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### 1. Identification of the substance / mixture and of the company / undertaking

### 1.1 Identification of the substance/mixture

Substance name: MinOil P20.190.40 No.: 6155, 6156 Product name: — EC No: 265-169-7 CAS No: 64742-65-0 REACH Registration No: 01-2119471299-27

### **1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against** Relevant identified uses: Heat transfer oil.

Uses advised against: —

### 1.3 Identification of the company/supplier

Supplier: Peter HUBER Kältemaschinenbau AG

Street: Werner-von-Siemens-Str. 1 Postal code: DE-77656 Offenburg

### **Contact for technical information**

**Technical Support** Tel.: +49 (0) 781 9603-244 Fax: +49 (0) 781 57211 Email: info@huber-online.com

### **1.4 Emergency telephone number**

+44 (0) 1235 239 670 (Europa) +44 (0) 1865 407 333 (Global, English only) +49 (0) 6131 19240 (Giftinfo Mainz, 24 h in Deutsch und Englisch)

### 2. Hazards identification

### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture Product definition: UVCB

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS] The product is classified as hazardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended. Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Ingredients of unknown toxicity: None. Ingredients of unknown ecotoxicity: None. Classification according to Directive 67/548/EEC [DSD] Not classified. See Section 16 for the full text of the R phrases or H statements declared above. See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

### 2.2 Label elements Hazard pictograms:



Signal word: Danger Hazard statements: H304 - May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Precautionary statements General: P103 - Read label before use.

P102 - Keep out of reach of children.

P101 - If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

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Prevention: Not applicable.
Response: P301 + P310 + P331 - IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician. Do NOT induce vomiting.
Storage: P405 - Store locked up.
Disposal: P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Hazardous ingredients: Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic.
Supplemental label elements: Not applicable.
Annex XVII – Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles: Restricted to professional users.
Special packaging requirements:
Containers to be fitted with child-resistant fastenings: Yes, applicable.
Tactile warning of danger: Yes, applicable.

### 2.3 Other hazards

Substance meets the criteria for PBT according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII: No. P: Not available. B: Not available. T: No.

Substance meets the criteria for vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII: Not available. Other hazards which do not result in classification: Defatting to the skin. Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.

### 3. Composition / information on ingredients

### 3.1 Substances: UVCB

Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	Cla 67/548/EEC	assification Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]	Туре
	REACH #: 01-2119471299-27	100	Not classified.	Asp. Tox. 1, H304	[A]
solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic	EC: 265-169-7 CAS: 64742-65-0 Index: 649-474-00-6			See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.	

The mineral oils in the product contain < 3% DMSO extract (IP 346).

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier, are classified and contribute to the classification of the substance and hence require reporting in this section.

Type [\*] Substance [A] Constituent [B] Impurity [C] Stabilizing additive Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

### 4. First aid measures

### 4.1 Description of first aid measures

### Eye contact

Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.

### Inhalation

Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

### Skin contact

Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

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Ingestion

Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Aspiration hazard if swallowed. Can enter lungs and cause damage. Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

### **Protection of first-aiders**

No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed Potential acute health effects

Eve contact: No known significant effects or critical hazards. Inhalation: No known significant effects or critical hazards. **Skin contact:** Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation. **Ingestion:** May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Over-exposure signs/symptoms Eye contact: No specific data. Inhalation: No specific data. Skin contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation, dryness, cracking

Ingestion: Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting.

### 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to physician: Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

Specific treatments: No specific treatment.

#### 5. **Firefighting measures**

#### 5.1 **Extinguishing media**

Suitable extinguishing media: Use dry chemical, CO<sub>2</sub>, alcohol-resistant foam or water spray (fog). Unsuitable extinguishing media: Do not use water jet.

### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazards from the substance or mixture: In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst. Hazardous thermal decomposition products:

Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide, carbon monoxide, sulfur oxides

### 5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special protective actions for fire-fighters: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

#### 6. Accidental release measures

#### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

### For non-emergency personnel:

No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

### For emergency responders:

If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

### 6.2 Environmental precautions

Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

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### 6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Small spill:

Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if waterinsoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

### Large spill:

Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product.

### 6.4 Reference to other sections

See Section 1 for emergency contact information. See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment. See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

### 7. Handling and storage

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

### Protective measures:

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not swallow. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

### Advice on general occupational hygiene:

Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

### 7.3 Specific end uses

Recommendations: Not available.

