acc. to 29 CFR 1910.1200 App D

Hydosilex Finishing Polish

Version number: GHS 1.0 Date of compilation: 2023-06-22 **SECTION 1: Identification** 1.1 **Product identifier Hydosilex Finishing Polish** Trade name 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against Relevant identified uses Vehicle polish Professional use Industrial use HS code 3405.30.00. 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet Hydrosilex LLC 717 E. Ross St. #2149 Lancaster, PA 17602

1-800-918-6538

info@hydrosilex.com www.hydrosilex.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number

Emergency information service

USA 1.800.535.5053, INTL 1.352.323.3500 24 hour emergency number

SECTION 2: Hazard(s) identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification acc. to OSHA "Hazard Communication Standard" (29 CFR 1910.1200)

Section	Hazard class	Category	Hazard class and category	Hazard state- ment
A.2	skin corrosion/irritation	2	Skin Irrit. 2	H315
B.6	flammable liquid	4	Flam. Liq. 4	H227

For full text of abbreviations: see SECTION 16.

The most important adverse physicochemical, human health and environmental effects The product is combustible and can be ignited by potential ignition sources.

2.2 Label elements

Labelling acc. to OSHA "Hazard Communication Standard" (29 CFR 1910.1200)

- Signal word warning
- Pictograms

GHS07

H315



- Hazard statements H227
 - Combustible liquid. Causes skin irritation.

acc. to 29 CFR 1910.1200 App D

Hydosilex Finishing Polish

Version number: GHS 1.0

Date of compilation: 2023-06-22

- Precautionary sta	tements
P210	Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
P280	Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
P302+P352	If on skin: Wash with plenty of water.
P321	Specific treatment (see on this label).
P332+P313	If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.
P362	Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.
P370+P378	In case of fire: Use sand, carbon dioxide or powder extinguisher to extinguish.
P403+P235	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.
P501	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

2.3 Other hazards

This material is combustible, but will not ignite readily. Special danger of slipping by leaking/spilling product.

Hazards not otherwise classified

Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects (GHS category 3: aquatic toxicity - acute and/or chronic).

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Does not contain a PBT-/vPvB-substance in a concentration of $\geq 0.1\%$.

Endocrine disrupting properties

Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (EDC) in a concentration of $\geq 0.1\%$.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1 Substances

Not relevant (mixture)

3.2 Mixtures

Description of the mixture

Name of substance	Identifier	Wt%	Classification acc. to GHS
naphthenic oil, severely hydro- treated	CAS No 64741-86-2	12-<20	Acute Tox. 4 / H332 Skin Irrit. 2 / H315 Asp. Tox. 1 / H304
distillates (petroleum) hydrotreated, light	CAS No 64742-47-8	5-<12	Asp. Tox. 1 / H304
odorless mineral spirits	CAS No 64742-48-9	1-<5	Skin Irrit. 2 / H315 STOT SE 3 / H336 Asp. Tox. 1 / H304 Flam. Liq. 3 / H226
White mineral oil (petroleum)	CAS No 8042-47-5	1-<5	Asp. Tox. 1 / H304

Hazardous ingredients, Consideration of other advice

This table, if present, includes all GHS classified ingredients present above their cut-off limits, even if the finished product is not classified as hazardous by GHS.

Exact percentage of ingredients is withheld as a trade secret.

For full text of abbreviations: see SECTION 16.

acc. to 29 CFR 1910.1200 App D

Hydosilex Finishing Polish

Version number: GHS 1.0

SECTION 4: First-aid measures

4.1 Description of first-aid measures

General notes

Do not leave affected person unattended. Remove victim out of the danger area. Keep affected person warm, still and covered. Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical advice. In case of unconsciousness place person in the recovery position. Never give anything by mouth.

Following inhalation

If breathing is irregular or stopped, immediately seek medical assistance and start first aid actions. In case of respiratory tract irritation, consult a physician. Provide fresh air.

Following skin contact

Wash with plenty of soap and water.

Following eye contact

Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 10 minutes, holding the eyelids apart.

