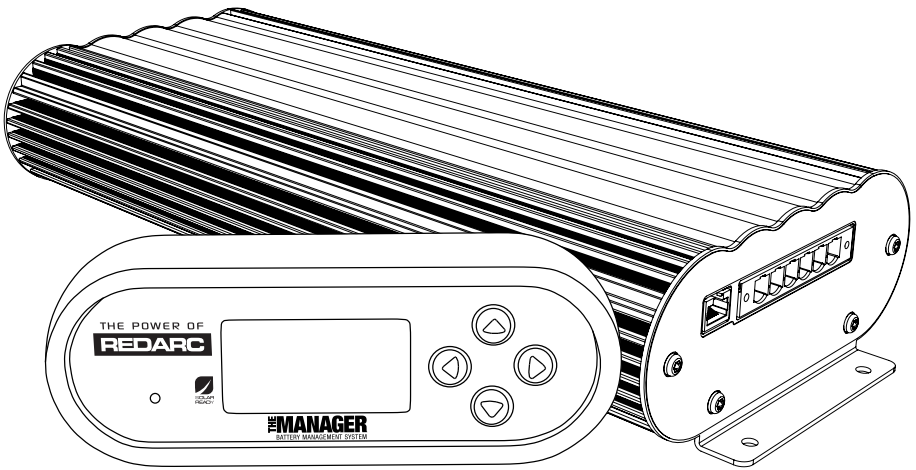


THE POWER OF

**REDARC**®

**THE MANAGER**30

Battery Management System



**BMS1230S2-NA**



# THE MANAGER30

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The Manager30 Battery Management System is a complete charging solution for your Lead Acid or LiFePO<sub>4</sub> Auxiliary or House battery. The system incorporates 12V Solar, 110V AC and 12/24V DC inputs to provide a 12V charging output at a maximum 30A rating. The system also includes a Remote Monitor which provides information such as current, voltage and temperature as well as a simplified battery percentage and charge rate.

## WARNINGS & SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS

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**SAVE THESE INSTRUCTIONS** - This manual contains **IMPORTANT SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS** for The Manager30 battery management system.

The unit, Model Number:  & Serial Number:  should be recorded in the spaces provided and can be located on the product mounting plate.

**DO NOT OPERATE THE BATTERY CHARGER UNLESS YOU HAVE READ AND UNDERSTOOD THIS MANUAL AND THE CHARGER IS INSTALLED AS PER THESE INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS. IT IS REQUIRED THAT THIS UNIT BE INSTALLED BY QUALIFIED PERSONNEL.**

### **⚠ WARNING**

**RISK OF EXPLOSIVE GASES:**

**WORKING IN THE VICINITY OF A LEAD-ACID BATTERY IS DANGEROUS. BATTERIES GENERATE EXPLOSIVE GASES DURING NORMAL OPERATION. FOR THIS REASON, IT IS OF UTMOST IMPORTANCE THAT YOU FOLLOW THE INSTRUCTIONS EACH TIME YOU USE THE CHARGER.**

### **⚠ CAUTION**

1. The Battery Charger should not be used by persons (including children) with reduced physical, sensory or mental capabilities, or lack of experience and knowledge, unless they are supervised or have been instructed on how to use the appliance by a person responsible for their safety. Children should be supervised to ensure that they do not play with the Battery Charger.
2. Do NOT alter or disassemble the Battery Charger under any circumstances. All services or repairs must be returned to REDARC for repair. Incorrect handling or reassembly may result in a risk of electric shock or fire and may void the unit warranty.
3. Use of an attachment not recommended or sold by REDARC may result in a risk of fire, electric shock, or injury to persons.
4. The AC power connection must be connected to an earthed socket outlet. Do not use the AC input if the cord is damaged. Use of a non-genuine or damaged AC input cord may result in a risk of fire, electric shock, or injury to persons. (If the supply cord is damaged, it must be replaced by a special cord or assembly available from the manufacturer or service agent).
5. Cable and fuse sizes are specified by various codes and standards which depend on the type of vehicle the Battery Charger is installed into. Selecting the wrong cable or fuse size could result in harm to the installer or user and/or damage to the Battery Charger or other equipment installed in the system. The installer is responsible for ensuring that the correct cable and fuse sizes are used when installing this Battery Charger.
6. When charging a battery, make sure the settings at the Battery Setup menu on the Remote Monitor are correct for the type of battery under charge. Charging a battery with the wrong profile may cause the Battery Charger to indicate a fault or give misleading results and cause injury to persons, damage to the Battery Charger and/or property. Noticeable oscillations between Boost and Absorption stages indicate the wrong choice of battery type. Check and adjust battery type. If you are unsure of the battery type or settings to use, set to the Gel setting.
7. Only use the Battery Charger for charging Standard Automotive Lead Acid, Calcium Content, Gel, AGM, SLI, Deep Cycle or Lithium Iron Phosphate type 12V batteries.

## WARNINGS & SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS

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8. When using the Battery Charger to charge a Lithium Iron Phosphate battery, only batteries that feature an inbuilt battery management system featuring inbuilt under and over voltage protection and cell balancing are suitable.
9. NEVER smoke or allow a spark or flame in vicinity of battery. This may cause the battery to explode.
10. Be extra cautious so as to reduce the risk of dropping a metal tool onto a vehicle battery. Doing so might cause the battery to spark or might short-circuit the battery or other electrical parts that may cause an explosion.
11. Remove personal metal items such as rings, bracelets, necklaces, and watches when working with a lead-acid battery. A lead-acid battery can produce a short-circuit current high enough to weld a ring or the like to metal, causing a severe burn.
12. **A SPARK NEAR A BATTERY MAY CAUSE THE BATTERY TO EXPLODE. TO REDUCE THE RISK OF A SPARK NEAR A BATTERY WHEN CONNECTING THE BATTERY INSTALLED IN A VEHICLE TO THE BATTERY CHARGER, ALWAYS DO THE FOLLOWING:**

Always wire the Output Connector before connecting it to the Battery Charger. During connection of the unit, the Battery Output (positive) must be connected first, followed by the Ground (chassis) terminal. The chassis connection should be made away from the battery and fuel lines. DC Input (positive) should be connected last. Once all connections are wired to the Output Connector, plug the connector into the Main Unit. When disconnecting the Battery Charger, remove the AC Connector first, followed by the CAN connection then the Output Connector from the Main Unit. The DC Input should be disconnected next, followed by the Ground (chassis) connection, then the Battery Output connection if complete removal is necessary.
13. **PERSONAL SAFETY PRECAUTIONS**

To assist with the safe operation and use of the Battery Charger:

  - a) Consider having someone close by to come to your aid when you are using the Battery Charger.
  - b) Have plenty of fresh water and soap nearby in case battery acid contacts skin, clothing, or eyes.
  - c) Wear complete eye protection and clothing protection. Avoid touching eyes while working near a battery.
  - d) If battery acid contacts your skin or clothing, remove the affected clothing and wash the affected area of your skin immediately with soap and water. If battery acid enters your eye, immediately flood the eye with running cold water for at least 10 minutes and seek medical assistance immediately.
  - e) To improve user safety it is recommended to control the charger and monitor the charging process using the remote away from the vicinity of the battery being charged.
14. **GROUNDING AND AC POWER CORD CONNECTION INSTRUCTIONS** - Charger is equipped with an electric cord having an equipment-grounding conductor and a grounding plug. The plug is to be plugged into an outlet that is properly installed and grounded in accordance with all local codes and ordinances.

### NOTICE

1. Do NOT connect computers or IT equipment to the Charger front panel connector or remote. Damage may occur.
2. It is recommended to leave the remote connected at all times to the base unit.
3. The Main Unit must be fixed using suitable screw mounts. Failure to adequately mount the unit, such as using adhesives to mount the unit will result in unreliable operation of the charger.
4. When using the charger in Storage mode, make sure that all loads are disconnected from the house battery under charge. Failure to do so may cause the house battery to be under charged, give false readings on the State of Charge indicator and possibly cause damage to any loads connected.
5. A partially shaded panel (or low-light conditions such as dawn or dusk) will increase the target solar panel voltage level to match the maximum power point. In this situation solar will be selected as a source however little or no current will be flowing into the battery.
6. Modification of the 'Advanced Settings' menu items affect the way the Battery Charger responds to charging situations. Modification of these settings may result in the Battery Charger not functioning at 100% of its capacity. These settings should only be modified if absolutely necessary and when the effects of the changes are 100% understood.
7. Touring mode will achieve it's best charge level if a Storage mode charge has been recently performed.
8. It is the installers responsibility to ensure their installation complies with any applicable legal and regulatory requirements.

# CONTENTS

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<b>Table of Contents</b>	<b>Page</b>
Warnings and Safety Instructions	01
Contents	03
Features and Benefits	04
1 Introduction	05
1. General Description	05
2. The Remote Monitor	05
3. The Kit Includes	05
4. Specifications	06
5. Multi-stage Charging Process	08
6. Maximum Charging Current Setting	10
7. Recommended Batteries	10
8. Green Power Priority	10
2 INSTALLATION Guide	11
1. System Layout	11
2. Mounting Instructions	11
1. Mounting the Main Unit	12
2. Mounting the Remote Monitor	13
3. Mounting the Battery Sensor	16
3. DC Cable Size Requirements	16
4. The Manager30 Wiring Connections	18
1. Load Disconnect Feature	18
2. Ignition Trigger Feature	18
3. Connecting the Battery Sensor	19
4. Wiring the Main Unit	19
5. Batteries	21
6. Fuses	22
7. MPPT Solar Regulator	22
3 USER Guide	23
1. Remote Monitor	23
2. Understanding the Display	23
3. Initial Setup	24
4. User Menu	25
5. Settings Menu	27
6. Fault Screens	31
7. Troubleshooting	32
8. Factory Settings	34
9. FAQs	35
4 Remote Drill Template	36
5 Two Year Warranty	38

## FEATURES AND BENEFITS

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1. The Manager30 incorporates six products in one, it's a DC-DC charger, a 110-volt charger, a solar charger, a dual battery isolator, a load disconnect controller and a remote battery monitor. The Manager30 will automatically select between charging sources, requiring no input from the operator during its operation.
2. The Manager30 has no fan, which makes it SUPER quiet and very reliable.
3. The Manager30 is designed and manufactured in Australia, for Australian conditions, using the latest electronic and design technologies. It is manufactured with high-quality components to ISO9001 quality and ISO14001 environmental standards and backed with REDARC's quality service and two-year warranty.
4. The Manager30 charging algorithm uses solar whenever possible making the unit more energy efficient and better for the environment.
5. The Manager30's DC-DC charging enables optimal charging of house batteries, even if they have different chemical characteristics from the vehicle battery. The input voltage can be above, equal to or below the output voltage.
6. State of Charge (SOC) indication means you will always know how fully charged the battery is and how much longer it will need to achieve full charge. An easy to operate, high-quality, user friendly graphical display module lets you know what's going on at all times.
7. The Manager30 is very reliable and includes reverse polarity protection (without depending on fuses) and short circuit protection. The unit has undergone stringent safety & electrical compliance testing.
8. The Manager30's easily selectable charging profiles make it suitable for charging all lead-acid battery types and suitably protected LiFePO<sub>4</sub> battery types commonly used in modern caravans and motorhomes.
9. The Manager30 disconnects automatically from the vehicle battery, so there is always power to start the car.
10. Sophisticated fault detection monitors the house battery condition during all stages of charging, keeping you and your caravan/ camper/ RV safe.
11. The Manager30 has a separate battery sensor to monitor battery conditions and state of charge even while The Manager30 is in standby mode. The battery sensor monitors current, voltage and temperature of the house batteries.
12. Automatic temperature and voltage drop compensation.

