



# The African Continental Free Trade Area Agreement: Opportunities for Canada

#### David Luke

Coordinator, African Trade Policy Center United Nations Economic Commission for Africa

**3rd Annual Investing in Africa Today** 

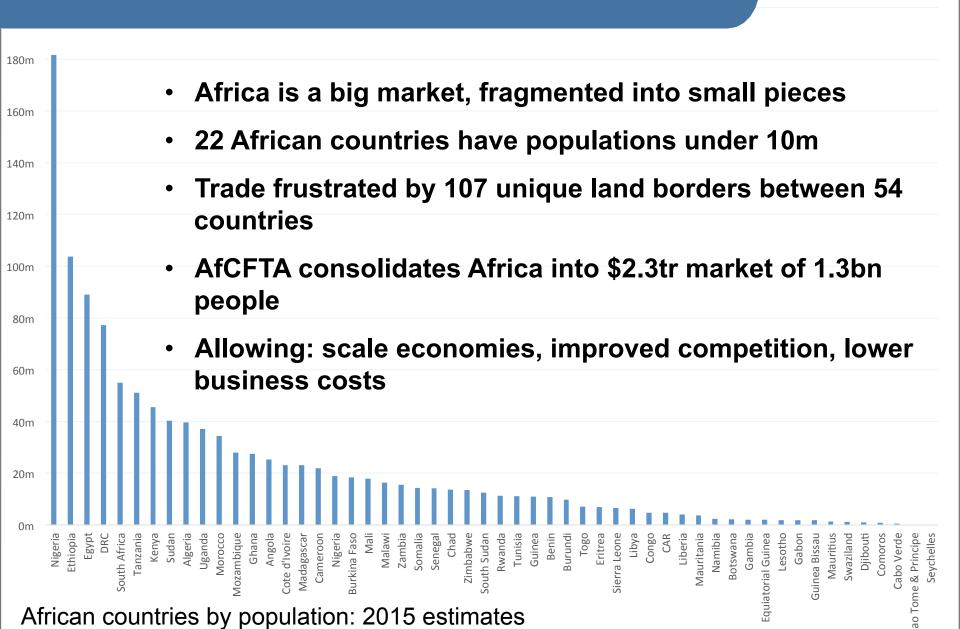
### OUTLINE



- AfCFTA: rationale and update
- AfCFTA: opportunities for Canada
- Insights from the baseline profitability index

#### **AfCFTA Rationale**

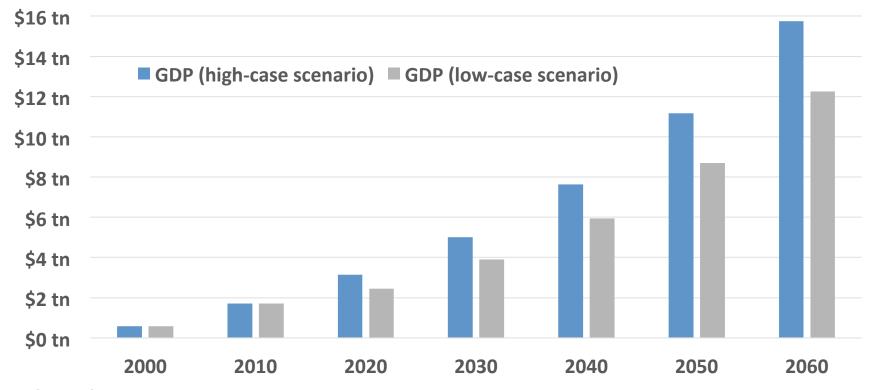




#### **AfCFTA Rationale**



- It's a rapidly expanding market, with dynamic prospects
- 5/10 fastest growing countries were African in 2017
- GDP predicted to reach \$4tr by 2030



Africa GDP forecasts

Source: AfDB 2011, current market prices (US\$tr)