Following ingestion

Rinse mouth with water (only if the person is conscious). Do NOT induce vomiting.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms and effects are not known to date.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed none

SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media Water spray, BC-powder, Carbon dioxide (CO2)

Unsuitable extinguishing media

Water jet

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

In case of insufficient ventilation and/or in use, may form flammable/explosive vapor-air mixture. Solvent vapors are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Places which are not ventilated, e.g. unventilated below ground level areas such as trenches, conduits and shafts, are particularly prone to the presence of flammable substances or mixtures.

Hazardous combustion products

Nitrogen oxides (NOx), Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO2)

5.3 Advice for firefighters

In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Coordinate firefighting measures to the fire surroundings. Do not allow firefighting water to enter drains or water courses. Collect contaminated firefighting water separately. Fight fire with normal precautions from a reasonable distance.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

Remove persons to safety.

For emergency responders

Wear breathing apparatus if exposed to vapors/dust/aerosols/gases.

Date of compilation: 2023-06-22

acc. to 29 CFR 1910.1200 App D

Hydosilex Finishing Polish

Version number: GHS 1.0

Date of compilation: 2023-06-22

6.2 Environmental precautions

Keep away from drains, surface and ground water. Retain contaminated washing water and dispose of it. If substance has entered a water course or sewer, inform the responsible authority.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Advice on how to contain a spill

Covering of drains

Advice on how to clean up a spill

Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Collect spillage: sawdust, kieselgur (diatomite), sand, universal binder

Appropriate containment techniques

Use of adsorbent materials.

Other information relating to spills and releases

Place in appropriate containers for disposal. Ventilate affected area.

6.4 Reference to other sections

Hazardous combustion products: see section 5. Personal protective equipment: see section 8. Incompatible materials: see section 10. Disposal considerations: see section 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Recommendations

- Measures to prevent fire as well as aerosol and dust generation

Use local and general ventilation. Avoidance of ignition sources. Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Use only in well-ventilated areas. Due to danger of explosion, prevent leakage of vapours into cellars, flues and ditches. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment. Use only non-sparking tools.

- Specific notes/details

Places which are not ventilated, e.g. unventilated below ground level areas such as trenches, conduits and shafts, are particularly prone to the presence of flammable substances or mixtures. Vapors are heavier than air, spread along floors and form explosive mixtures with air.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

Wash hands after use. Do not eat, drink and smoke in work areas. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. Never keep food or drink in the vicinity of chemicals. Never place chemicals in containers that are normally used for food or drink. Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Managing of associated risks

- Explosive atmospheres

Keep container tightly closed and in a well-ventilated place. Use local and general ventilation. Keep cool. Protect from sunlight.

- Flammability hazards

Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Protect from sunlight.

Control of the effects

Protect against external exposure, such as

frost

- Ventilation requirements

Use local and general ventilation. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

See section 16 for a general overview.

acc. to 29 CFR 1910.1200 App D

Hydosilex Finishing Polish

Version number: GHS 1.0

Date of compilation: 2023-06-22

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limit values (Workplace Exposure Limits)

Coun try	Name of agent	CAS No	lden- tifier	TWA [ppm]	TWA [mg/ m³]	STEL [ppm]	STEL [mg/ m³]	Ceil- ing-C [ppm]	Ceil- ing-C [mg/ m ³]	Nota tion	Sourc e
US	alpha-Alumina	1344-28- 1	REL							appx- D	NIOS H REL
US	alpha-alumina	1344-28- 1	PEL		15					i, dust	29 CFR 1910.1 000
US	alpha-alumina	1344-28- 1	PEL		5					r, dust	29 CFR 1910.1 000
US	aluminium, insol- uble compounds	1344-28- 1	TLV®		1					r	AC- GIH® 2019
US	aluminium oxide	1344-28- 1	PEL (CA)		10					dust	Cal/ OSHA PEL
US	aluminium oxide	1344-28- 1	PEL (CA)		5					r	Cal/ OSHA PEL
US	petroleum distil- lates (naphtha) (rubber solvent)	64742- 48-9	PEL	500	2,000						29 CFR 1910.1 000
US	mineral oil	8042-47- 5	TLV®		5					i, ex- Met- Work- Fl	AC- GIH® 2019

Notation

 appx-D
 see Appendix D - Substances with No Established RELs

 Ceiling-C
 ceiling value is a limit value above which exposure should not occur

 dust
 as dust

 exMetWorkFI
 excluding metal working fluids

 i
 inhalable fraction

 r
 respirable fraction

 STEL
 short-term exposure limit: a limit value above which exposure should not occur and which is related to a 15-minute period (unless otherwise specified)

