

VT7600 Series Programmable & Non-Programmable Thermostats For Commercial HVAC Applications

(Issue Date June 17, 2008 - 028-0132 R8

Product overview -

The VT7600 PI thermostat family is specifically designed for single stage and multi-stage control of heating/cooling equipment such as rooftop and self-contained units. The product features an intuitive, menu-driven, back-lit LCD display which walks users through the programming steps, making the process extremely simple. Accurate temperature control is achieved due to the product's PI time proportional control algorithm, which virtually eliminates temperature offset associated with traditional, differential-based thermostats.

All models contain two digital inputs, which can be set by the user to monitor filter status, activate a remote temporary occupancy switch, and/or used as a general purpose service indicator. In addition, depending on the model, up to three remote sensor inputs are available. All models contain a SPST auxiliary switch, which can be used to control lighting or disable the economizer function and a discharge air sensor input. For more advanced applications, an economizer control logic has been integrated onto the thermostat for use with proportional damper economizer actuators.



Fig.1 - VT7600 Series

The additional following documentation is available on www.viconics.com

- Information on the LON models (VT76xxX1000E), is available on document ITG-VT7600-LON-Exx
- Information on the BACnet models (VT76xxX1000B), is available on document ITG-VT7600-BAC-Exx
- Information on the Wireless models (VT76xx0X1000W), is available on documents: ITG-VWG-40-BAC-Exx and LIT-VWG-40-SETUP-Exx

Models available-

Application	1 Heat / 1 Cool	2 Heat / 2 Cool	2 Heat / 2 Cool with economizer	3 Heat / 2 Cool heat pump
Model (programmable)	VT7652A1000	VT7652B1000	VT7656B1000	VT7652H1000
Model (non-programmable)	VT7600A1000	VT7600B1000	VT7605B1000	VT7600H1000

Features and benefits-

Features	Benefits
PI time proportioning algorithm	⇒ Increased comfort , accuracy, and energy savings
2 digital inputs	⇒ Adds functionality
Smart fan	⇒ Saves energy during night mode
Unique configuration key	⇒ Minimizes parameter tampering
Lockable keypad	⇒ Tamper proof, no need for thermostat guards
Freeze protection	⇒ Prevents costly freeze damage
EEPROM memory	⇒ No loss of program
6 hour reserve time for clock	⇒ No need to reprogram day/time after power shortage
Remote room and outdoor temperature sensor	⇒ Increase flexibility and functionality
Auxiliary output	⇒ Can be used for lighting and/or economizer override
Discharge air sensor	⇒ Can be used to monitor unit efficiency
 Intuitive, menu-driven programming (7 day, 2/4 events - on programmable models only) 	⇒ Can be used for all types of establishments
Economizer output (0-10 V d.c.) (on economizer models only)	⇒ Excellent retrofit opportunities
• Low/High balance point (on heat pump models only)	⇒ Protect and optimize systems performances
• 3 Heat/2 Cool (on heat pump models only)	⇒ Support single and two stages heat pump with one auxiliary heat stage

Theory of operation -

The VT7600 uses a Viconics proprietary adaptive logic algorithm to control the space temperature. This algorithm controls the heating / air conditioning system to minimize overshoot while still providing comfort. It provides exceptional accuracy due to its unique PI time proportioning control algorithm, which virtually eliminates temperature offset associated with traditional, differential-based on/off thermostats.

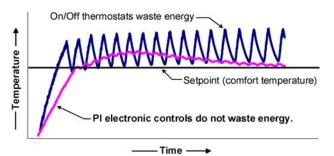


Fig.2 - On/Off mechanical control vs PI electronic control.

Features overview -

- 7 day programmable models, 2 or 4 events
- Gas/oil or electric system compatibility for all type of applications
- Remote indoor averaging sensing capability
- Temperature averaging with 2, 3, 4, 9 or 16 sensors
- Remote outdoor sensing capability for added flexibility
 - System mode lock out
 - Heat pump balance point settings
- Remote discharge air sensor input for monitoring purpose
 - System efficiency feedback
- Lockable keypads for tamper proofing. No need for thermostat guards
- Automatic frost protection to prevents costly freeze damage
- Anti short cycle and minimum on/off run time protection. Reduces wear and maximizes life span of mechanical equipment.
- 2 programmable digital inputs for added flexibility.
 Each input can be programmed as the following:
 - **None:** No function will be associated with the input
 - Service: a backlit flashing Service alarm will be displayed on the thermostat LCD screen when the input is energized. It can be tied in to the AC unit control card, which provides an alarm in case of malfunction.

- Filter: a backlit flashing Filter alarm will be displayed on the thermostat LCD screen when the input is energized. It can be tied to a differential pressure switch that monitor filters
- Rem NSB: remote NSB timer clock input. Will disable the internal scheduling of the thermostat. The scheduling will now be set as per the digital input. The menu part related to scheduling is disabled and no longer accessible. It provides low cost setback operation via occupancy sensor or from a dry contact
- RemOVR: temporary occupancy contact. Disables all override menu function of the thermostat. The override function is now controlled by a manual remote momentarily closed contact. When configured in this mode, the input operates in a toggle mode.

With this function enabled it is now possible to toggle between unoccupied & occupied setpoints for the amount of time set by parameter (TOccTime) temporary occupancy time.

- Programmable smart fan operation saves energy during night mode
- Non volatile EEPROM memory prevents loss of parameters during power shortage
- Built in default profile set-up for easier start up and commissioning
- Configurable SPST output relay on programmable models for lighting, exhaust fan or fresh air control
- 6 hour typical reserve time for clock in case of power loss
- 0 to 10 Vdc economizer output for more retrofit opportunities
 - Built in dry bulb economizer logic using outdoor temperature sensor
 - Input for supply/mixed air temperature sensor

Heat pump model specific features

- Selectable single or dual stage compressor stages
- High balance point: Locks out auxiliary heating when outside air temperature is above this value
- Low balance point: Locks out heat pump compressor operation when outside air temperature is below this value
- Comfort/economy mode:
 In economy mode, heat pump use is maximized before turning On auxiliary heating
- Compressor/auxiliary interlock:
 Adds flexibility by locking out heat pump operation during auxiliary heating to prevent high pressure trip when the coil is downstream of the auxiliary heat source.

Installation -

- · Remove security screw on the bottom of thermostat cover.
- Open up by pulling on the bottom side of thermostat.
- Remove Assembly and remove wiring terminals from sticker. (Fig. 3)
- Please note the FCC ID and IC label installed in the cover upon removal of cover for the wireless products.

A) Location:

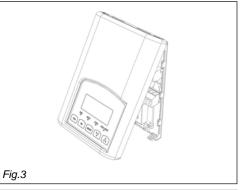
- 1- Should not be installed on an outside wall.
- 2- Must be installed away from any heat source.
- 3- Should not be installed near an air discharge grill.
- 4- Should not be affected by direct sun radiation.
- 5- Nothing must restrain vertical air circulation to the thermostat.

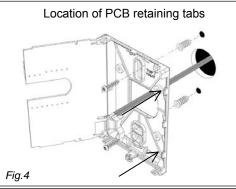
B) Installation:

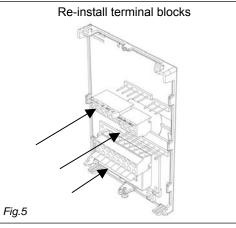
- 1- Swing open the thermostat PCB to the left by pressing the PCB locking tabs. (Fig. 4)
- 2- Pull out cables 6" out of the wall.
- 3- Wall surface must be flat and clean.
- 4- Insert cable in the central hole of the base.
- 5- Align the base and mark the location of the two mounting holes on the wall. Install proper side of base up.
- 6- Install anchors in the wall.
- 7- Insert screws in mounting holes on each side of the base. (Fig. 4)
- 8- Gently swing back the circuit board on the base and push on it until the tabs lock it.
- 10- Strip each wire 1/4 inch.
- 11- Insert each wire according to wiring diagram.
- 13- Gently push back into hole excess wring (Fig. 5)
- 14- Re-Install wiring terminals in correct location. (Fig. 5)
- 15- Reinstall the cover (top side first) and gently push back extra wire length into the hole in the wall.
- 16- Install security screw.



- If replacing an old thermostat, label the wires before removal of the old thermostat.
- Electronic controls are static sensitive devices.
 Discharge yourself properly before manipulation and installing the thermostat.
- Short circuit or wrong wiring may permanently damage the thermostat or the equipment.
- Anti-short cycling can be set to 0 minutes for equipment that posses their own anti cycling timer. Do not use that value unless the equipment is equipped with such internal timer. Failure to do so can damage the equipment.
- All VT7600 series thermostats are to be used only as operating controls. Whenever a control failure could lead to personal injury and/or loss of property, it becomes the responsibility of the user to add safety devices and/or alarm system to protect against such catastrophic failures.