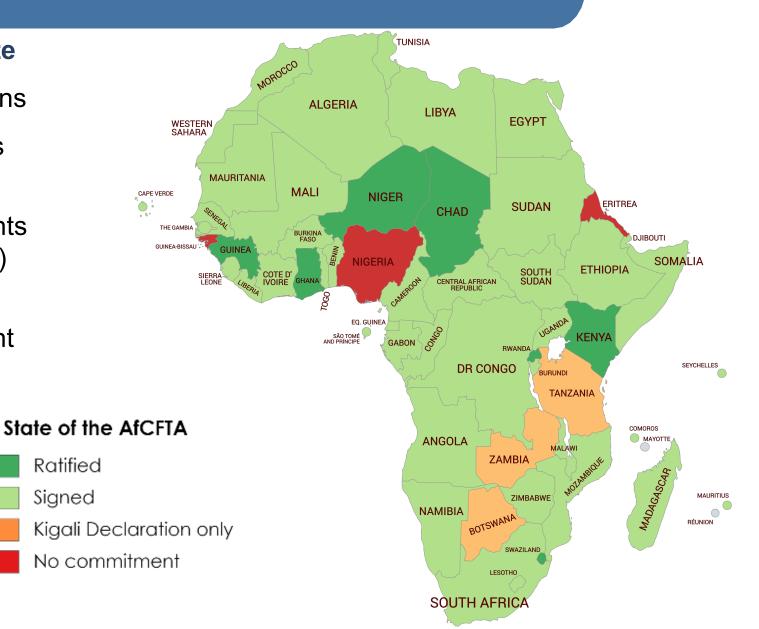
### **AfCFTA Update**



#### Status update

- 7 ratifications
- 49 signings
- 3 further commitments (Kigali Dec)
- 3 without commitment

Signed



### **AfCFTA Update: next steps**



# December AMOT / IATF

- Ministers give political conclusion to technical negotiations
- Resolve any outstanding impasses
- Intra-African
   Trade Fair gives
   private sector
   platform for
   developing trade
   links

#### January Summit

- AU Heads of State review phase I negotiations
- Conclude Phase I negotiating issues
- Direction given to any outstanding Phase I negotiating issues

# 22nd Ratification

- Conference of State Parties meet to adopt AfCFTA Secretariat
- AfCFTA committees convene to begin implementation
- Tariff reductions initiate: 5 years (10 for LDCs) with longer transitions for sensitive products

# Phase II negotiations

- Intention to advance AfCFTA towards single market
- Technical preparations underway
- 21<sup>st</sup> century FTA issues: investment, competition policy and IPRs
- Possibility for ecommerce provisions

#### **AfCFTA Investment Protocol**

- New AfCFTA Investment Protocol envisaged to complement trade liberalization in a single economic space and boost investment for sustainable development
- The Protocol expected to be negotiated by end 2019





 Template seeks to balance investment protection (e.g. discrimination, expropriation) with obligations (e.g. CSR, development, environment)

# Investment opportunities under the AfCFTA: potential sectors



- Agro-food
- Manufacturing
- Sustainable wood
- Minerals and metals
- Services

#### **Agro-food sector**

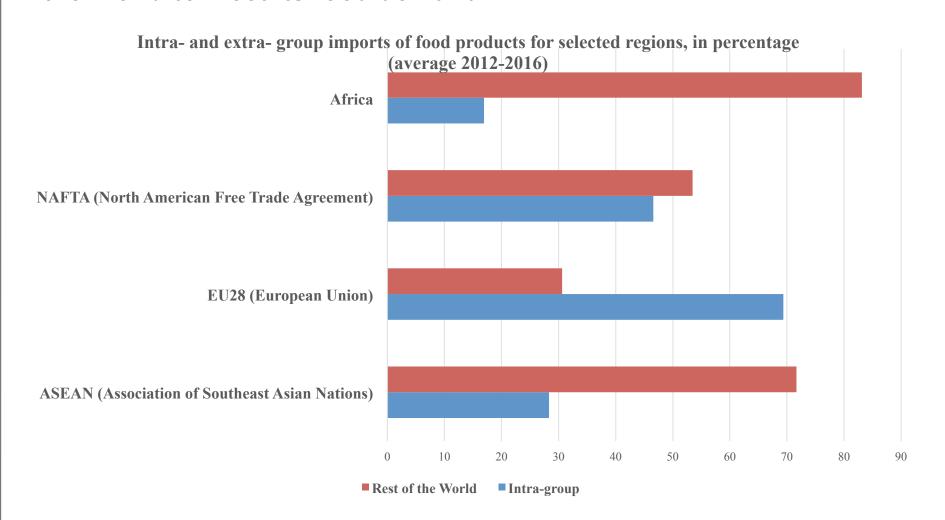


- Effective implementation of the AfCFTA is expected to boost value-added impacting intra-African trade with substantial increases in the agro-food sectors;
- ECA modelling estimates the expected increase in intra-African trade in agro-food products to be is 20-30%, depending on the ambition of trade liberalization (the more ambitious the greater the expansion of intra-African trade);
- Most product categories benefit especially dairy products, meat products, sugar, rice, cereals, vegetables, fruit and nuts; beverages

### **Agro-food sector**



 Agro-processing: Africa continues to depends heavily on the Rest of the World to meet its food demand...

