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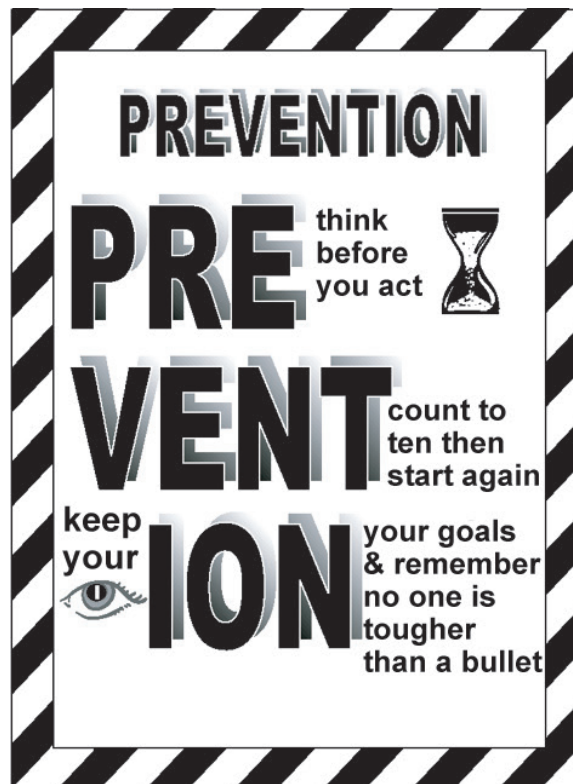
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INTRODUCTION

INJURY PREVENTION AND ATTENTION TO GOOD HEALTH ARE THE GOALS OF THIS MATERIAL.

The leading cause of death in childhood is precipitated by injuries which could have been prevented, and these injuries can lead to long-term disabilities. The material presented in this book echoes our feelings that the best thing we can do for our children is teach them to be responsible for themselves at the earliest possible age.

Susan and Edmund F. Benson, Founders
ARISE Foundation



SAFETY AT HOME

ACROSS

2. When not being used, knives should be kept in plastic sleeves or wrapped in paper and put in a _____ equipped with special locks.
5. We are learning a lot about accidents in and around the _____.
8. Aluminum foil boxes have sharp cutting (serrated) edges. These can cut small children's _____.
9. Alert parents to make sure that sharp _____ and utensils do not injure children.
11. These dangerous items should always be in their _____ containers and not stored above the stove or close to food.
13. Put poisonous items in cabinets with safety _____.

