



# SAFETY DATA SHEET

## 1. Identification

<b>Product identifier</b>	<b>LATHANOL LAL POWDER</b>
<b>Other means of identification</b>	
<b>Product code</b>	62129
<b>Recommended use</b>	Surfactant
<b>Recommended restrictions</b>	For industrial use only.
<b>Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor information</b>	
<b>Supplier</b>	
<b>Company name</b>	Voyageur Soap & Candle Co. LTD
<b>Address</b>	Unit 14 - 19257 Enterprise Way Surrey BC V3S 6J8
<b>Telephone</b>	1 (800) 758-7773
<b>E-mail</b>	sales@voyageursoapandcandle.com
<b>Emergency phone number</b>	1(800) 424-9300 CHEMTREC

## 2. Hazard(s) identification

<b>Physical hazards</b>	Not classified.	
<b>Health hazards</b>	Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 2
	Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 2B
<b>Environmental hazards</b>	Hazardous to the aquatic environment, acute hazard	Category 2
	Hazardous to the aquatic environment, long-term hazard	Category 3
<b>OSHA defined hazards</b>	Combustible dust	

### Label elements



<b>Signal word</b>	Warning
<b>Hazard statement</b>	Causes skin irritation. Causes eye irritation. Toxic to aquatic life. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. May form combustible dust concentrations in air.
<b>Precautionary statement</b>	
<b>Prevention</b>	Keep container tightly closed. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Wash thoroughly after handling. Avoid release to the environment. Wear protective gloves. Prevent dust accumulation to minimize explosion hazard.
<b>Response</b>	If on skin: Wash with plenty of water. If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Specific treatment (see this label). If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.
<b>Storage</b>	Store away from incompatible materials.
<b>Disposal</b>	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.
<b>Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC)</b>	None known.
<b>Supplemental information</b>	Product may form explosive dust/air mixtures if high concentration of product dust is suspended in air.

### 3. Composition/information on ingredients

#### Mixtures

Chemical name	Common name and synonyms	CAS number	%
_Sodium Lauryl Sulfoacetate		1847-58-1	64 - 85
Sodium chloride		7647-14-5	10 - 18
Sodium sulfate		7757-82-6	5 - 18

### 4. First-aid measures

<b>Inhalation</b>	Move to fresh air. Call a physician if symptoms develop or persist.
<b>Skin contact</b>	Wash with plenty of soap and water. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.
<b>Eye contact</b>	Do not rub eyes. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.
<b>Ingestion</b>	Rinse mouth. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.
<b>Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed</b>	Dusts may irritate the respiratory tract, skin and eyes. Exposed individuals may experience eye tearing, redness, and discomfort. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain.
<b>Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed</b>	Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed.
<b>General information</b>	Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves.

### 5. Fire-fighting measures

<b>Suitable extinguishing media</b>	Water fog. Foam. Dry chemical powder. Carbon dioxide (CO <sub>2</sub> ). Apply extinguishing media carefully to avoid creating airborne dust.
<b>Unsuitable extinguishing media</b>	Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.
<b>Specific hazards arising from the chemical</b>	Explosion hazard: Avoid generating dust; fine dust dispersed in air in sufficient concentrations and in the presence of an ignition source is a potential dust explosion hazard. Class II Dust for National Electric Code (NFPA 70) During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.
<b>Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters</b>	Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.
<b>Fire fighting equipment/instructions</b>	In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk.
<b>Specific methods</b>	Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials.
<b>General fire hazards</b>	May form combustible dust concentrations in air.

