

## 1. Identification of Substance & Company

#### Product

Product name Product code **HSNO** approval Approval description **UN number Proper Shipping Name** DG class Packaging group Hazchem code Uses

NERTA CARNET JUMBO ENT-910901 HSR002530 Cleaning Products (Subsidiary Hazard) Group Standard 2020 NA NA NA NA NA Cleaning product detergent

**Company Details** 

Company Address

Telephone Website

Fleetwash NZ LTD 20/18 Lambie Drive, Papatoetoe Auckland 0800 115 191 https://fleetwashnz.co.nz/

# Emergency Telephone Number: 0800 764 766 (NZ Poisons Centre)

2. Hazard Identification

#### Approval

This product is an approved substance under the Hazardous Substances and New Organisms Act (HSNO, Approval HSR002530, Cleaning Products (Subsidiary Hazard) Group Standard 2020). The substance has been classified as hazardous according to the criteria in the Hazardous substances (Hazard Classification) Notice 2020.

**GHS 7 Classes** 

Eye damage category 1

**Hazard Statements** 

H318 - Causes serious eye damage.



**Other Classifications** 

There are no other classifications that are known to apply.

**Precautionary Statements** 

Prevention	P102 - Keep out of reach of children. P103 - Read label before use. P280 - Wear protective gloves/eye protection.
Response	<ul> <li>P101 - If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.</li> <li>P305+P351+P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.</li> <li>P310 - Immediately call a POISON CENTRE or doctor/physician.</li> </ul>
Storage Disposal	no storage statement P501 - Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulation.



## 3. Composition / Information on Ingredients

Component	CAS/ Identification	Conc (%)
Tetra-sodium Ethylenediamine Tetraacetate	64-02-8	5-10%
Fatty alcohol ethoxylated	68439-50-9	1-5%
Sodium Xylene Sulphonate	1300-72-7	1-5%
Quaternary ammonium compounds, C12-14-alkyl(hydroxyethyl)dimethyl, ethoxylated, chlorides	1554325-20-0	1-5%

This is a commercial product whose exact ratio of components may vary slightly. Trace quantities of impurities are also likely.

## 4. First Aid

#### **General Information**

If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand. You should call the National Poisons Centre if you feel that you may have been harmed or irritated by this product. The number is 0800 764 766 (0800 POISON) (24 hr emergency service).		
Recommended first aid facilities	Ready access to running water is recommended. Accessible eyewash is recommended.	
Exposure		
Swallowed	IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTRE or doctor/physician if you feel unwell. Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. Give a glass of water to drink.	
Eye contact	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTRE or doctor/physician.	
Skin contact Inhaled	This product is non-irritating to skin. No further measures should be required. Generally, inhalation of fumes/vapours/dusts is unlikely to result in adverse health effects. If coughing, dizziness or shortness of breath is experienced, remove the patient to fresh air immediately. If patient is unconscious, place in the recovery position (on the side) for transport and contact a doctor.	
Advice to Doctor		

Treat symptomatically

5. Firefighting Measures			
5. Filenginting measures			
Fire and explosion hazards: Suitable extinguishing substances: Unsuitable extinguishing substances:	There are no specific risks for fire/explosion for this chemical. It is non-flammable. Carbon dioxide, extinguishing powder or water jet. Fight larger fires with water jet or alcohol resistant foam. Unknown.		
Products of combustion:	Carbon dioxide, and if combustion is incomplete, carbon monoxide and smoke. Water. May form toxic mixtures in air and may accumulate in sumps, pits and other low-lying spaces, forming potentially explosive mixtures.		
Protective equipment:	Self-contained breathing apparatus. Safety boots, non-flammable overalls, gloves, hat and eye protection.		
Hazchem code:	NA		
6. Accidental Release Measures			
Containment	If greater than 10000L is stored, secondary containment and emergency plans to manage any potential spills must be in place. In all cases design storage to prevent discharge to storm water.		
Emergency procedures	In the event of spillage alert the fire brigade to location and give brief descrip hazard. Stop the source of the leak, if safe to do so. Wear protective equipr prevent skin, eye and respiratory exposure. Clear area of any unprotected per Contain using sand, earth or vermiculite. Do not use sawdust. Prevent by wh means possible any spillage from entering drains, sewers, or water courses. occurs contact your regional council immediately).		
Clean-up method	Use absorbent (soil, sand or other inert material). Rags are not recommended for the clean-up of spills, as they may create fire or environmental hazard. Collect and seal		