TWA time-weighted average (long-term exposure limit): measured or calculated in relation to a reference period of 8 hours time-weighted average (unless otherwise specified

Relevant DNELs of components of the mixture							
Name of sub- stance	CAS No	End- point	Threshold level	Protection goal, route of expos- ure	Used in	Exposure time	
White mineral oil (pet- roleum)	8042-47-5	DNEL	165 mg/m ³	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	chronic - systemic effects	
White mineral oil (pet- roleum)	8042-47-5	DNEL	217 mg/kg bw/day	human, dermal	worker (industry)	chronic - systemic effects	

acc. to 29 CFR 1910.1200 App D

Hydosilex Finishing Polish

Version number: GHS 1.0

Date of compilation: 2023-06-22

8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

General ventilation.

Individual protection measures (personal protective equipment)

Eye/face protection

Wear eye/face protection.

Skin protection

- Hand protection

Wear suitable gloves. Chemical protection gloves are suitable, which are tested according to EN 374. Check leak-tightness/impermeability prior to use. In the case of wanting to use the gloves again, clean them before taking off and air them well. For special purposes, it is recommended to check the resistance to chemicals of the protective gloves mentioned above together with the supplier of these gloves.

- Other protection measures

Take recovery periods for skin regeneration. Preventive skin protection (barrier creams/ointments) is recommended. Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

Respiratory protection

In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection.

Environmental exposure controls

Use appropriate container to avoid environmental contamination. Keep away from drains, surface and ground water.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state	liquid (viscous)
Color	off-white
Particle	not relevant (liquid)
Odor	characteristic - fruity

Other safety parameters

pH (value)	not determined
Melting point/freezing point	not determined
Initial boiling point and boiling range	≥-20 °C at 101 kPa
Flash point	65 °C at 101 kPa 149 °F at 1 atm closed cup
Evaporation rate	Not determined
Flammability (solid, gas)	not relevant, (fluid)

Explosive limits

acc. to 29 CFR 1910.1200 App D

Hydosilex Finishing Polish

/ersion number: GHS 1.0	Date of compilation: 2023-06-22
- Lower explosion limit (LEL)	0.6 vol%
- Upper explosion limit (UEL)	7.6 vol%
Vapor pressure	≤240 kPa at 38 °C
Density	0.98 – 1 ^g / _{ml}
Vapor density	this information is not available
Relative density	1.1 at 25 °C (water = 1)
Solubility(ies)	not determined
Partition coefficient	
- n-octanol/water (log KOW)	this information is not available
Auto-ignition temperature	$225\ ^{\circ}C$ (auto-ignition temperature (liquids and gases))
Viscosity	
- Kinematic viscosity	9,346 cSt at 25 °C
- Dynamic viscosity	10,000 mPa s at 25 °C
Explosive properties	none
Oxidizing properties	none
Temperature class (USA, acc. to NEC 500)	T2D (maximum permissible surface temperature on the equipment: $215^{\circ}C$)

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

Concerning incompatibility: see below "Conditions to avoid" and "Incompatible materials". The mixture contains reactive substance(s). Risk of ignition.

If heated:

Risk of ignition

10.2 Chemical stability

See below "Conditions to avoid".

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

No known hazardous reactions.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

Hints to prevent fire or explosion

Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

10.5 Incompatible materials

Oxidizers

acc. to 29 CFR 1910.1200 App D

Hydosilex Finishing Polish

Version number: GHS 1.0

Date of compilation: 2023-06-22

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Reasonably anticipated hazardous decomposition products produced as a result of use, storage, spill and heating are not known. Hazardous combustion products: see section 5.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Test data are not available for the complete mixture.

Classification procedure

The method for classification of the mixture is based on ingredients of the mixture (additivity formula).

Classification acc. to OSHA "Hazard Communication Standard" (29 CFR 1910.1200)

Acute toxicity

Shall not be classified as acutely toxic.

Acute toxicity estimate (ATE) of components of the mixture

Name of substance	CAS No	Exposure route	ATE
naphthenic oil, severely hydrotreated	64741-86-2	inhalation: vapor	11 ^{mg} / _l /4h
naphthenic oil, severely hydrotreated	64741-86-2	inhalation: dust/mist	1.8 ^{mg} / _l /4h

Skin corrosion/irritation

Causes skin irritation.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Shall not be classified as seriously damaging to the eye or eye irritant.