# 1 INTRODUCTION

## 1.1 General Description

The Manager30 is designed to offer a complete solution to battery charging and maintenance needs for recreational automotive applications.

The Manager30 incorporates AC, DC and Solar inputs to achieve the best charge to a house battery.

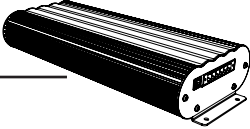
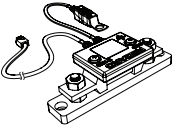
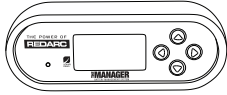
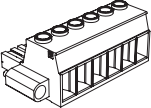
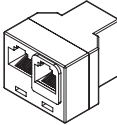
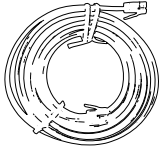
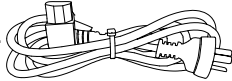
## 1.2 The Remote Monitor

The Manager30 comes with a Remote Monitor designed to give you house battery information and charge status along with critical system information while charging is in progress.

With the Remote Monitor, you can customize how your house battery is charged and monitor where the charge is coming from, keeping you in control at all times.

The Remote Monitor can be surface mounted on a wall, or recessed (into the dashboard of an RV for example).

## 1.3 The Kit Includes

- 1 Main Unit 
- 2 Battery Sensor 
- 3 Remote Monitor 
- 4 Output Connector 
- 5 T-Piece (RJ45 with RJ12 insert\*) 
- 6 CANBus Cables, 1m & 5m (3'3" & 16'4") 
- 7 Power Cable 

\*The RJ12 adapter insert has been supplied to allow backwards compatibility with previous generation battery sensors.



CAN ICES-1/NMB-1

## 1.4 Specifications

### Electrical Specifications

#### Inputs

##### AC Input

Input Voltage Range (nominal)	100-130 Vca, 50 - 60Hz
Power Rating	560W
Efficiency	80 - 90%
Connection	IEC Mains Plug

##### DC Input

Input Voltage Range	9 - 30 Vcc
Turn ON/OFF Threshold 12V (24V)	13.2V/12.7V (26.4V/25.4V)
Power Rating	520W
Efficiency	94%
Connection	Phoenix 1967498 Connector <sup>1</sup>

##### Solar Input<sup>2</sup>

Input Voltage Range	9 - 30 Vcc
Turn ON (Open Circuit Voltage)	17.5V
Power Rating	520W
Efficiency	93%
Connection	Phoenix 1967498 Connector <sup>1</sup>

#### Output

Total Battery Capacity	40 - 800Ah
Output Battery Volts (Nominal)	12V
Output Battery Volts (Minimum)	4V
Maximum Current on Load Disconnect Wire	1A
Memory Save on Battery Disconnect	Yes

#### Output Protection

Short Circuit Protection	Yes
Surge Protection	Yes
Reverse Polarity Protection	Yes
Overload Protection	Yes

#### Max Volts @ Battery Terminals (25°C/77°F Nominal)

	Storage Mode	Touring Mode	Float
Gel Setting	14.4V	14.4V	13.5V
AGM Setting	14.4V	14.4V	13.5V
Calcium Setting	16.0V	15.2V	13.5V
Standard Lead Acid Setting	15.5V	14.8V	13.5V
Lithium Setting	14.5V	14.5V	13.6V
Output Current (Nominal)			30A

#### Thermal Specifications

Operating Temperature	-40°F to 176°F
SLA, AGM, or Calcium Charging Temperature	-13°F - 140°F (32°F - 140°F when Vop < 10.5V)
GEL or LiFePO <sub>4</sub> Charging Temperature	32°F - 140°F
Over Temperature Shutdown	Yes

#### Temperature Compensation

Standard Lead Acid, AGM, Gel or Calcium Battery	+16.7mV / °F < 77°F < -16.7mV / °F
Lithium Setting	104°F < 0.28%/°F < 140°F


#### Compliance

EMC	CAN ICES-1/NMB-1
Safety	UL Listing (Canada, USA and Mexico)
Environmental	RoHS Compliant

#### General Specifications

Main Unit Dimensions	17.5"x7.3"x3.1"
Remote Dimensions	7.3"x2.9"x1.1"
Kit Weight	12.1lbs
Warranty	2 years

\*1 Torque between 1.7-1.8 Nm

\*2 Any solar panel connected to the system must be UL listed .

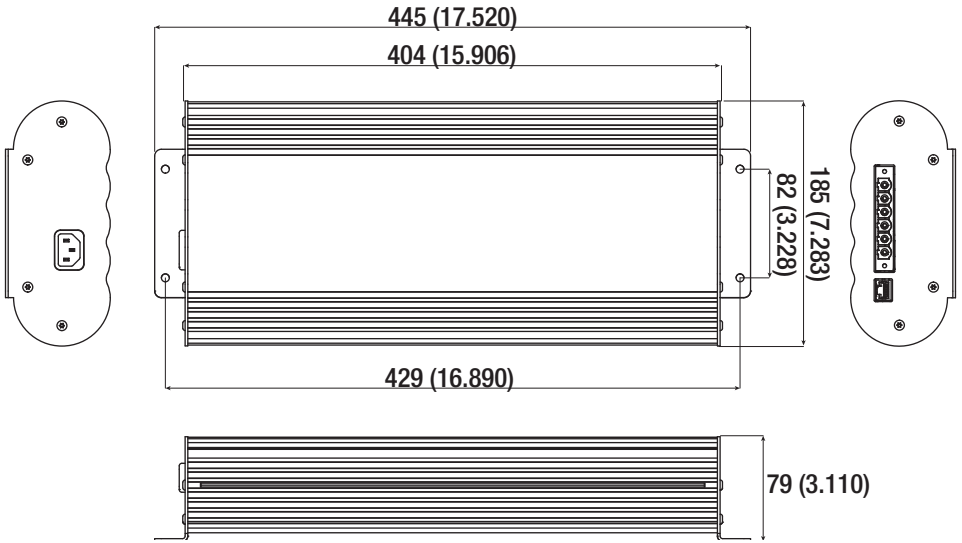


Figure 1.4.1 - Main Unit Dimensions - in mm (inches)

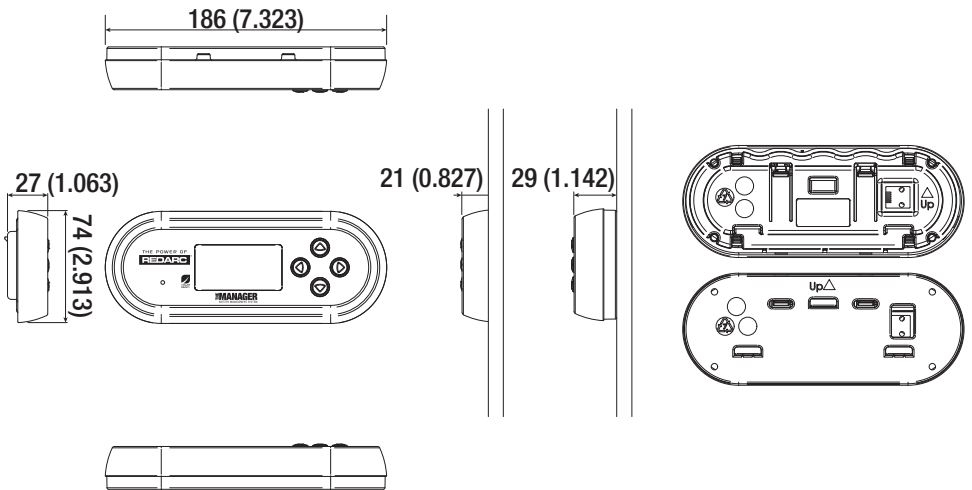


Figure 1.4.2 - Remote Monitor Dimensions - in mm (inches)



## 1.5 Multi-stage Charging Process

The Manager30 incorporates two different multi-stage charging profiles – Touring (3-stage) and Storage (8-stage) – which can be selected in the Battery Mode menu on the Remote Monitor.

### Touring Mode

Touring mode is designed for use when ‘on the road’. Touring mode offers a 3-stage charging profile consisting of Boost, Absorption and Float stages (see Figure 1.4.1). In Touring mode, the house battery is monitored to detect only a limited number of faults such as short circuit, over current and over voltage. This allows The Manager30 to operate correctly even when loads are connected to the house battery. This mode will always produce an output (unless a fault condition is detected) and will cycle through the three stages as required to maintain the house battery as outlined in Figure 1.4.1.

#### NOTICE

Touring mode will achieve its best charge level if a Storage mode charge has been recently performed.

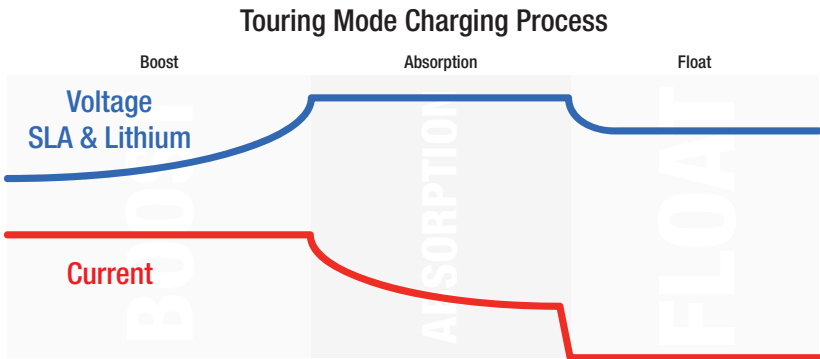


Figure 1.4.1 - Touring Mode Charging Process

### Storage Mode

Storage mode is designed to charge the house battery to its optimal level and maintain that level while your caravan is in storage. This mode requires all loads to be switched off or disconnected from the house battery before charging. It uses a 8-stage\* charging profile consisting of Desulphation\*, Soft Start, Boost, Absorption, Battery Test, Equalize\*, Float and Maintenance stages (see Figure 1.4.2). Storage mode is designed to detect a wide range of battery fault conditions, for more information on these fault conditions, please refer to the Troubleshooting section of this manual. Unlike Touring mode, Storage mode does not cycle. This means that when the charging process is completed, The Manager30 will always remain in either Float or Maintenance stages. Float stage will provide the house battery with a 'trickle' charge whenever the house battery voltage drops below a predetermined threshold to ensure the battery stays charged. Maintenance stage turns The Manager30 output off, but continues to monitor the house battery and will revert to Float stage when necessary.

**NOTE:** If The Manager30 is set to Storage mode and the vehicle is started The Manager30 will automatically switch to Touring mode once it senses an increase in input voltage from the alternator.

