Professional corporations for attorney's dentists and other professionals General rules applicable to professional corporations

1. Shareholders must be licensed

a. Perhaps the most single significant factor that determines whether an organization should be a regular corporation or a professional corporation is the legal requirement that professional corporations and professional legal corporations may only have shareholders who are duly licensed or otherwise duly authorized to render professional services. For instance, only licensed attorneys may be shareholders in a professional legal corporation.

2. Limitation of services: **Professional Corporations may only perform one service.** Unlike regular

corporations, a professional corporation may not have general powers to do any type of business which is legal in Texas. They must only provide the specific professional service which its shareholders are licensed to perform.

3. A professional corporation is defined under the act as one organized for the sole and specific purpose of providing professional services by shareholders who are licensed or otherwise duly authorized to perform those services.

4. Examples of professional services covered by the act include the following occupations: The Act lists examples of such services. Persons that may form professional corporations include the following:

- accountants,
- attorneys,
- chiropractors,
- dentists,
- insurance agents
- licensed insurance adjusters,
- licensed professional counselors,
- nurses,
- occupational therapists.
- optometrists,
 physical therapists,
- podiatrists, (they may form a professional association or corporation,
- psychologists,
- registered public surveyors,
- respiratory care therapists, and

• veterinarians. **Description:** The following persons form business corporations rather than professional corporations:

- architects,
- audiologists,
- engineers,
- pharmacists,
- private security investigators,
- real estate agents or brokers,
- security broker dealers, and
- speech pathologists.

Reasons to form a professional organization

1. In primary gost of profession regumations allow of the law is to achieve to the professional and mber of the activations and allow of the end of the security of the securi

2. Prior to the enactment of the 1982 Tax Equity and Fiscal Responsibility Act, the principal benefit of incorporation was the opportunity to achieve substantial tax savings for the employees through the utilization of qualified pension or profit-sharing plans.

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3. While the disparity between corporate and private pension planning opportunities has been narrowed substantially and some of the other advantages of corporate existence have been subsequently reduced by the Tax Reform Act of 1986, there are sufficient benefits remaining so that parties considering incorporation or disincorporation, should weigh all factors carefully.

4. Professional state of the contrary of the professional miter habitity company as an alternative to a professional opporation.

Non-tax considerations of incorporation or association

1. Before incorporating or associating a professional practice, prospective members of the organization should consider the arguments for and against incorporation and association, as well as alternative business structures, such as limited liability companies, professional limited liability companies and registered limited liability partnerships to determine the form of organization that will best meet their particular needs.

2. Principal non-tax advantages of incorporation or association include limited liability for the acts of others in the corr plat of certral value of management, for tinuity of existence and free transferability of interests.

3. One disadvantage of incorporation or association is the additional expense involved, including fees generally required in the incorporation process and for the registration of shares, attorney fees and accountant fees.

4. Other continuing costs include payrol taxes, addit that social security payments for shareh lide terminates, ind to prove signal ssociations, he cost of prepering and i it grannual reports.

5. Professional corporation and essectiations must also saturally with formation procedures and such corporate formalities as directors and annual shareholders' meetings, the issuance of stock certificates and the keeping of accurate stock records in order to retain corporate status.

Formation of professional corporation or association

1. A professional corporation, including legal ones are formed by filing Certificate of Formation with the secretary of state's office.

2. The fees applicable to professional corporations and legal corporations are the same as fees applicable to general business corporations.

Limitation as to Organizers, shareholders, or members professional corporation

1. The Texas Business Organization Code applies to corporations organized for the sole purpose of rendering any type of professional service that requires the obtaining of a license, permit, certificate of registration, or other legal authorization.

2. The Code permits organization of a professional corporation by one or more individuals, each of whom is licensed or otherwise legally authorized to render the professional service for which the corporation is formed.

3. All shareholders, officers and directors must be licensed or otherwise legally qualified to render the professional service of the corporation.

Name of professional corporation or association

1. A professional corporation may adopt any name that is not contrary to the laws or ethics regulating the practice of the professional service for which the corporation is formed. It may use the initials "P.C." in its name in lieu of "corporation," "company," "incorporated," or their abbreviations.

2. Names of specific professional groups:

a. Accountants and prolice copaging firms: he can be found for the corporation must not include certified public accountant, public accountant, or CPA since that designation is reserved for the individual who is qualified.

b. The name of the practitioner does not need to be included in the corporate name and the corporate name may not include "and company" if there is only one practitioner in the corporation.

c. Dentists and dental corporations: Trade names for dentists are governed by Section 109.8 of the rules and regulations of the State Heard of Dental Examiners.

d. Veterinarians: a corporate name that includes the terms hospital or "clinic" must also include the word veterinary or "animal" thereafter.

