

Planting your new citrus tree:

1. Prepare a hole that is as deep as the roots of the tree you are planting (no deeper). The hole should be slightly wider than the tree's root mass.
 2. Drench the hole with water mixed with root stimulator.
 3. Lightly rough up the roots of your tree to help the root system adapt to its new location.
 4. Using a mixture of 1/3 soil in pot, 1/3 cow manure compost & 1/3 potting soil plant the tree making sure to fill the soil in around the roots to avoid air pockets.
 5. Drench around the tree with more root stimulator after planting.
 6. Repeat drenching daily for the first week if rain is inadequate. Allow the soil to dry before watering after the first week.
- Do not mulch or let grass grow near the trunk of the tree.
 - Plant the tree in a location that gets at least 50% sun during the day and is well drained.

Fertilizing your citrus tree:

- Always use high quality, slightly nitrogen-heavy or balanced NPK fertilizer
- Fertilize once every 1-2 months during the active growing season (Spring-Summer)
- Do not place fertilizer near the trunk of the tree, but spread around the entire base of the canopy
- Using slow release fertilizer provides the benefit of less frequent use, but common ground or spray fertilizers work just as well with more frequent applications

Spraying your citrus tree for pests:

- **General Pest Control** – Use a Neem Oil spray as needed for the control of scale, whiteflies, aphids, spider mites and leaf miners
- **Fungus Control** – Use a copper fungicide as needed for the control of Greasy Spot and many other funguses
- **Psyllid Control** – Use a systemic product such as Bayer Fruit, Citrus & Vegetable Insect Control for the control and prevention of the Asian citrus psyllid which is responsible for the spreading of citrus greening disease

Always follow the use guidelines as provided by the manufacturer of each product