#### NOTICE

When using the charger in Storage mode, make sure that all loads are disconnected from the house battery under charge. Failure to do so may cause the house battery to be under charged, give false readings on the State of Charge indicator and possibly cause damage to any loads connected.

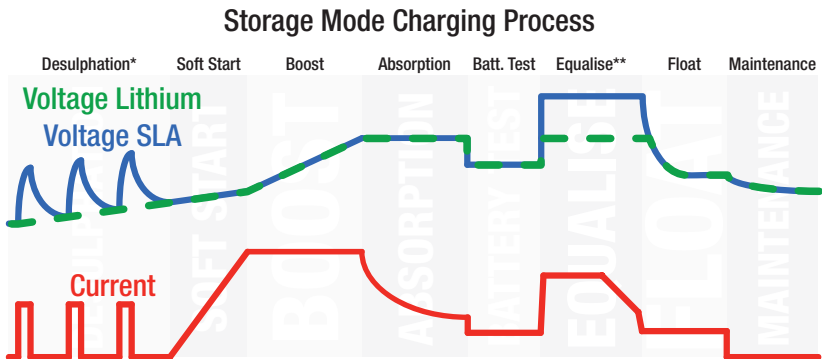


Figure 1.4.2 - Storage Mode Charging Process

\*The Lithium profile does NOT incorporate a Desulphation stage.

\*\*The Lithium, AGM and Gel profiles do NOT incorporate an Equalize stage

## **IMPORTANT**


When The Manager30 is set to 'Storage' mode and no valid charging sources are connected, it will enter a 'Sleep' mode 30 seconds after the last user interaction. The sleep mode is designed to limit the amount of current drawn from the output battery by the system whilst in Storage mode and does this by switching the screen and all non-essential functions off. The Manager30 will 'wake-up' from its Sleep mode if a button is pushed or if any valid input source is sensed, though this may take 30-60 seconds to occur after the source is connected.

## **1.6 Maximum Charge Current Setting**

The Manager30 allows the user to set the maximum charge current for their battery, making it suitable for charging batteries as small as 40Ah in capacity. When the charge current is set below the maximum 30Amps, the current supplied to charge the battery is restricted to the user setting. Any excess current is used to power loads running from the battery under charge.

If no loads are running from the battery, total current from The Manager30 will be restricted to the level set by the user.

## **1.7 Recommended batteries**

Because of the rapidly changing nature of batteries and battery technology, REDARC avoid recommending specific battery makes or models. Instead, we recommend consultation with a battery specialist, and that the batteries used be  UL approved where possible.

Regardless of the battery(s) chosen, check the manufacturer's datasheet to ensure maximum charge current and maximum charge voltage does not exceed the battery's ratings.

## **1.8 Green Power Priority**

The Manager30 is designed to charge from multiple sources simultaneously to charge the auxiliary/house battery. If the Solar power input is available the maximum available solar power will be used before topping up the output charging current from another source if available (e.g. mains). Priority is given to Solar then to AC Mains power, then to DC Vehicle power.

## 2 INSTALLATION GUIDE

### 2.1 System Layout

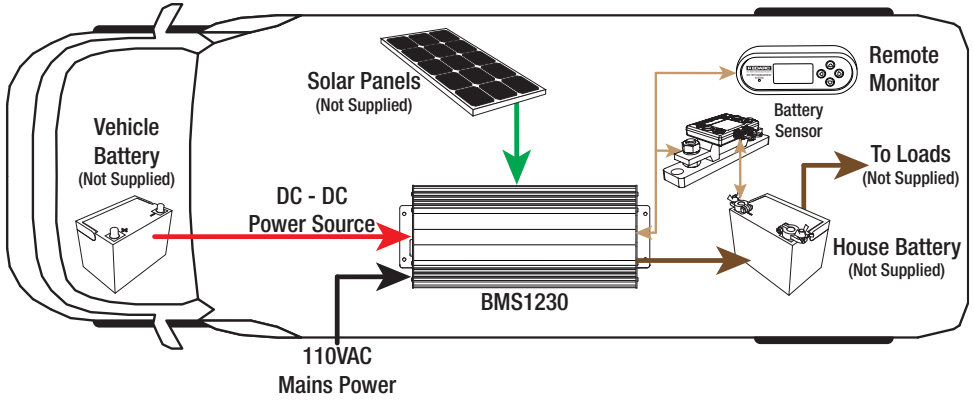


Figure 2.1.1 - System Layout

### 2.2 Mounting Instructions

This section describes how to mount the three major components of The Manager30: the Main Unit, the Remote Monitor and the Battery Sensor.

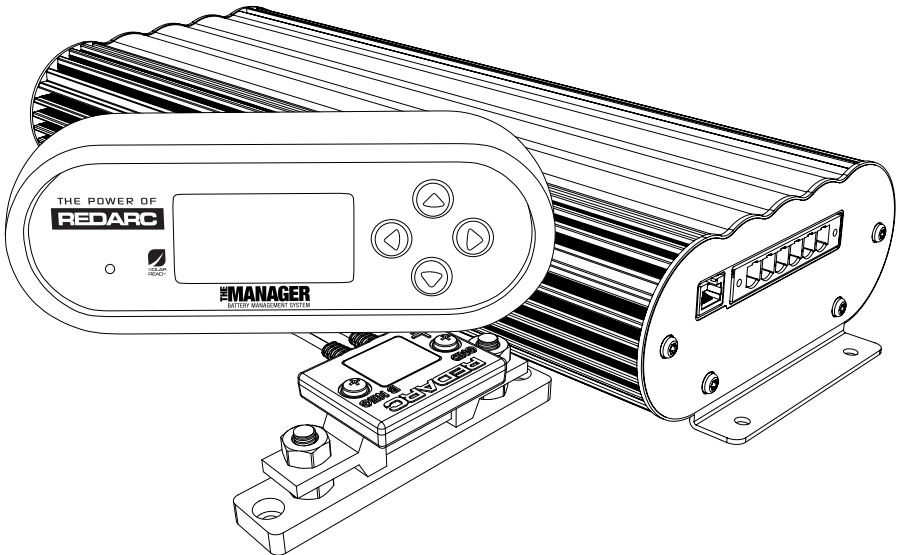


Figure 2.2.1 - The Manager30 System

**2.2.1 Mounting the Main Unit**

Do NOT expose the Main Unit to rain, snow, or spray. For optimum operation, The Manager30 should be mounted where the temperature is nominally below 95°F and does not exceed a maximum of 140°F.

The Main Unit must not be installed in a location with any less than 4" clearance at the top of the Main Unit, to allow for airflow across the heatsink fins.

The Main Unit should be installed as close as possible to the house battery. The cable length should be less than 6½ Feet.

The Main Unit must be mounted to a flat, solid support using 1/4" sized screws or bolts, using all four mounting holes.

**NOTICE**

The Main Unit must be fixed using suitable screw mounts. Failure to adequately mount the unit, such as using adhesives to mount the unit will result in unreliable operation of the charger.

REDARC recommends that the Main Unit be mounted to optimize airflow past the heatsink. Mounting the unit horizontally (see Figure 2.2.1.1) is recommended and mounting vertically (see Figure 2.2.1.2) is still acceptable. Do NOT mount the unit as shown in Figure 2.2.1.3.

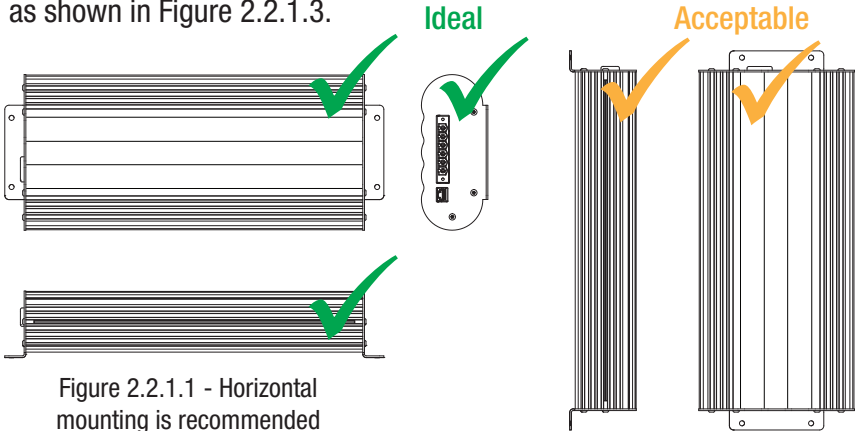


Figure 2.2.1.1 - Horizontal mounting is recommended

Figure 2.2.1.2 - Vertical mounting is acceptable



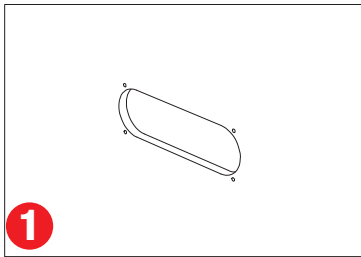
Figure 2.2.1.3 - Do NOT mount the unit upside down

### 2.2.2 Mounting the Remote Monitor

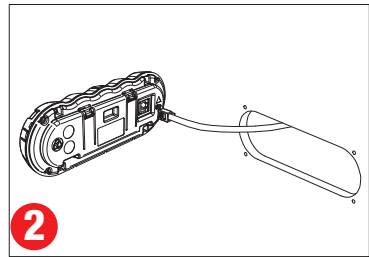
The Remote Monitor should be mounted inside the caravan or RV using the template provided inside the box. It is acceptable however to mount the Remote Monitor in any convenient location, as long as it is protected from harsh environments.

Figures 2.2.2.1 and 2.2.2.2 illustrate how to recess and wall mount the Remote Monitor unit, Figure 2.2.2.3 illustrates removal of the Remote Monitor.

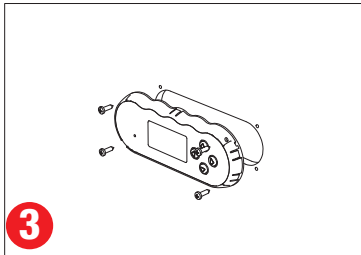
#### Recess



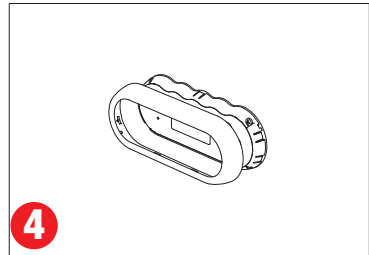
**1** Use the template provided (Page 36) to mark the position and drill and cut the mounting holes into the wall.



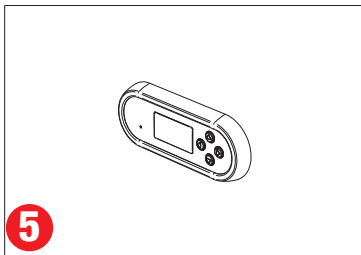
**2** Feed the Remote Monitor cable through the hole and connect it to the Remote Monitor.



**3** Mount the Inner Assembly to the wall using 4 suitably sized screws.



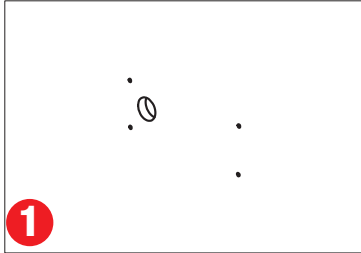
**4** Clip the Front Face to the Inner Assembly.