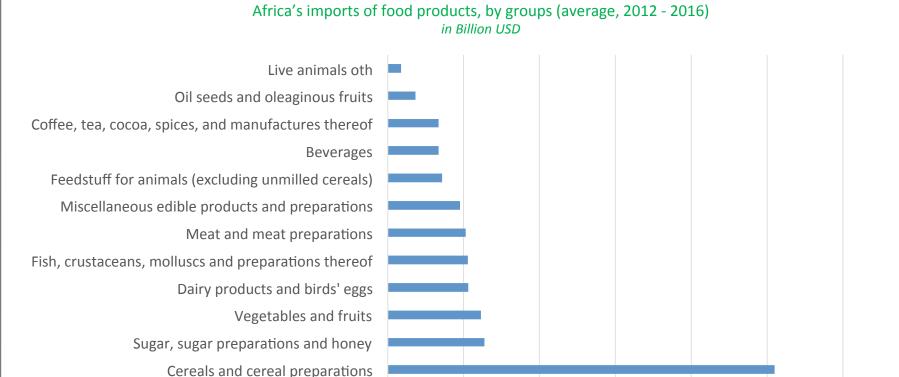


Source: Based on data from UNCTADStat

#### **Agro-food sector**



Potential to produce and trade (through integrated African markets) agrofood products that are at present imported from outside the continent



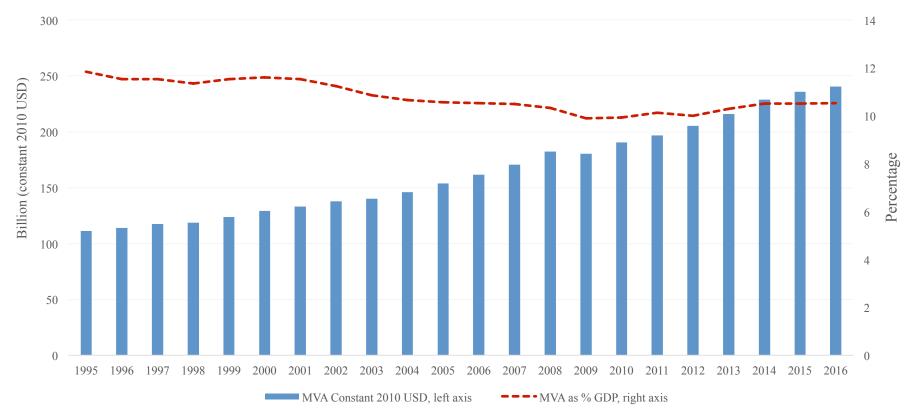
Billions USD

Source: Based on data from UNCTADStat

# Africa's manufacturing sector rising but could scale up with AfCFTA



- Africa's manufacturing sector is increasing but still has limited contribution to economic overall output;
- The sector has potential to further increase with AfCFTA: economies of scale and scope; movements of people and capitals; efficiency gains;





#### **Sustainable Wood**



#### Sustainable wood-based industry

Primary wood processing: sawing and rotal cutting



Secondary wood processing: moldings, profiles, parquet and ply



Tertiary wood processing: joinery and cabinet making

Limited players despite huge demand

- Predominance of the **primary** wood processing (sawing and rotary cutting);
- Increasing investments in secondary wood processing (moldings, profiles, parquet and ply)
- •High value added segments in the tertiary wood processing (joinery and cabinet making) is **still to be fully exploited** investments opportunities with expanded markets through AfCFTA;
- •... and potential for other <u>by-products</u> incl. pulp and paper

#### Minerals and metals



### Potential in extraction and processing







Pictures of the Moanda Metallurgical Complex (CMM) in Gabon inaugurated in 2015 by COMILOG, subsidiary of the ERAMET Group (French multinational mining and metallurgy company)

