# **HERALDRY**

learner below the period of armor. After all, you wouldn't want to accidentally kill a knight that was really your neighbor. Emblems of geometric shapes as well as the more recognizable birds, beasts and symbols were then used to decorate shields. The shield not only offered protection, but identification as well. The shield offers a big, flat surface—perfect for painting a design on. Shields, then, became the medieval version of a driver's license. Though you could not see a knight's face, it was possible to tell the morals



and the way his family acts through identifying the colors and symbols on his shield. Heraldry fully developed not on the battlefield but within the tournaments. The tournaments were like present-day ESPN, where the nobility (or athletes, in our case) competed. Since the peasantry who watched these "games" were unable to read the scoreboards like sports fans do in present-day games, heraldry was developed to identify knights based on their shield design.

# **COLORS**

GOLD	• Wealthy	Generous	
SILVER (WHITE)	• Peaceful	Pure	
BLUE	• Truthful	Loyal	
Green	• Wisdom	Joy	Норе
Red	• Militant	Fortitude	Passionate
Black	• Secretive	Grief	
Purple	• Royal	Dignified	





# **UNICORN**

(PURITY, CHRIST, INNOCENCE)



### **GRIFFIN**

(WISDOM)



### **PHOENIX**

(FULL OF LIFE, SURVIVAL)



### **DRAGON**

(FIERCE OPPONENT)



#### **BOAR**

(STUBBORNNESS, PERSEVERANCE)



#### **STAG**

(PEACEFUL UNTIL PROVOKED)



### **WOLF**

(SOCIAL, HUNTS IN PACKS)



### LION

(CHRIST, BRAVERY)





# **EAGLE**

(NOBLE, POWER, STRENGTH)



### **BEAR**

(PROTECTOR, FAMILY)



#### **DOVE**

(PEACEFUL, PURE)



### **FOX**

(TRICKY OPPONENT)



#### **SWAN**

(MUSICAL, POETIC, ARTISTIC)



### **TORTOISE**

(STEADY, INVULNERABLE)



### **SPIDER**

(HARDWORKING, WISE)



### **GOAT**

(RULE-BREAKER, DEFIANT)