Industrial sector specific solutions: Not available.

### 8. Exposure controls / personal protection

The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

### 8.1 Control parameters

### Occupational exposure limits

Product/ingredient name	Exposure limit values
	Lijst Grenswaarden / Valeurs Limites (Belgium, 11/2011). TWA: 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: mist STEL: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. Form: mist

### **Recommended monitoring procedures:**

If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

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### DNELs/DMELs

No DNELs/DMELs available. **PNECs** No PNECs available.

### 8.2 Exposure controls

**Appropriate engineering controls:** Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control worker exposure to airborne contaminants.

### Individual protection measures

### Hygiene measures:

Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

### Eye / face protection

Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields.

### Skin protection

### Hand protection:

Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374. Recommended: Nitrile gloves.

### Body protection:

Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

### Other skin protection:

Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

### **Respiratory protection:**

Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. Recommended: Boiling point > 65 °C: A1; Boiling point < 65 °C: AX1; Hot material: A1P2. **Environmental exposure controls:** Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

### 9. Physical and chemical properties

### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state: Liquid [Oily liquid.] Appearance: Clear Color: Yellow [Light] Odor: Hydrocarbon [Slight] Odor threshold: Not applicable. **pH:** 7 Melting point / freezing point: -12°C Initial boiling point and boiling range: >280°C Flash point: Open cup: >200°C [ASTM D92.] Evaporation rate: Not applicable. Flammability (solid, gas): Not applicable. Upper / lower flammability or explosive limits: Not applicable. Vapor pressure: <0.01 kPa [room temperature] Vapor density: Not available. Relative density: 0,86 Solubility(ies): Insoluble in the following materials: cold water and hot water. **Dispersibility properties:** Not dispersible in the following materials: cold water and hot water. Partition coefficient: n-octanol / water: >3 Auto-ignition temperature: >300°C Decomposition temperature: >300°C Viscosity (40°C): 20 cSt

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Viscosity (100°C): 4.07 cSt Explosive properties: Not applicable. Oxidizing properties: Not applicable.

### 9.2 Other safety information

No additional information.

### 10. Stability and reactivity

### 10.1 Reactivity

No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

### 10.2 Chemical stability

The product is stable.

### 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

### 10.4 Conditions to avoid

It should be borne in mind that the heat transfer fluid has a finite life and its condition must be checked regularly. At high temperatures, Silicon Oil can be chemically altered;

- in the presence of oxidising media such as air, an increase in viscosity and possibly even gelling of the fluid owing to crosslinking reactions can be expected
- contact with products having a catalytic effect, such as acids, lyes and various metal compounds usually induces a process
  of depolymerisation, resulting in a drop in viscosity

The higher the operating temperature the faster these reactions take place and oxidation is particularly accelerated by use of the oil in an open bath.

### **10.5** Incompatible materials

Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: Strong oxidizing materials

### 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

### 11. Toxicological information

### 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

#### Acute toxicity

Product / ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and	Rat - Male, Female	5.53 mg/l	4 hours
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy	mists			
paraffinic	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

### Irritation/Corrosion

Product / ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
	Skin - Erythema/Eschar	Rabbit	0,17		
Distillates (petroleum),					
	Skin – Edema	Rabbit	0		
paraffinic	Eyes - Iris lesion	Rabbit	0		
	Eyes - Redness of the	Rabbit	0,3		
	conjunctivae				

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

### Sensitization

Product / ingredient name Exposure Species	s Result
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Distillates (petroleum),			Not sensitizing
solvent-dewaxed heavy	Skin	Guinea pig	
paraffinic			
Conclusion/Summary : Not	t available.		

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### Mutagenicity

Product / ingredient name	Test	Experiment	Result
Distillates (petroleum),	474 Mammalian	Experiment: In vivo	Negative
solvent-dewaxed heavy	Erythrocyte	Subject: Mammalian-Animal	
paraffinic	Micronucleus Test	Cell: Somatic	

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

### Carcinogenicity

Product / ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic	Negative - Dermal - TC	Mouse - Female	-	78 weeks

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

### **Reproductive toxicity**

Product / ingredient name	Maternal toxicity	Fertility	Development toxin	Species	Dose	Exposure
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy	Negative	Negative	5		Oral: 1000 mg/	-
paraffinic				lemale	kg	
Conclusion/Summany : Not	available					

**Conclusion/Summary :** Not available.

### Teratogenicity

Product / ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Distillates (petroleum),	Negative - Dermal	Rat	2000 mg/kg	7 days per week
solvent-dewaxed heavy				
paraffinic				

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) Not available.

