



One Step Multi-Drug Urine T-Cup

One Step Multi-Drug Urine T-Cup offers any combination from 2 to 16 drugs of abuse tests for 16 different drugs: Amphetamine (AMP), Barbiturates (BAR), Benzodiazepines (BZO), Cocaine (COC), Marijuana (THC), Methadone (MTD), Methamphetamine (MET), Methylenedioxymethamphetamine (MDMA), Morphine (MOP), Opiate (OPI 2000), Phencyclidine (PCP), Tricyclic Antidepressants (TCA), Buprenorphine (BUP), Oxycodone (OXY), Ketamine (KET), Propoxyphene (PPX). This drug test kit cup also provides adulteration testing for Oxidant/Bleach, Specific Gravity, pH, Nitrite, Creatinine and Pyridinium Chlorochromate.

This package insert applies to all combinations of multi-drug tests panel with integrated cup. Therefore, some information on the performance characteristics of the product may not be relevant to your test. We refer to the labels on the packaging and the prints on the test strip to identify which drugs are included in your test."

A rapid one step test for the qualitative detection of drug of abuse and their principal metabolites in human urine at specified cut off level.
For healthcare professional use only. For in vitro diagnostic use.

INTENDED USE

One Step Multi-Drug Urine T-Cup is rapid urine screening test. The test is a lateral flow, one-step immunoassay for the qualitative detection of specific drugs and their metabolites in human urine at the following cut off concentrations:

Test	Calibrator	Cut off (ng/ml)
Amphetamine	Amphetamine	1,000
Barbiturates	Secobarbital	300
Benzodiazepines	Oxazepam	300
Cocaine	Benzoyllecgonine	300
Marijuana	Marijuana	50
Methadone	Methadone	300
Methamphetamine	Methamphetamine	1,000
Methylenedioxymethamphetamine	3,4-Methylenedioxymethamphetamine HCl(MDMA)	500
Morphine	Morphine	300
Opiate	Morphine	2000
Phencyclidine	Phencyclidine	25
Tricyclic Antidepressants	Notriptyline	1,000
Buprenorphine	Buprenorphine	10
Oxycodone	Oxycodone	100
Ketamine	Ketamine	1,000
Propoxyphene	Propoxyphene	300

This assay provides only a preliminary test result. A more specific alternative chemical method must be used in order to obtain a confirmed analytical result. Gas chromatography/mass spectrometry (GC/MS) is the preferred confirmatory method. Clinical consideration and professional judgment should be applied to any drug of abuse test result, particularly when preliminary results are positive.

PRINCIPLE

One Step Multi-Drug Urine T-Cup is a competitive immunoassay that is used to screen for the presence of drugs of abuse in urine. It is chromatographic absorbent device in which drugs or drug metabolites in a sample competitively combined to a limited number of antibody-dye conjugate binding sites.

When the absorbent end of the test device is immersed into the urine sample, the urine is absorbed into the device by capillary action, mixes with the antibody-dye conjugate, and flows across the pre-coated membrane.

When sample drug levels are at or above the target cutoff, the drug in the sample binds to the antibody-dye conjugate preventing the antibody-dye conjugate from binding to the drug-protein pre-coated in the test region (T). This prevents the development of a distinct colored band in the test region indicating a potentially positive result.

When sample drug levels are zero or below the target cutoff (the detection sensitivity of the test), antibody-dye conjugate binds to the drug-protein pre-coated in the test region (T) of the device. This produces a colored test line that, regardless of its intensity, indicates a negative result.

To serve as a procedure control, a colored line will appear on the control region (C), if the test has been performed properly.

WARNINGS AND PRECAUTIONS

- This kit is for external use only. Do not swallow.
- Discard after first use. The test cannot be used more than once.
- Do not use test kit beyond expiration date.
- Do not use the kit if the pouch is punctured or not well sealed.
- Keep out of the reach of children.

STORAGE AND STABILITY

- Store at 4 °C ~ 30 °C up to the expiration date.
- Keep away from sunlight, moisture and heat.
- DO NOT FREEZE.

