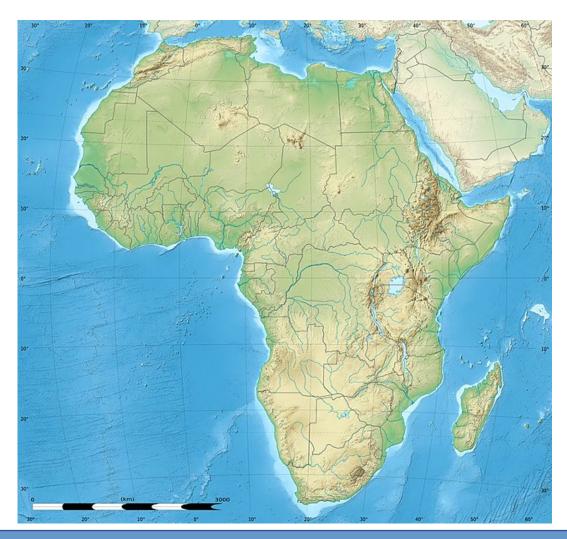
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1.2 Physical Geography of Africa

Physical maps include bodies of water, mountains, or any other naturally occurring landform. Directions: Label the following PHYSICAL items below by using an atlas or google maps

- 1. The Sahara Desert
- 2. The Sahel
- 3. Mount Kilimanjaro
- 4. Atlas Mountains
- 5. Tropical rain forests
- 6. A savannah
- 7. The Nile River
- 8. The Congo River
- 9. The Niger River
- 10. Lake Victoria
- 11. The Great Rift Valley



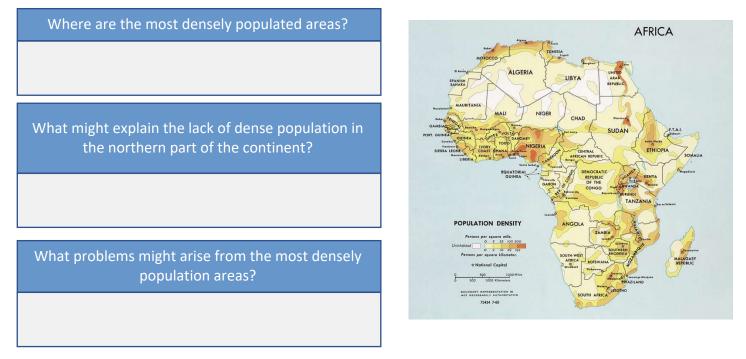
After you Label the Map: What might you conclude about based on the Many Geographic features found throughout the continent?





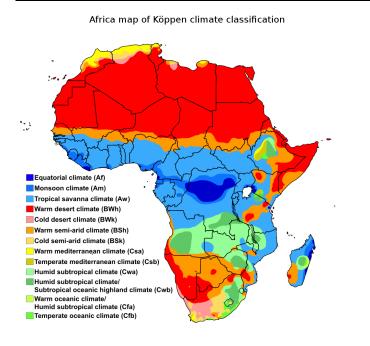
1.3 Population Density and Settlement Patterns of Africa:

Population density measures how close people are to one another. Areas with high population density have many people living in a small space, whereas low population density means people live spread apart. <u>Directions: Answer the following questions based off the corresponding map.</u>



1.4 Climate of Africa:

Below, you will see a colorful map. The different colors represent the climate type found in a particular region. If you need definitions for the different climate types use the link below the map. Directions: Answer the questions below using the map on the right.



What are the most common climate types in Africa?

How does the climate in the savanna differ from the tropical rainforest?

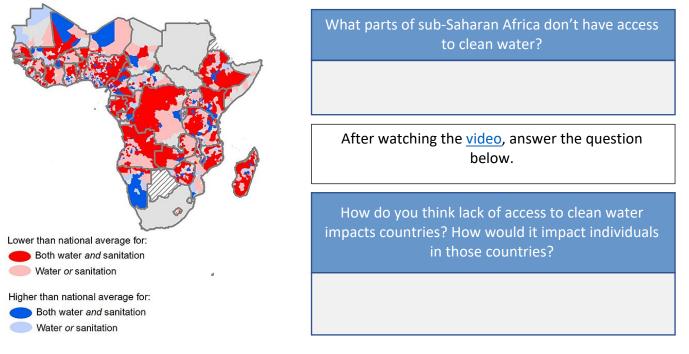
What climate is found near the Sahara and Sahel?

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1.5 Access to Water in Africa

As this map shows, access to clean, safe water remains a problem for much of Africa. Pollution, dirty water, and droughts have contributed to widespread disease. Without clean water, crops cannot be watered.



1.6 Deforestation in Africa:

Deforestation is the intentional clearing of large parts of land. Some African nations' economies depend on crops, but it has negative impacts on the environment.

Deforestation in rainy areas erodes soil and causes good soil to wash away, often into nearby waters, which can then negatively impact fish population. Directions: After watching the video, answer the corresponding question.

How does Deforestation impact a country's economy? Why might a country practice deforestation?

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