Terminal identification -

		Multis	stage		1H /	/ 1C		Heat Pump		
Part Number	VT7656B	VT7605B	VT7652B	VT7600B	VT7652A	VT7600A	Part Number	VT7652H	VT7600H	
Programmable	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes	No	Programmable	Yes	No	
Top left termina	l block						Top left terminal	block		
Y2	Х	Х	Х	Х			Y2	Х	Х	
Y1	Χ	Х	Χ	Х	Х	Х	Y1	Х	Х	
G	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	G	Х	Х	
RC	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Χ	RC	Х	Х	
С	Χ	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	С	Х	Х	
Top right termin	al block						Top right termina	ıl block		
RH	X	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	RH	Х	Х	
W1	Х	Х	Χ	Х	Х	Χ	W1	Х	Х	
W2	Χ	Х	Х	Х			O/B	Х	Х	
Bottom terminal	block						Bottom terminal	nal block		
Econo	X	Х								
Aux	Х	Х	Χ	Х	Х	Х	Aux	X	Х	
DI1	Х	Х	Χ	Х	Х	Х	DI1	Х	Х	
DI2	Χ	Х	Χ	Х	Х	Χ	DI2	Х	Х	
RS	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Χ	RS	Х	Х	
Scom	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Χ	Scom	Х	Х	
OS	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	OS	Х	Х	
MS	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	MS	Х	Х	

Screw terminal arrangement -



3 pole left top connector

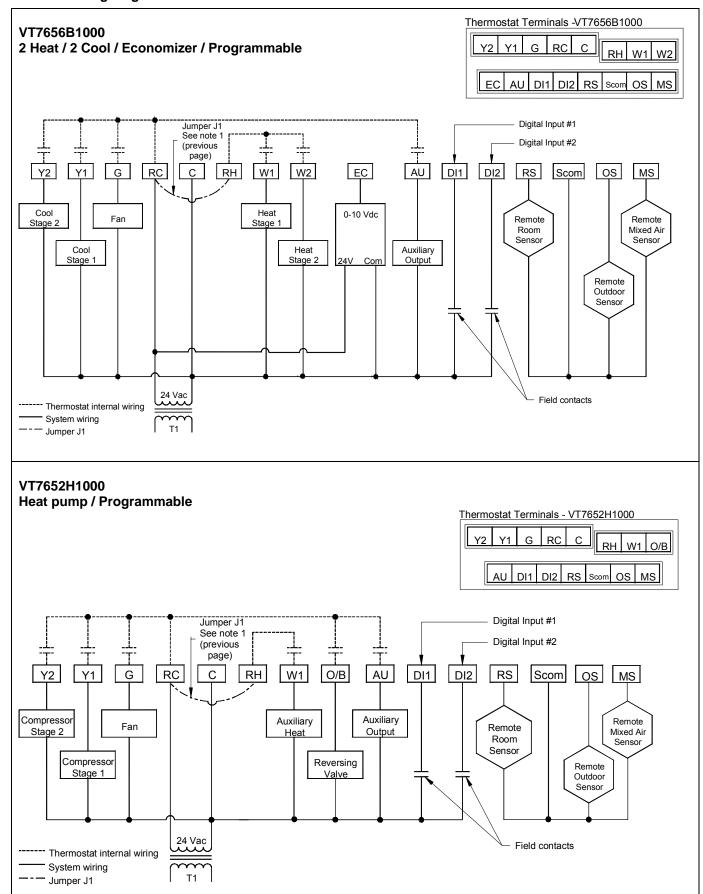


8 pole bottom connector



Wiring notes:

- Note 1: If the same power source is used for the heating stages, install jumper across RC & RH. Maximum current is 2.0 amps
- Note 2: If auxiliary output is used to toggle occupancy of the electronic control card inside the equipment, configure the relay parameter (Aux cont) to the N.O. setting. A second relay can be added for additional functionality of the occupancy output.
- Note 3: Economizer output uses a half bridge rectifier. Reference of the control signal is the common of the power supply of the thermostat. (terminal C)
- Note 4: Electromechanical contacts are to be used with the digital inputs. Electronic triacs cannot be used as mean of switching for the input. The switched leg to the input for the input to activate is terminal C (common)
- Note 5: The transformer of the unit provides power to the thermostat and the additional loads that will be wired to the thermostat.



Remote sensor accessories

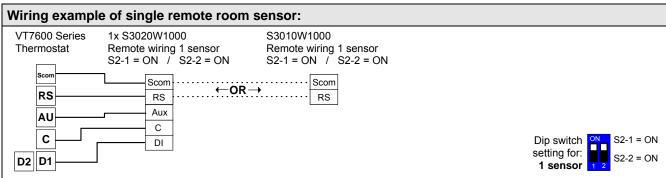
Model no.	Description
S3010W1000	Wall mounted temperature sensor
S3020W1000	Wall mounted temperature sensor with override button and occupancy status LED
S2020E1000	Outdoor temperature sensor
S2060A1000	Averaging temperature sensor
S2000D1000	Duct mounted temperature sensor

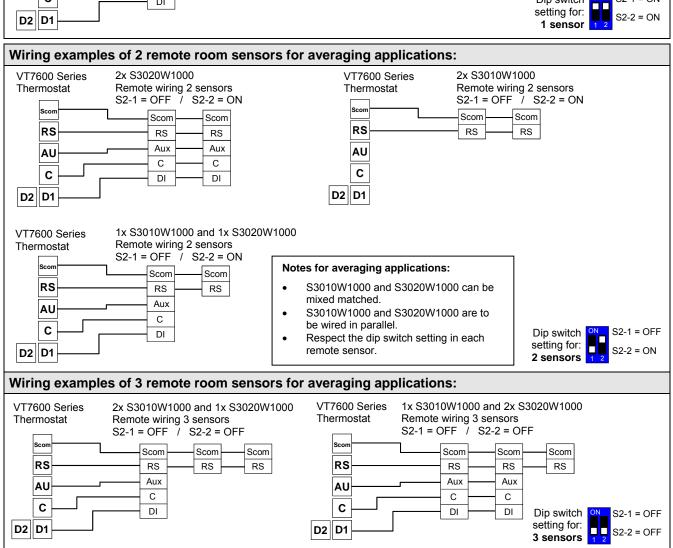
Remote mount temperature sensors use 10K NTC thermistors.

- This sensor can be used for:
- 3 thermistors with 2 dip switches are provided with each sensor for various averaging combinations
- Optional occupancy led
- Optional override key



Fig.8 – S3020W1000 wall mounted sensor



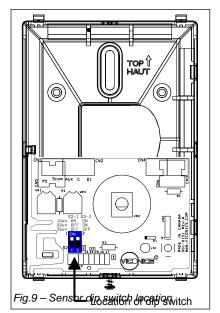


Temperature vs resistance chart for 10 Kohm NTC thermistor –

 $(R_{25^{\circ}C} = 10K\Omega \pm 3\% - B_{25/85^{\circ}C} = 3975K \pm 1.5\%)$

٥С	٥F	Kohm	۰C	٥F	Kohm	٥C	٥F	Kohm	٥С	٥F	Kohm	٥С	٥F	Kohm
-40	-40	324.3197	-20	-4	94.5149	0	32	32.1910	20	68	12.4601	40	104	5.3467
-39	-38	303.6427	-19	-2	89.2521	1	34	30.6120	21	70	11.9177	41	106	5.1373
-38	-36	284.4189	-18	0	84.3147	2	36	29.1197	22	72	11.4018	42	108	4.9373
-37	-35	266.5373	-17	1	79.6808	3	37	27.7088	23	73	10.9112	43	109	4.7460
-36	-33	249.8958	-16	3	75.3299	4	39	26.3744	24	75	10.4443	44	111	4.5631
-35	-31	234.4009	-15	5	71.2430	5	41	25.1119	25	77	10.0000	45	113	4.3881
-34	-29	219.9666	-14	7	67.4028	6	43	23.9172	26	79	9.5754	46	115	4.2208
-33	-27	206.5140	-13	9	63.7928	7	45	22.7861	27	81	9.1711	47	117	4.0607
-32	-26	193.9703	-12	10	60.3980	8	46	21.7151	28	82	8.7860	48	118	3.9074
-31	-24	182.2686	-11	12	57.2044	9	48	20.7004	29	84	8.4190	49	120	3.7607
-30	-22	171.3474	-10	14	54.1988	10	50	19.7390	30	86	8.0694	50	122	3.6202
-29	-20	161.1499	-9	16	51.3692	11	52	18.8277	31	88	7.7360	51	124	3.4857
-28	-18	151.6239	-8	18	48.7042	12	54	17.9636	32	90	7.4182	52	126	3.3568
-27	-17	142.7211	-7	19	46.1933	13	55	17.1440	33	91	7.1150	53	127	3.2333
-26	-15	134.3971	-6	21	43.8268	14	57	16.3665	34	93	6.8259	54	129	3.1150
-25	-13	126.6109	-5	23	41.5956	15	59	15.6286	35	95	6.5499	55	131	3.0016
-24	-11	119.3244	-4	25	39.4921	16	61	14.9280	36	97	6.2866	56	133	2.8928
-23	-9	112.5028	-3	27	37.5056	17	63	14.2629	37	99	6.0351	57	135	2.7886
-22	-8	106.1135	-2	28	35.6316	18	64	13.6310	38	100	5.7950	58	136	2.6886
-21	-6	100.1268	-1	30	33.8622	19	66	13.0307	39	102	5.5657	59	138	2.5926

S3010W1000 remote wall mounted temperature sensor, dip switch location



S2000D1000, remote duct mounted temperature sensor c/w junction box.

This sensor can be used for:

- Remote return air temperature sensing with the sensor mounted on the return air duct.
- Outside air temperature sensing with the sensor installed in the fresh air plenum.
- Supply air temperature sensor



Fig. 10 – Remote duct mounted temperature sensor

S2060A1000, remote averaging duct mounted temperature sensor c/w junction box.

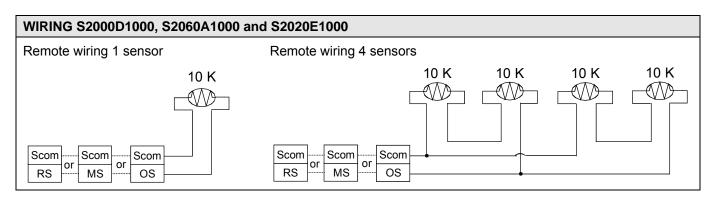
This sensor can be used for:

- Remote averaging return air temperature sensing with the sensor mounted on the return air duct.
- Outside air temperature averaging sensing with the sensor installed in the fresh air plenum.
- Mixed air temperature averaging sensor for economizer models with the sensor in the mixing plenum.