MATERIAL

Material provided

- One pouch containing a test T-cup and a desiccant.
- Package insert
- Color comparator chart for the adulteration testing labeled on the foil pouch.

Material Required But Not Provided

- Timer

SPECIMEN COLLECTION AND PREPARATION

- Wash your hands with soap and warm water. Open the sealed pouch and remove the urine test T-cup.

- The donors collect their urine samples. Open the cap of the cup and urinate directly into the test cup. The sample volume should be higher than the minimum urine level. Re-cap the cup.

TEST PROCEDURE

1. After the urine has been collected, re-cap the cup and place the test T-cup on a flat surface.
2. Peel the label from right to left.
3. Read adulteration testing results at the times specified, compare the colors on the adulteration strip to the color chart labeled on the foil pouch. Proper read time is critical for optimal results. If the results indicate adulteration, do not read the drug test results.
4. If results do not indicate adulteration, read drug test results within 5 minutes. **Do not read results after 10 minutes.**



INTERPRATATION OF RESULTS

Positive (+)

A rose-pink band is visible in each control region. No color band appears in the appropriate test region. It indicates a positive result for the corresponding drug of that specific test zone.

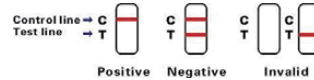
Negative (-)

A rose-pink band is visible in each control region and the appropriate test region. It indicates that the concentration of the corresponding drug of that specific test zone is zero or below the detection limit of the test.

Invalid

If a color band is not visible in each of the control region or a color band is only visible in each of the test region, the test is invalid. Another test should be run to re-evaluate the specimen. Please contact the distributor or the store, where you bought the product, with the lot number.

Note: There is no meaning attributed to line color intensity or width.



QUALITY CONTROL

Users should follow the appropriate federal state, and local guidelines concerning the frequency of assaying external quality control materials.

Though there is an internal procedural control line in the test device of Control region, the use of external controls is strongly recommended as good laboratory testing practice to confirm the test procedure and to verify proper test performance. Positive and negative control should give the expected results. When testing the positive and negative control, the same assay procedure should be adopted.

LIMITATIONS

1. This test has been developed for testing urine samples only. The performance of this test using other specimens has not been substantiated.
2. Adulterated urine samples may produce erroneous results. Strong oxidizing agents such as bleach (hypochlorite) can oxidize drug analyses. If a sample is suspected of being adulterated, obtain a new sample.
3. This test is a qualitative screening assay. It is not designed to determine the quantitative concentration of drugs or the level of intoxication.
4. It is possible that technical or procedural errors, as well as other interfering substances in the urine specimen may cause erroneous results.
5. A negative result may not necessarily indicate drug-free urine. Negative results can be obtained when drug is present but below the cut-off level of the test.
6. The test result does not distinguish between drugs of abuse and certain medicines.
7. A positive result might be obtained from certain foods or food supplements.
8. Adulterants, such as bleach and/or alum, in urine specimens may produce erroneous results regardless of the analytical method used. If adulteration is suspected, the test should be repeated with another urine specimen.
9. The adulteration assays are for screening purposes only; all abnormal results should be confirmed by an alternative methodology.

PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

Accuracy

1080 (eighty of each drug) clinical urine specimens were analyzed by GC-MS and by each corresponding One Step Drug of Abuse Test. Each Wondfo test was read by three viewers. Samples were divided by concentration into four categories: less than half the cutoff, near cutoff negative, near cutoff positive, and high positive. Results were as follows:

AMP

Viewer A:

Result	Less than half the cutoff concentration by GC/MS analysis	Near Cutoff Negative (Between 50% below the cutoff and the cutoff concentration)	Near Cutoff Positive (Between the cutoff and 50% above the cutoff concentration)	High Positive (greater than 50% above the cutoff concentration)
Positive	0	4	11	29
Negative	28	8	0	0

% agreement among positives is 100%
% agreement among negatives is 90.0%

Viewer B:

Result	Less than half the cutoff concentration by GC/MS analysis	Near Cutoff Negative (Between 50% below the cutoff and the cutoff concentration)	Near Cutoff Positive (Between the cutoff and 50% above the cutoff concentration)	High Positive (greater than 50% above the cutoff concentration)
Positive	0	2	9	28
Negative	10	18	3	0

% agreement among positives is 92.5%

% agreement among negatives is 95%

Viewer C:

Result	Less than half the cutoff concentration by GC/MS analysis	Near Cutoff Negative (Between 50% below the cutoff and the cutoff concentration)	Near Cutoff Positive (Between the cutoff and 50% above the cutoff concentration)	High Positive (greater than 50% above the cutoff concentration)
Positive	0	0	8	28
Negative	10	20	4	0

% agreement among positives is 90%

% agreement among negatives is 100%

 BUP**Viewer A:**

Result	Less than half the cutoff concentration by GC/MS analysis	Near Cutoff Negative (Between 50% below the cutoff and the cutoff concentration)	Near Cutoff Positive (Between the cutoff and 50% above the cutoff concentration)	High Positive (greater than 50% above the cutoff concentration)
Positive	0	1	16	20
Negative	10	19	4	0

% agreement among positives is 90%

% agreement among negatives is 97.5%

Viewer B:

Result	Less than half the cutoff concentration by GC/MS analysis	Near Cutoff Negative (Between 50% below the cutoff and the cutoff concentration)	Near Cutoff Positive (Between the cutoff and 50% above the cutoff concentration)	High Positive (greater than 50% above the cutoff concentration)
Positive	0	2	16	20
Negative	10	18	4	0

% agreement among positives is 90%

% agreement among negatives is 95%

Viewer C:

Result	Less than half the cutoff concentration by GC/MS analysis	Near Cutoff Negative (Between 50% below the cutoff and the cutoff concentration)	Near Cutoff Positive (Between the cutoff and 50% above the cutoff concentration)	High Positive (greater than 50% above the cutoff concentration)
Positive	0	0	16	20
Negative	10	20	4	0

% agreement among positives is 90%

% agreement among negatives is 100%

 PPX**Viewer A:**

Result	Less than half the cutoff concentration by GC/MS analysis	Near Cutoff Negative (Between 50% below the cutoff and the cutoff concentration)	Near Cutoff Positive (Between the cutoff and 50% above the cutoff concentration)	High Positive (greater than 50% above the cutoff concentration)
Positive	0	2	16	20
Negative	18	10	4	0

% agreement among positives is 90%

% agreement among negatives is 95%

Viewer B:

Result	Less than half the cutoff concentration by GC/MS analysis	Near Cutoff Negative (Between 50% below the cutoff and the cutoff concentration)	Near Cutoff Positive (Between the cutoff and 50% above the cutoff concentration)	High Positive (greater than 50% above the cutoff concentration)
Positive	0	1	17	20
Negative	18	11	3	0

% agreement among positives is 92.5%

% agreement among negatives is 97.5%

Viewer C:

Result	Less than half the cutoff concentration by GC/MS analysis	Near Cutoff Negative (Between 50% below the cutoff and the cutoff concentration)	Near Cutoff Positive (Between the cutoff and 50% above the cutoff concentration)	High Positive (greater than 50% above the cutoff concentration)
Positive	0	0	15	20
Negative	18	12	5	0

% agreement among positives is 87.5%

% agreement among negatives is 100%

 KET**Viewer A:**

Result	Less than half the cutoff concentration by GC/MS analysis	Near Cutoff Negative (Between 50% below the cutoff and the cutoff concentration)	Near Cutoff Positive (Between the cutoff and 50% above the cutoff concentration)	High Positive (greater than 50% above the cutoff concentration)
Positive	0	0	10	30
Negative	29	11	0	0

% agreement among positives is 100%

% agreement among negatives is 100%

Viewer B:

Result	Less than half the cutoff concentration by GC/MS analysis	Near Cutoff Negative (Between 50% below the cutoff and the cutoff concentration)	Near Cutoff Positive (Between the cutoff and 50% above the cutoff concentration)	High Positive (greater than 50% above the cutoff concentration)
Positive	0	2	10	30
Negative	29	9	0	0