### Aspiration hazard

Product / ingredient name	Result
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

### Information on the likely routes of exposure: Not available.

### Potential acute health effects

Eye contact: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Inhalation: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Skin contact:** Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation.

**Ingestion:** May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

<b>Ingestion:</b> May be fatal if swallowed and enters alrways.
Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics
Potential acute health effects

### Eye contact: No specific data.

Inhalation: No specific data.

Skin contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation, dryness, cracking

Ingestion: Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting.

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure Short term exposure

Potential immediate effects: Not available.

Potential delayed effects: Not available.

### Long term exposure

Potential immediate effects: Not available.

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Potential delayed effects: Not available.

### Potential chronic health effects

Product / ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Distillates (petroleum),	Sub-chronic NOAEL Oral	Rat - Male, Female	≥2000 mg/kg	13 weeks; 5 days per week
solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic	Sub-acute LOAEL Oral	Rat — Male	≥2000 mg/kg	13 weeks; 5 days per week
	Sub-acute NOAEL Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat - Male	>980 mg/m³	4 weeks; 5 days per week

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

General: Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and / or dermatitis. Carcinogenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards. Mutagenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Teratogenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards. Developmental effects: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Fertility effects: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### 11.2 Other information

Not available.

### 12. Ecological information

### 12.1 Toxicity Conclusion / Summary

Not available.

### 12.2 Persistence and degradability

### **Conclusion/Summary :** Not available.

Product / ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
Distillates (petroleum),	-	-	Inherent
solvent-dewaxed heavy			
paraffinic			

### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product / ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
Distillates (petroleum),	>3	-	low
solvent-dewaxed heavy			
paraffinic			

### 12.4 Mobility in soil

Soil / water partition coefficient (KOC): Not available. Mobility: Not available.

### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

PBT: No.

P: Not available. B: Not available. T: No. vPvB: Not available. vP: Not available. vB: Not available.

### 12.6 Other adverse effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### 13. **Disposal considerations**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

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### **13.1** Waste treatment methods

### Product

### Methods of disposal:

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and nonrecyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. **Hazardous waste:** Yes

### European waste catalogue (EWC)

zaropean maste catalogue (zme)		
Waste code	Waste designation	
13 03 07*	mineral-based non-chlorinated insulating and heat transmission oils	

### Packaging

**Methods of disposal:** The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

**Special precautions:** This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

### 14. Transport information

	ADR/RID	ADN	IMDG	IATA
14.1 UN number	Not regulated	Not regulated	Not regulated	Not regulated
14.2 UN proper shipping name	-	-	-	-
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	-	-	-	-
14.4 Packing group	-	-	-	-
14.5 Environmental hazards	No	No	No	No
Additional information	_	-	-	-

### 14.6 Special precautions for user

**Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

### 14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code: Not available.

### 15. Regulatory information

# 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorization Annex XIV None of the components are listed. Substances of very high concern None of the components are listed. Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles: Restricted to professional users. Other EU regulations Europe inventory: This material is listed or exempted. Seveso II Directive This product is not controlled under the Seveso II Directive Hazard class for water (WGK): 1 Appendix No. 3 International regulations Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals Not listed. Montreal Protocol (Annexes A, B, C, E) Not listed. Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants Not listed.

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Rotterdam Convention on Prior Inform Consent (PIC) Not listed. **UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals** Not listed. International lists National inventory Australia: This material is listed or exempted. Canada: This material is listed or exempted. China: This material is listed or exempted. Japan: This material is listed or exempted. Malaysia: Not determined. New Zealand: This material is listed or exempted. Philippines: This material is listed or exempted. Republic of Korea: This material is listed or exempted. Taiwan: Not determined. United States: This material is listed or exempted.

### 15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment:

Complete.

### 16. Other information

### 16.1 Abbreviations and acronyms

ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008] DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level DNEL = Derived No Effect Level EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration RRN = REACH Registration Number vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

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