S2020E1000, outdoor air temperature sensor

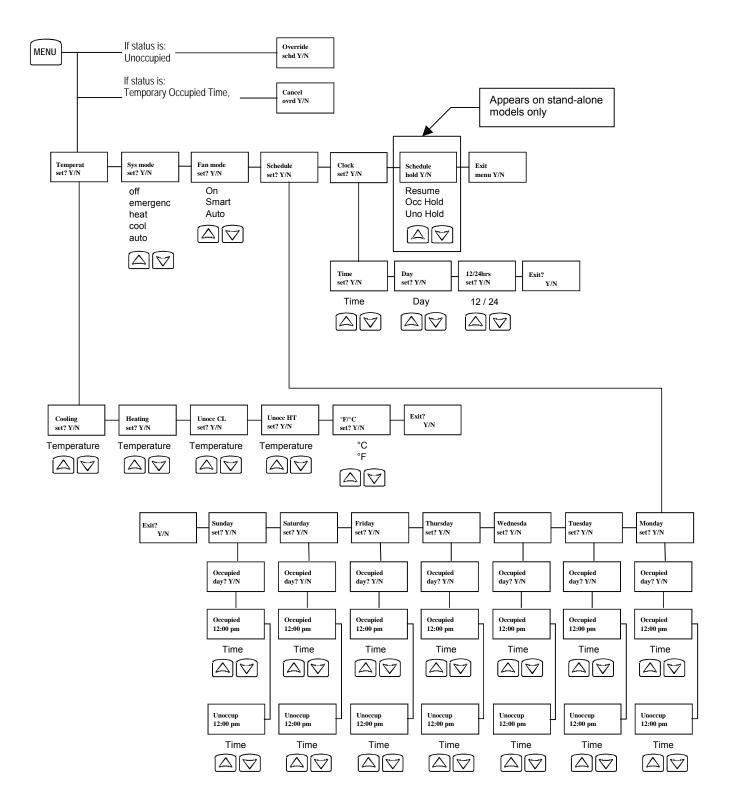
This sensor can be used for:

- Outside air temperature sensing with the sensor installed directly exposed to the elements.
- Sensor uses a water resistant NEMA 4 ABS enclosure for outdoor applications



User menu flow chart:

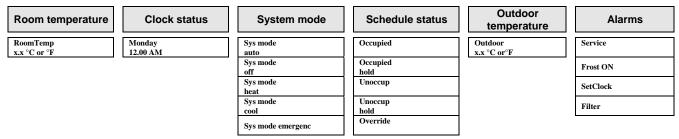
NOTE: Prompts may not all be present depending on model selected



1. Status display

The thermostat features a two-line, eight-character display. There is a low level back-light level that is always active and can only be seen at night. When left unattended, the thermostat has an auto scrolling display that shows the actual status of the system. Each item is scrolled one by one with the back lighting off. Pressing any key will cause the back light to come on.

Sequence of auto-scroll status display:



Manual scroll of each menu item is achieved by pressing the Yes (scroll) key repetitively. The last item viewed will be shown on the display for 30 seconds before returning to automatic scrolling. Temperature is automatically updated when scrolling is held.

Outdoor air temperature display is only enabled when outdoor air temperature sensor is connected.

- A maximum range status display of 50 °C (122 °F) indicates a shorted sensor. Associated functions, such as mode lockouts and economizer function are automatically disabled.
- A minimum range status -40 °C (-40 °F) is not displayed and indicates a opened sensor or a sensor not connected.
 Associated functions, such as mode lockouts and economizer function are automatically disabled.

If alarms are detected, they will automatically be displayed at the end of the status display scroll. During an alarm message display, the back lit screen will light up at the same time as the message and shut off during the rest of the status display. Two alarms maximum can appear at any given time. The priority for the alarms is as follows:



Indicates that the heating is energized by the low limit frost protection room temperature setpoint 5.6 °C (42 °F) Indicates that the clock needs to be reset. There has been a power failure which has lasted longer than 6 hours Indicates that there is a service alarm as per one of the programmable digital input (DI1 or DI2) Indicates that the filters are dirty as per one of the programmable digital input (DI1 or DI2)

Three status LEDs on the thermostat cover are used to indicate the status of the fan, a call for heat, or a call for cooling.

Multistage and single stage models

- When the fan is on, the FAN LED will illuminate.
- When heating is on, the HEAT LED will illuminate.
- When cooling is on, the COOL LED will illuminate.

Heat pump models

- When the fan is on, the FAN LED will illuminate.
- When auxiliary heat is on, the AUX HEAT LED will illuminate.
- When compressor is on, the HEAT-PUMP LED will illuminate.

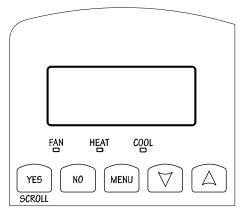


Fig.11 - Multistage and single stage models

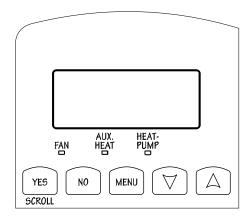


Fig. 12 - Heat pump models

2. User programming instructions menu

The VT7600 series of thermostat feature an intuitive, menu-driven, back-lit LCD display that walks users through the programming steps, making the programming process extremely simple. This menu is typically accessed by the user to set the parameters such as temperature and time events, system mode, fan mode, etc.

It is possible to bring up the user menu at any time by depressing the MENU key. The status display automatically resumes after exiting the user-programming menu.

If the user pauses at any given time during programming, **Auto Help** text is displayed to help and guide the user through the usage and programming of the thermostat.

Ex.: Press yes key to change cooling temperature setpoint Use the up or down arrow to adjust cooling setpoint

Each of the sections in the menu are accessed and programmed using 5 keys on the thermostat cover.

The priority for the alarms is as follows:

YES SCROLL

The YES key is used to confirm a selection, to move onto the next menu item and to manually scroll through the displayed information.



The NO key is used when you do not desire a parameter change, and to advance to the next menu item. Can also be used to toggle between heating and cooling setpoints.

MENU

The MENU key is used to access the Main User Menu or exit the menu.



The down arrow key is used to decrease temperature setpoint and to adjust the desired values when programming and configuring the thermostat.



The up arrow key is used to increase temperature setpoint and to adjust the desired values when programming and configuring the thermostat.

When left unattended for 45 seconds, the display will resume automatic status display scrolling.

To turn on the back light, press any key on the front panel. The back lit display will turn off when the thermostat is left unattended for 45 seconds

Sequence of user menu:

Override Resume	Temperature setpoints	System mode setting	Fan mode setting	Schedules setting	Clock setting	Schedule hold
Override schd Y/N Appears only in unoccupied mode	Temperat set Y/N	Sys mode set Y/N	Fan mode set Y/N	Schedule set Y/N	Clock set Y/N	Schedule hold Y/N Appears only on stand-alone models
Cancel ovrd Y/N Appears only in override mode						

There is a default profile set in the thermostat from the factory.

This enables the thermostat to operate as a non-programmable unit in day mode operation at start up.

Programmed default temperature setpoints:					
Occupied cooling setpoint = 24 °C (75 °F)					
Occupied heating setpoint = 22 °C (72 °F)					
Unoccupied cooling setpoint = 28 °C (82 °F)					
Unoccupied heating setpoint = 18 °C (65 °F)					
Fahrenheit scale					
Setpoint type = permanent					

Programmed default modes: System mode = Auto Fan mode = Smart (for models with a communication module or programmable stand-alone models) Fan mode = Auto (for non-programmable stand-alone models) Programmed default schedules: Monday through Sunday Occupied time is: 12 00 AM Unoccupied time is: 11:59 PM		
Fan mode = Smart (for models with a communication module or programmable stand-alone models) Fan mode = Auto (for non-programmable stand-alone models) Programmed default schedules: Monday through Sunday Occupied time is: 12 00 AM	Programmed defa	ult modes:
programmable stand-alone models) Fan mode = Auto (for non-programmable stand-alone models) Programmed default schedules: Monday through Sunday Occupied time is: 12 00 AM	System mode = Au	to
Monday through Sunday Occupied time is: 12 00 AM		programmable stand-alone models)
Occupied time is: 12 00 AM	Programmed defa	ult schedules:
	Monday through Su	unday
Unoccupied time is: 11:59 PM	Occupied time is: 1	2 00 AM
	Unoccupied time is	: 11:59 PM

There will be a 1 minute unoccupied period every night at 11:59 PM with this default configuration.

A) Override an unoccupied period

Override	
Override	
schd Y/N	
SCHU 1/IN	

This menu will appear only when the thermostat is in unoccupied mode. The unoccupied mode is enabled either by the internal timer scheduling or by a remote NSB contact via DI1 or DI2.

If DI1 or DI2 is configured to operate as a remote temporary override contact, this menu will be disabled.

Answering yes to this prompt will cause the thermostat to go into occupied mode for an amount of time equal to the parameter "TOccTime" (1 to 12 hours).

B) Resume regular scheduling



This menu does not appear in regular operation. It will appear only when the thermostat is in Unoccupied override mode.

Answering "Yes" to this question will cause the thermostat to resume the regular programmed setpoints & scheduling.

C) Temperature setpoints

Permanent setpoint changes



This menu permits the adjustment of all permanent temperature setpoints (occupied and unoccupied) as well as the desired temperature units (°F or °C). Permanent setpoints are written to RAM and EEPROM

	setpoint	Heating setpoint		Cooling setpoint		Heating setpoint		°F or °C	
	ed mode	Occupied mode		Unoccupied mode		Unoccupied mode		display setting	
Cooling	No next →	Heating	No next →	Unocc CL	No next →		No next →	°F or °C	No next →
set? Y/N	Yes down ↓	set? Y/N	Yes down ↓	set? Y/N	Yes down ↓		Yes down ↓	set? Y/N	Yes down ↓
Use ▲ ▼ keys	to set value, Ye	s key to confirm							
Cooling	Use ▲ ▼	Heating	Use ▲ ▼	Unocc CL	Use ▲ ▼	CHOCC III	Use ▲ ▼	Units	Use ▲ ▼
70.0 °F	To set value	68.00 °F	To set value	80.0 °F	To set value		To set value	°F	To set value

Temporary setpoint changes

Temporary setpoints can be modified through the Up arrow key (▲) and the Down arrow keys (▼).

User will be prompted with the present mode (Heating or Cooling) of the thermostat and its setpoint.

The Up (\blacktriangle) arrow key will increment the setpoint by 0.5 degree (F or C).

The Down (▼) arrow key will decrement the setpoint by 0.5 degree (F or C).

Press the Yes key to accept the new setpoint.