% agreement among positives is 100%

% agreement among negatives is 95%

Viewer C:

Result	Less than half the cutoff concentration by GC/MS analysis	Near Cutoff Negative (Between 50% below the cutoff and the cutoff concentration)	Near Cutoff Positive (Between the cutoff and 50% above the cutoff concentration)	High Positive (greater than 50% above the cutoff concentration)
Positive	0	0	8	28
Negative	10	20	4	0

% agreement among positives is 90%

% agreement among negatives is 100%

 Precision and Sensitivity

To investigate the precision and sensitivity, each drug samples were analyzed at the following concentrations: cutoff - 50%, cutoff - 25%, cutoff, cutoff +25%, and the cutoff + 50%. All concentrations were confirmed with GC-MS. Each concentration was tested using three different lots of the corresponding drug of abuse test. Thirty samples were analyzed at each concentration, and each result was read by three viewers, for a total of 90 results per concentration per lot of the corresponding drug of abuse test.

 AMP**Lot 1**

Approximate concentration of sample (ng/mL)	Number of determinations	Results Negative/ Positive
500	90	90/0
750	90	78/12
1000	90	32/58
1250	90	14/76
1500	90	0/90

Lot 2

Approximate Concentration of sample (ng/mL)	Number of determinations	Results Negative/ Positive
500	90	90/0
750	90	78/12
1000	90	32/58
1250	90	14/76
1500	90	0/90

Lot 3

Approximate Concentration of sample (ng/mL)	Number of determinations	Results Negative/ Positive
500	90	90/0
750	90	78/12
1000	90	32/58
1250	90	14/76
1500	90	0/90

 BAR**Lot 1**

Approximate concentration of sample (ng/mL)	Number of determinations	Results Negative/ Positive
150	90	90/0
225	90	79/11
300	90	42/48
375	90	18/72
450	90	0/90

Lot 2

Approximate Concentration of sample (ng/mL)	Number of determinations	Results Negative/ Positive
150	90	90/0
225	90	79/11
300	90	42/48
375	90	18/72
450	90	0/90

Lot 3

Approximate Concentration of sample (ng/mL)	Number of determinations	Results Negative/ Positive
150	90	90/0
225	90	79/11
300	90	42/48
375	90	18/72
450	90	0/90

BZO

Lot 1

Approximate concentration of sample (ng/mL)	Number of determinations	Results Negative/ Positive
150	90	90/0
225	90	79/11
300	90	41/49
375	90	9/81
450	90	0/90

Lot 2

Approximate Concentration of sample (ng/mL)	Number of determinations	Results Negative/ Positive
150	90	90/0
225	90	79/11
300	90	41/49
375	90	11/79
450	90	0/90

Lot 3

Approximate Concentration of sample (ng/mL)	Number of determinations	Results Negative/ Positive
150	90	90/0
225	90	80/10
300	90	41/49
375	90	11/79
450	90	0/90

COC

Lot 1

Approximate concentration of sample (ng/mL)	Number of determinations	Results Negative/ Positive
150	90	90/0
225	90	82/8
300	90	37/53
375	90	13/77
450	90	0/90

Lot 2

Approximate Concentration of sample (ng/mL)	Number of determinations	Results Negative/ Positive
150	90	90/0
225	90	80/10
300	90	36/54
375	90	13/77
450	90	0/90

Lot 3

Approximate Concentration of sample (ng/mL)	Number of determinations	Results Negative/ Positive
150	90	90/0
225	90	80/10
300	90	36/54
375	90	13/77
450	90	0/90

THC

Lot 1

Approximate concentration of sample (ng/mL)	Number of determinations	Results Negative/ Positive
25	90	90/0
38	90	76/14
50	90	43/47
63	90	12/78
75	90	0/90

Lot 2

Approximate Concentration of sample (ng/mL)	Number of determinations	Results Negative/ Positive
25	90	90/0
38	90	76/14
50	90	43/47
63	90	12/78
75	90	0/90