in properly labelled containers or drums for disposal. If contamination of crops, sewers or waterways has occurred advise local emergency services. Disposal Mop up and collect recoverable material into labelled containers for recycling or salvage. Recycle containers wherever possible. This material may be suitable for approved landfill. Dispose of only in accord with all regulations. Precautions Wear protective equipment to prevent skin and eye contamination and the inhalation of vapours. Work up wind or increase ventilation. 7. Storage & Handling Storage Avoid storage of harmful substances with food. Store out of reach of children. Containers should be kept closed in order to minimise contamination. Keep from extreme heat and open flames. Avoid contact with incompatible substances as listed in Section 10. Handling Keep exposure to a minimum, and minimise the quantities kept in work areas. See section 8 with regard to personal protective equipment requirements. Avoid skin and eve contact and inhalation of vapour, mist or aerosols.

#### 8. Exposure Controls / Personal Protective Equipment

Workplace Exposure Standards

A workplace exposure standard (WES) has not been established by WorkSafe NZ for this product. There is a general limit of 3mg/m<sup>3</sup> for respirable particulates and 10mg/m<sup>3</sup> for inhalable particulates when limits have not otherwise been established.

NZ Workplace Ingredient WES-TWA Exposure Stds No ingredients listed

**Engineering Controls** 

In industrial situations, it is expected that employee exposure to hazardous substances will be controlled to a level as far below the WES as practicable by applying the hierarchy of control required by the Health and Safety at Work Act (2015) and the Health and Safety at Work (General Risk and Workplace Management) Regulations 2016. Exposure can be reduced by process modification, use of local exhaust ventilation, capturing substances at the source, or other methods. If you believe air borne concentrations of mists, dusts or vapours are high, you are advised to modify processes or increase ventilation.

**Personal Protective Equipment** 

General

Eyes

Skin



Respiratory

Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) should not be used as the primary means of exposure protection, except in the event of an accident or emergency situation or where all other means of protection have proven to inadequate. Clean PPE after use or dispose of as appropriate. Store PPE for re-use in a clean place. Regular training on the correct use of PPE should be provided. In particular the correct fitting and use of respirators and where applicable the cleaning of respirators should be undertaken. Protect eyes with goggles, safety glasses or full face mask. Avoid wearing contact lenses. Select eye protection in accordance with AS/NZS 1337.

Avoid any skin contact. Wear suitable protective clothing, e.g. overalls or aprons, rubber boots and impervious gloves. Nitrile gloves are recommended. Protective gloves or suitably resistant material must comply with AS 2161. Replace frequently. Gloves should be checked for tears or holes before use. Protective clothing must comply with AS 2919, AS3765.1 or AS3765.2. PVC or rubber boots must comply with AS/NZS 2210.2 and selected and maintained in accordance with AS/NS2210.1. Remove protective clothing and wash exposed areas with soap and water prior to eating, drinking or smoking.

Respirator is not required under normal use. Ensure adequate natural ventilation. If product is being used in confined conditions, the use of a mask or respirator may be preferred.