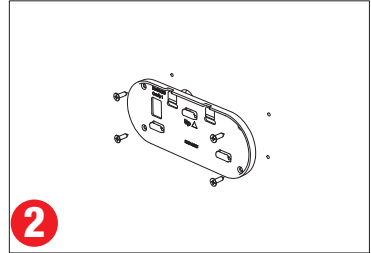
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Figure 2.2.2.1 - How to recess the Remote Monitor into the wall.

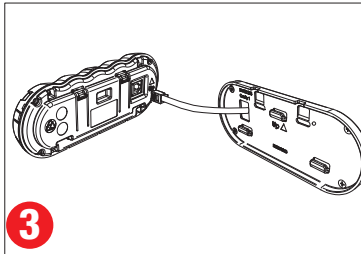
## Wall Mount



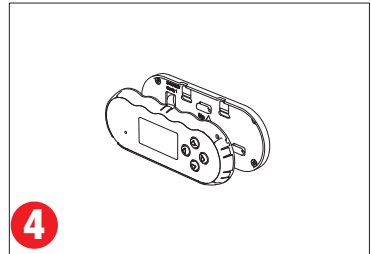
**1** Use the template provided (Page 36) to mark the position and drill and cut the mounting holes into the wall.



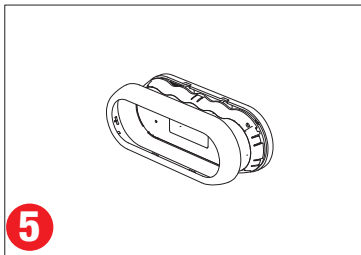
**2** Attach the Back Plate to the wall using 4 suitably sized countersunk screws.



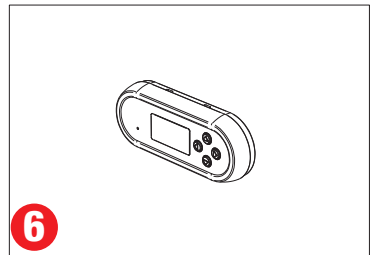
**3** Feed the Remote Monitor cable through the hole and connect it to the Remote Monitor.



**4** Clip the Inner Assembly into the Back Plate.



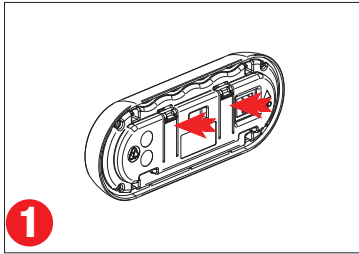
**5** Clip the Front Face to the Inner Assembly.



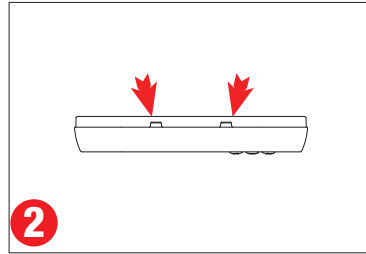
**6**

Figure 2.2.2.2 - How to wall mount the Remote Monitor.

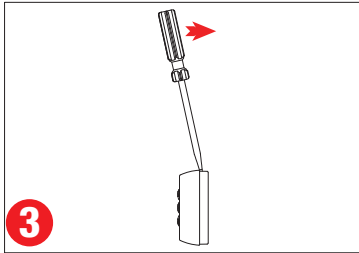
## Removing the Remote Monitor



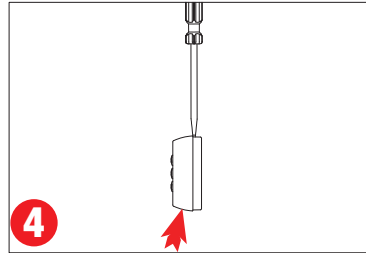
**1** The locking tabs on the back of the Inner Assembly need to be unclipped from the Back Plate.



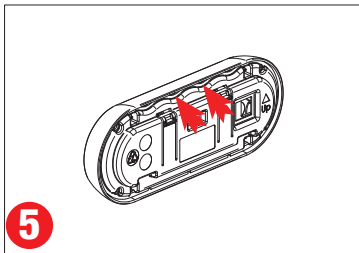
**2** The locking tabs can be accessed through holes on the top of the backing plate when installed.



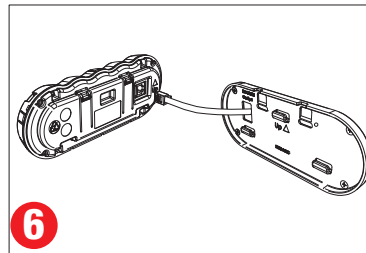
**3** Insert a flat-head screwdriver at a slight angle towards the front of the Remote Monitor and push back to depress the locking tabs.



**4** When the screwdriver is in a vertical position, gently push upwards on the bottom of the Remote Assembly to unlock tab. Repeat 3 & 4 for 2<sup>nd</sup> tab.



**5** Slide fingers between the Front Face and the Inner Assembly in positions marked above and carefully pull back towards the front of the Remote Monitor.



**6** Remove the Remote Monitor cable and the Inner Assembly is removed.

Figure 2.2.2.3 - How to remove the Remote Monitor.



### 2.2.3 Mounting the Battery Sensor

The length of cables on the Battery Sensor to connect to the Main Unit and the House Battery will dictate the allowable mounting distance from the battery however REDARC recommend mounting the Battery Sensor as close to the Main Unit as possible.

The Battery Sensor should be mounted to a solid surface using two suitably sized screws for attachment.

Figure 2.2.3.1 illustrates how to mount the Battery Sensor.

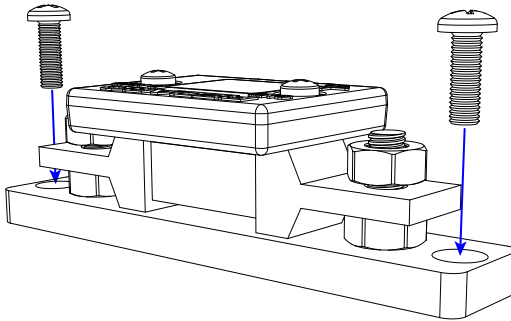


Figure 2.2.3.1 - Mounting the Battery Sensor

### 2.3 DC Cable Size Requirements

#### **⚠ CAUTION**

Cable and fuse sizes are specified by various codes and standards which depend on the type of vehicle the Battery Charger is installed into. Selecting the wrong cable or fuse size could result in harm to the installer or user and/or damage to The Manager30 or other equipment installed in the system. The installer is responsible for ensuring that the correct cable and fuse sizes are used when installing the Battery Charger.

The Manager30 is capable of drawing up to 50A from the Vehicle Battery (which may be several feet from its installation location) and is limited to 30A output to the House Battery. The installer needs to ensure the appropriate cable is used to connect the positive and negative connections of The Manager30 to both the Vehicle Battery and the House Battery. The Manager30 will operate with less efficient cabling however for best performance, high-quality cable connections should be used to minimize voltage drop and efficiency losses.

### 2.3.1 Input Wire Diameter Selection

REDARC recommends the installer use cabling and connections between 8B&S and 6B&S automotive. REDARC recommends that the input wire be of the size outlined in Table 2.3.1.

Distance from input vehicle battery to The Manager30	Recommended Cross Sectional Area (mm <sup>2</sup> )	Recommended Diameter Equivalent
≤ 3m (10ft)	8	8 Gauge
> 3m (10ft)	10	6 Gauge

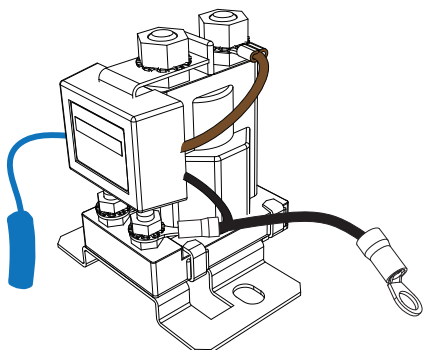
Figure 2.3.1 - Recommended input cable size

### 2.3.2 Output Wire Diameter Selection

REDARC recommends the installer use cabling and connections between 8B&S and 6B&S automotive. REDARC recommends that the output wire be of the size outlined in Table 2.3.2. For longer runs the use of at least 10mm<sup>2</sup> is recommended, however this will lower efficiency by up to 3% (the recommended maximum length is 5m/16 foot).

Distance (metres) from The Manager30 to House battery	Recommended Cross Sectional Area (mm <sup>2</sup> )	Recommended Diameter Equivalent
≤ 1.5m (5ft)	8	8 Gauge
> 1.5m (5ft)	10	6 Gauge

Figure 2.3.2 - Recommended output cable size



REDARC recommend using the SBI12-BLD as the 12V relay for setting up the Load Disconnect Feature for Non-Essential Loads.

Similarly, the SBI12-LLD is recommended for use between the Auxiliary battery and the Essential Loads in a Lithium Battery setup, to protect the Lithium battery from excessive discharge.

### 2.4 The Manager30 Wiring Connections

#### **⚠ WARNING**

It is required that this unit be installed by qualified personnel.

#### **⚠ CAUTION**

The AC power connection must be connected to an earthed socket outlet. Do not use The Manager30 AC input if the cord is damaged. Use of a non-genuine or damaged AC input cord may result in a risk of fire, electric shock, or injury to persons. (If the supply cord is damaged, it must be replaced by a special cord or assembly available from the manufacturer or service agent).

#### **⚠ CAUTION**

Always wire the Output Connector before connecting it to the Main Unit. During connection of the unit, the Battery Output (positive) must be connected first, followed by the Ground (chassis) terminal. The chassis connection should be made away from the battery and fuel lines. DC Input (positive) should be connected last. Once all connections are wired to the Output Connector, plug the connector into the Main Unit.

When disconnecting remove the Output Connector from the Main Unit first. The DC Input should be disconnected next, followed by the Ground (chassis) connection, then the Battery Output connection.

#### 2.4.1 Load Disconnect Feature

The Load Disconnect wire is a ground switch to activate a relay for disconnection of any loads running from the house battery. The relay must be 12V with a maximum coil current of 1A and resistor or diode suppression is recommended. The Load Disconnect feature must be activated in the User Menu as explained in section 3.3 of this manual.

#### 2.4.2 Ignition Trigger Feature

The Ignition Trigger wire is used to turn the DC charging source on with ignition. In most circumstances this wire does not need to be connected. This feature is designed to allow vehicle with Variable Voltage alternators to trigger the DC Input. Figure 2.4.2 shows how to wire the Ignition Trigger wire.

The Ignition Trigger feature must be activated in the User Menu as explained in section 3.3 of this manual.

### 2.4.3 Connecting the Battery Sensor

The Battery Sensor is rated for 300A Max. Wire the Battery Sensor as shown in Figure 2.4.3.1 ensuring that the “BNEG” stud connects to the House Battery negative terminal and the “GND” stud connects to the vehicle common ground point. Remove the supplied RJ12 adapter\* insert from the T-Piece. Connect the CANBus Connection cable, the cable with the RJ45 connector, to the CANBus network via the T-Piece supplied (see Figure 2.4.4.2). The Battery Positive Lead connects to the house battery positive terminal, this lead measures voltage and temperature at the battery.

