INTERIOR CLEANSE MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

IDENTIFICATION OF THE MATERIAL AND SUPPLIER

Product Name: Interior Cleanse

Recommended Use: General Purpose Automotive Interior Cleaning

Supplier: SPQR Australia P/L

Street Address: 37 Production Drive

Campbellfield, Victoria

Australia 3061

Phone Number: +61 3 9357 5503 Email: info@finalinspection.com.au

HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

This material is non-hazardous according to criteria of NOHSC; NON-HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE.

Classified as Non-Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the Australian Dangerous Goods Code (ADG Code) for

Transport by Road and Rail; NON-DANGEROUS GOODS.

Risk Phrases: None under normal operating conditions.

Safety Phrases: n/a Poisons None. Schedule:

COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Components/CAS Number Proportion Risk Phrases

ETHYLENE GLYCOL MONOBUTYL ETHER/111-76-2 <10% NON IONIC SURFACTANT/9016-45-9 <10% ANIONIC SURFACTANT/68585-43-2 <10% D-LIMONENE/138-86-3 <10% SODIUM METASILICATE/6834-92-0 <10%

FIRST AID MEASURES

POTASSIUM PHOSPHATE/7320-34-5 < 10%

For advice, contact a Poisons Information Centre 131 126

Inhalation: If fumes or combustion products are inhaled, remove from contaminated area. Other measures are usually unnecessary.

Skin Contact: If skin or hair contact occurs, immediately remove any contaminated clothing and wash skin and hair thoroughly with running water. If irritation continues, seek medical attention.

Eye Contact: If in eyes, hold eyelids apart and flush the eye continuously with running water. If irritation continues, seek medical attention.

Ingestion: Immediately give a glass of water. First aid is generally not required. If in doubt,

contact a Poisons Information Centre or a doctor.

Medical attention and special Treatment: Treat symptomatically.

FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Hazards from combustion Non-combustible. Not considered to be a significant fire risk.

Products: Expansion or decompression on heating my lead to violent rupture of containers.

Precautions for fire fighters and Alert Fire Brigade and tell them location and nature of hazard. **Special protective equipment:** Wear breathing apparatus plus protective gloves for fire only. Use

fire fighting procedures suitable for surrounding area. DO NOT approach containers suspected to be hot. Cool fire exposed containers with water spray from a protected location. If safe to do so, remove containers from path of fire. Equipment should be thoroughly decontaminated after use.

Suitable Extinguishing Media: Water or chemical foam.

Hazchem Code: None.

ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Emergency procedures: If contamination of sewers or waterways has occurred advise local emergency services.

Methods and materials for Containment and clean up: Clear area of all personnel. Alert Fire Brigade and tell them location and nature of hazard. Control personal contact by using protective equipment as required. Prevent spillage from entering drains and waterways. Collect recoverable product into labeled containers for recycling. Absorb remaining product with sand, earth or vermiculite and place in a appropriate containers for disposal. Wash area and prevent run off into drains or waterways.

HANDLING AND STORAGE

Conditions for safe storage: Store in a dry, cool environment, reseal container when not in use. **Precautions for safe handling:** No special handling procedures required.

EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

EXPOSURE CONTROLS

None assigned.

PERSONAL PROTECTION

EYE

No special equipment for minor exposure i.e. when handling small quantities.

- OTHERWISE:
- Safety glasses with side shields.
- Contact lenses may pose a special hazard; soft contact lenses may absorb and concentrate irritants. A written policy document, describing the wearing of lens or restrictions on use, should be created for each workplace or task. This should include a review of lens absorption and adsorption for the class of chemicals in use and an account of injury experience. Medical and first-aid personnel should be trained in their removal and suitable equipment should be readily available. In the event of chemical exposure, begin eye irrigation immediately and remove contact lens as soon as practicable. Lens should be removed at the first signs of eye redness or irritation lens should be removed in a clean environment only after workers have washed hands thoroughly. [CDC NIOSH Current Intelligence Bulletin 59].

HANDS/FEET

No special equipment needed when handling small quantities.

OTHERWISE: Wear chemical protective gloves, eg. PVC.

OTHER

No special equipment needed when handling small quantities.

OTHERWISE:

- Overalls.
- Barrier cream.
- Eyewash unit.

The local concentration of material, quantity and conditions of use determine the type of personal protective equipment required. For further information consult your Occupational Health and Safety Advisor.

ENGINEERING CONTROLS

None under normal operating conditions.

PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Physical State: Liquid

Colour: Yellow **Odour:** Lemon

Solubility: Mixes with water **Specific Gravity:** 1.050

Relative Vapour Density (air=1): N Av

Vapour Pressure (20°C): N Av

Flash Point (°C): N App

Flammability Limits (%): N App Autoignition Temperature (°C): N Av

% Volatile by Weight: N Av

Solubility in water (g/L): Complete Melting Point/Range (°C): 0 approx Boiling Point/Range (°C): 100 approx Decomposition Point (°C): N Av

pH: 11.8 Viscosity: N Av

Evaporation Rate: As for water

STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Chemical Stability: Product is considered stable and hazardous polymerization will not occur.

Conditions to avoid: Avoid contact with foodstuffs.

Incompatible materials: N App

Hazardous decomposition Oxides of Sulphur and Carbon.

Products:

Hazardous reactions: None known.

TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

No adverse health effects expected if the product is handled in accordance with this Safety Data Sheet and the product label. Symptoms or effects that may arise if the product is mishandled and overexposure occurs are:

Ingestion: May irritate mucous membranes.

Eye contact: Although the liquid is not thought to be an irritant (as classified by EC Directives), direct contact with the eye may produce transient discomfort characterised by tearing or

conjunctival redness (as with windburn).

Skin contact: The material is not thought to produce adverse health effects or skin irritation following

contact (as classified by EC Directives using animal models). Nevertheless, good hygiene practice requires that exposure be kept to a minimum and that suitable gloves be used in an occupational setting.

Inhalation: Not normally a hazard due to non-volatile nature of product.

Long Term Effects: Long-term exposure to the product is not thought to produce chronic effects adverse to

the health (as classified by EC Directives using animal models); nevertheless exposure

by all routes should be minimised as a matter of course.

Toxicological Data: N App

ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity: No particular hazard to the environment. Readily Biodegradable.

DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal Methods: Refer to Waste Management Authority. Dispose of material through a licensed waste contractor. Normally suitable for incineration by an approved agent. Decontaminate empty containers. Observe all label safeguards until containers are cleaned and destroyed.

TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Hazchem Code: None.

NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS: UN, IATA, IMDG

REGULATORY INFORMATION

Classification: This material is non- hazardous according to criteria of NOHSC; NON-HAZARDOUS

SUBSTANCE.

Poisons Schedule: None.

OTHER INFORMATION

This MSDS summarises to our best knowledge at the date of issue, the chemical health and safety hazards of the material and general guidance on how to safely handle the material in the workplace. Since SPQR Australia cannot anticipate or control the conditions under which the product may be used, each user must, prior to usage, assess and control the risks arising from its use of the material. this is the end of the msds