Local changes to the heating or cooling setpoints made by the user directly using the up or down arrow are temporary.

They will remain effective for the duration specified by ToccTime.

Setpoints will revert back to their default value after internal timer ToccTime expires.

If a permanent change to the setpoints is required, use the Temperat set? menu

D) System mode setting

Sys mo	de	
set Y/	N	

This menu is accessed to set system mode operation

Use ▲ ▼ to set value, Yes key to confirm

Sys mode	Automatic mode
auto	Automatic changeover mode between heating and cooling operation
Sys mode	Cooling mode
cooling	Cooling operation mode only
Sys mode	Heating mode
heating	Heating operation mode only
Sys mode	Emergency heat mode (heat pump models only)
emergency	Forced auxiliary heat operation mode only
Sys mode	Off mode Normal cooling or heating operation disabled
off	If enabled in installer parameters, only the automatic heating frost protection at 50 °F (10 °C) is enabled

E) Fan mode setting

Fan mode set Y/N

This section of the menu is permits the setting of the fan mode operation.

Use ▲ ▼ to set value, Yes key to confirm

Fan mode On	On fan mode Fan is on continuously, even when system mode is OFF.
Fan mode Auto	Automatic fan mode Fan cycles on a call for heating or cooling for both occupied & unoccupied periods.
Fan mode Smart	Smart fan mode During occupied periods, fan is on continuously. In unoccupied mode, fan cycles on a call for heating or cooling. This selection is available on all models with a communication module, on all stand-alone programmable models or if DI1 or DI2 is set to RemNSB on stand-alone non-programmable models

F) Schedule set (2 events)

Scheduling can have 2 or 4 events per day. This is set in the configuration menu as per parameter (2/4event)

Schedule set Y/N

This section of the menu permits the user to set the whether 2 or 4 events is needed. Each day can be tailored to specific schedules if needed.

- 2 events can be programmed per day.
- Occupied & unoccupied periods can be set for each day.

Monday timer Schedule set		Tuesday timer Schedule set			day timer dule set	Other days are identical			
Monday set? Y/N	No next → Yes down ↓	Tuesday set? Y/N	No next → Yes down ↓	Wednesda set? Y/N No next → Yes down ↓		Selects the day to be programmed or modified			
Yes key to access day scheduling. No key to jump to next day									
Occupied Day? Y/N	No next → Yes down ↓	Occupied Day? Y/N	No next → Yes down ↓	Occupied Day? Y/N	No next → Yes down ↓	Yes = Daily schedules will be accessed No = Unoccupied mode all day			
Yes key to acc	cess day scheduli	ng, No key to ju	mp to next day						
·	·	Copy Y/N Previous	Yes next → No down ↓	Copy Y/N Previous	Yes next → No down ↓	Yes = Will copy previous day schedule No = Daily schedules will be accessed			
Yes key to co	oy previous day, N	lo key to set ne	w time value for	each day					
Occupied 00:00 AM	Use ▲ ▼ To set value	Occupied 00:00 AM	Use ▲ ▼ To set value	Occupied 00:00 AM	Use ▲ ▼ To set value	Sets Event # 1 Occupied time Will activate occupied setpoints			
Use ▲ ▼ to se	et value, Yes key	to confirm	•	•	•				
Unoccup 00:00 AM	Use ▲ ▼ To set value	Unoccup 00:00 AM	Use ▲ ▼ To set value	Unoccup 00:00 AM	Use ▲ ▼ To set value	Sets Event # 2 Unoccupied time Will activate unoccupied setpoints			

Use ▲ ▼ to set value, Yes key to confirm

Typical examples of a 2 event office schedule

Ex. #1	Office bu	ıildina	closed a	all weekend

Event	Period #1	- Event #1	Period #1 - Event #2		
	Occi	ıpied	Unoco	cupied	
Setpoint	Cool	Heat	Cool	Heat	
Setpoint	72 °F	70 °F	80 °F	62 °F	
Monday	7.00	AM	6.00 PM		
Tuesday	7.00 AM		6.00 PM		
Wednesday	7.00) AM	6.00 PM		
Thursday	7.00) AM	6.00 PM		
Friday	7.00 AM		6.00 PM		
Saturday	12.00 PM *		12.00 PM * 12.00 P		
Sunday	12.00	PM *	12.00	PM *	

Note:	12:00 PM = Noon
	12:00 AM = Midnight

Daily	
Occupancy	
Day time only	
Unoccupied	
Unoccupied	

^{*}Programming consecutive events to the same time will cause the thermostat to choose the last event as the time at which it will set its schedule. In the above example, the thermostat will control to the unoccupied set point until 7:00 AM Monday.

Ex. #2 Commercial building which is occupied all weekend

Event	Period #1 - Event #1		Period #1	- Event #2	
	Occi	upied	Unoco	cupied	
Setpoint	Cool Heat 72 °F 70 °F		Cool 80 °F	Heat 62 °F	
Monday) AM	5.00 PM		
Tuesday	8.00) AM	5.00 PM		
Wednesday	8.00) AM	5.00 PM		
Thursday	8.00) AM	5.00	PM	
Friday	8.00 AM		5.00 PM		
Saturday	12.00	AM **	11.59	PM **	
Sunday	12.00	AM **	11.59	PM **	

Daily
Occupancy
Day time only
Occupied
Occupied

^{**} To program a day as occupied for 24 hours, set that day Occupied time to 12:00 AM and Unoccupied time to 11:59 PM There will be a 1 minute unoccupied period every night at 11:59 PM with this schedule configuration.

G) Schedule set (4 events)



This section of the menu permits the user to set the whether 2 or 4 events is needed. Each day can be tailored to specific schedules if needed.

- 4 events can be programmed per day.
- Occupied & Unoccupied periods can be set for each day.
- Programming the 3 rd. & 4 th. events to the same time will cancel the last period.

Monday timer Schedule set		Tuesday timer Schedule set		Wednesday timer Schedule set		Other days are identical				
Monday set? Y/N	No next → Yes down ↓	Tuesday set? Y/N	No next → Yes down ↓	Wednesda set? Y/N	No next → Yes down ↓	Selects the day to be programmed or modified				
Yes key to acc	Yes key to access day scheduling, No key to jump to next day									
Occupied Day? Y/N	No next → Yes down ↓	Occupied Day? Y/N	No next → Yes down ↓	Occupied Day? Y/N	No next → Yes down ↓	Yes = Daily schedules will be accessed No = Unoccupied mode all day				
Yes key to acc	ess day scheduli	ng, No key to jur	np to next day							
		Copy Y/N Previous	Yes next → No down ↓	Copy Y/N Previous	Yes next → No down ↓	Yes = Will copy previous day schedule No = Daily schedules will be accessed				
Yes key to cop	y previous day, N	lo key to set nev	v time value for ea	ch day						
Occupied 00:00 AM	Use ▲ ▼ To set value	Occupied 00:00 AM	Use ▲ ▼ To set value	Occupied 00:00 AM	Use ▲ ▼ To set value	Sets Event # 1 Occupied time Will activate occupied setpoints				
Use ▲ ▼ to set	t value, Yes key t	o confirm								
Unoccup 00:00 AM	Use ▲ ▼ To set value	Unoccup 00:00 AM	Use ▲ ▼ To set value	Unoccup 00:00 AM	Use ▲ ▼ To set value	Sets Event # 2 Unoccupied time Will activate unoccupied setpoints				
Use ▲ ▼ to set	t value, Yes key t	o confirm								
Occupie2 00:00 AM	Use ▲ ▼ To set value	Occupie2 00:00 AM	Use ▲ ▼ To set value	Occupie2 00:00 AM	Use ▲ ▼ To set value	Sets Event # 3 Occupied time Will activate occupied setpoints				
Use ▲ ▼ to set value, Yes key to confirm										
Unoccup2 00:00 AM	Use ▲ ▼ To set value	Unoccup2 00:00 AM	Use ▲ ▼ To set value	Unoccup2 00:00 AM	Use ▲ ▼ To set value	Sets Event # 4 Unoccupied time Will activate unoccupied setpoints				
Use ▲ ▼ to set value, Yes key to confirm										

Ex. #1 Four event retail establishment schedule

Event	Period 1 - Event 1		Period 1 - Event 2		Period 2 - Event 3		Period 2 - Event 4		
Setpoint	Occupied		Unoc	cupied	Occupied		Unoccupied		
	Cool	Heat	Cool	Heat	Cool	Heat	Cool	Heat	Daily
	72 °F	70 °F	80 °F	62 °F	72 °F	70 °F	80 °F	62 °F	Occupancy
Monday	7.00 AM		5.00 PM		12.00 PM *		12.00 PM *		Day time only
Tuesday	7.00 AM		5.00) PM	12.00) PM *	12.00 PM *		Day time only
Wednesday	7.00	MA C	5.00) PM	12.00) PM *	12.00) PM *	Day time only
Thursday	7.00	MA C	5.00 PM		7.00 PM		10.3	0 PM	Day/evening time only
Friday	7.00 AM		5.00 PM		7.00 PM		10.3	0 PM	Day/evening time only
Saturday	12.00 PM *		12.00	12.00 PM *) PM *	12.00) PM *	Unoccupied
Sunday	12.00) PM *	12.00) PM *	12.00) PM *	12.00) PM *	Unoccupied

^{*} Programming events to the same time will cancel the last period and leave the thermostat in unoccupied mode

Ex. #2 Residential

Event	Period 1 - Event 1		Period 1 - Event 1 Peri		Period 1	- Event 2	- Event 2 Period 2 - Event 3		Period 2	- Event 4	
Setpoint	Occi	upied	Unoc	cupied	Occ	Occupied		cupied			
-	Cool	Heat	Cool	Heat	Cool	Heat	Cool	Heat	Daily		
	72 °F	70 °F	80 °F	62 °F	72 °F	70 °F	80 °F	62 °F	Occupancy		
Monday	6:00 AM		8:00 AM		4:00 PM		10:00 PM		Day/evening time only		
Tuesday	6:00 AM		8:00) AM	4:00 PM		10:00 PM		Day/evening time only		
Wednesday	6:00 AM		8:00	8:00 AM) PM	10:00 PM		Day/evening time only		
Thursday	6:00 AM		8:00) AM	4:00 PM		10:0	0 PM	Day/evening time only		
Friday	6:00 AM		8:00 AM		4:00) PM	11:3	0 PM	Day/evening time only		
Saturday	8:00 AM *		8:00	AM *	8:00	AM *	11:59	9 PM *	Day time only		
Sunday	12:00) AM *	12:00) AM *	12:00) AM *	11:59	9 PM *	Occupied all day		

^{*}Programming consecutive events to the same time will cause the thermostat to choose the last event as the time at which it will set its schedule. In the above example for Saturday, the thermostat will control to the occupied set point from 8:00 AM until 11:59 PM. Since it is desired to be in occupied mode throughout the night, then it is necessary to program the first event on Sunday at 12:00 AM. The thermostat will force a one minute unoccupied period for a one minute period (between 11:59 PM and 12:00 AM on Saturday)

H) Clock/Day Settings



This section of the menu permits the user to set the time and day.