### 6. Accidental release measures

<b>Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures</b>	Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Dust deposits should not be allowed to accumulate on surfaces, as these may form an explosive mixture if they are released into the atmosphere in sufficient concentration. Use only non-sparking tools. Use a NIOSH/MSHA approved respirator if there is a risk of exposure to dust/fume at levels exceeding the exposure limits. Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Avoid inhalation of dust from the spilled material. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS.
<b>Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up</b>	Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Use only non-sparking tools. Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil, etc.) away from spilled material.  Large Spills: Collect spillage. If sweeping of a contaminated area is necessary use a dust suppressant agent which does not react with the product. Sweep up or vacuum up spillage and collect in suitable container for disposal. Collect dust using a vacuum cleaner equipped with HEPA filter. Avoid dispersal of dust in the air (i.e., clearing dust surfaces with compressed air). Minimize dust generation and accumulation. Large Spills: Wet down with water and dike for later disposal. Prevent product from entering drains. Following product recovery, flush area with water. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS.

**Environmental precautions** Avoid release to the environment. Contact local authorities in case of spillage to drain/aquatic environment. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Do not contaminate water. Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground.

## 7. Handling and storage

**Precautions for safe handling** Eliminate all sources of ignition. Combustible dust clouds may be created where operations produce fine material (dust). Avoid significant deposits of material, especially on horizontal surfaces, which may become airborne and form combustible dust clouds and may contribute to secondary explosions. Handling and processing operations should be conducted in accordance with 'best practices' (e.g. NFPA-654). Avoid contact with skin. Avoid contact with eyes. Avoid contact with clothing. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Observe good industrial hygiene practices. Avoid release to the environment. Do not empty into drains.

**Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities** Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Dry powders can build static electricity charges when subjected to the friction of transfer and mixing operations. Provide adequate precautions, such as electrical grounding and bonding, or inert atmospheres. Store in original tightly closed container. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS). Routine housekeeping should be instituted to ensure that dusts do not accumulate on surfaces.

## 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

**Occupational exposure limits** No exposure limits noted for ingredient(s).

**Biological limit values** No biological exposure limits noted for the ingredient(s).

**Appropriate engineering controls** Good general ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level. It is recommended that all dust control equipment such as local exhaust ventilation and material transport systems involved in handling of this product contain explosion relief vents or an explosion suppression system or an oxygen-deficient environment. Ensure that dust-handling systems (such as exhaust ducts, dust collectors, vessels, and processing equipment) are designed in a manner to prevent the escape of dust into the work area (i.e., there is no leakage from the equipment). Use only appropriately classified electrical equipment and powered industrial trucks. Eye wash facilities and emergency shower must be available when handling this product.

**Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment**

**Eye/face protection** Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles).

**Skin protection**

**Hand protection** Wear appropriate chemical resistant gloves.

**Other** Wear appropriate chemical resistant clothing.

**Respiratory protection** In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment.

**Thermal hazards** Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.

**General hygiene considerations** Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants.

## 9. Physical and chemical properties

**Appearance** Free flowing powder.

**Physical state** Solid.

**Form** Class II Dust for National Electric Code (NFPA 70)  
P<sub>max</sub> = 7.1bar  
K<sub>st</sub> = 90 bar m/s  
Minimum Ignition Energy (MIE) = 1000 mJ  
Minimum Explosible Concentration (MEC) = 96 g/m<sup>3</sup>  
Minimum Autoignition Temperature (MAIT Cloud) = 400 C  
Limiting Oxygen Concentration (LOC) = 15.2 vol. %  
Mean particle size = 39 (85% < 75) micrometer

**Color** White.

**Odor** Not available.

**Odor threshold** Not available.

**pH** 5 - 7.5 (1% in water)

**Melting point/freezing point** Not available.

<b>Initial boiling point and boiling range</b>	Not available.
<b>Flash point</b>	Not available.
<b>Evaporation rate</b>	Not available.
<b>Flammability (solid, gas)</b>	Not available.
<b>Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits</b>	
<b>Flammability limit - lower (%)</b>	Not available.
<b>Flammability limit - upper (%)</b>	Not available.
<b>Explosive limit - lower (%)</b>	Not available.
<b>Explosive limit - upper (%)</b>	Not available.
<b>Vapor pressure</b>	Not available.
<b>Vapor density</b>	Not available.
<b>Relative density</b>	Not available.
<b>Solubility(ies)</b>	
<b>Solubility (water)</b>	Not available.
<b>Auto-ignition temperature</b>	Not available.
<b>Decomposition temperature</b>	Not available.
<b>Viscosity</b>	Not available.