WES Additional Information Not applicable WES-STEL



9. Phys	sical & Chemical Pi	operties
Appearar	nce	brown liquid
Odour		characteristic odour
Odour Th	reshold	no data
рН		~10.7
	melting point	no data
Boiling P		no data
Flashpoir		>75°C
Flammab		no data no LEL or UEL
Vapour p	ower flammable limits	no data
Vapour d		no data
	gravity/density	1.1
Solubility		miscible in water
	coefficient	no data
	tion temperature	no data
	sition temperature	no data
Viscosity		no data
Particle C	Characteristics	no data
10. Stab	oility & Reactivity	
Stability		Stable
	ns to be avoided	Containers should be kept closed in order to avoid contamination. Keep from extreme
		heat and open flames.
Incompat	ible groups	Strong oxidisers
Substanc	e Specific	none known
Incompat		
	is decomposition	None known
products	is reactions	
		none known
11. Toxi	cological Informati	on
Summary	1	
	S: may cause serious ey	e damage.
Supportin	ng Data	
Acute	Oral	Using LD <sub>50</sub> 's for ingredients, the Acute Toxicity Estimate (ATE) (oral) for the mixture
		is >2,000 mg/kg. Data considered includes: Tetra-sodium Ethylenediamine
		Tetraacetate 1658 mg/kg (rat), Fatty alcohol ethoxylated >2000mg/kg (rat), Sodium
		Xylene Sulphonate 1000mg/kg (rat), Quaternary ammonium compounds, C12-14-
	Achievation	alkyl(hydroxyethyl)dimethyl, ethoxylated, chlorides 300-2000mg/kg (rat). This mixture is not considered an aspiration hazard.
	Aspiration Dermal	Using LD <sub>50</sub> 's for ingredients, the Acute Toxicity Estimate (ATE) (dermal) for the
	Dermai	mixture is >2,000 mg/kg. Data considered includes: Fatty alcohol ethoxylated
		>2000mg/kg (rabbit).
	Inhaled	Using LD <sub>50</sub> 's for ingredients, the Acute Toxicity Estimate (ATE) (inhalation) for the
		mixture is >5mg/L/4h. Data considered includes: Fatty alcohol ethoxylated 1.8mg/L
		(rat),
	Eye	The mixture is considered to be corrosive to the eye, because some of the ingredients
	-	present at >3% are considered eye corrosives.
	Skin	The mixture is not considered to be a skin irritant.
Chronic	Sensitisation	No ingredient present at concentrations > 0.1% is considered a sensitizer.
	Mutagenicity	No ingredient present at concentrations > $0.1\%$ is considered a mutagen.
	Carcinogenicity	IND INGREDIENT PRESENT AT CONCENTRATIONS > 0.1% IS CONSIDERED A CARCINOGEN.
	Carcinogenicity	No ingredient present at concentrations $> 0.1\%$ is considered a carcinogen.



### 12. Ecological Data

Summary

This mixture is not considered ecotoxic towards aquatic organisms. In all cases prevent run-off to drains, sewers and waterways.

Supporting Data		
Aquatic	Using EC <sub>50</sub> 's for ingredients, the calculated EC <sub>50</sub> for the mixture is > 100 mg/L. Data considered includes: Tetra-sodium Ethylenediamine Tetraacetate 41 mg/L (fish), Fatty alcohol ethoxylated EC0: 0.035mg/L (72h, algae), LC <sub>50</sub> : 1.1mg/L (96h, fish), EC <sub>50</sub> : 0.13mg/L (72h, algae), 0.53mg/L (48h, Crustacea).	
Bioaccumulation	No data	
Degradability	No data	
Soil	No evidence of soil toxicity.	
Terrestrial vertebrate	See acute toxicity.	
Terrestrial invertebrate	No evidence of toxicity towards terrestrial invertebrates.	
Biocidal	no data	
13. Disposal Considerations		
Restrictions	There are no product-specific restrictions, however, local council and resource consent conditions may apply, including requirements of trade waste consents.	

Disposal methodDisposal of this product must comply with the Hazardous Substances (Disposal) Notice<br/>2017 and the requirements of the Resource Management Act for which approval should<br/>be sought from the Regional Authority. The substance must be treated and therefore<br/>rendered non-hazardous before discharge to the environment.Contaminated packagingDisposal of contaminated packaging must comply with the Hazardous Substances

(Disposal of containing and substance and is disposed in a manner that is consistent with the requirements of the substance it contained and the material of the package. If possible reuse or recycle packaging.

#### 14. Transport Information

•	: Dangerous Goods 2005 restrictions for this product NA NA NA		NA NA NA
IMDG UN number: Class(es) Precautions:	NA NA NA	Proper shipping name: Packing group: EmS	Not regulated NA NA
IATA UN number: Class(es) Precautions:	NA NA NA	Proper shipping name: Packing group: ERG Guide	Not regulated NA NA



## 15. Regulatory Information

This product is an approved substance under the Hazardous Substances and New Organisms Act (HSNO). Approval code: HSR002530, Cleaning Products (Subsidiary Hazard) Group Standard 2020. All ingredients appear on the New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals NZIoC.

