

# Invertig 131 DC/HF Owner's Manual



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### Manufacturer's Warranty

It is expressly agreed that there are no warranties, expressed or implied, made by either the Salesman, Dealer, or HTP America, Inc. on products or parts furnished hereunder, except the Manufacturer's Warranty against defective materials or workmanship as follows:

HTP America, Inc. warrants each new welding machine to be free from defects in material and workmanship under normal use and service for one year after delivery to the original purchaser. HTP America, Inc. will repair and replace, at its factory, any part or parts thereof, products to be returned to HTP America, Inc. with transportation charges prepaid and which its examination shall disclose to its satisfaction to have been thus defective. This warranty being expressly in lieu of all other warranties, expressed or implied, and all other obligations or liabilities on its part and it neither assumes nor authorizes any other person to assume for it any other liability in connection with the sale of its machines.

This warranty shall not apply to any welding machine which has been repaired or altered by unauthorized service departments in any way so as in the judgment of HTP America, Inc. to affect its stability and reliability, nor which has been subjected to misuse, negligence or accident.

HTP America, Inc. shall not be liable in any event, unless HTP America, Inc. receives notice of alleged breach of warranty within not more than 30 days after the discovery, actual or construction alleged breach of warranty specifying the claimed defect.

HTP America, Inc. has reserved the right to make change in design or add any improvements to its products at any time without incurring any obligation to install same on equipment.

This warranty is void unless warranty card is sent to HTP America, Inc. within 15 days from date of purchase.

Note:

Exclusions to Warranty:

- The Tig Welding Torch is warranted for a period of ninety (90) Days against defects in material and workmanship.
- 2. The tungsten, collet, collet body, ceramic nozzles are consumable items, WHICH CARRY NO WARRANTY.

### **Safety Suggestions**

Electric arc welding produces ultra-violet rays, which are harmful to skin and eyes. Ultra-violet radiation can penetrate lightweight clothing, reflect from light colored surfaces, and burn the skin and eyes. Wear flameproof welding gloves which are not oily or greasy. The oil or grease on the gloves may ignite. Wear a heavy, pocket-less; long sleeve shirt, cuffless trousers, and high-topped work shoes. Wear a full-face welding helmet with a number eight or darker lens and a cap. These precautions will protect eyes, hair, face, and skin from arc rays and hot material.

- To avoid fire, do not weld on wood, plastic tile, or carpeted floors. Concrete or masonry floors are safest.
- Do not weld on drums, barrels, tanks or other containers until they have been cleared as described in AWS Standard A6.01.
- Provide adequate ventilation in the welding area at all times. Do not weld on galvanized zinc, cadmium or lead beryllium materials unless POSITIVE sufficient ventilation is provided. These materials produce toxic fumes.
- Do not weld in areas close to degreasing or spraying operations. Chlorinated hydrocarbon vapors may react with the ultra-violet rays and form highly toxic phosgene gas.
- If you develop momentary eye, nose or throat irritation during welding, stop welding immediately. This is an indication that ventilation is not adequate. Do not continue to weld until ventilation is improved.
- Exposed, electrically hot conductors or other bare metal in the welding circuit, or ungrounded electrically hot equipment can fatally shock a person whose body becomes a conductor. Do not stand, sit, lie, lean on or touch a wet surface when welding.
- Frequently inspect cables for wear, cracks, and damage. Replace those with excessively worn insulation to avoid a possible lethal shock from bared cable.

For more information, refer to the following standards and comply as applicable.

- 1. ANSI Standard Z49.1 SAFETY IN WELDING AND CUTTING, obtainable from the American Welding Society, 2051 NW 7th St., Miami, FL 33125.
- ANSI Standard Z87.1 SAFE PRACTICE FOR OCCUPATION AND EDUCATIONAL EYE AND FACE PROTECTION, obtainable from American National Standards Institute, 1430 Broadway, New York, NY 10018.
- 3. America Welding Society Standard A6.0 WELDING AND CUTTING CONTAINERS WHICH HAVE HELD COMBUSTIBLES, obtainable same as item 1.
- 4. NFPA STANDARD 51. OXYGEN-FUEL GAS SYSTEMS FOR WELDING AND CUTTING, obtainable from the National Fire Protection Assoc., 470 Atlantic Avenue, Boston, MA 02210.
- 5. NFPA Standard 51B. CUTTING AND WELDING PROCESSES, obtainable same as item 4.
- CGA PAMPHLET P-1. SAFE HANDLING OF COMPRESSED GASES IN CYLINDERS, obtainable from the Compressed Gas Association, 500 Fifth Avenue, New York, NY 10036.
- 7. OSHA Standard 29 CFR, Part 1910, Subpart Q WELDING, CUTTING AND BRAZING.