Time	setting	Day s	etting	Time format setting	
$\begin{array}{ccc} \text{Time} & & \text{No next} \rightarrow \\ \text{set? Y/N} & & \text{Yes down} \downarrow \end{array}$		$\begin{array}{c c} \textbf{Day} & \textbf{No next} \rightarrow \\ \textbf{set? Y/N} & \textbf{Yes down} \downarrow \end{array}$		12/24hrs set? Y/N	No = exit Yes down ↓
Time 0:00	Use ▲ ▼ To set value	Day Monday	Use ▲ ▼ To set value	12/24hrs 12 hrs	Use ▲ ▼ To set value

J) Schedule hold

Schedu	ile
hold Y	/N
This menu	

- This menu will only appear on stand-alone thermostat, e.i. without a BACnet / Echelon module.
- This section of the menu permits the user to set a permanent schedule hold, which bypasses the internal thermostat scheduling.
- The permanent schedule hold function is typically used for non-scheduled events that extend for various periods of time.
- Enabling a permanent occupied or permanent unoccupied schedule hold will cancel any active override.
- The use of temporary setpoints during permanent hold is permitted. The duration of the temporary setpoint is as set per the TOccTime parameter. Ex. 3 hours

Use ▲ ▼ to set value, Yes key to confirm

Schedule resume	Resume regular scheduling cancels the permanent hold and re-enables the regular programming as set per internal scheduling or as per remote NSB via one of the DI's configured as remote NSB.
	This action can also by accomplished by using the Resume menu. Any temporary setpoint that are active will be left active for the duration of the period as set per the TOccTime parameter.
Schedule occ hold	Hold permanent occupied forces the thermostat into a permanent occupied mode using the occupied setpoints. All timed scheduling functions are by-passed. The PERMANENT OCCUPIED status will appear in the automatic status scroll. To resume to regular scheduling, user must scroll to the Schedule Hold menu and select the Schedule resume option
Schedule uno hold	Hold permanent unoccupied forces the thermostat into a permanent unoccupied mode using the unoccupied setpoints. All timed scheduling functions are by-passed. The PERMANENT UNOCCUPIED status will appear in the automatic status scroll. To resume to regular scheduling, user must scroll to the Schedule Hold menu and select the Schedule resume option

Installer configuration parameter menu

Configuration can be done through the network or locally at the thermostat.

- To enter configuration, press and hold the middle button (Menu) for 8 seconds
- Press the same middle button repetitively to scroll between all the available parameters
- Use the up and down key to change the parameter to the desired value.
- To acknowledge and save the new value, press the middle button again.
- The next listed parameter is now displayed

Configuration parameters		Significa Default v					Adjustme	ents	
DI 1	Digital inpu	t no.1 configu	ıration		None	, No function	n will be asso	ciated with the	ne input
	energized	act input = fur tact input = fu lue = None		gized	the ir sche time relate	NSB, remote nternal sched duling will no is still display ed to schedul ssible.	uling of the the the the set as predered as inform	hermostat. The digital action, but the	he input. The menu part
					Oper	n contact = o	ccupied setpo	oints	
					Close	ed contacts =	unoccupied	setpoints	
					Disal The cremo in thi this f betw amou temp	OVR Tempololes all override function enablement unoccupant of time second verride status	de menu fun- tion is now co ily closed con nput operate led it is now pi ied & occupie t by paramet ancy time. W	ction of the tlentrolled by a ntact. When a sin a toggle possible to toed setpoints for (TOccTim/hen Override)	nermostat. a manual configured mode. With eggle for the e) e is enabled,
					on the energy Servy display	r, a back-lit flet thermostate gized ice, a back-lies ayed on the tesses as energized	LCD screen t flashing Se hermostat LC	when the inp	out is
DI 2	Digital inpu	t no. 2 config ue = None	uration			e as above. I ve the same		to configure t	ooth inputs
lockout	Keypad loc	kout levels ue = 0 No loc	:k		1 = L	lo lock ow level ligh level			
Level	Resume/ Override scheduling	Permanent Occupied and Unoccupied Setpoints	Temporary setpoints using arrows	mode	stem setting	Fan mode setting	Schedules setting	Clock setting	Permanent hold
	Resume sched Y/N	RoomTemp set Y/N	Up key (▲) Down key (▼)	Sys set	mode Y/N	Fan mode set Y/N	Schedule set Y/N	Clock set Y/N	Schedule hold Y/N
0	Yes access	Yes access	Yes access		access	Yes access	Yes access	Yes access	Yes access
1 2	Yes access No access	No access No access	Yes access No access		access	No access No access	No access No access	Yes access Yes access	No access No access
pwr del	Power-up d			140.6	On ir Vac delay or he multi	nitial power upower supply before any cating). This ple units / the	o of the thern is removed a operation is a can be used ermostat in or	nostat (each & re-applied authorized (fa to sequence	time 24) there is a an, cooling

Frost pr	Frost protection enabled Default value = Off On heat pump models the system mode will be forced to EMERGENCY mode if frost protection is activated	Off: no room frost protection On: room frost protection enabled in all system mode at: 42 °F (5.6 °C) Frost protection is enabled even in system Off mode Off or On
heat max	Maximum heating setpoint limit Default value = 90 °F (32 °C)	Maximum occupied & unoccupied heating setpoint adjustment. Heating setpoint range is: 40 to 90 °F (4.5 to 32.0 °C)
cool min	Minimum cooling setpoint limit Default value = 54 °F (12 °C)	Minimum occupied & unoccupied cooling setpoint adjustment. Cooling setpoint range is: 54 to 100 °F (12.0 to 37.5 °C)
Anticycle	Minimum on/off operation time for stages Default value = 2 minutes Anti-short cycling can be set to 0 minutes for equipment that posses their own anti cycling timer. Do not use that value unless the equipment is equipped with such internal timer. Failure to do so can damage the equipment.	Minimum On/Off operation time of cooling & heating stages. IMPORTANT, anti-short cycling can be set to 0 minutes for equipment that posses their own anti cycling timer. Do not use this value unless the equipment is equipped with such internal timer. Failure to do so can damage the equipment. 0, 1, 2, 3, 4 & 5 minutes
Heat cph	Heating stages cycles per hour Default value = 4 C.P.H. For multi stage models, heat cph applies to W1 & W2 For heat pump models, heat cph applies to W1 only (Emergency heat)	Will set the maximum number of heating stage cycles per hour under normal control operation. It represents the maximum number of cycles that the equipment will turn ON and OFF in one hour. Note that a higher C.P.H will represent a higher accuracy of control at the expense of wearing mechanical components faster. 3, 4, 5, 6,7 & 8 C.P.H.
cool cph	Cooling stages cycles per hour Default value = 4 C.P.H. For multi stage models, cool cph applies to Y1 & Y2 For heat pump models, cool cph applies to Y1 & Y2 in cooling and heating independently of the reversing valve position	Will set the maximum number of cooling stage cycles per hour under normal control operation. It represents the maximum number of cycles that the equipment will turned on and off in one hour. Note that a higher C.P.H will represent a higher accuracy of control at the expense of wearing mechanical components faster. 3 or 4 C.P.H.
Deadband	Minimum deadband Default value = 2.0 °F (1.1 °C)	Minimum deadband value between the heating and cooling setpoints. If modified, it will be applied only when any of the setpoints are modified. 2, 3 or 4 °F (1.0 to 2.0 °C)
fan cont	Fan control Default value = On For multi stage models, fan control applies to W1 & W2 For heat pump models, fan control applies to W1 only (Emergency heat)	Fan control in heating mode. When selecting On ; the thermostat in all cases will always control the fan (terminal G). Valid for On or Auto fan mode When selecting Off ; the fan (terminal G), when heating stages (terminals W1 & W2) are solicited, will not be energized. The fan in this case will be controlled by the equipment fan limit control. Valid only for Auto fan mode. On fan mode will leave the fan always on. On or Off

