Product information

Product Name: 2X ReadyGo HS PCR Master Mix

Catalog No: VN610M, VN611M

Packing Size: 500 x 25 µl rxns and 250 x 25 µl rxns

Shipping Condition: Ice pack

Storage Condition: -20^{0}C

Product Description:

2X ReadyGo HS PCR Master Mix is a 2X concentrated solution of hot-start *Taq* DNA polymerases, dNTPs, and all of the components required for PCR, except DNA template and primers. This pre-mixed formulation saves time and reduces contamination due to a reduced number of pipetting steps required for PCR set up. It increases specificity and sensitivity because reducing formation of no specific products and primer dimer. You can set up reactions at room temperature. The mix is optimized for efficient and reproducible PCR.

Protocol:

PCR setting for a 25 µl reaction

Reagent	Volume	Final Concentration
2X ReadyGo HS PCR Master Mix	12.5 µl	1x
Left Primer	Variable	0.2-0.4 µM
Right Primer	Variable	0.2-0.4 µM
DNA Template†	Variable	0.1-100 ng
De-ionized Distilled H_2O	Adjust final volume to 25 µl	-

†DNA amount depends mostly on genome size and target gene copy number.

Typical Cycling Parameters

Initial Denaturation	95^{0}C	2-5 min
25-40 cycles		
Denaturation	94^{0}C	20 to 30 sec
Annealing	50^{0}C to 68^{0}C	20 to 30 sec
Extension	70^{0}C	1-2 min / 1kb target
Final Extension	70^{0}C	5 min
Hold	4^{0}C	

Troubleshooting guide

No PCR products	Please check your PCR settings to ensure that all necessary components are included in the PCR mix. It's also recommended to perform a gradient annealing temperature experiment to determine the optimal temperature for your specific target. This can help to improve PCR efficiency and specificity, resulting in more reliable and consistent results.
The bands in agarose gel are smear	It's important to check for DNA and primer degradation as degraded DNA or primers can also negatively impact the PCR results.
Low yield of products	You can try the following strategies to improve PCR performance: • Conduct an enzyme titration experiment to optimize the enzyme concentration for your specific target. • Increase the extension time to ensure complete amplification of the target DNA. • Try a gradient annealing temperature experiment to identify the optimal annealing temperature for your primers. • Consider redesigning your primers if the amplification is not specific or efficient enough.
Non-specific products are observed	If you are observing non-specific products in your PCR reaction, there are several strategies you can try: • Perform a gradient annealing temperature experiment to identify the optimal temperature for your primers, which can help to reduce non-specific products. • Check the GC content of your target sequence. If it's above 65%, it may be necessary to use our PEC-GC or other PCR enhancers. • Evaluate your primers and redesign them if necessary to improve specificity and reduce non-specific products.

Note: This product is for R&D use only

VitaNavi Technology LLC. 613 Big Bend Rd, Unit 941, Ballwin MO 63021. Toll free (US and Canada): (800) 586-6927; Phone: (314) 499-8280. Fax: (866) 302-5897. Email: support@vitanavitech.com. Website: https://www.vitanavitech.com.