Fig 1 - Front Controls

### **Electrical Connection**

Your Invertig 131 DC/HF requires a single-phase 230-volt power supply wired for 16 amps.

Should you remove the plug to install your own plug, the green wire is the ground wire and the white and black wires are the hot leads.

All electrical connections should be performed by a qualified electrician in accordance with the National Electrical Code and local codes and ordinances.

### Front Panel Controls (See Fig. 1)

#### 1) Amperage Adjustment Knob

This knob determines the maximum welding amperage. The amperage on your Invertig 131 DC/HF adjusts from 5 to 130 amps.

When using a remote amperage control, the amperage adjustment knob is used to limit the maximum amperage for your particular welding application. For example, when welding .060" mild steel, I adjusted the amperage knob to 80 amps. This is about 20% more power than I need for welding the .060" steel. When I depress the foot pedal completely, the maximum amperage will now be 80 amps.

Setting the machine so the maximum amperage is 80 amps vs. the maximum output of the machine of 130 amps, the pedal becomes less sensitive. More of a movement in the pedal results in a smaller variance of the amperage, making it easier to control the heat and therefore easier to control your puddle.

### 2) Welding Mode Switch

The welding mode switch allows you to select the welding mode of your Invertig 131 DC/HF.

*A. TIG 2T Mode-* With the torch trigger or foot pedal depressed, your Invertig 131 DC/HF will start the arc. When the trigger is released, the unit will stop. Select this welding mode for operation with the foot pedal or the torch mounted amperage control. This will generally be the most common mode of operation.

*B. TIG 4T Mode* - This is like a lock on trigger on a drill or grinder. This mode is generally used with a TIG torch which has a trigger to start and stop the arc. It is generally not used with a foot pedal or a torch mounted amperage control.

When you depress the trigger on the torch, your Invertig 131 DC/HF provides pre-gas flow for as long as the trigger is depressed. When the trigger is released, it will slope up to the welding amperage that has been selected. When the trigger is depressed again, the welding current will slope down. When the trigger is released, the arc will extinguish, and the post flow will start.

We do not recommend using the 4t mode with either the foot pedal or the torch mounted amperage control.

C. Stick Welding – This mode is used when stick electrode welding. The electrode will always be hot and the gas solenoid will not operate.

### 3) Thermoswitch Indicator Lamp

The thermoswitch indicator lamp will light up yellow when the duty cycle of your Invertig 131 DC/HF has been exceeded. When this lamp is illuminated, the machine will no longer weld because the machine has overheated. Leave the machine plugged in and turned on so the cooling fan can cool the unit down. Allow the machine to cool for 15 to 30 minutes, the thermoswitch should reset automatically and your Invertig will be ready to weld.

### 4) Power Indicator Lamp

This lamp is illuminated green when the On-Off switch on the back of your Invertig 131 DC/HF is turned on.

### 5) Touch Start/HF Switch

When the touch start/HF switch is in the HF position, the arc is initiated by a high frequency pilot arc which allows the arc to start without bringing the tungsten in contact with the work. When the foot pedal is depressed, a high frequency arc will jump from the tungsten to the ground, initiating the arc. This makes it very easy to start the arc.

When the touch start/HF switch is in the "Lift" position, the arc is initiated by touching the tungsten to the work and then lifting it off the work. The lift arc mode allows you to initiate the welding arc without high frequency. This is important in any environment where the high frequency arc will cause interference with sensitive electrical components or computers. A good example of this would be stainless steel repair in hospitals.

To TIG Weld using the touch start mode, simply touch the tungsten to the workpiece, activate the torch trigger or depress the foot pedal and lift off. When the tungsten breaks contact with the work, the arc will start.

### 6) SLOPE DOWN or ARC FORCE

This knob allows you to adjust the slope down time from 0.1 sec to 10 sec where 0 is 0.1 sec and 100 is ten seconds. This is the amount of time it will take for the welding amperage to go from the welding amperage to the final current.

NOTE: If you are using a torch mounted remote amperage control or a foot pedal, it is advisable to set the slope down time to 0, as you are controlling the slope down manually with your remote amperage control or foot pedal. In the stick welding mode, this controls the Arc Force. The arc force is how "hard" or "soft" the arc is. The minimum setting (0) produces a softer arc, while the maximum setting (100) produces a "harder" arc with more "driving" force behind it. The "harder" arc may produce more spatter.

### 7) Positive Output Receptacle

When TIG welding, this is where the ground cable connects to the front of the TIG Adapter. That's right, we said the ground cable. This is called straight polarity, with the torch negative and the work positive.