fan del	Fan delay	Fan delay extends fan operation by 60 seconds
lan dei	Default value = Off	after the call for heating or cooling ends.
	Boldan Value GII	Valid only for Auto fan mode. "On" fan mode will
		leave the fan always on.
		Off or On
Com Addr	Thermostat networking address	Conditional parameter to BACnet MS-TP models
Commun	Default value = 4	(VT76xxX1000B)
	Range is: 0 to 254	Conditional parameter to Wireless models
		(VT76xxX1000W)
	For BACnet MS-TP models valid	This parameter will only appear when a BACnet or
	range to use is from 1 to 127	wireless network adapter is present. If the thermostat is installed as a stand-alone unit or with
	 For wireless models valid range is 0 to 254 with a maximum of 30 	an Echelon adapter, this parameter will not be used
	thermostat per VGG	or displayed
ToccTime	Temporary occupancy time	Temporary occupancy time with occupied mode
1 occ 1 inic	Default value = 3 hours	setpoints when override function is enabled
		When the thermostat is in unoccupied mode,
		function is enabled with either the menu or DI1 or
		DI2 configured as remote override input.
		0,1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11 & 12 hours
cal RS	Room air temperature sensor calibration	Offset that can be added/subtracted to actual
	Default value = 0.0 °F or °C	displayed room temperature
		± 5.0 °F (± 2.5 °C)
cal OS	Outside air temperature sensor	Offset that can be added/subtracted to actual
	calibration	displayed outside air temperature
	Default value = 0.0 °F or °C	± 5.0 °F (± 2.5 °C)
H stage	Number of heating stages. Applicable to	Will revert the operation of 2 stages thermostat to
	2 stage models only	single stage operation only when the second
	Default value = 2 stages	heating step is not needed.
	For heat pump models, H stage is	1 or 2 stages
	limited to 1 stage only (W1 - Aux.	
	Heat)	
C stage	Number of cooling stages	Will revert the operation of 2 stage thermostat to
Or	2 stages model only	single stage operation only when the second
HP stage	Default value = 2 stages	cooling step is not needed.
	For heat pump models, HP stage	1 or 2 stages
	selects the number of compressor	
** 1	stages	Dischlas hasting stage appretion based on sutdoor
H lock	Outside air temperature heating lockout	Disables heating stage operation based on outdoor
	Default value = 120 °F (49 °C)	air temperature. Function will only be enabled if OS (outside air
		temperature sensor) is connected.
		From -15 °F up to 120 °F (-26 °C up to 49 °C)
C lock	Outside air temperature mechanical	Disables cooling stage operation based on outdoor
CIUCK	cooling lockout.	air temperature.
	Default value = -40 °F (-40 °C)	On economizer model, free cooling will not be
	Deliant value = -40 1 (-40 0)	disabled by this function.
		Function will only be enabled if OS (outside air
		temperature sensor) is connected.
		From -40 °F up to 95 °F (-40 °C up to 35 °C)
L		1 1 3 1 4 1 4 1 5 5 5 1 (- 4 0 4 4 1 0 3 0 0)

2/4event	Number of events configuration		up programming for	r the following	
	Default value = 2 event	Event 1 is for Occupied setpoints			
		Event 2 is for Unoccupied setpoints			
		4 events , will set up programming for the following Event 1 is for Occupied setpoints			
			•		
		Event 2 is for Uno			
		Event 3 is for Occ	•		
		Event 4 is for Uno			
aux cont	Auxiliary contact configuration		be used to energize		
	Default value = N.O. normally open		lighting equipment	, exnaust tans,	
		economizers, etc		with the internal	
			operate in parallel v pied schedule of th		
		-	contact if DI1 or DI2		
			n is in OFF mode , t		
		1	ccupied status inde		
		occupied / unocc	•	pendently of the	
		Cocapica / ancec	Contact	Contact	
		Configured	occupied	unoccupied	
		Joining and a	status	status	
		N.O.	Closed	Opened	
		N.C.	opened	Closed	
Prog rec	Progressive recovery enabled	Off, = no progressive recovery		l	
J	Default value = Off	The programmed occupied schedule time is			
		time at which the system will restart.			
	Progressive recovery is automatically	On, = progressive recovery active.			
	disabled if DI 1 and / or DI 2 are				
			•	e time is the	
	configured remote NSB	The programmed	l occupied schedule		
		The programmed time at which the	l occupied schedule desired occupied t	emperature will	
		The programmed time at which the be attained. The	l occupied schedule desired occupied t thermostat will auto	emperature will	
		The programmed time at which the be attained. The optimize the equi	l occupied schedule desired occupied t thermostat will auto pment start time.	emperature will omatically	
		The programmed time at which the be attained. The optimize the equi	l occupied schedule desired occupied t thermostat will auto pment start time. atest a system will	emperature will omatically restart is 10	
		The programmed time at which the be attained. The optimize the equi	l occupied schedule desired occupied t thermostat will auto pment start time.	emperature will omatically restart is 10	
	configured remote NSB	The programmed time at which the be attained. The optimize the equi In any case, the I minutes prior to t	l occupied schedule desired occupied t thermostat will auto pment start time. atest a system will	emperature will omatically restart is 10	
high bo	configured remote NSB Heat Pump r	The programmed time at which the be attained. The optimize the equi In any case, the I minutes prior to t	d occupied schedule desired occupied t thermostat will auto pment start time. atest a system will he occupied period	emperature will omatically restart is 10 time.	
high bp	configured remote NSB Heat Pump r High balance point	The programmed time at which the be attained. The optimize the equius In any case, the I minutes prior to the models only In Heating or Automatical Automatical Structures and the structures are supported by the structure of th	desired occupied thermostat will autopment start time. atest a system will he occupied period	emperature will omatically restart is 10 time.	
high bp	configured remote NSB Heat Pump r	The programmed time at which the be attained. The optimize the equi In any case, the I minutes prior to to the models only In Heating or Aut temperature value.	d occupied schedule desired occupied thermostat will autopment start time. atest a system will he occupied period to mode, it is the oue at which the auxil	emperature will omatically restart is 10 time.	
high bp	Configured remote NSB Heat Pump r High balance point Default value = 90 °F (32.0 °C)	The programmed time at which the be attained. The optimize the equi In any case, the I minutes prior to to the models only In Heating or Aut temperature value cut off. Above the	desired occupied thermostat will autopment start time. atest a system will he occupied period	restart is 10 time. tside air liary heat will be eat pump will be	
high bp	Configured remote NSB Heat Pump r High balance point Default value = 90 °F (32.0 °C) Function will only be enabled if OS	The programmed time at which the be attained. The optimize the equi In any case, the I minutes prior to to the models only In Heating or Aut temperature value cut off. Above the	d occupied schedule desired occupied thermostat will autopment start time. atest a system will he occupied period to mode, it is the oue at which the auxiliat value, only the heating setpoint	emperature will omatically restart is 10 time. tside air liary heat will be eat pump will be	
high bp	Heat Pump r High balance point Default value = 90 °F (32.0 °C) Function will only be enabled if OS (outside air temperature sensor) is	The programmed time at which the be attained. The optimize the equi In any case, the I minutes prior to to the models only In Heating or Auto temperature valuate off. Above the used to maintain 34 to 90 °F (1.0)	d occupied schedule desired occupied thermostat will autopment start time. atest a system will he occupied period to mode, it is the oue at which the auxiliat value, only the heating setpoint	emperature will omatically restart is 10 time. Itside air liary heat will be eat pump will be out	
	Heat Pump r High balance point Default value = 90 °F (32.0 °C) Function will only be enabled if OS (outside air temperature sensor) is connected.	The programmed time at which the be attained. The optimize the equilement of the interest of t	d occupied schedule desired occupied thermostat will autopment start time. atest a system will he occupied period to mode, it is the oue at which the auxiliat value, only the heating setpoint to 32.0 °C)	emperature will omatically restart is 10 time. Itside air liary heat will be eat pump will be at the outside	
	Heat Pump r High balance point Default value = 90 °F (32.0 °C) Function will only be enabled if OS (outside air temperature sensor) is connected. Low balance point	The programmed time at which the be attained. The optimize the equilinary case, the I minutes prior to the models only In Heating or Autitemperature valuated to maintain 34 to 90 °F (1.0 In Heating, Coolinair temperature valuated to maintain 34 to 90 °F (1.0 In Heating, Coolinair temperature valuated to maintain 34 to 90 °F (1.0 In Heating, Coolinair temperature valuated to 90 °F (1.0 In Heating, Coolinair temperature valuated to 90 °F (1.0 In Heating, Coolinair temperature valuated to 90 °F (1.0 In Heating, Coolinair temperature valuated to 90 °F (1.0 In Heating, Coolinair temperature valuated to 90 °F (1.0 In Heating, Coolinair temperature valuated to 90 °F (1.0 In Heating, Coolinair temperature valuated to 90 °F (1.0 In Heating, Coolinair temperature valuated to 90 °F (1.0 In Heating, Coolinair temperature valuated to 90 °F (1.0 In Heating, Coolinair temperature valuated to 90 °F (1.0 In Heating, Coolinair temperature valuated to 90 °F (1.0 In Heating, Coolinair temperature valuated to 90 °F (1.0 In Heating, Coolinair temperature valuated to 90 °F (1.0 In Heating, Coolinair temperature valuated to 90 °F (1.0 In Heating) The 90 °F (1.	d occupied schedule desired occupied to thermostat will autopment start time. atest a system will he occupied period for mode, it is the oute at which the auxiliat value, only the heating setpoint to 32.0 °C) and or Auto mode, it	restart is 10 time. Itside air liary heat will be eat pump will be it is the outside eat pump	
	Heat Pump r High balance point Default value = 90 °F (32.0 °C) Function will only be enabled if OS (outside air temperature sensor) is connected. Low balance point Default value = -12 °F (-24 °C)	The programmed time at which the be attained. The optimize the equilinary case, the I minutes prior to the models only In Heating or Automatemperature valuated to maintain 34 to 90 °F (1.0 In Heating, Coolinair temperature valuatemperature val	desired occupied to thermostat will autopment start time. atest a system will he occupied period to mode, it is the oute at which the auxiliat value, only the heating setpoint to 32.0 °C) Ing or Auto mode, it alue at which the heating setpoint alue at which the heating setpoint to 32.0 °C)	restart is 10 time. Itside air liary heat will be eat pump will be to the time.	
	Heat Pump r High balance point Default value = 90 °F (32.0 °C) Function will only be enabled if OS (outside air temperature sensor) is connected. Low balance point Default value = -12 °F (-24 °C) Function will only be enabled if OS	The programmed time at which the be attained. The optimize the equilinary case, the I minutes prior to the models only In Heating or Automatemperature valuated to maintain 34 to 90 °F (1.0 In Heating, Coolinair temperature valuatemperature val	desired occupied to thermostat will autopment start time. atest a system will he occupied period to mode, it is the oute at which the auxiliat value, only the heating setpoint to 32.0 °C) Ing or Auto mode, it ralue at which the heating setpoint to 31.0 °C) The set of the heating setpoint to 32.0 °C) The set of the heating setpoint to 32.0 °C) The set of the heating setpoint to 32.0 °C) The set of the heating setpoint to 32.0 °C) The set of the set of the heating setpoint to 32.0 °C) The set of	restart is 10 time. Itside air liary heat will be eat pump will be to the time.	