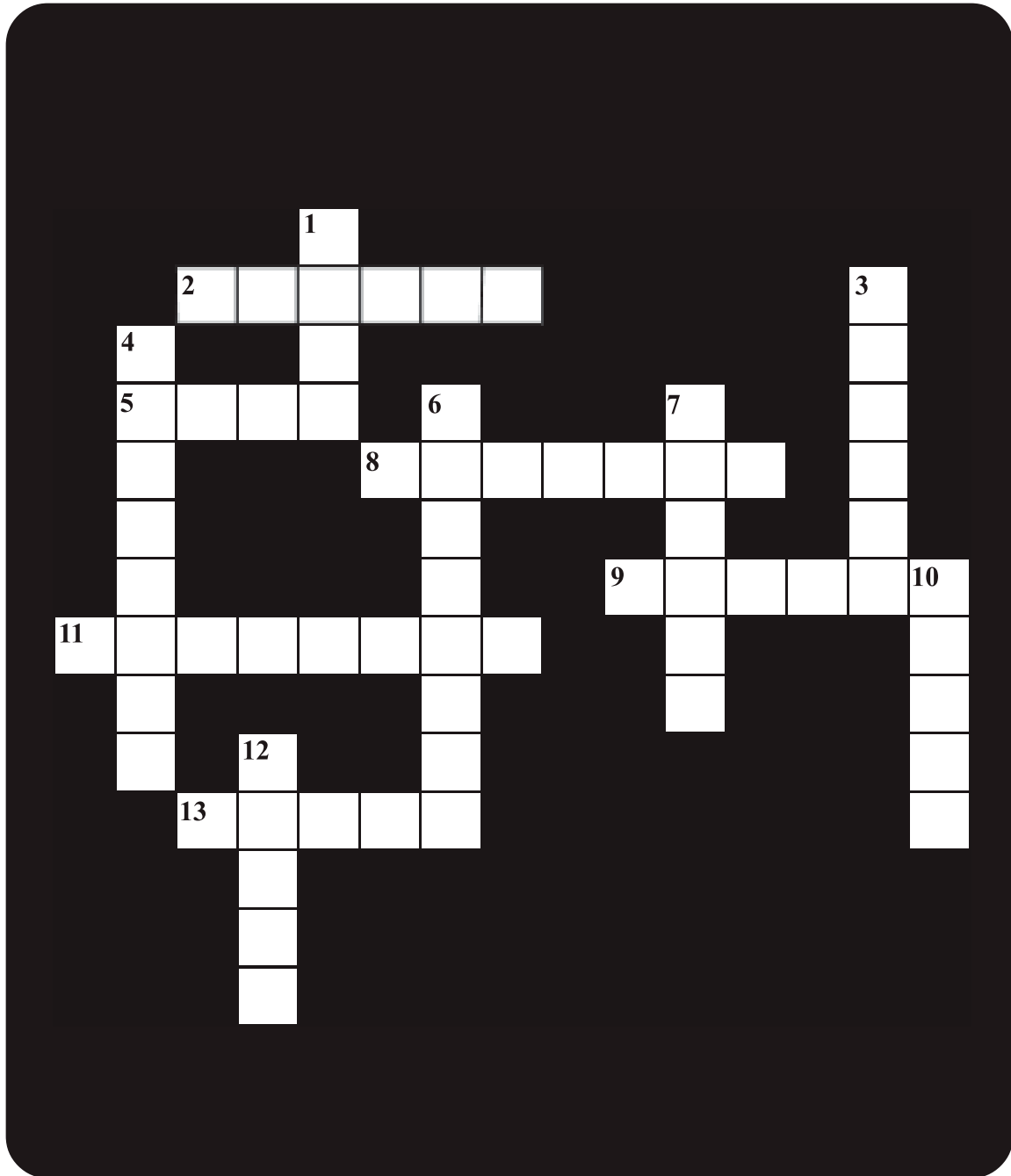
DOWN

1. It is dangerous to put plastic bags or wrap on a child's _____.
3. With an adult, check the stove, broiler, and all cooking utensils to make sure they are clean and free of _____.
4. Most of the items that cause injury or death to small _____ are in or around their homes.
6. Accidents kill more kids than all childhood _____.
7. Children might mistake alcoholic beverages for soft _____.
10. Beer, wine, and other alcoholic drinks should be out of little children's _____.
12. Poisonous cleaners should not be stored in _____ cabinets.

WORD BANK

drinks	knives	lower	sight
locks	diseases	original	
drawer	home	children	
fingers	grease	face	

SAFETY AT HOME (cont)



MORE SAFETY AT HOME

ACROSS

- Liquids from a microwave are _____ than the container they are in.
- Make sure all the _____ on the stove are turned off when it is not in use.
- Pots sometimes fall off stoves because the handle is facing _____. Hot liquid can burn small children and crawling babies. Carefully turn handles away from the edge of the stove.
- Remind adults not to leave stirring spoons in pots while something is _____.
- Never use _____ containers in a microwave oven. They can melt or their chemicals can get into the food.
- For skin burns, butter or grease will hold the heat and make the burn _____.
- Be extra careful when popping corn in a microwave oven. The _____ produced in the bag may be scalding hot.

DOWN

- Care should be taken to follow the manufacturer's _____ when using a microwave oven.
- Foods in a microwave do not heat evenly. Some things might be hotter than others. Finger-test each food before _____ it or feeding it to a small child.
- Most _____ is safe in microwave ovens.
- Burns can occur from the hot steam or hot _____ that spill from containers heated in the microwave.
- Never stand with your face close to a microwave oven door when it is _____. Hot foods might explode and burn you.
- We know _____ to pour liquid on an electrical or a grease fire. If a grease fire starts, call 911. Then, an adult can use baking soda or a fire extinguisher from a safe distance.

WORD BANK

tasting	opened	steam	instructions
burners	cooking	hotter	
liquids	worse	outward	
glass	never	plastic	

MORE SAFETY AT HOME (cont.)