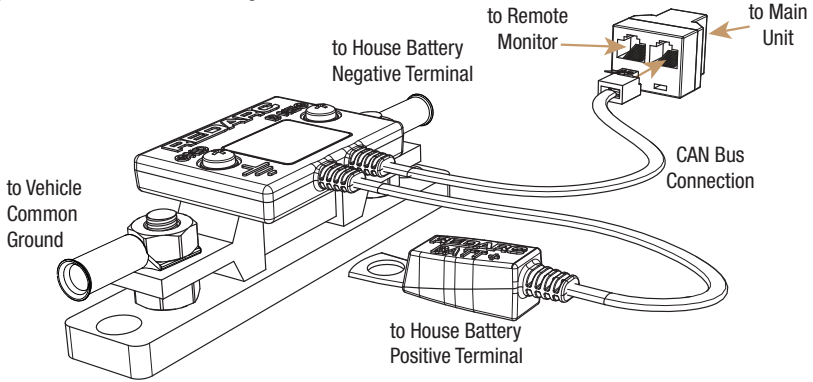


Figure 2.4.3.1 - Battery Sensor connections

### 2.4.4 Wiring the Main Unit

Refer to Figure 2.4.4.1 for required connections and to Figure 2.4.4.2 for a typical setup.

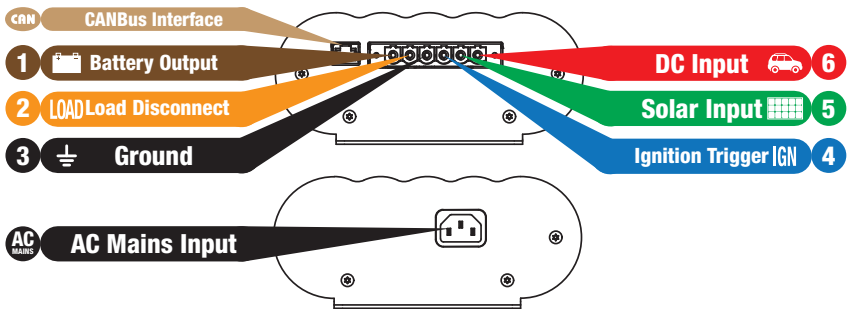
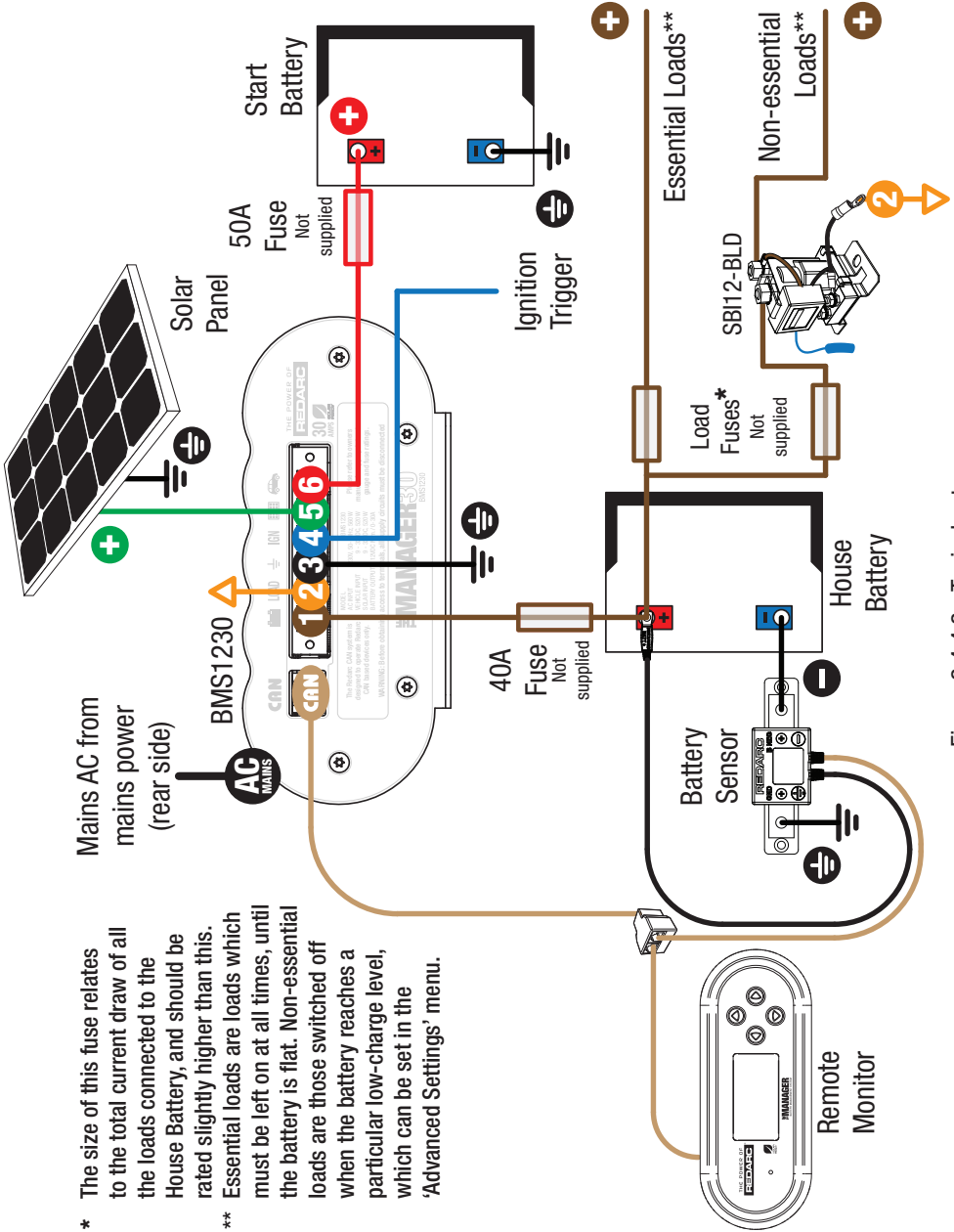


Figure 2.4.4.1 - Required connections.

NOTE: If a longer Remote Monitor cable is required, a replacement CAT5 patch cable may be used up to a length of 10m.  
 \*The RJ12 adapter insert has been supplied to allow backwards compatibility with previous generation battery sensors.



\* The size of this fuse relates to the total current draw of all the loads connected to the House Battery, and should be rated slightly higher than this.

\*\* Essential loads are loads which must be left on at all times, until the battery is flat. Non-essential loads are those switched off when the battery reaches a particular low-charge level, which can be set in the 'Advanced Settings' menu.

Figure 2.4.4.2 - Typical setup.

### 2.5 Batteries

#### **⚠ WARNING**

Working in the vicinity of a Lead-Acid battery is dangerous. Batteries generate explosive gases during normal operation. For this reason, it is of utmost importance that you follow the instructions each time you use the charger.

#### **⚠ CAUTION**

When charging a battery, make sure the settings at the Battery Setup menu on the Remote Monitor are correct for the type of battery under charge. Charging a battery with the wrong profile may cause The Manager30 to indicate a fault or give misleading results and could result in damage to the battery. Noticeable oscillations between Boost and Absorption stages indicate the wrong choice of battery type. Check and adjust battery type. If you are unsure of the battery type or settings to use, set The Manager30 to the Gel setting.

Figure 2.5.1 and 2.5.2 show standard wiring for batteries in series and parallel respectively.

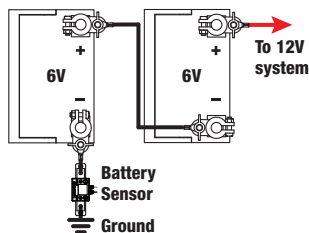


Figure 2.5.1 - Batteries in Series.

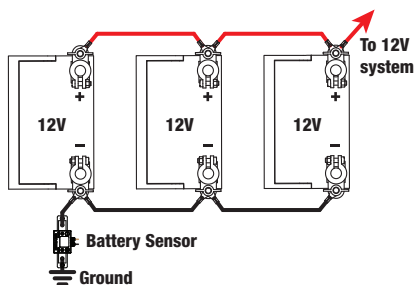


Figure 2.5.2 - Batteries in Parallel.

To ensure that all batteries are equally charged, loads and The Manager30 should be connected with ground and 12V power connected diagonally opposite across all batteries as shown in Figure 2.5.2.

The Ah rating needs to be setup when prompted on first start up (Refer section 3.3), these settings can also be modified in the “Advanced Settings” menu (Refer section 3.5). To calculate Ah rating of batteries in parallel simply add the rating of each battery in the bank together. For example, 3 batteries with an Ah rating of 100Ah each will yield a total of  $3 \times 100\text{Ah}$  or 300Ah. Batteries connected in series will assume the lowest Ah rating of the batteries in the bank. For example, 2 batteries in the bank, one is 50Ah the other 100Ah. When connected in series the Ah rating is 50Ah.

### 2.6 Fuses

Fuses must be installed on any wires connected to a battery's positive terminal and located as close to the battery as practical. Refer to Figure 2.4.2 for recommended fuse locations. All fuses used must be UL listed (UL) or Recognized components (R). REDARC recommend the use of MIDI® style fuses from Littelfuse®.

### 2.7 MPPT Solar Regulator

The Manager30 is designed for use with 12V solar panels. Any solar panel connected to the system must be UL listed (UL). A minimum input voltage of 17.5V is required to start charging from a solar source. Once charging has started, the operating voltage range of the solar input can go as low as 9V and as high as 32V; outside of this range, charging will stop.

The power output from solar panels varies depending on the amount of sunlight and the electrical load on the solar panel output. The Manager30 features a Maximum Power Point Tracking (MPPT) algorithm on the solar input to ensure that the greatest charge possible is transferred from the solar panels to the battery under charge. As conditions change, the MPPT algorithm adjusts to maintain the optimum point at which the solar panels can deliver the most power.

An array of solar panels can be connected to The Manager30 solar input, on the condition that the open circuit output voltage of the array is at least 17.5V and does not exceed 32V\*. For this reason, 12V panels must be connected in parallel (Refer to Figure 2.6.1). So long as the voltage requirements are met, there is no limit to the number of panels that can be connected in a solar array; however The Manager30 will not draw more than 520W from the solar input.

For installations with a single 12V solar panel, a blocking diode is not necessary. For installations with an array of solar panels, please refer to the panel manufacturer's instructions for requirement and/or fitment of diodes.

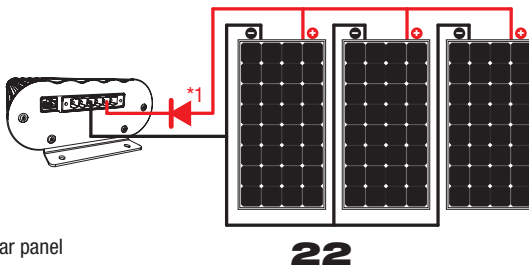


Figure 2.6.1 - Array of 12V Solar Panels

\*1. Optional - Refer to solar panel manufacturer's instructions

### 3.1 Remote Monitor

The Remote Monitor is designed to give you control of how the battery is being charged, as well as up-to-date house battery and charge information at any time during the charging process. You can check battery charge status, estimated charge time and State of Charge (SOC) per hour over a day and per day over a month. It also allows you to select charging profiles specific to the battery type and size. The four controls ‘Up’, ‘Down’, ‘Enter’ and ‘Home’ allow you to select options or move in and out of menu items. The Signal Indicator LED will glow Green when suitable AC Mains signal is present and Red in the event of a fault occurring.