Lot 3

Approximate Concentration of sample (ng/mL)	Number of determinations	Results Negative/ Positive
25	90	90/0
38	90	76/14
50	90	43/47
63	90	12/78
75	90	0/90

MTD

Lot 1

Approximate concentration of sample (ng/mL)	Number of determinations	Results Negative/ Positive
150	90	90/0
225	90	75/15
300	90	41/49
375	90	7/83
450	90	0/90

Lot 2

Approximate Concentration of sample (ng/mL)	Number of determinations	Results Negative/ Positive
150	90	90/0
225	90	75/15
300	90	41/49
375	90	7/83
450	90	0/90

Lot 3

Approximate Concentration of sample (ng/mL)	Number of determinations	Results Negative/ Positive
150	90	90/0
225	90	75/15
300	90	41/49
375	90	7/83
450	90	0/90

MET

Lot 1

Approximate concentration of sample (ng/mL)	Number of determinations	Results Negative/ Positive
500	90	90/0
750	90	81/9
1000	90	34/56
1250	90	13/77
1500	90	0/90

Lot 2

Approximate Concentration of sample (ng/mL)	Number of determinations	Results Negative/ Positive
500	90	90/0
750	90	81/9
1000	90	34/56
1250	90	13/77
1500	90	0/90

Lot 3

Approximate Concentration of sample (ng/mL)	Number of determinations	Results Negative/ Positive
500	90	90/0
750	90	81/9
1000	90	34/56
1250	90	13/77
1500	90	0/90

MDMA

Lot 1

Approximate concentration of sample (ng/mL)	Number of determinations	Results Negative/ Positive
250	90	90/0
375	90	86/14
500	90	30/50
625	90	9/81
750	90	0/90

Lot 2

Approximate Concentration of sample (ng/mL)	Number of determinations	Results Negative/ Positive
250	90	90/0
375	90	86/14
500	90	30/50
625	90	9/81
750	90	0/90

Lot 3

Approximate Concentration of sample (ng/mL)	Number of determinations	Results Negative/ Positive
250	90	90/0
375	90	86/14
500	90	30/50
625	90	9/81
750	90	0/90

MOP

Lot 1

Approximate concentration of sample (ng/mL)	Number of determinations	Results Negative/ Positive
150	90	90/0
220	90	77/13
300	90	28/62
375	90	8/82
450	90	0/90

Lot 2

Approximate Concentration of sample (ng/mL)	Number of determinations	Results Negative/ Positive
150	90	90/0
220	90	77/13
300	90	28/62
375	90	8/82
450	90	0/90

Lot 3

Approximate Concentration of sample (ng/mL)	Number of determinations	Results Negative/ Positive
150	90	90/0
220	90	77/13
300	90	28/62
375	90	6/84
450	90	0/90

OPI

Lot 1

Approximate concentration of sample (ng/mL)	Number of determinations	Results Negative/ Positive
1000	90	90/0
1500	90	80/10
2000	90	44/46
2500	90	12/78
3000	90	0/90

Lot 2

Approximate Concentration of sample (ng/mL)	Number of determinations	Results Negative/ Positive
1000	90	90/0
1500	90	80/10
2000	90	44/46
2500	90	12/78
3000	90	0/90

Lot 3

Approximate Concentration of sample (ng/mL)	Number of determinations	Results Negative/ Positive
1000	90	90/0
1500	90	80/10
2000	90	44/46
2500	90	12/78
3000	90	0/90

PCP

Lot 1

Approximate concentration of sample (ng/mL)	Number of determinations	Results Negative/ Positive
13	90	90/0
17	90	83/7
25	90	47/43
32	90	14/76
38	90	0/90

Lot 2

Approximate Concentration of sample (ng/mL)	Number of determinations	Results Negative/ Positive
13	90	90/0
17	90	83/7
25	90	47/43
32	90	14/76
38	90	0/90

Lot 3

Approximate Concentration of sample (ng/mL)	Number of determinations	Results Negative/ Positive
13	90	90/0
17	90	83/7
25	90	47/43
32	90	14/76
38	90	0/90