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Shall not be classified as a respiratory or skin sensitizer.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Shall not be classified as germ cell mutagenic.

Carcinogenicity

Shall not be classified as carcinogenic.

Reproductive toxicity

Shall not be classified as a reproductive toxicant.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

Shall not be classified as a specific target organ toxicant (single exposure).

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

Shall not be classified as a specific target organ toxicant (repeated exposure).

Aspiration hazard

Shall not be classified as presenting an aspiration hazard.

acc. to 29 CFR 1910.1200 App D

Hydosilex Finishing Polish

Version number: GHS 1.0

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Aquatic toxicity (acute) of components of the mixture							
Name of substance	CAS No	Endpoint	Value	Species	Exposure time		
naphthenic oil, severely hydrotreated	64741-86-2	LL50	180 ^{mg} / _l	fish	48 h		
naphthenic oil, severely hydrotreated	64741-86-2	EL50	210 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic invertebrates	48 h		
odorless mineral spirits	64742-48-9	LL50	8.2 ^{mg} / _l	fish	96 h		
odorless mineral spirits	64742-48-9	EL50	4.5 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic invertebrates	48 h		
White mineral oil (petro- leum)	8042-47-5	LL50	>10,000 ^{mg} / _l	fish	96 h		

Aquatic toxicity (chronic) of components of the mixture

Name of substance	CAS No	Endpoint	Value	Species	Exposure time
naphthenic oil, severely hydrotreated	64741-86-2	LL50	>1,000 ^{mg} / _l	fish	24 h
naphthenic oil, severely hydrotreated	64741-86-2	EL50	>1,000 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic invertebrates	24 h
odorless mineral spirits	64742-48-9	EL50	10 ^{mg} / _l	fish	21 d
odorless mineral spirits	64742-48-9	EC50	15 ^{mg} / _l	microorganisms	40 h

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Data are not available.

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Data are not available.

12.4 Mobility in soil

Data are not available.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

According to the results of its assessment, this substance is not a PBT or a vPvB. Does not contain a PBT-/vPvB-substance in a concentration of \geq 0.1%.

12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (EDC) in a concentration of $\ge 0.1\%$.

12.7 Other adverse effects

Data are not available.

Date of compilation: 2023-06-22

acc. to 29 CFR 1910.1200 App D

Hydosilex Finishing Polish

Date of compilation: 2023-06-22

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Waste treatment-relevant information Solvent reclamation/regeneration.

Sewage disposal-relevant information

Do not empty into drains. Avoid release to the environment. Refer to special instructions/safety data sheets.

Waste treatment of containers/packages

Completely emptied packages can be recycled. Handle contaminated packages in the same way as the substance itself.

Remarks

Version number: GHS 1.0

Please consider the relevant national or regional provisions. Waste shall be separated into the categories that can be handled separately by the local or national waste management facilities.

SECTION 14: Transport information

- 14.1 UN number
- 14.2 UN proper shipping name
- 14.3 Transport hazard class(es)
- 14.4 Packing group
- 14.5 Environmental hazards

not subject to transport regulations

not relevant

none

not assigned

non-environmentally hazardous acc. to the dangerous goods regulations

14.6 Special precautions for user

There is no additional information.

14.7 Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

The cargo is not intended to be carried in bulk.

Information for each of the UN Model Regulations

Transport of dangerous goods by road or rail (49 CFR US DOT) - Additional information Not subject to transport regulations.

International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG) - Additional information Not subject to IMDG.