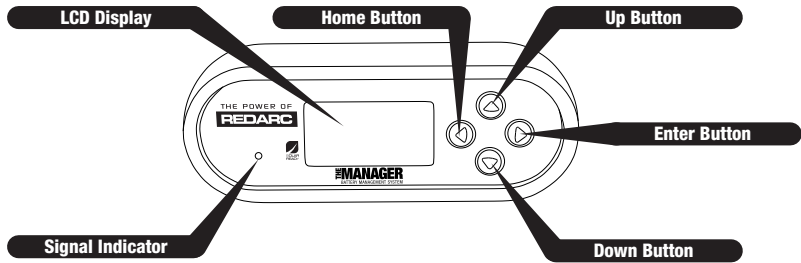


Figure 3.1.1 - The Remote Monitor

### 3.2 Understanding the Display

The top left corner of the screen always displays the title of the present menu. Use the ‘Up’ and ‘Down’ buttons to move between menus and to change settings such as battery type and contrast level. At any time during operation, the ‘Home’ button will take you back to the Home Screen, unless otherwise specified. The Home Screen can be set to any of the top level User Menu screens described in section 3.4 by pressing and holding the ‘Home’ button for 2 seconds whilst the desired screen is displayed. At any time during operation, the menu at the bottom of the screen will explain the function of the ‘Enter’ and ‘Home’ buttons.

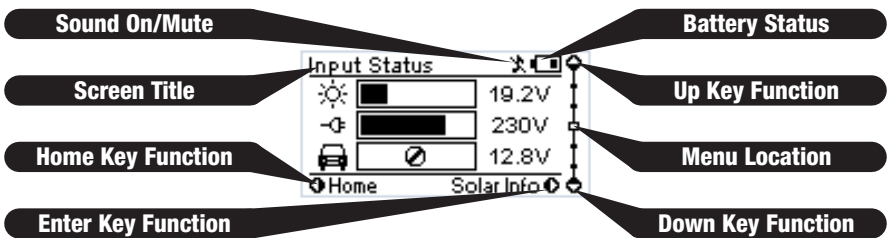


Figure 3.2.1 - The LCD Display



## 3.3 Initial Setup

When The Manager30 is first switched on the unit will prompt the user to enter a number of settings. It is important to enter these settings accurately as they directly affect the operation and performance of The Manager30.

### Set the Language:



The first step required for initial setup is Language selection. Once entered the Language is set in memory and retained should power be lost and reconnected.

- ▶ Edit Battery Type & Size
- ▶ About Screen
- ◀ N/A
- ◀ Remote Settings Screen

### Setup your Battery Type:



The second and most important step required for initial setup is Battery Type and Size selection. Please refer to the battery manufacturers specification sheet for Size(AH) and Type specifications. If you are unsure of the type of your battery please select the Gel setting. Should power to the Battery Sensor be removed at any time, the unit will revert to the Gel setting and prompt the user to input their Battery Type again. The Battery Size setting will be retained in memory.

- ▶ Edit Battery Type & Size
- ▶ About Screen
- ◀ N/A
- ◀ Remote Settings Screen

### Setup the Date and Time:



The final step required for initial setup is selecting the Time and Date to be displayed on Remote Monitor. Time and Date settings are used not only for the clock screen but also on the Charge per Hour and Charge per Day log screens. The Time and Date settings are not retained in memory so in the event that the charger loses ALL power sources (Input and Output), upon reconnection the unit will prompt the user to enter the Time and Date again.

- ▶ Set the Time & Date
- ▶ Charging Status Screen
- ◀ N/A
- ◀ Battery Charge Screen

### ⚠ CAUTION

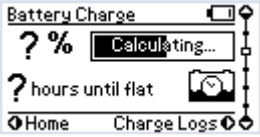
When charging a battery, make sure the settings at the Battery Setup menu on the Remote Monitor are correct for the type of battery under charge. Charging a battery with the wrong profile may cause The Manager30 to indicate a fault or give misleading results and could result in damage to the battery. Noticeable oscillations between Boost and Absorption stages indicate the wrong choice of battery type. Check and adjust battery type. If you are unsure of the battery type or settings to use, set The Manager30 to the Gel setting.

3.4 User Menu



The Manager30 features a real time clock (time and date) function which needs to be setup when the power is first connected.

- ▶ Set the Time & Date
- ◀ N/A
- ▲ Charging Status Screen
- ▼ Battery Charge Screen

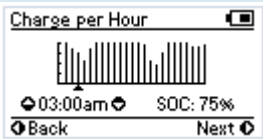
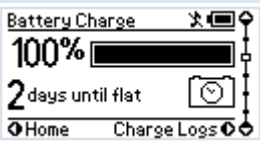


The Manager30 monitors current in and out of the house battery, keeping track of the charge remaining. This screen displays the estimated state of charge of the house battery in percentage along with a bar graph. For the duration of the initial charge cycle for a new battery this screen will show 'Calculating'. This is when The Manager30 is gathering information about the battery under charge. State of Charge is determined by current in or out of the house battery, and uses the first charge cycle (Calculating) and the battery size input by the user at setup to determine what the full State of Charge should be.

Once The Manager30 has calculated the full state of charge for the system this screen will display either the Time to Full Charge or the Battery Time Remaining, depending on whether the house battery is currently being charged or discharged. The Manager30 uses the estimated State of Charge value to calculate, based on the current into and out of the house battery, the time to reach 100% State of Charge. You may use this to decide when to disconnect AC power, for example. Similarly, The Manager30 uses the estimated State of Charge value to calculate - based on the current power usage of the system (e.g. of loads such as fridges, lighting) - the useful time remaining of the battery.

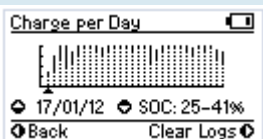
NOTE: Zero State of Charge occurs when The Manager30 determines that the amount of charge removed from the house battery, in Ah, is equal to the amount input by the user at initial setup.

- ▶ View Charge Logs (per Hour)
- ◀ Home Screen (Clock)
- ▲ Home Screen (Clock)
- ▼ Input Status Screen



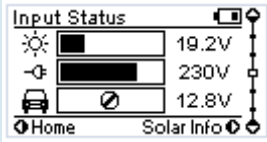
The Charge per Hour screen displays the average State of Charge of the battery under charge at the end of each hour across the course of the last day. The most recent hour is always the right most line on the graph.

- ▶ View Charge Logs (per Day)
- ◀ Battery Charge Screen
- ▲ Previous Hour SoC
- ▼ Next Hour SoC



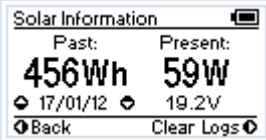
The Charge per Day screen displays the maximum and minimum State of Charge of the battery under charge for each day across the course of the last month. The most recent day is always right most line on the graph.

- ▶ Clear Logs (Hold to Confirm)
- ◀ View Charge Logs (per Day)
- ▲ Previous Day SoC
- ▼ Next Day SoC



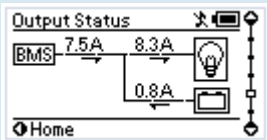
The Input Status screen displays a summary of the inputs to the system. The Solar input is the priority, providing as much usable input power as possible. If another source is present and the Solar input is not providing maximum (30A) input, the other source will attempt to make up the remaining allowable input power. This screen provides input voltage level as well as percentage (bar graph) of input power provided. Only two sources are used at any one time. If a source is not detected a circle with a line diagonally through it will display indicated that the source is not present. If the Solar and AC inputs are both in use and the DC input is detected, the DC voltage will be displayed however the bar graph will display the not available symbol.

- ▶ Solar Information Screen
- ▲ Battery Charge Screen
- ◀ Home Screen (Clock)
- ▼ Output Status Screen



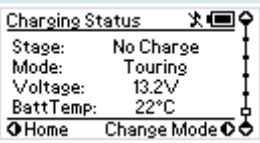
The Solar Information screen displays information on the power and voltage output of the solar panels. From this screen you can access a log of daily power generation measured in Watt Hours. The log will store up to 7 days of data and will overwrite, storing only the last 7 days at any one time.

- ▶ Clear Logs (Hold to Confirm)
- ▲ Previous Day Solar Information
- ◀ Input Status Screen
- ▼ Next Day Solar Information



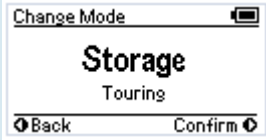
The Output Status screen displays a summary of the current flow of the system. The screen will display current from The Manager30 unit, current in to or out of the battery and current provided to the loads. The direction of the current flow is indicated by the arrows, and a moving white dot.

- ▶ N/A
- ▲ Input Status Screen
- ◀ Home Screen (Clock)
- ▼ Charging Status Screen



The Charging Status screen displays the charging status of The Manager30, including Charge Stage, Charge Mode and Battery Voltage and Battery Temperature.

- ▶ Change Charging Mode
- ▲ Output Status Screen
- ◀ Home Screen (Clock)
- ▼ Home Screen (Clock)



The Change Mode screen allows switching between Touring and Storage modes. Remember to disconnect all loads before setting Storage mode.

- ▶ Confirm Mode Selection
- ▲ Change Mode Selection
- ◀ Charging Status Screen
- ▼ Change Mode Selection

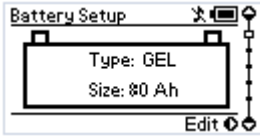
**NOTICE**

When using the charger in Storage mode, make sure that all loads are disconnected from the house battery under charge. Failure to do so may cause the house battery to be under charged, give false readings on the State of Charge indicator and possibly cause damage to any loads connected.

## 3.5 Settings Menu

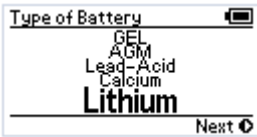


To access the Settings menu both the Up and Down buttons must be held for 2 seconds. This allows you to modify your Battery Setup, Remote Settings and some Advanced Settings, as well as providing a restore Factory Settings option and an About screen.

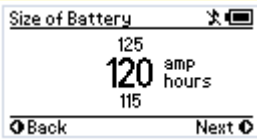


The first screen in the Settings menu is the Battery Setup screen. The Battery Setup displays the selected battery settings for the battery under charge.

- ▶ Edit Battery Type & Size
- ▶ About Screen
- ◀ N/A
- ◀ Remote Settings Screen



The Type of Battery screen allows the user to indicate the type of battery being charged by The Manager30. This setting will affect the charge profile that The Manager30 uses to charge the battery so it is important to select the correct battery type. Once you are happy with your selection move on to the Size of Battery screen.



The Size of Battery screen allows the user to indicate the battery bank size. When you have chosen this value, the menu will ask for confirmation of the settings while displaying them on the screen. Refer section 2.5 for battery size calculation.