- e. Optometrists: .
- f. Podiatrists:
- g. Psychology professionals:

1. Certificate of Formation for a professional corporation This may be used for a professional corporation. COPY

2. The term professional service means any type of personal service to the public which requires a license, and which cannot be performed by a corporation. The term license includes a license, a certificate of registration, or any other evidence of the satisfaction of meeting state requirements.

3. A professional corporation may own in its own name and invest in real estate, mortgages, stock, bonds, or any other type of investment. Any investment or property owned may be transferred in the corporation's name by action of its board of directors or its executive committee.

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4. The corporation shall have the power to sue and to be sued, complain and defend in its corporation name.

5. Each individual licensed in Texas to perform professional services, who is employed by a professional corporation, shall remain subject to reprimand or discipline for his or her conduct under the provisions of the statute under which he or she is licensed.

6. The Professional Corporation status does not alter the relationship between a person furnishing professional service and the person receiving professional service, including liability arising out of the professional service.

7. The certificate of format on for the croc ation may provoluthat the professional corporation shall continue as a separate entity independent of its members for such period of time as stated in its certificate of formation, or until it is dissolved by a vote of 2/3 of its members.

8. The professional corporation may continue not withstanding the death, insanity, incompetence, conviction, withdrawal or transfer of membership, retirement, or expulsion of any one or more of the membership and strategies of the member of

9. The certificate of formation spril provid that in mer bur of a professional corporation shall have the power to dissolve the corporation by his or her independent act of any kind.

10. Shares or ownership in a professional corporation shall be transferable to the persons licensed to perform the same type of professional service as that for which the professional corporation was formed.

11. The following form assumes the professional is a dentist. It may be modified for other professionals, simply change the provisions applicable to dentistry.

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Form: Professional corpora PROFESSIO	PREVIEW
Client's name	
Contact person	
Type of business	
Purpose of business	
Date business to begin PLEAS Financial structure of business	<u>E DO NOT COPY</u>
Loans to be made to the corpo	pration
Name of accountant	
Address	
Phone no	_ Fax no
Name of Insurance agent Address	S DOCUMENT
Phone no	_Fax no
Referred By	
Name of financial consultant	
Address	
Phone no	HANK YOU
Names of previous attorneys	
Addresses	_
	_Fax no
Mac gaziei , tra	ormsForTexas.Com

Name of corporation
1st choice PREVIEW
2nd choice
3rd choice
Date checked for name availability
Application for reservation of corporate name required:
Registered agent's name DO NOT COPY
Address
Phone no Fax no
Principal place of business
Will the corporation use an assumed name certificate?
YesNOTHING DOCUMENT If yes, assumed name to be usedOC
Withdraw assumed name of unincorporated business
YesNo
Counties to file assumed name in
File Assumed Name with secretary of state's office
Fiscal or calendar year for corporation You HANK YOU
Will corporation conduct business in other states?
Yes No
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Names under business will be conducted Subchapter S status
Subchapter S status
Yes No
Business location
own lease assignment of lease
Preparation of lease
Organizers' names Name of landlord DO NOT COPY
Addresses
Phone no
Initial director's name
Address
Phone no THIS DOCUMENT Initial director's name
Address
Phone no
Initial registered agent's name
Address
Phone no. THANK YOU Period of duration
Period of duration
perpetual other
Corporate purposes:
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Specific purpose clause PREVIEW Capitalization	
common stock number of authorized shares	
Par value \$ classes pre-emptive rights	
Full limited denied	
Cumulative votinggranted denied	
Preferred stockno	Z
Original Shareholders:	
Name	
Address	
Phone no Fax no	
Name_Name	
Address	
Phone no Fax no	
Number of shares	
Name	
Address THANK YOU Phone no. THANK	
Phone no. III Fax no. IU	
Number of shares	
Name	
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Phone no
Order Corporation minute book
Yes No
Туре
Date ordered
Bylaws PLEASE DO NOT COPY
long short
Date and place for annual meeting of shareholders
Add to calendar each yearYes No
Date and Place for special meeting of shareholders
Location THIS DOCUMENT Who may call special meetings other than the President or Board of Directors
Quorum requirements
Number of votes needed for action of which a quorum is required
Record Date for determination of shareholders entitled to vote or
Receive dividends
Proxy information for share older ANK YOU
Directors:
Number of directors
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	Phone no
Name	
	Address
	Phone no Fax no
Name	
	Address
PI	PEASE DO NOT COPY
Name	
	Address
	Phone no Fax no
Term of direct	ors
Stagge	red terms, if desired
Qualifications	for Fry HIS DOCUMENT
Compensation	
Meeting of dir	ectors
Annua	l meetingdate time
Place _	
Notice	requirements
Regula	ar meetingdae HANeK YOU
Notice	requirements
Special Place	galf ormsforTexas.Com