TCA

Lot 1

Approximate concentration of sample (ng/mL)	Number of determinations	Results Negative/ Positive
500	90	90/0
750	90	78/12
1000	90	41/49
1250	90	13/77
1500	90	0/90

Lot 2

Approximate Concentration of sample (ng/mL)	Number of determinations	Results Negative/ Positive
500	90	90/0
750	90	78/12
1000	90	41/49
1250	90	13/77
1500	90	0/90

Lot 3

Approximate Concentration of sample (ng/mL)	Number of determinations	Results Negative/ Positive
500	90	90/0
750	90	78/12
1000	90	41/49
1250	90	13/77
1500	90	0/90

OXY

Lot 1

Approximate Concentration of sample (ng/mL)	Number of determinations	Results Negative/ Positive
5	75	75/0
75	75	63/12
100	75	10/65
125	75	3/72
150	75	0/75

Lot 2

Approximate Concentration of sample (ng/mL)	Number of determinations	Results Negative/ Positive
5	75	75/0
75	75	64/11
100	75	11/64
125	75	4/71
150	75	0/75

Lot 3

Approximate Concentration of sample (ng/mL)	Number of determinations	Results Negative/ Positive
5	75	75/0
75	75	63/12
100	75	9/66
125	75	2/73
150	75	0/75

BPX

Lot 1

Approximate Concentration of sample (ng/mL)	Number of determinations	Results Negative/ Positive
5	75	75/0
7.5	75	62/13
10	75	9/66
12.5	75	4/71
15	75	0/75

Lot 2

Approximate Concentration of sample (ng/mL)	Number of determinations	Results Negative/ Positive
5	75	75/0
7.5	75	63/12
10	75	8/67
12.5	75	3/72
15	75	0/75

Lot 3

Approximate Concentration of sample (ng/mL)	Number of determinations	Results Negative/ Positive
5	75	75/0
7.5	75	61/14
10	75	9/66
12.5	75	2/73
15	75	0/75

PPX

Lot 1

Approximate Concentration of sample (ng/mL)	Number of determinations	Results Negative/ Positive
150	75	75/0
225	75	65/10
300	75	9/66
375	75	6/69
450	75	0/75

Lot 2

Approximate Concentration of sample (ng/mL)	Number of determinations	Results Negative/ Positive
150	75	75/0
225	75	64/11
300	75	11/64
375	75	4/71
450	75	0/75

Lot 3

Approximate Concentration of sample (ng/mL)	Number of determinations	Results Negative/ Positive
150	75	75/0
225	75	64/11
300	75	9/66
375	75	5/70
450	75	0/75

KET

Lot 1

Approximate Concentration of sample (ng/mL)	Number of determinations	Results Negative/ Positive
500	75	75/0
750	75	62/13
1000	75	9/66
1250	75	4/71
1500	75	0/75

Lot 2

Approximate Concentration of sample (ng/mL)	Number of determinations	Results Negative/ Positive
500	75	75/0
750	75	64/11
1000	75	11/64
1250	75	4/71
1500	75	0/75

Lot 3

Approximate Concentration of sample (ng/mL)	Number of determinations	Results Negative/ Positive
500	75	75/0
750	75	63/12
1000	75	9/66
1250	75	2/73
1500	75	0/75

Analytical Specificity

To test the specificity of the test, the test device was used to test various drugs, drug metabolites and other components that are likely to be present in urine. All the components were added to drug-free normal human urine. These concentrations (ng/mL) below also represent the limits of detection for the specified drugs or metabolites.