- ▶ Next menu/Confirm
- ▶ Cycle through options
- ◀ Back/Cancel
- ◀ Cycle through options

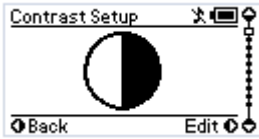
### ⚠ CAUTION

When charging a battery, make sure the settings at the Battery Setup menu on the Remote Monitor are correct for the type of battery under charge. Charging a battery with the wrong profile may cause The Manager30 to indicate a fault or give misleading results and could result in damage to the battery. Noticeable oscillations between Boost and Absorption stages indicate the wrong choice of battery type. Check and adjust battery type. If you are unsure of the battery type or settings to use, set The Manager30 to the Gel setting.



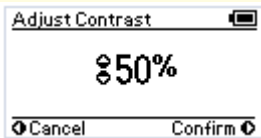
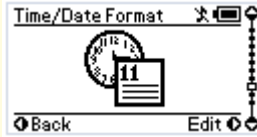
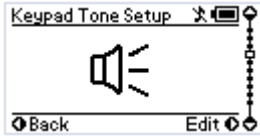
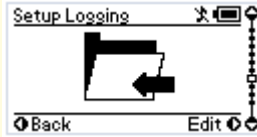
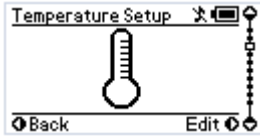
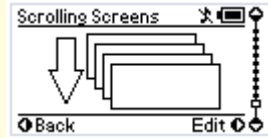
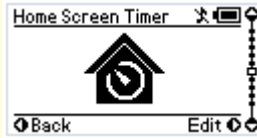
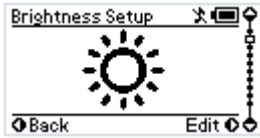
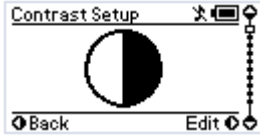
The Remote Settings Menu allows modification of settings relating to the Remote Display and its operation.

- ▶ Remote Settings Menu
- ▶ Battery Setup Screen
- ◀ N/A
- ◀ Advanced Settings Screen



The Remote Settings menu allows modification of the settings listed below.

- ▶ Edit Selected Setting
- ▲ Cycle through Settings
- ◀ Remote Settings Screen
- ▼ Cycle through Settings



Each setting can be adjusted using the 'Up' and 'Down' controls.

- ▶ Confirm Setting Adjustment
- ▲ Adjust Setting (Up)
- ◀ Cancel Setting Adjustment
- ▼ Adjust Setting (Down)

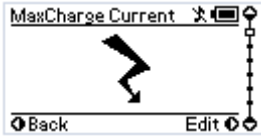


The Advanced Settings menu allow modification of settings relating to advanced operations of The Manager30 unit.

- ▶ MaxCharge Current Setting
- ▲ Remote Settings Screen
- ◀ N/A
- ▼ Restore Factory Settings Screen

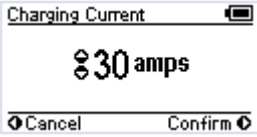
## NOTICE

Modification of the 'Advanced Settings' menu items affect the way The Manager30 unit responds to charging situations. Modification of these settings may result in the unit not functioning at 100% of its capacity. These settings should only be modified if absolutely necessary and when the effects of the changes are 100% understood.



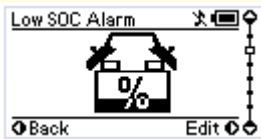
The MaxCharge Current setting refers to the amount of current permitted by The Manager30 to charge the battery, up to a maximum of 30 Amps.

- ▶ Set Charging Current Screen
- ▶ R-Bus Diagnostics Screen
- ▶ Advanced Settings Screen
- ▶ Low SOC Alarm Screen



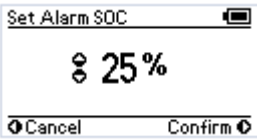
If the Charging Current setting is set lower than 30 Amps the excess current will be used to supply the loads running from the battery under charge.

- ▶ Confirm Setting
- ▶ Increase Charging Current
- ▶ Cancel Setting
- ▶ Decrease Charging Current



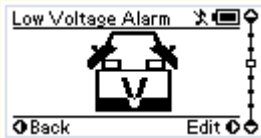
The Low SOC Alarm setting will sound an alarm when the battery State-of-Charge reaches a particular setting.

- ▶ Set Alarm SOC Screen
- ▶ MaxCharge Current Screen
- ▶ Advanced Settings Screen
- ▶ Low Voltage Alarm Screen



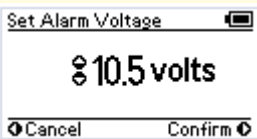
The Set Alarm SOC setting sets the percentage of State-of-Charge at which the alarm will sound. The Alarm SOC can be set to from 0 - 100%.

- ▶ Confirm Setting
- ▶ Increase Alarm SOC
- ▶ Cancel Setting
- ▶ Decrease Alarm SOC



The Low Voltage Alarm setting will sound an alarm when the battery Voltage reaches a particular setting.

- ▶ Set Alarm Voltage Screen
- ▶ Low SOC Alarm Screen
- ▶ Advanced Settings Screen
- ▶ Load Disconnect Screen

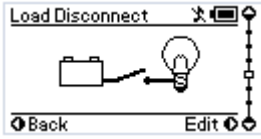


The Set Alarm Voltage setting sets the Voltage at which the alarm will sound. The Alarm Voltage can be set to OFF.

- ▶ Confirm Setting
- ▶ Increase Alarm Voltage
- ▶ Cancel Setting
- ▶ Decrease Alarm Voltage

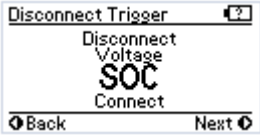
## NOTICE

It is recommended to set the SoC or Voltage Alarm level above the Load Disconnect Turn OFF level and below the Turn ON level. This will ensure that, in the event the loads have been disconnected, when reconnection occurs the Alarm does not sound.



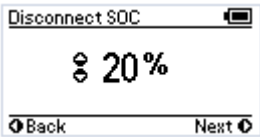
The Load Disconnect setting will output a GROUND relay trigger signal based on a user set SOC or voltage level.

- ▶ Disconnect Trigger Screen
- ▶ Low Voltage Alarm Screen
- ▶ Advanced Settings Screen
- ▶ Set DC Input Trigger Screen



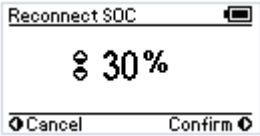
The Disconnect Trigger setting can be set to Disconnect (Loads OFF), Connect (Loads ON) or to operate from either SOC or Voltage level triggers.

- ▶ Next Menu Item
- ▶ Change Setting
- ▶ Back
- ▶ Change Setting

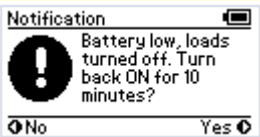


If either Voltage or SOC are selected at the Disconnect Trigger setting screen the Disconnect trigger level will need to be selected.

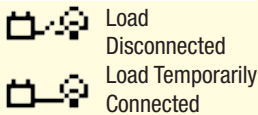
Once the Disconnect trigger level is selected the Reconnect trigger level must be selected. Note that there is a built in minimum hysteresis constraint on this setting and a non-adjustable time delay exists to stop repetitive switching.



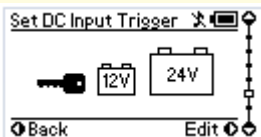
- ▶ Next Menu Item/Confirm
- ▶ Increase Setting
- ▶ Back/Cancel
- ▶ Decrease Setting



Should the Load Disconnect feature be triggered the Remote Monitor will prompt the user to allow the Loads to be reconnected for 10 minutes. This allows the user to temporarily use power (for loads such as lighting) to rectify any issues and/or engage another charging source. After this time has lapsed the load will disconnect and the prompt will reappear, unless the battery voltage is above the Disconnect level.

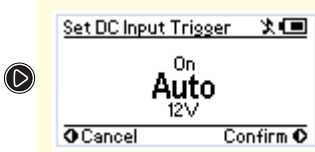


- ▶ Turn Loads ON for 10 mins
- ▶ N/A
- ▶ No
- ▶ N/A



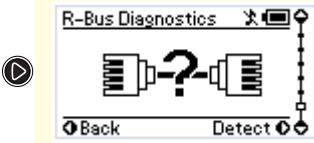
The DC Input Trigger allows you to select whether you would like your DC input to be triggered via Ignition, automatically via The Manager30, or at a specific voltage.

- ▶ Set DC Input Trigger Screen
- ▶ Load Disconnect Screen
- ▶ Advanced Settings Screen
- ▶ R-Bus Diagnostics Screen



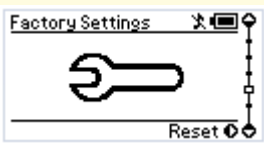
Ignition selects Ignition Trigger, Auto is controlled by The Manager30, and 12V or 24V lock the unit to a 12V or 24V system. ON means the unit can trigger DC charging whenever there is a voltage between 9 - 32V on the DC Input wire. The default value is 'Auto'.

- ⏪ Confirm Setting
- ⏩ Change Setting
- ⏴ Cancel Setting
- ⏵ Change Setting



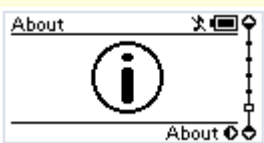
This screen is used by REDARC to identify problems with a The Manager30 setup and does not need to be accessed unless requested by REDARC Technicians.

- ⏪ Start Process/ More Info
- ⏩ Set DC Input Trigger Screen
- ⏴ Advanced Settings Screen
- ⏵ MaxCharge Current Screen



This screen gives the option of restoring the Factory Settings for The Manager30. A list of the factory settings can be found on Page 34.

- ⏪ Restore Settings/ Confirm
- ⏩ Advanced Settings Screen
- ⏴ N/A
- ⏵ About Screen



The About Screen allows you to access information about the build of The Manager30 and the company. You may be asked to access this menu should you ever call up for technical support with The Manager30.

- ⏪ About your Manager30
- ⏩ Factory Settings Screen
- ⏴ N/A
- ⏵ MaxCharge Current Screen

### 3.6 Fault Screens

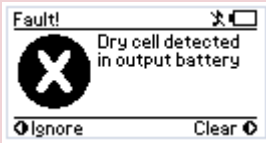


If The Manager30 detects a problem with the charging system that does not prevent it from charging the battery, it will alert you via a Warning screen and an alarm buzzer, and continue charging. The screen will give a brief description of the problem and allow you to select either 'Clear' or 'Ignore'. Both options will clear the warning screen. After selecting 'Clear', however, The Manager30 will immediately check to see if the fault condition still exists. If it does, it will display the warning screen again. Selecting 'Ignore' will prevent The Manager30 from detecting the same fault for up to one minute.

NOTE: If "Ignore" is selected but the fault is not removed, when the warning re-appears after one minute, it will not be accompanied by the alarm buzzer. The troubleshooting section (3.7) of this manual contains a description of faults detected.