Notice requirements
Quorum requirements for directors
Organizational meeting:
Date time
Place
Names of initial directors named in the Certificate of Formation
Names Pressonsto serve a Stirktors if iternt from the still director OPY
Date of filing Certificate of Formation with secretary of state
Name of the chairman of the organizational meeting
Name of the secretary of the meeting
Names of persons who were elected to serve as corporate officers:
President
Vice-President HIS DOCUMENT
Secretary
Treasurer
Corporate Chairman
Other
Bank information:
Name and address where bank account with be low ter OU
Name
Address
Legal officer ormsForTexas.Com

Banking resolutions to be prepared or use back thind watform

Yes____No____

Name and corporate office of persons authorized to draw checks or make loans on the corporation's behalf ______

Purchase of stock/shares

Name _____

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No. of shares purchased by each person _____

Health and accident plan--Yes____ No____

1244 Stock Plan--Yes____ No____

Maximum number of shares to be issued _____

Consideration Maximum number of shares to be received ______

Other agreements:

Buy-sell agreement--Yes____ No____

Employment or management agreement--Yes____ No____

Compensation agreement--Yes____ No____

Expense agreement--Yes No NK YOU Restrictive covenant agreement--Yes No YOU

Retirement plan requested--Yes____ No____

Wills, estate plan or financial planning--Yes_____ No_____

Special handling fee requested \$25 Regular mail _____Other_____Other_____

NOTES

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Certificate of Formation for a professional corporation

1. The following form may be used to incorporate a professional corporation. This form should not be used to form a professional association.

2. The Certificate differ from a regular corporation in that two provisions are required in a professional corporation:

a. that the corporation is a professional corporation, and

b. name the one specific kind of professional service to be rendered by the corporation.

3. Certain basic statements must be set orth in the Certificate of formation crassiciation and certain formanties as to the execution by each person named in the Certificate must be observed.

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Certificate of Formation for a professional corporation Matters to be included in Certificate of a professional corporator **CIE**

1. The following mandatory provisions must be included in the Certificate of Formation for professional corporations:

a. a statement that the corporation is a professional corporation, and

b. a statement of the one specific kind of professional service to be rendered by corporation, (only one service may be stated).

2. The following mandatory provisions must be included in the Certificate of Formation for professional associations:

a. The name and address of the association, OT COPY

- b. the period of the association's duration,
- c. the type of professional service to be performed,
- d. the names and addresses of each of the original members,

e. a statement that each of the original members is licensed to perform the type of professional service for which the association is formed, and

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3. The Certificate should contain a statement that no member of the association shall have the power to dissolve the association by his or her independent act.

- 4. Suggested provisions to include in the Certificate,.
 - a. the name of the corporation,
 - b. the names and addresses of the initial shareholders,
 - c. the number of initial directors and their names and addresses,
 - d. the corporation's principal advestight **YOU**
 - e. the corporation's duration: perpetual or the number of years,
 - f. the names and addresses of the Organizers,



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Form: Certificate of Formation for a professional corporation **PREVER** CERTIFICATE OF FORMATION OF A PROFESSIONAL CORPORATION [NAME], P.C.

The undersigned, acting as Organizers of a professional corporation do hereby adopt the following Certificate of Formation for such corporation:

ARTICLE 1. CORPORATE NAME

1.1 The name of the Professional Corporation is [Name]. The corporation shall be a professional corporation, as that term is defined in law **PICE ASE DO NOT COPY**

2.1 The period of its duration is perpetual or until dissolved on a vote of the shareholders as later provided for in these Certificate.

ARTICLE 3. PURPOSES

3.1 The purposes for which this corporation is formed are:

a. To engage in the professional practice of [state the professional purpose for example: general dentistry, [then continue with the specific functions i.e., to diagnose, treat, remove stains or concretions from teach, provide surgical and active teatment for any disease, pain, injury, deficiency, deformity or physical condition or the human teeth, oral cavity, alveolar process, gums, jaw or directly related and adjacent masticatory structures;]

b. To induce, administer, prescribe and dispense anesthesia, anesthetic drugs, medicines or agents incidental to the above practices;

c. To fabricate, process, construct, produce, reproduce, duplicate, repair, realign, or fix any full or partial denture, any fixed or removable dental bridge or appliance, any dental plate or plates of false teeth, any artificial dental restoration, or any substitute or corrective device or appliance for the human teeth, gums, jaws, mouth, alveolar process, or any part thereof;

d. To own property energy to certifiers and early or the business which is necessary or incidental to the accomplishment or furtherance of the professional service to be rendered by the corporation;

e. The professional services of the corporation shall be carried on only through officers, employees and agents who are licensed in the State of Texas to render professional dental services.