Amphetamine		Methamphetamine	
d-Amphetamine	1,000	D(+)-Methamphetamine	1,000
d.1-Amphetamine	3,000	D-Amphetamine	50,000
1-Amphetamine	50,000	Chloroquine	50,000
(+/-)	5,000	(+/-)-Ephedrine	50,000
3,4-methylenedioxyamphetamine			
Phentermine	3,000	(-)-Methamphetamine	25,000
Barbiturates		(+/-)3,4-methylenedioxyamphetamine(MDMA)	2,000
Secobarbital	300	b-Phenylethylamine	50,000
Amobarbital	300	Trimethobenzamide	10,000
Alphenol	150		
Aprobarbital	200	Methylenedioxyamphetamine(MDMA)	
Butabarbital	75	3,4-Methylenedioxyamphetamine HCl(MDMA)	500
Butathal	100	3,4-Methylenedioxyamphetamine HCl	3,000
Butalbital	2,500	3,4-Methylenedioxyethylamphetamine	300
Cyclopentobarbital	600	Morphine	
Pentobarbital	300	Morphine	300
Phenobarbital	100	Codeine	300
Benzodiazepines		Ethyl Morphine	300
Oxazepam	300	Hydrocodone	5,000
Alprazolam	200	Hydromorphone	5,000
α-Hydroxylprazolam	1,500	Morphine-3-β-d-glucuronide	1,000
Bromazepam	1,500	Thebaine	30,000
Chlordiazepoxide	1,500	Opiate 2000	
Clonazepam HCl	800	Morphine	2,000
Clobazam	100	Codeine	2,000
Clonazepam	800	Ethylmorphine	5,000
Clorazepate dipotassium	200	Hydrocodone	12,500
Delorazepam	1,500	Hydromorphone	5,000
Desalkylflurazepam	400	Levorphanol	75,000
Diazepam	200	α-Monoacetylmorphine	5,000
Estazolam	2,500	Morphine 3-β-D-glucuronide	2,000
Flunitrazepam	400	Norcodeine	12,500
D,L-Lorazepam	1,500	Normorphine	50,000
Midazolam	12,500	Oxycodone	25,000
Nitrazepam	100	Oxymorphone	25,000
Norchlordiazepoxide	200	Procaine	150,000
Nordiazepam	400	Thebaine	100,000
Temazepam	100	Phencyclidine	
Trazolam	2,500	Phencyclidine	25
		4-Hydroxyphencyclidine	12,500
Cocaine			
Benzoylcegonine	300	Tricyclic Antidepressants	
Cocaine HCl	750	Notriptyline	1,000
Cocaeethylene	12,500	Nordoxepine	1,000
Ecgonine	32,000	Trimipramine	3,000
Marijuana		Amitriptyline	1,500
11-nor-D9-THC-9-COOH	50	Promazine	1,500
11-nor-D8-THC-9-COOH	30	Desipramine	200
11-hydroxy-D9-Tetrahydrocannabinol	2,500	Imipramine	400
D8- Tetrahydrocannabinol	7,500	Clomipramine	12,500
D9- Tetrahydrocannabinol	10,000	Doxepine	2,000
Cannabinol	10,000	Maprotiline	2,000
Cannabidiol	100,000	Promethazine	25,000
Methadone			
Methadone	300	Buprenorphine	
Doxylamine	50,000	Buprenorphine 3-D-Glucuronide	15
Oxycodone		Norbuprenorphine	20
Dihydrocodeine	20,000	Norbuprenorphine 3-D-Glucuronide	200
Codeine	100,000	Ketamine	
Hydromorphone	100,000	Methadone	50,000
Morphine	>100,000	Pethidine	12,500
Acetylmorphine	>100,000	Methylamphetamine	12,500
Buprenorphine	>100,000	Methoxyphenamine	12,500
Ethylmorphine	>100,000	Promethazine	25,000
Propoxyphene		Phencyclidine	25,000
d-Propoxyphene	300		
d-Norpropoxyphene	300		

Cross-Reactivity

Considering the complexity of clinical urine specimens and the possibility that various urine specimens contain potentially interfering substances, we simulated above situations by adding the potentially interfering substances to a certain concentration as specimen. The following components show no cross-reactivity when tested with One Step Multi-Drug Urine Test T-Cup at a concentration of 100 µg/ml.