Comf/eco	Comfort or economy mode Default value = Comfort	Sets the operation and interaction mode of the heat pump with the auxiliary heat. Comfort mode. In Heating mode. If the heat pump is not able to satisfy the heating setpoint, the auxiliary heat will be energized to satisfy the same heating setpoint. Economy mode. In Heating mode. If the heat pump is not able to satisfy the heating setpoint, the auxiliary heat will be energized to satisfy only when the temperature has dropped 2.0 °F (1.1 °C) below the heating setpoint. Selecting economy mode will add a deadband between the heatpump & auxiliary heat in heating mode. The actual temperature maintained will be lower than the true heating setpoint to maximize the heat pump operation. When the outdoor air temperature drops below the low balance point, the deadband will be eliminated and the auxiliary heat will maintain the true heating setpoint alone. Economy mode. In Emergency mode. If Emergency heat mode is selected, the setpoint maintained, will be the heating setpoint.
re valve	Reversing valve operation O/B Default value = O	Heat pump reversing valve operation O will energize the valve in cooling operation. B will energize the valve in heating operation O or B
comp/aux	Compressor/auxiliary interlock Default value = Off	Sets the operation and interaction mode of the heat pump with the auxiliary heat. Interlock Off. In Heating mode. If the heat pump is not able to satisfy the heating setpoint, the auxiliary heat will be energized at the same time as the heat pump stage. Typically applies when the air handler heat pump coil is installed before the auxiliary heat. (all electric systems) Interlock On. In Heating mode. If the heat pump is not able to satisfy the heating setpoint, the auxiliary heat will be energized and the heat pump will be cut off. Typically applies when the air handler heat pump coil is installed after the auxiliary heat. (add on systems) There is a 2 minute delay to restart the heat pump, when the auxiliary heat is shut down Off or On

Notes for Heat Pump models:

When the outside air sensor is not connected or is shorted, the thermostat bypasses:

- The heating lockout
- The cooling lockout
- The low balance point
- The high balance point

Heat Pump model when set in Emergency mode bypasses heating lockout and permits auxiliary heating whenever a heating demand occurs.

	Economizer N	lodel only
Chngstpt	Changeover setpoint Default value = 55 °F (13.0 °C)	In Cooling mode. The outside air temperature value at which the cooling will be switched over from mechanical (compressor) to free cooling (economizer) 14 to 70 °F (-10.0 to 21.0 °C)
min pos	Minimum position	Outside air damper minimum position. Will be active only when fan is on (G terminal) and the internal or remote scheduling is in occupied mode. When internal or remote scheduling is in unoccupied mode and/or fan is off, minimum position will be set to 0% 0 to 100 % = 0 to 10 Vdc output range In Cooling mode. Allows the operation of the mechanical cooling if the free cooling (economizer) cannot maintain the cooling setpoint.
		Off Typically applies when the MS (mixed air temperature sensor) is installed after the mechanical cooling refrigeration coils. In this case, mechanical cooling will never operate at the same time as free cooling.
		On Typically applies when the MS (mixed air temperature sensor) is installed before the mechanical cooling refrigeration coils in the mixing plenum. In this case, mechanical cooling is allowed when the free cooling (economizer operation) cannot maintain the cooling setpoint.
		Off or On
mix stpt	Mixed air setpoint Default value = 55 °F (13.0 °C)	Free cooling mixed air setpoint when economizer mode is enabled. 50 to 90 °F (10.0 to 32.0 °C)
MS dis	Display mixed air temperature Economizer model only, only if sensor is installed	Used as diagnostic / service help to troubleshoot and diagnose economizer operation.

	Wirele	ss Model only
PAN ID	Personal Area Network Identification Default value = 0 Range is: 0 to 500	Conditional parameter to Wireless models (VT76xxX1000W) This parameter will only appear when a wireless network adapter is present. If the thermostat is installed as a stand-alone unit or with a BACnet or Echelon adapter, this parameter will not be used or displayed This parameter (Personal Area Network Identification) is used to link specific thermostats to a single specific Viconics wireless gateway (VWG) For every thermostat reporting to a gateway (maximum of 30 thermostats per gateway), be sure you set the SAME PAN ID value both at the gateway and the thermostat(s).
		The default value of 0 is NOT a valid PAN ID. The valid range of available PAN ID is from 1 to 500
Channel	Channel selection Default value = 10 Range is: 10 to 26	Conditional parameter to Wireless models (VT76xxX1000W) This parameter will only appear when a wireless network adapter is present. If the thermostat is installed as a stand-alone unit or with a BACnet or Echelon adapter, this parameter will not be used or displayed This parameter (Channel) is used to link specific thermostats to specific Viconics wireless gateway(s) (VWG) For every thermostat reporting to a gateway (maximum of 30 thermostats per gateway), be sure you set the SAME channel value both at the gateway and the thermostat(s). Viconics recommends using only the 2 last channels (25-2575MHz and 26-2580MHz) The default value of 10 is NOT a valid channel. The valid range of available channel is from 11 to 26
Get From	Thermostat Get From another device configuration utility Default value = 0	Conditional parameter to Wireless models (VT76xxX1000W)
	Range is: 0 to 254	This parameter / function is not currently supported by the wireless thermostats.

Troubleshooting guide All models

Symptom	Possible Cause	Corrective Action
No display on the thermostat	Absent or incorrect supply voltage Overloaded power transformer	1. Check power supply voltage between C & RC to be from 19-30 Vac 2. Check for tripped fuse or circuit breaker Verify that the transformer used is powerful enough (enough VA's) to supply all controlled devices
		including the thermostat
Keyboard menu does not access all functions	Keyboard locked	Change configuration parameter LOCKOUT to value "0" to access all levels of the menu
Temperature setpoints revert to original value after a certain time period	Temporary setpoint option selected	1.The thermostat needs to be in Permanent setpoint mode for the new setpoint to be kept and memory and used all the time 2.Go to the Set temperature menu. 3.The last prompt is setpoint type. Set it to Permanent setpoint
Thermostat will not call for heating	Wrong mode selected Thermostat in Unoccupied	Select heating mode Select Occupied Hold in Schedule hold or Override to
J 333 3	mode	force the thermostat Occupied heating setpoint
	Anticycle delay active	Wait, the anticycling period will end and the equipment will start
	Heating setpoint is satisfied	Raise the Heating setpoint
	Heating lockout attained	1.Mode is locked out based on outside air temperature 2.Change configuration parameter H Lock to value 120 °F (49 °C) to by-pass lockout
	Wiring error	Start the Fan by forcing the Fan ON mode Put a jumper across terminals RH & W1. The heating should come ON. If it does not, verify wiring and check if a jumper is required between RC & RH
Thermostat will not call	Wrong mode selected	Select cooling mode
for cooling	Thermostat in Unoccupied mode	Select Occupied Hold in Schedule hold or Override to force the thermostat Occupied cooling setpoint
	Anticycle delay active	Wait, the anticycling period will end and the equipment will start
	Cooling setpoint is satisfied	Lower the cooling setpoint
	Cooling lockout attained	 1. Mode is locked out based on outside air temperature 2. Change configuration parameter C Lock to value - 40 °F (-40 °C) to by-pass lockout
	Wiring error	1. Start the Fan by forcing the Fan ON mode 2. Put a jumper across terminals RC & Y1. The cooling should come ON. If it does not, verify wiring
The thermostat will not turn on the fan	Wrong mode selected Wiring error	Start the Fan by forcing the Fan ON mode Put a jumper across terminals RC & G. The fan should come ON. If it does not, verify wiring
Digital display shows missing digits or erratic segments	Defective display	Replace thermostat