International Civil Aviation Organization (ICAO-IATA/DGR) - Additional information Not subject to ICAO-IATA.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product in question National regulations (United States)

Toxic Substance Control Act (TSCA) all ingredients are listed (ACTIVE)

Superfund Amendment and Reauthorization Act (SARA TITLE III)

- The List of Extremely Hazardous Substances and Their Threshold Planning Quantities (EPCRA Section 302, 304)

none of the ingredients are listed

Clean Air Act

none of the ingredients are listed

acc. to 29 CFR 1910.1200 App D

Hydosilex Finishing Polish

Version number: GHS 1.0

Date of compilation: 2023-06-22

Right to Know Hazardous Substance List

- Cleaning Product Right to Know Act Substance List (CA-RTK)

Name of substance	CAS No	Functionality	Authoritative Lists
water	7732-18-5	solvent	
naphthenic oil, severely hydrotreated	64741-86-2	solvents	EC Annex VI CMRs - Cat. 1B
aluminium oxide	1344-28-1	abrasive	
distillates (petroleum) hydrotreated, light	64742-47-8	solvents	
odorless mineral spirits	64742-48-9	solvents	Canada PBiTs EC Annex VI CMRs - Cat. 1B
White mineral oil (petroleum)	8042-47-5	lubricant	
acrylic polymer	75760-37-1	viscosity modifier	
ethoxylated C11-15 secondary alcohols	68131-40-8	surfactant	
triethanolamine	102-71-6	pH adjusting agent	
Alcohols,C6-10,ethoxylatedpropoxylated	68603-25-8	surfactant	
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic	64742-52-5	solvents	EC Annex VI CMRs - Cat. 1B
EDTA, anhydrous	64-02-8	chelate / se- questrant	
d-limonene	5989-27-5		EU Fragrance Allergens
propylene glycol	57-55-6	humectant	
2-methylpentane-2,4-diol	107-41-5	humectant	

- Hazardous Substances List (MN-ERTK)

Name of substance	CAS No	References	Remarks
odorless mineral spirits	64742-48-9	A, O	

Legend

0 Safety and Health Division

California Environmental Protection Agency (Cal/EPA): Proposition 65 - Safe Drinking Water and **Toxic Enforcement Act of 1987**

Proposition 65 List of chemicals					
Name of substance	Name acc. to inventory	CAS No	Wt%	Remarks	Type of the tox- icity
2,2'-iminodiethanol	diethanolamine	111-42-2	0.0013		cancer

VOC content

- Regulated Volatile Organic Compounds (VOC-EPA)	4.5 %
- Regulated Volatile Organic Compounds (VOC-Cal ARB)	4.5 %

- Regulated Volatile Organic Compounds (VOC-Cal ARB)

American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH), "Threshold Limit Values for Chemical Substances and Physical Agents and Biological Exposure Indices for 1992-93", available from ACGIH Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA), Safety and Health Standards, Code of Federal Regulations, title 29, part 1910, subpart Z, "Toxic and Hazardous Substances, 1990." General information: Minnesota Department of Labor and Industry, Occupational Ā

acc. to 29 CFR 1910.1200 App D

Hydosilex Finishing Polish

Date of compilation: 2023-06-22

Industry or sector specific available guidance(s)

NPCA-HMIS® III

Hazardous Materials Identification System. American Coatings Association.

Category	Rating	Description
Chronic	*	chronic (long-term) health effects may result from repeated overexposure
Health	2	temporary or minor injury may occur
Flammability	2	material that must be moderately heated or exposed to relatively high ambient temperat- ures before ignition can occur
Physical hazard	0	material that is normally stable, even under fire conditions, and will not react with water, polymerize, decompose, condense, or self-react. Non-explosive
Personal protection	-	

NFPA® 704

National Fire Protection Association: Standard System for the Identification of the Hazards of Materials for Emergency Response (United States).

Category	Degree of hazard	Description
Flammability	2	material that must be moderately heated or exposed to relatively high ambient temperat- ures before ignition can occur
Health	2	material that, under emergency conditions, can cause temporary incapacitation or residual injury
Instability	0	material that is normally stable, even under fire conditions
Special hazard		

National inventories

Country	Inventory	Status
CA	DSL	all ingredients are listed
EU	REACH Reg.	not all ingredients are listed
US	TSCA	all ingredients are listed (ACTIVE)
AU	AIIC	not all ingredients are listed
CN	IECSC	not all ingredients are listed
EU	ECSI	not all ingredients are listed
JP	CSCL-ENCS	not all ingredients are listed
JP	ISHA-ENCS	not all ingredients are listed
KR	KECI	not all ingredients are listed
MX	INSQ	not all ingredients are listed
NZ	NZIoC	not all ingredients are listed
PH	PICCS	not all ingredients are listed
TR	CICR	not all ingredients are listed
TW	TCSI	all ingredients are listed