Non Crossing-Reacting Compounds

Acetophenetidin	Creatinine	Loperamide	Quinidine
Nalidixic acid	Deoxycorticosterone	Meprobamate	Quinine
Acetylsalicylic acid	Dextromethorphan	Methoxyphenamine	Ranitidine
Aminopyrine	Diclofenac	Nalidixic acid	Salicylic acid
Amoxicillin	Diffunisal	Naloxone	Serotonin
Ampicillin	Digoxin	Naltrexone	Sulfamethazine
L-Phenylephrine	Diphenhydramine	Naproxen	Sulindac
Apomorphine	L- w-Ephedrine	Niacinamide	Tetracycline
Aspartame	Ecgonine methylester	Nifedipine	Tetrahydrocortisone,
Atropine	Ethyl-p-aminobenzoate	Norethindrone	3-Acetate
Benzilic acid	β-Estradiol	D-Norpropoxyphene	Tetrahydrocortisone,
Benzoic acid	Estrone-3-sulfate	Noscapine	(β-D-glucuronide)

Benzphetamine	Erythromycin	D,L-Octopamine	Tetrahydrozoline
Bilirubin	Fenoprofen	Oxalic acid	Thiamine
Deoxycorticosterone	Furosemide	Oxolinic acid	Thioridazine
Caffeine	Gentisic acid	Oxymetazoline	D,L-Tyrosine
	Hemoglobin	Papaverine	Tolbutamide
Chloralhydrate	Hydralazine	Penicillin-G	Triamterene
Chloramphenicol	Hydrochlorothiazide	Perphenazine	Trifluoperazine
Chlorothiazide	Hydrocortisone	Phenelzine	Trimethoprim
D,L-Chlolorpheniramine	O-Hydroxyhippuric acid	L-Phenylephrine	Tyramine
Chlorpromazine	3-Hydroxytyramine	β-Phenylethylamine	D,L-Tryptophan
Chlorquine	D,L-Isoproterenol	Phenylpropanolamine	Urine acid
Cholesterol	Isoxsuprine	Prednisone	Verapamil
Clonidine	Ketoprofen	D,L-Propranolol	Zomepirac
Cortisone	Labelalol	L-Cotinine	D-Pseudoephedrine

From the results above, it is clear that One Step Multi-Drug Urine Test T-Cup resists well against interference from these substances.

Effect of Urinary Specific Gravity

5 urine samples with density ranges (1.000-1.035) are collected and spiked with each drug at 50% below and 50% above cutoff level. One Step Multi-Drug Urine Test was tested in duplicate. The results demonstrate that varying ranges of urinary specific gravity do not affect the test result.


Effect of Urinary PH

The pH of an aliquot negative urine pool is adjusted to a pH range of 4 to 9 in 1 pH unit increments and spiked with morphine at 50% below and 50% above cutoff levels. One Step Multi-Drug Urine Test was tested in duplicate. The result demonstrate that varying ranged of PH do not interfere with the performance of the test.

BIBLIOGRAPHY OF SUGGESTED READING

- Baselt, R.C. Disposition of Toxic Drugs and Chemicals in Man. Biomedical Publications, Davis, CA, 1982.
- Ellenhorn, M.J. and Barceloux, D. G Medical Toxicology. Elsevier Science Publishing Company, Inc., New York, 1988
- Gilman, A. G., and Goodman, L. S. The Pharmacological Fluids, in Martin WR(ed): Drug Addiction I, New York, Spring – Verlag, 1977.
- Harvey, R.A., Champe, P.C. Lippincotts Illustrated Reviews. Pharmacology. 91-95, 1992.
- Hawks RL, CN Chiang. Urine Testing for drugs of Abuse. National Institute for Drug Abuse (NIDA), Research Monography 73, 1986
- Hofmann F.E., A Handbook on Drug and Alcohol Abuse: The Biomedical Aspects, New York, Oxford University Press, 1983.
- McBay, A. J. Clin. Chem. 33,33B-40B, 1987.

MEANING OF SYMBOLS ON PACKAGE

-  Keep away from sunlight
-  Store between 4°C and 30°C
-  Keep dry
-  Do not re-use

Manufactured for: Confirm Biosciences, Inc. 800 908 5603 www.confirmbiosciences.com