3.2 The foregoing shall be construed as objects, purposes and powers, and enumeration thereof shall not be held to limit or restrict in any mann a therefore shereafter conferred on this Professional Corporation by the laws of the State of Texas.

3.3 The Professional Corporation may in its bylaws confer powers, not in conflict with law, upon its directors in addition to the foregoing and in addition to the powers and authorities expressly conferred upon them by statute.

ARTICLE 4. NUMBER OF SHARES OF STOCK

4.1 The aggregate number of shares which the Professional Corporation has authority to issue is One thousand (1,000) at no par.

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5.1 No shares shall be sold, transferred or owned by any person who is not licensed or otherwise duly authorized to perform the professional service which the corporation shall render.

5.2 Any shareholder who becomes disqualified to perform the services to be rendered by the corporation or in the event a person succeeds to shares of the corporation and that person is not licensed or otherwise duly authorized to perform the professional service which the corporation shall render, he or she shall immediately transfer the shares to the corporation or other shareholders for the consideration stated in the shareholder's stock purchase agreement or in any other manner allowed by law if the shares cannot be transferred by the shareholder agreement.

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6.1 The shareholders of this Professional Corporation shall not have the preemptive right to subscribe to any and all issues of shares and securities of this Professional Corporation.

ARTICLE 7. CUMULATIVE VOTING

7.1 The shareholders [shall or shall not] have the right of cumulative voting.

ARTICLE 8. REGISTERED AGENT

8.1 The Name of the Professional Corporation's Registered Agent is:

[Name]

8.2 The address of the Professional Corporation's registered office is:

[Address]

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9.1 The number of directors constituting the initial board of directors is One (1) and the names and addresses of the persons to be a c to serve as a directors until the first annual meeting of the shareholders or until their successors are elected and qualified are:

[Name & address]

9.2 All of the initial directors and each subsequent director of the corporation are licensed or otherwise duly authorized to perform the professional service which the corporation shall render.

9.3 All of the initial shareholders and each subsequent shareholder of the corporation are licensed or otherwise duly authorized to perform the professional service which the corporation shall render.

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10.1 The Professional Corporation shall indemnify every director or officer, his or her heirs, executors and administrators, against expenses actually and reasonably incurred by him or her, as well as any amount paid upon a judgment, in connection with any action, suit or proceeding, civil or criminal, to which he or she may be made a party to by reason of having been a director or officer of the Professional Corporation.

10.2 This indemnification is being given since the directors will be requested to act by the corporation, for the corporation's benefit.

10.3 The indemnification shall not be exclusive of other rights to which the director may be entitled.

ARTICLE 11 MISCELLANEOUS

11.1 No contract or other transaction between the Professional Corporation and any other Professional Corporation shall be affected by the fact that one or more of the directors or officers of this Professional Corporation is interested in or is a director or officer of such other Professional Corporation.

11.2 The corporation may be dissolved at any time by the affirmative vote of the holders of 75 % of the outstanding shares of the corporation at a meeting called for that purpose or by unanimous written consent of all the shareholders without a meeting.

11.3 In the event of such dissolution, the corporate property and assets shall, after payment of all debts of the corporation, be distributed to the shareholders, each shareholder to participate in such distribution in direct proportion to the number of shares held by such shareholder.

11.4 No one shareholder may cause the dissolution of the corporation by his or her own

independent action. LegalFormsForTexas.Com



[Name and Address]

SIGNATURE

For the purpose of forming the above named Professional Corporation under the laws of the State of Texas, I, the undersigned Organizer of this Professional Corporation have executed these Certificate of Formation on _____.

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THANK YOU

Filing letter to the secretary of state's office for a professional corporation. $PRE_{[Date]}$

Office of the Secretary of State of Texas Statutory Filings Division Corporations Section Special Handling P.O. Box 13697 Austin, Texas 78711-3697

Regarding: [Name of the Professional corporation.]



Your expeditious cooperation is appreciated. Thank you in advance for your assistance and cooperation.

Very truly yours

[Attorney's Name]

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Form Letter to the internal revenue service for a professional corporation's federal I.D. number

[Date]

Internal Revenue Service Center 3651 South Interregional Highway Austin, Texas 78740

Regarding: [Name of the professional corporation]

Enclosed please find an application for an employer identification number for the above



Very truly yours

[Attorney's Name]

THIS DOCUMENT

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