Legend AIIC CICR

Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals Chemical Inventory and Control Regulation

acc. to 29 CFR 1910.1200 App D

Hydosilex Finishing Polish

Version number: GHS 1.0

Date of compilation: 2023-06-22

DSL ECSI IECSC INSQ ISHA-ENCS KECI NZIoC	List of Existing and New Chemical Substances (CSCL-ENCS) Domestic Substances List (DSL) EC Substance Inventory (EINECS, ELINCS, NLP) Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances Produced or Imported in China National Inventory of Chemical Substances Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ISHA-ENCS) Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals
	New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)

15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment

Chemical safety assessments for substances in this mixture were not carried out.

SECTION 16: Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

Abbreviations and acronyms

Abbr.	Descriptions of used abbreviations
29 CFR 1910.1000	29 CFR 1910.1000, Tables Z-1, Z-2, Z-3 - Occupational Safety and Health Standards: Toxic and Hazardous Sub- stances (permissible exposure limits)
49 CFR US DOT	49 CFR U.S. Department of Transportation
ACGIH® 2019	From ACGIH®, 2019 TLVs® and BEIs® Book. Copyright 2019. Reprinted with permission. Information on the proper use of the TLVs® and BEIs®: http://www.acgih.org/tlv-bei-guidelines/policies-procedures-presentations/tlv-bei-position-statement
Acute Tox.	Acute toxicity
Asp. Tox.	Aspiration hazard
ATE	Acute Toxicity Estimate
Cal/OSHA PEL	California Division of Occupational Safety and Health (Cal/OSHA): Permissible Exposure Limits (PELs)
Cal ARB	California Air Resources Board
CAS	Chemical Abstracts Service (service that maintains the most comprehensive list of chemical substances)
Ceiling-C	Ceiling value
DGR	Dangerous Goods Regulations (see IATA/DGR)
DNEL	Derived No-Effect Level
EC50	Effective Concentration 50 %. The EC50 corresponds to the concentration of a tested substance causing 50 % changes in response (e.g. on growth) during a specified time interval
EINECS	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances
EL50	Effective Loading 50 %: the EL50 corresponds to the loading rate required to produce a response in 50% of the test organisms
ELINCS	European List of Notified Chemical Substances
EPA	Environmental Protection Agency. An agency of the federal government of the United States charged with protect- ing human health and the environment
Flam. Liq.	Flammable liquid
GHS	"Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals" developed by the United Nations
HS	Harmonized Commodity Description and Coding System (Harmonized System, drawn up by the World Customs Organisation)
ΙΑΤΑ	International Air Transport Association
IATA/DGR	Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA)

acc. to 29 CFR 1910.1200 App D

Hydosilex Finishing Polish

Version number: GHS 1.0

Date of compilation: 2023-06-22

Abbr.	Descriptions of used abbreviations
ICAO	International Civil Aviation Organization
IMDG	International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code
LL50	Lethal Loading 50 %: the LL50 corresponds to the loading rate causing 50 % lethality
NIOSH REL	National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH): Recommended Exposure Limits (RELs)
NLP	No-Longer Polymer
NPCA-HMIS® III	National Paint and Coatings Association: Hazardous Materials Identification System - HMIS® III, Third Edition
OSHA	Occupational Safety and Health Administration (United States)
PBT	Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
PEL	Permissible exposure limit
ppm	Parts per million
RTECS	Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances (database of NIOSH with toxicological information)
Skin Corr.	Corrosive to skin
Skin Irrit.	Irritant to skin
STEL	Short-term exposure limit
STOT SE	Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure
TLV®	Threshold Limit Values
TWA	Time-weighted average
VOC	Volatile Organic Compounds
vPvB	Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative

Key literature references and sources for data

OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (HCS), 29 CFR 1910.1200.

Transport of dangerous goods by road or rail (49 CFR US DOT). International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG). Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA).

Classification procedure

Physical and chemical properties: The classification is based on tested mixture. Health hazards, Environmental hazards: The method for classification of the mixture is based on ingredients of the mixture (additivity formula).

List of relevant phrases (code and full text as stated in section 2 and 3)

Code	Text
H226	Flammable liquid and vapor.
H227	Combustible liquid.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Disclaimer

This information is based upon the present state of our knowledge. This SDS has been compiled and is solely intended for this product.