Selected mineral/metals value chains	Countries
Copper and copper products	Zambia and DRC
Iron/steel	South Africa, Mozambique, Guinea, Cameroon, Sierra Leone
Bauxite / Aluminum	Guinea, Mozambique; Ghana
Manganese and by products	Gabon, South Africa
Diamonds and by products	Botswana, South Africa, Angola, Namibia
Rare earth metals	South Africa, Tanzania, Malawi, Mozambique.
Phosphate and by products	Morocco, Egypt, Algeria, Senegal, Tunisia
Gold and by products	Ghana, Mail, Burkina Faso, South Africa, Tanzania

#### **Services**



#### Services sector—enablers of the AfCFTA

#### ICT and digital

telecom, tech parks and digital services e.g. Egypt, Rwanda, South Africa, Rwanda

#### Energy/renewable

(wind, solar, hydro) in Morocco, Ethiopia, South Africa, Senegal, Egypt

#### **Tourism**

transport, tour operations, hotels across Africa

#### **Service sector**

Critical to support natural resource base and manufacturing and make the AfCfTA work!

## Logistics and Distribution

cargo air transport e.g. Ethiopia; maritime services e.g. Djibouti, Kenya , Togo, South Africa, Egypt

### Finance, banking and Insurance

e.g. Nigeria, Mauritius, South Africa

#### Health

care delivery, medical supplies manufacturing and distribution

#### Education

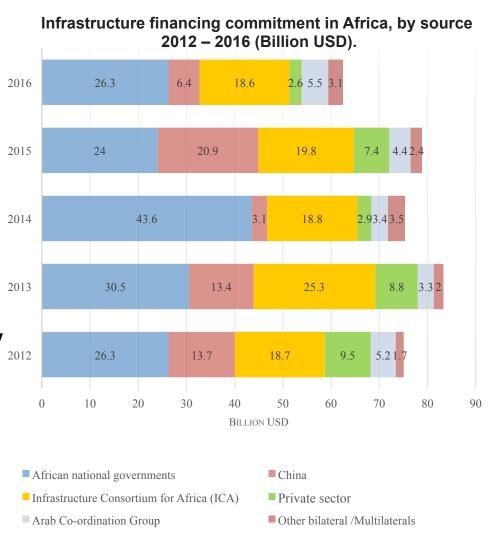
education, research, skilling in industrial revolution 4.0 technologies across Africa;
Africa has skills gap of 4.3 million engineers; 1.6 million agric. scientists (ACBF)

#### **Services**



#### Infrastructure and logistics – enablers of the AfCFTA

- Limited private investment
- Most private investment in energy and ICT;
- Investments gap annual investments need over 93 billion USD
- Potential opportunities in energy 2012
- all types ICTs, railways, ports



Source: The Infrastructure Consortium for Africa. ICA (2017)

#### **Services**



### Infrastructure and logistics: selected projects

Project	Region	Cost estimate (USD)
North South Corridor (roadways and railways network - 6,000 miles )	Eastern and Southern Africa	1 Billion
Tanzania's Bagamoyo Port (capacity of 20 million containers per year)	Tanzania (regional dimension)	\$11 billion
Konza Technology City	Kenya	14.5-billion
African Virtual University	eLearning network in over 27 African countries	
Extension of Suez Canal	Egypt (regional dimension)	Up to 15 billion
Grand Inga Dam	Democratic Republic of Congo (regional dimension)	100 billion
Grand Ethiopian Renaissance Dam	Ethiopia (regional dimension)	4.8 billion

### Insights from the Baseline Profitability Index



**(BPI)** by Prof Daniel Altman (NY Univ.) ranks markets for foreign investments based on :

Asset growth: how much an asset's value grows

Preservation of value: preservation of that value while the asset is owned

Repatriation of capital: bringing home the proceeds from selling the asset

BPI rank 2015	BPI rank 2014		
African economies			
107	111		
52	23		
83	75		
33	66		
56	72		
22	27		
35	33		
5	8		
42	61		
27	42		
49	17		
101	92		
97	105		
8	7		
26	40		
51	46		
19	13		
9	43		
Selected economies outside Africa			
99	98		
65	60		
88	83		
63	67		
1	6		
2	4		
4	5		
	107 52 83 33 56 22 35 5 42 27 49 101 97 8 26 51 19 9 ies outside Afr 99 65 88 63 1 2		





# THANK YOU!

more info: www.uneca.org