- ⏪ Clear Warning
- ⏩ N/A
- ⏴ Ignore Warning
- ⏵ N/A





If The Manager30 detects a problem with the charging system that prevents it from continuing to charge the battery, it will alert you via a 'Fault' screen and an alarm buzzer, and will instantly terminate the charging cycle until the fault condition is cleared. The screen will give a brief description of the problem and will allow you to select either 'Clear' or 'Ignore'. Both options will clear the fault screen. After selecting 'Clear', however, The Manager30 will immediately check to see if the fault condition still exists. If it doesn't, the unit will restart charging. Selecting 'Ignore' will simply hide the fault screen for up to one minute. It will not allow The Manager30 to recommence charging unless The Manager30 itself detects the removal of the fault condition.

NOTE: If "Ignore" is selected but the fault is not removed, when the warning re-appears after one minute, it will not be accompanied by the alarm buzzer. The troubleshooting section (3.7) of this manual contains a description of faults detected.

- ⏪ Clear Fault
- ⏩ N/A
- ⏮ Ignore Fault
- ⏭ N/A

### 3.7 Troubleshooting

The Manager30 is designed to detect and advise the operator of a variety of fault conditions and will terminate the charging cycle immediately should a critical fault be detected. This ensures that it will not attempt to charge a faulty battery, which protects The Manager30, house battery and most importantly the user.

The Remote Display is used to inform the user of the nature of the problem whenever possible. These indicators should be used to diagnose, and if possible correct any faults that may occur. When attempting to diagnose a fault, cabling should be adequately rated and all components, including all input sources and house battery should be connected as close as possible to The Manager30.

The listing on the following page (33) outlines the probable cause and recommended action to take when faults occur with The Manager30 system.

If after attempting to rectify the situation, a fault still occurs, please contact REDARC for further diagnosis.

**Contact Details:**

[power@redarcelectronics.com](mailto:power@redarcelectronics.com)  
[www.redarcelectronics.com](http://www.redarcelectronics.com)

<b>United States</b>	<b>Canada</b>	<b>Mexico</b>
+1 (704) 247-5150	+1 (604) 260-5512	+52 (558) 526-2898

## Faults

CHARGER FAULT MESSAGE	CAUSE	ACTION
Charger over current fault	An internal error has caused excessive current draw	Return to supplier
Charger over voltage fault	The output voltage is too high (above 18V)	Check battery is correct type (12V, 6 cell)
Unit over temperature fault. Allow to cool	The unit has over heated	Allow to cool, charging will recommence automatically
Output battery under temperature fault	Output battery is below 32°F	Charger will halt charging until battery is above 41°F
Output battery over temperature fault	Output battery is above 140°F	Charger will halt charging until battery is below 131°F
Dry cell detected in output battery	Charger has detected a dry cell in output battery	Replace battery
Shorted cell detected in output battery	Charger has detected a shorted cell in output battery	Replace battery

## Warnings

CHARGER WARNING MESSAGE	CAUSE	ACTION
AC supply over voltage	The internal AC converter output voltage is too high	Contact supplier
AC supply over temperature	The internal AC converter temperature is too high	Contact supplier
DC supply over voltage	The DC input voltage is too high (over 32V)	Check DC input, refer to specified input range
Solar supply over voltage	The solar input voltage is too high (above 32V)	Check solar input, refer to specified input range
No battery sensor connected	The supplied battery sensor is not connected or is faulty	Connect battery sensor, if faulty return to supplier
Low battery State of Charge	House battery is almost flat	Reduce/remove loads on house battery
Bad cable detected	Too much voltage drop between charger and battery sensor	Check cable for correct sizing requirements
Load Disconnect output shorted	Load disconnect output faulty	Contact supplier
Battery voltage low! Disconnect all loads	Loads exceeding charge available from input sources	Connect additional input source or disconnect loads

## Other issues

FAULT	ACTION
Low output current can occur when the unit is hot and temperature derating is implemented to protect the Charger	Check that the unit is in a well ventilated space
The current display shows a negative current when there are no loads on the house battery and the house battery is charging	The current shunt connection is reversed
Noticeable oscillations between Boost and Absorption stages	Check and select the correct battery type

**3.8 Factory Settings**

The Manager30 is shipped with a number of settings already programmed into the unit. These settings are set to ensure that the charger will safely charge any battery and may not reflect the actual requirements for your battery type. It is important to review these settings and adjust as required.

<b>Setting</b>	<b>Factory Value</b>
<b>Battery Type</b>	GEL
<b>Capacity</b>	40AH
<b>Charge Mode</b>	TOURING
<b>Key Tone Status</b>	ON
<b>Contrast</b>	50%
<b>Brightness</b>	90%
<b>Backlight Timer</b>	30 secs
<b>Home Screen Timer</b>	30 secs
<b>Language</b>	English
<b>Max Charge Current</b>	30 Amps
<b>Low SOC Alarm</b>	10%
<b>Low Voltage Alarm</b>	10.5 Volts
<b>Load Disconnect</b>	Off
<b>DC Input Trigger</b>	Auto

**NOTICE**

Modification of the 'Advanced Settings' menu items affect the way The Manager30 unit responds to charging situations. Modification of these settings may result in the unit not functioning at 100% of its capacity. These settings should only be modified if absolutely necessary and when the effects of the changes are 100% understood.

## 3.9 Frequently Asked Questions

### I have damaged my Power Cable and need to replace it, do I have to buy a special kind of cable?

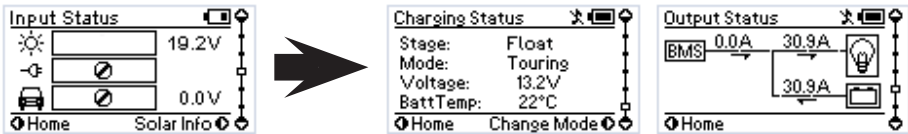
To ensure the correct operation of The Manager30, REDARC advise that if the supply cord is damaged it must be replaced by a special cord available from the manufacturer.

### I am running a load from my house battery, but it does not seem to register on The Manager30 Remote, why can I not see this current draw?

This is generally caused by incorrect wiring of the Battery Sensor. Ensure no equipment earths go direct to the house battery negative or to the house battery end of the shunt. They must all go to common or chassis ground or to the ground end of the shunt

### My Input Status screen shows a voltage on the Solar input but the bar graph shows that no charge is coming from the Solar input, what does this mean?


A partially shaded panel (or low-light conditions such as dawn or dusk) will increase the target solar panel voltage level to match the maximum power point. In this situation solar will be selected as a source however little or no current will be flowing into the battery.



### I have just finished wiring The Manager30 and when I turn the unit on the Remote Monitor says 'No Battery Sensor Detected', is my unit faulty?

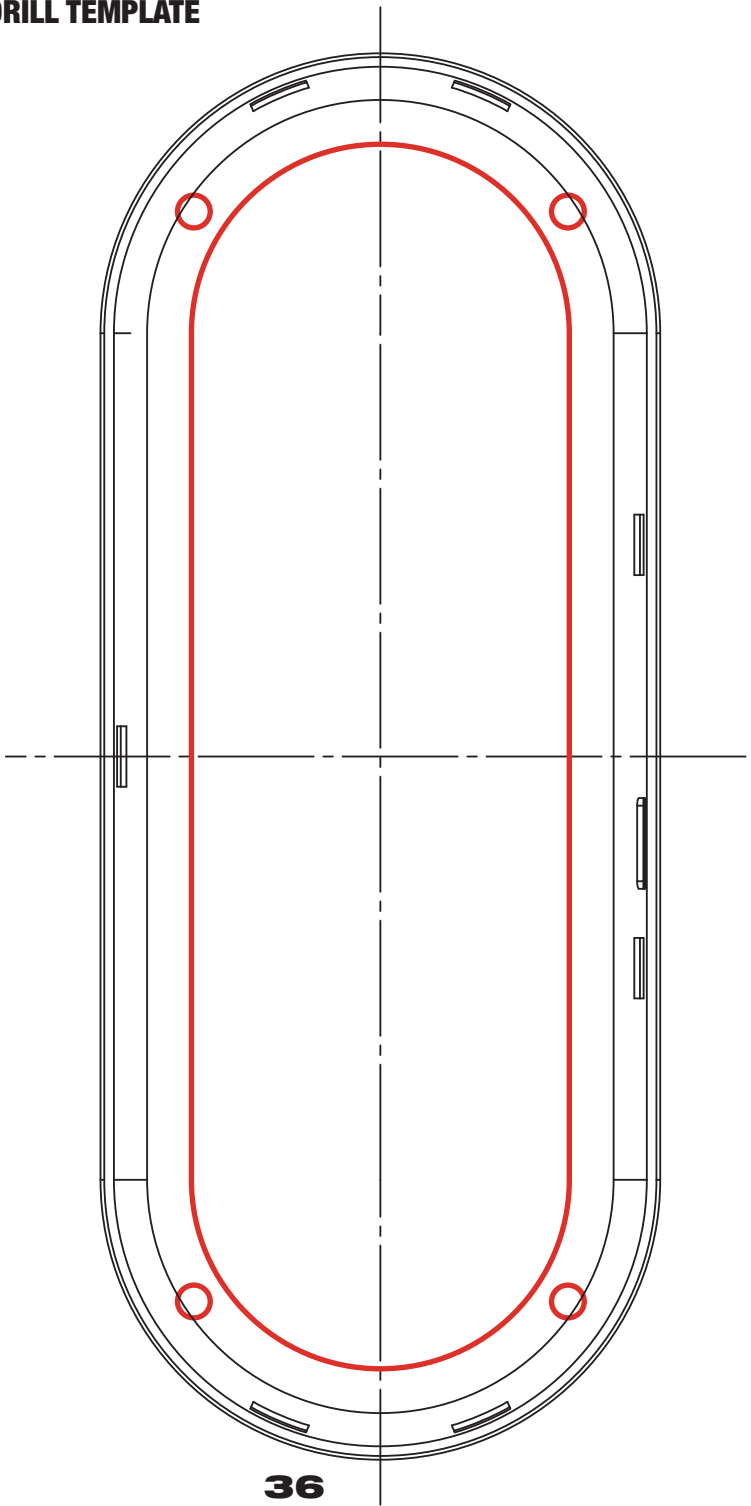
The Battery Sensor has a timeout function in-built into the unit. If the Battery Sensor is wired to Power and Ground for a considerable amount of time before the Main Unit is connected this message may appear. Try disconnecting the Red Battery Positive terminal of the Battery Sensor and reconnecting it. If the message appears again please contact REDARC Electronics.

### What type of Auxiliary battery should I use?

Because of the rapidly changing nature of batteries and battery technology, REDARC avoid recommending specific battery makes or models. Instead, we recommend consultation with a battery specialist, and that the batteries used be  UL approved where possible.

Regardless of the battery(s) chosen, check the manufacturer's datasheet to ensure maximum charge current and maximum charge voltage does not exceed the battery's ratings.

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**Two Year Product Warranty**  
For warranty terms visit [www.redarcelectronics.com](http://www.redarcelectronics.com)

## Free technical assistance!

For product and technical support contact your regional distributor, call our head office between 8:00am to 5:30pm Australian Central Standard Time, Monday to Friday or send an email using the regional specific details outlined below.



### Australia (and other Global regions)

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Warranty terms please visit...**

[www.redarcelectronics.com](http://www.redarcelectronics.com)

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