

Technology for Protection, Utility & Comfort

Technical data		Breathing resistance in Pa	Breathing resistance in Pa		
Diameter Height Weight Storage time	10 mm 85 mm 335 g ±5% 20 years (factory sealed)	@ flow rate 30I/min. EN 1) NBC-77 SOF 260 <140	@ flow rate 95I/min. EN 1) NBC-77 SOF 980 <600		
Type and Class		Particle filter efficiency @ flow rate 95 l/m			
A2 - organic gases and vapours B2 - inorganic gases and vapours E2 - acid gases and vapours K2 - ammonia and amines Hg - mercury vapours SX - CG, CK, PS P3 - particles D - dust R - reusable R - reusable REACTOR - radioactive iodin		Sodium Chloride NaCl (S) Paraffin oil (L)	EN NBC-77 SOF 99,95 >99,999 99,95 >99,999		

Note:

- 1) requirement of European Standard EN 14387+A1
- 2) the filter was tested on dolomite dust clogging
- 3) radioactive iodine and its organic compound methyliodide¹³¹ acc. to standard DIN 58621

NBC-77 SOF

A2B2E2K2HgSXP3 D R REACTOR

APPLICATION:

The filter canister in connection with suitable respirator or PAPR provides protection against solid and liquid particles, pepper spray (OC), smoke- producing substances, radioactive particles, bacteria and rickettsia, fungi, toxins, viruses, Riot Control agents (Lachrymators, Sternutators, Vomiting agents), Blister agents (Vesicants), Choking agents, Blood agents, Nerve agents, Incapacitants, Herbicides, Pesticides and TIC, such as bromoacetone, CS, CR, CN, CNC, CNS, CA substances, organic compounds of arsenic - diphenyl- dichlorarsine - CLARK I (DA), diphenylcyanoarsine - CLARK II (DC), adamsite (DM), diphenyldichlorarsine (DA), ethyldichlorarsine (ED), methyldichlorarsine (MD), mustard gas (H), sulphur mustard gas (HD), T-mustard gas, Q-mustard gas, nitrogen mustard gases (HN1, HN2, HN3), lewisite (L), mixed mustard gas (H-L), phosgene oxime (CX), phosgene (CG), diphosgene(DP), chloropicrin (PS), hydrogen cyanide (AC), cyanogen chloride (CK), arsine (SA), G-agents: sarin (GB), cyclosarin (GF), soman (GD), tabun (GA), IVA (GV), V-agents: VX, VR, VE, VG (amiton), VM and toxic industrial chemicals such as: fumes of organic or inorganic acids, hydroxides, organic solvents with the boiling point above 65 °C, ammonia, amines, inorganic and acid gases, agricultural chemical combustion gases, other toxic substances, e.g. benzene, toluene, vinyl chloride, fluorine, hydrogen fluoride, sulphur oxides, chloracetic acid, aldehydes, mixtures of inorganic acids, and organic substances, mercury vapors, radioactive iodine ans its organic compounds, etc.

LIFE TIME:

Breakthrough time of a filter is tested according to EN 14387+A1 at humidity 70% and flow rate 30 l/min, which is equivalent to the volume of air per minute used by an average person carrying out medium heavy work. The approximate life time (usage time) of a filter may, under normal conditions, calculated by comparing the concentration at the workplace and the minimum Dynamic Adsorption Capacity (DAC) for the filter

$$T = \frac{DAC \times 1000}{AF \times C}$$

T Approximate usage time in minutes

DAC Dynamic Adsorption Capacity in grams (see table)

AF Airflow (air consumption) in I/min (in normal conditions 30 I/min)

C Concentration of toxic gas in mg/l

	Testing Gas		Concent testing of ppm		Breakthrough time in minutes EN requirement	NBC-77 SOF	DAC in grams NBC-77 SOF
A2	Cyclohexane	C ₆ H ₁₂	5000	17,5	35	39	20,475
B2	Chlorine	Cl ₂	5000	15	20	45	20,250
	Hydrogen Sulphide	H₂S	5000	7,1	40	>80	>17,400
	Hydrogen cyanide	HCN	5000	5,6	25	50	8,400
E2	Sulphur dioxide	SO ₂	5000	13,3	20	25	9,975
K2	Ammonia	NH_3	5000	3,5	40	50	5,250
Hg	Hg Mercury Hg			13 mg/m ³	100 hours	>170 hours	>3,900
SX	Cyanogen chloride	CICN	2500	6,28	20	25	4,710
	Chloropicrin	CCI,NO,	5000	33,55	20	44	44,286
	Phosgene	COCI ₃	5000	20,24	20	>77	>47,058
REACTOR Methyloidide ¹³¹ CH ₃ I			•	2 hours	>2 hours	•	

STORAGE AND MAINTENANCE:

The filters are sealed in plastic bags by the manufacturer. Store the filters unopened in a clean place at even temperature, most appropriate at -5 to $+30^{\circ}$ C and relative humidity below 80%. Sealed filters tolerate also conditions of -30 to $+50^{\circ}$ C and RH below 95%. The storage period (month and year) for filters is marked on the filter label. Do not try to regenerate the filters. Never clean the filters with compressed air or compressed water.

DISPOSAL:

After use, the filters are special refuse. Make sure that they are disposed according to the filtered substance/s (gases or particles) in accordance with current waste treatment regulations. If the product is to be disposed, it should be dismantled from the respirator and disposed as solid waste. Please see local authority regulations for disposal advice and locations.