Troubleshooting guide Heatpump models

Auxiliary heat does not	Wrong mode selected	Select emergency heat mode
operate	Thermostat in Unoccupied	Select Occupied Hold in Schedule hold or Override to
	mode	force the thermostat Occupied heating setpoint
	Anticycle delay active	Wait, the anticycling period will end and the
	, masy one desidy desire	equipment will start
	Heating setpoint is satisfied	Raise the Heating setpoint
	High Balance point attained	1. Mode is locked out based on outside air
		temperature
		2. Change configuration parameter High BP to value
		90 °F (32 °C) to by-pass lockout
	Heating lockout attained	1.Mode is locked out based on outside air
		temperature
		2. Change configuration parameter H Lock to value
		120 °F (49 °C) to by-pass lockout
	Wiring error	Start the Fan by forcing the Fan ON mode
		2. Put a jumper across terminals RH & W1. The
		heating should come ON. If it does not, verify
		wiring and check if a jumper is required between
		RC & RH
Heat pump does not	Wrong mode selected	Select heating mode
operate in heating	ŭ .	
mode		
	Thermostat in Unoccupied	Select Occupied Hold in Schedule hold or Override to
	ma a d a	
	mode	force the thermostat Occupied heating setpoint
	Anticycle delay active	Wait, the anticycling period will end and the
	Anticycle delay active	Wait, the anticycling period will end and the equipment will start
	Anticycle delay active Heating setpoint is satisfied	Wait, the anticycling period will end and the equipment will start Raise the Heating setpoint
	Anticycle delay active	Wait, the anticycling period will end and the equipment will start Raise the Heating setpoint 1.Mode is locked out based on outside air
	Anticycle delay active Heating setpoint is satisfied	Wait, the anticycling period will end and the equipment will start Raise the Heating setpoint 1.Mode is locked out based on outside air temperature
	Anticycle delay active Heating setpoint is satisfied	Wait, the anticycling period will end and the equipment will start Raise the Heating setpoint 1.Mode is locked out based on outside air temperature 2.Change configuration parameter Low BP to value -
	Anticycle delay active Heating setpoint is satisfied Low Balance point attained	Wait, the anticycling period will end and the equipment will start Raise the Heating setpoint 1.Mode is locked out based on outside air temperature 2.Change configuration parameter Low BP to value - 12 °F (-24 °C) to by-pass lockout
	Anticycle delay active Heating setpoint is satisfied	Wait, the anticycling period will end and the equipment will start Raise the Heating setpoint 1.Mode is locked out based on outside air temperature 2.Change configuration parameter Low BP to value - 12 °F (-24 °C) to by-pass lockout 1.Mode is locked out based on outside air
	Anticycle delay active Heating setpoint is satisfied Low Balance point attained	Wait, the anticycling period will end and the equipment will start Raise the Heating setpoint 1. Mode is locked out based on outside air temperature 2. Change configuration parameter Low BP to value - 12 °F (-24 °C) to by-pass lockout 1. Mode is locked out based on outside air temperature
	Anticycle delay active Heating setpoint is satisfied Low Balance point attained	Wait, the anticycling period will end and the equipment will start Raise the Heating setpoint 1.Mode is locked out based on outside air temperature 2.Change configuration parameter Low BP to value - 12 °F (-24 °C) to by-pass lockout 1.Mode is locked out based on outside air temperature 2.Change configuration parameter H Lock to value
	Anticycle delay active Heating setpoint is satisfied Low Balance point attained Heating lockout attained	Wait, the anticycling period will end and the equipment will start Raise the Heating setpoint 1. Mode is locked out based on outside air temperature 2. Change configuration parameter Low BP to value - 12 °F (-24 °C) to by-pass lockout 1. Mode is locked out based on outside air temperature 2. Change configuration parameter H Lock to value 120 °F (49 °C) to by-pass lockout
	Anticycle delay active Heating setpoint is satisfied Low Balance point attained	Wait, the anticycling period will end and the equipment will start Raise the Heating setpoint 1. Mode is locked out based on outside air temperature 2. Change configuration parameter Low BP to value - 12 °F (-24 °C) to by-pass lockout 1. Mode is locked out based on outside air temperature 2. Change configuration parameter H Lock to value 120 °F (49 °C) to by-pass lockout 1. Start the Fan by forcing the Fan ON mode
	Anticycle delay active Heating setpoint is satisfied Low Balance point attained Heating lockout attained	Wait, the anticycling period will end and the equipment will start Raise the Heating setpoint 1. Mode is locked out based on outside air temperature 2. Change configuration parameter Low BP to value - 12 °F (-24 °C) to by-pass lockout 1. Mode is locked out based on outside air temperature 2. Change configuration parameter H Lock to value 120 °F (49 °C) to by-pass lockout 1. Start the Fan by forcing the Fan ON mode 2. Put a jumper across terminals RH & W1. The
	Anticycle delay active Heating setpoint is satisfied Low Balance point attained Heating lockout attained	Wait, the anticycling period will end and the equipment will start Raise the Heating setpoint 1. Mode is locked out based on outside air temperature 2. Change configuration parameter Low BP to value - 12 °F (-24 °C) to by-pass lockout 1. Mode is locked out based on outside air temperature 2. Change configuration parameter H Lock to value 120 °F (49 °C) to by-pass lockout 1. Start the Fan by forcing the Fan ON mode 2. Put a jumper across terminals RH & W1. The heating should come ON. If it does not, verify
	Anticycle delay active Heating setpoint is satisfied Low Balance point attained Heating lockout attained	Wait, the anticycling period will end and the equipment will start Raise the Heating setpoint 1. Mode is locked out based on outside air temperature 2. Change configuration parameter Low BP to value - 12 °F (-24 °C) to by-pass lockout 1. Mode is locked out based on outside air temperature 2. Change configuration parameter H Lock to value 120 °F (49 °C) to by-pass lockout 1. Start the Fan by forcing the Fan ON mode 2. Put a jumper across terminals RH & W1. The heating should come ON. If it does not, verify wiring and check if a jumper is required between
	Anticycle delay active Heating setpoint is satisfied Low Balance point attained Heating lockout attained Wiring error	Wait, the anticycling period will end and the equipment will start Raise the Heating setpoint 1.Mode is locked out based on outside air temperature 2.Change configuration parameter Low BP to value - 12 °F (-24 °C) to by-pass lockout 1.Mode is locked out based on outside air temperature 2.Change configuration parameter H Lock to value 120 °F (49 °C) to by-pass lockout 1.Start the Fan by forcing the Fan ON mode 2.Put a jumper across terminals RH & W1. The heating should come ON. If it does not, verify wiring and check if a jumper is required between RC & RH
	Anticycle delay active Heating setpoint is satisfied Low Balance point attained Heating lockout attained	Wait, the anticycling period will end and the equipment will start Raise the Heating setpoint 1. Mode is locked out based on outside air temperature 2. Change configuration parameter Low BP to value - 12 °F (-24 °C) to by-pass lockout 1. Mode is locked out based on outside air temperature 2. Change configuration parameter H Lock to value 120 °F (49 °C) to by-pass lockout 1. Start the Fan by forcing the Fan ON mode 2. Put a jumper across terminals RH & W1. The heating should come ON. If it does not, verify wiring and check if a jumper is required between RC & RH 1. Wrong selection of parameter Re Valve
	Anticycle delay active Heating setpoint is satisfied Low Balance point attained Heating lockout attained Wiring error	Wait, the anticycling period will end and the equipment will start Raise the Heating setpoint 1.Mode is locked out based on outside air temperature 2.Change configuration parameter Low BP to value - 12 °F (-24 °C) to by-pass lockout 1.Mode is locked out based on outside air temperature 2.Change configuration parameter H Lock to value 120 °F (49 °C) to by-pass lockout 1.Start the Fan by forcing the Fan ON mode 2.Put a jumper across terminals RH & W1. The heating should come ON. If it does not, verify wiring and check if a jumper is required between RC & RH
	Anticycle delay active Heating setpoint is satisfied Low Balance point attained Heating lockout attained Wiring error	Wait, the anticycling period will end and the equipment will start Raise the Heating setpoint 1. Mode is locked out based on outside air temperature 2. Change configuration parameter Low BP to value - 12 °F (-24 °C) to by-pass lockout 1. Mode is locked out based on outside air temperature 2. Change configuration parameter H Lock to value 120 °F (49 °C) to by-pass lockout 1. Start the Fan by forcing the Fan ON mode 2. Put a jumper across terminals RH & W1. The heating should come ON. If it does not, verify wiring and check if a jumper is required between RC & RH 1. Wrong selection of parameter Re Valve 2. Select O will energize the valve in cooling

Thermostat power requirements: 19-30 Vac 50 or 60 Hz; 2 VA (RC & C) Class 2

RC to RH jumper 2.0 Amps 48 VA maximum

Operating conditions: 0 °C to 50 °C (32 °F to 122 °F)

0% to 95% R.H. non-condensing

Storage conditions: -30 °C to 50 °C (-22 °F to 122 °F) 0% to 95% R.H. non-condensing

Sensor: Local 10 K NTC thermistor

Resolution: $\pm 0.1 \,^{\circ}\text{C} \, (\pm 0.2 \,^{\circ}\text{F})$

Control accuracy: ± 0.5 ° C (± 0.9 °F) @ 21 °C (70 °F) typical calibrated

Occupied and unoccupied setpoint range 12.0 to 37.5 °C (54 to 100 °F)

cooling:

Occupied and unoccupied setpoint range 4.5 °C to 32 °C (40 °F to 90 °F)

heating:

Room and outdoor air temperature range -40 °C to 50 °C (-40 °F to 122 °F)

Proportional band for room temperature control: Both outputs: 1.1°C (2.0°F)

Digital inputs: Relay dry contact only across C terminal to DI1 or DI2

Contact output rating: Each relay output: (Y1, Y2, G, W1, W2 & AU)

30 Vac, 1 Amp. maximum 30 Vac, 3 Amp. in-rush

Economizer analog output rating: 0 to 10 Vdc into $2K\Omega$ resistance min.

Economizer analog output accuracy: ± 3% typical

Wire gauge 18 gauge maximum, 22 gauge recommended

Dimensions: 4.94" x 3.38" x 1.13"

Approximate shipping weight: 0.75 lb (0.34 kg)

Agency Approvals all models: UL: UL 873 (US) and CSA C22.2 No. 24 (Canada), File E27734

with CCN XAPX (US) and XAPX7 (Canada) Industry Canada: ICES-003 (Canada)

Agency Approvals Stand-Alone, BACnet & LON

models

CE: EMC Directive 89/336/EEC (Europe Union)

C-Tick: AS/NZS CISPR 22 Compliant (Australia / New Zealand)

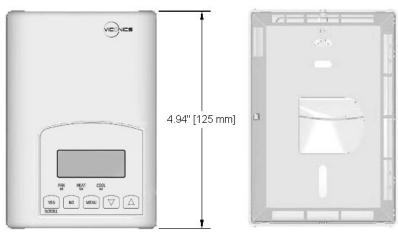
FCC: Compliant to CFR 47, Part 15, Subpart B, Class A (US)

Supplier Code Number N10696

Agency Approvals Wireless models FCC: Compliant to: Part 15, Subpart C

THIS DEVICE COMPLIES WITH PART 15 OF THE FCC RULES. OPERATION IS SUBJECT TO THE FOLLOWING TWO CONDITIONS: (1) THIS DEVICE MAY NOT CAUSE HARMFUL INTERFERENCE, AND (2) THIS DEVICE MUST ACCEPT ANY INTERFERENCE RECEIVED, INCLUDING INTERFERENCE THAT MAY CAUSE UNDESIRED OPERATION.

Drawing & dimensions -



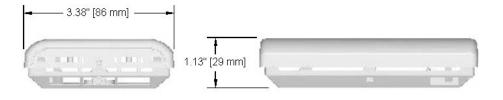


Fig.13 – Thermostat dimensions

Important notice -



All VT7600 series controls are for use as

operating controls only and are not safety devices. These instruments have undergone rigorous tests and verifications prior to shipment to ensure proper and reliable operation in the field. Whenever a control failure could lead to personal injury and/or loss of property, it becomes the responsibility of the user / installer / electrical system designer to incorporate safety devices (such as relays, flow switch, thermal protections, etc...) and/or alarm system to protect the entire system against such catastrophic failures. Tampering of the devices or miss application of the device will void warranty.