## 10. Stability and reactivity

<b>Reactivity</b>	The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.
<b>Chemical stability</b>	Material is stable under normal conditions.
<b>Possibility of hazardous reactions</b>	No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.
<b>Conditions to avoid</b>	Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Contact with incompatible materials. Minimize dust generation and accumulation.
<b>Incompatible materials</b>	Strong oxidizing agents.
<b>Hazardous decomposition products</b>	No hazardous decomposition products are known.

## 11. Toxicological information

### Information on likely routes of exposure

<b>Inhalation</b>	No adverse effects due to inhalation are expected.
<b>Skin contact</b>	Causes skin irritation.
<b>Eye contact</b>	Causes eye irritation.
<b>Ingestion</b>	Expected to be a low ingestion hazard.

<b>Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics</b>	Exposed individuals may experience eye tearing, redness, and discomfort. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain.
---	---

### Information on toxicological effects

<b>Acute toxicity</b>	Not available.
<b>Skin corrosion/irritation</b>	Causes skin irritation.
<b>Serious eye damage/eye irritation</b>	Causes eye irritation.
<b>Respiratory or skin sensitization</b>	
<b>Respiratory sensitization</b>	Not available.
<b>Skin sensitization</b>	This product is not expected to cause skin sensitization.
<b>Germ cell mutagenicity</b>	No data available to indicate product or any components present at greater than 0.1% are mutagenic or genotoxic.
<b>Carcinogenicity</b>	This product is not considered to be a carcinogen by IARC, ACGIH, NTP, or OSHA.

### IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity

Not listed.

### US. National Toxicology Program (NTP) Report on Carcinogens

Not listed.

### US. OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

Not regulated.

<b>Reproductive toxicity</b>	This product is not expected to cause reproductive or developmental effects.
<b>Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure</b>	Not applicable.
<b>Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure</b>	Not applicable.
<b>Aspiration hazard</b>	Not applicable.

## 12. Ecological information

**Ecotoxicity** Toxic to aquatic life. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Product		Species	Test Results
LATHANOL LAL POWDER			
<b>Aquatic</b>			
<i>Acute</i>			
Algae	EC50	Algae	1.9 mg/l, 72 hours
Crustacea	LC50	Crustacea	5.9 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Fish	4.2 mg/l, 96 hours

**Persistence and degradability** Readily biodegradable.

**Bioaccumulative potential** No data available.

**Mobility in soil** No data available.

**Other adverse effects** No other adverse environmental effects (e.g. ozone depletion, photochemical ozone creation potential, endocrine disruption, global warming potential) are expected from this component.

## 13. Disposal considerations

**Disposal instructions** Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

**Hazardous waste code** The waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste disposal company.

**Waste from residues / unused products** Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see: Disposal instructions).

**Contaminated packaging** Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal. Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied.

## 14. Transport information

### DOT

Not regulated as dangerous goods.

### IATA

Not regulated as dangerous goods.

### IMDG

Not regulated as dangerous goods.

**Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code** Not available.

## 15. Regulatory information

**US federal regulations** This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

### CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4)

Not listed.



**Disclaimer**

The information provided in this Material Safety Data Sheet is based on current available data and knowledge and is believed to be accurate and given in good faith. Voyageur Soap & Candle Co. LTD and its subsidiaries however assume no liability and make no warranty, either expressed or implied, pertaining to the accuracy and completeness of the information contained herein including in regards to fitness and merchantability. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and therefore should not be construed as guaranteeing any specific property. The information herein relates only to the specific designated material and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials, or in any process not specified in the text. Users should therefore consider this data only as a supplement to other information available from all other sources, and should incorporate this information into programs for the proper use and disposal of their materials and the health and safety of employees and customers.

End of Safety Data Sheet