Specific Controls

Key workplace requirements are:	
SDS	To be available within 10 minutes in workplaces storing any quantity.
Inventory	An inventory of all hazardous substances must be prepared and maintained.
Packaging	All hazardous substances should be appropriately packaged including substances that have been decanted, transferred or manufactured for own use or have been supplied
Labelling	Must comply with the Hazardous Substances (Labelling) Notice 2017.
Emergency plan	Required if > 10000L is stored.
Certified handler	Not required.
Tracking	Not required.
Bunding & secondary containment	Required if > 10000L is stored.
Signage	Required if > 1000L is stored.
Location compliance certificate	Not required.
Flammable zone	Not required.
Fire extinguisher	Not required.

Note: The above workplace requirements apply if only this particular substance is present. The complete set of controls for a location will depend on the classification and total quantities of other substances present in that location.

#### **Other Legislation**

In New Zealand, the use of this product may come under the Resource Management Act and Regulations, the Health and Safety at Work Act 2015 and the Health and Safety at Work (General Risk and Workplace Management) Regulations 2016, local Council Rules and Regional Council Plans.

#### 16. Other Information

Abbreviations

Approval Code CAS Number EC50 EPA GHS	Approval HSR002530, Cleaning Products (Subsidiary Hazard) Group Standard 2020 Controls, EPA. www.epa.govt.nz Unique Chemical Abstracts Service Registry Number Ecotoxic Concentration 50% – concentration in water which is fatal to 50% of a test population (e.g. daphnia, fish species) Environmental Protection Authority (New Zealand) Globally Harmonised System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals, 7 <sup>th</sup> revised
HAZCHEM Code	edition, 2017, published by the United Nations. Emergency action code of numbers and letters that provide information to emergency
HSNO IARC LEL	services, especially fire fighters Hazardous Substances and New Organisms (Act and Regulations) International Agency for Research on Cancer Lower Explosive Limit
LD <sub>50</sub> LC <sub>50</sub>	Lethal Dose 50% – dose which is fatal to 50% of a test population (usually rats). Lethal Concentration 50% – concentration in air which is fatal to 50% of a test population (usually rats)
NZIOC STEL	New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals Short Term Exposure Limit - The maximum airborne concentration of a chemical or biological agent to which a worker may be exposed in any 15 minute period, provided the TWA is not exceeded
STOT RE STOT SE TWA	System Target Organ Toxicity – Repeated Exposure System Target Organ Toxicity – Single Exposure Time Weighted Average – generally referred to WES averaged over typical work day (usually 8 hours)
UEL UN Number WES	Upper Explosive Limit United Nations Number Workplace Exposure Standard - The airborne concentration of a biological or chemical agent to which a worker may be exposed during work hours (usually 8 hours, 5 days a week). The WES relates to exposure that has been measured by personal monitoring using procedures that gather air samples in the worker's breathing zone.



References

Data	Unless otherwise stated comes from the EPA HSNO chemical classification informatio database (CCID). EPA notices, www.epa.govt.nz, Health and Safety at Work (Hazardous Substances Regulations 2017, www.legislation.govt.nz The latest NZ Workplace Exposure Standards, published by WorkSafe NZ and availabl on their web site – www.worksafe.govt.nz.
Controls	
WES	
Other References:	Suppliers SDS
Review	
Date February 2024	Reason for review Not applicable - New SDS

#### Disclaimer

This SDS was prepared by Datachem LTD and is based on our current state of knowledge, including information obtained from suppliers. The SDS is given in good faith and constitutes a guideline (not a guarantee of safety). The level of risk each substance poses is relevant to its properties (as summarised in the SDS) AND HOW THE SUBSTANCE IS USED. While guidelines are given for personal protective equipment, such precautions must be relevant to the use. The likely GHS 7 classifications for this SDS have been estimated based on general information from the supplier (e.g., hazard, toxicological). This SDS is copyright Datachem and must not be copied, edited or used for other than intended purpose. To contact the SDS author, email info@datachem.co.nz or phone: +64 21 1040951.