When Stick Welding Direct Current Electrode Negative (DCEN), the ground cable will be plugged into the positive output receptacle. When Stick Welding Direct Current Electrode Positive (DCEP), the electrode holder will be plugged into the positive output receptacle.

To install a cable into the positive output receptacle, insert the male end of the cable into the positive output receptacle and twist clockwise until snug.

### 8) 3 Pin Trigger Connection

This connection is used with TIG torches, which have on/off triggers on the torch. Your Invertig 131 DC/HF comes standard with a footpedal which has the on/off function built into the pedal, so an on/off trigger on the TIG torch is not necessary. Therefore, this connection is not used.

### 9) Gas Output Connection

This is where you connect the gas fitting from the TIG Torch. The gas output is controlled by the solenoid valve, which is mounted inside the welder

### 10) Negative Output Receptacle

When TIG welding, this is where the TIG Torch connects to your Invertig 131 DC/HF Welder. That's right, we said the TIG Torch. This is called straight polarity, with the torch negative and the work positive. When using your Invertig Welder to TIG weld, all work will be done in straight polarity.

When Stick Welding Direct Current Electrode Negative (DCEN), the optional electrode holder will be plugged into the negative output receptacle. When Stick Welding Direct Current Electrode Positive (DCEP), the ground cable will be plugged into the negative output receptacle

To install a cable into the negative output receptacle, insert the male end of the cable into the negative output receptacle and twist clockwise until snug.



Fig 2 – Rear Panel Controls

### **Rear Panel Controls**

### 1) On-Off Switch

This switch controls the input power to your Invertig 131 DC/HF Welder. 0 is off and 1 is on.

When you turn the machine on, the power indicator lamp (#4) will be illuminated green on the front panel of the welder. This is an indication your Invertig 131 DC/HF is on and ready for use. If both the yellow thermo switch light (#3) and the green power indicator light are on when you first turn the machine on, it is a good indication that you have lost a leg of your 220.

### 2) Gas Connection

Connect the gas hose which is supplied with the machine to the barbed gas connection fitting using the crimp type clamp supplied with your welder. Connect the other end of the hose to the regulator or flowmeter.

### 3) Remote Amperage Connection

This is where you will connect the foot pedal or the hand amperage control. This will allow you to remotely control the amperage of the welder

### Shield Gas

TIG welding requires a shield gas of 100% Argon. A shield gas is used to keep the surrounding atmosphere from coming in contact with the molten weld puddle. The correct flow rate is enough gas to shield the molten weld puddle and protect the tungsten electrode. Any greater flow rate is a waste of shield gas. Usually, the flow rate will be set anywhere between 15 and 30 cubic feet per hour (cfh).



Fig 3 – Flow Gauge and Flow Meter

Use a flow gauge such as HTP Part #12020 or a flow meter such as the HTP Part #12020F which is compatible with Argon cylinders and has a barbed fitting for the delivery hose. Connect the gas hose to the gas fitting at the rear of the machine and to the barbed fitting on the regulator.



Fig 4 – Flow Gauge and 55 Cu ft Gas Bottle

HTP also has available small 60 cubic foot gas bottles (Part #99900), which are ideal for use with your welder. These bottles stand approximately 30" high and weigh less than 40 pounds, making your welder very easy to move around the shop. Be sure to check with your local gas supplier about filling these tanks before ordering.

If you already have a large cylinder, you can fill the small cylinder from the large cylinder using the transfer manifold (HTP Part #99905).

### **Tungsten Electrodes**

HTP recommends the following premium quality tungsten ground to a high quality finish for use with your Invertig 131 DC/HF. All Tungsten is 7" long and can be purchased individually.

2% Thoriated Tungsten (TT2) – red tip – This tungsten is the most common tungsten currently used. Generally used for DC welding of steel and stainless steel. Draw back is it has a low level radiation hazard. Offers good overall performance.

2% Ceriated Tungsten (TC2) – grey tip – 2% Ceriated is an excellent substitute for 2% thoriated tungsten and works excellent with inverter power sources such as your Invertig 131 DC/HF. More popular for thinner materials because it requires less amperage to start. Offers a stable arc.

2% Lanthanated Tungsten (TL2) – blue tip – 2% lanthanated is also an excellent substitute for 2% thoriated tungsten. It offers good arc starting characteristics and longer life than 2% thoriated.



Fig 5 – Tungsten Electrodes

Tungsten Type	Diameter			
	.040"	1/16"	3/32"	1/8"
	(1.0mm)	(1.6mm)	(2.4mm)	(3.2mm)
2% Thoriated	TT2-7040	TT2-7116	TT2-7332	TT2-718
2% Ceriated	TC2-7040	TC2-7116	TC2-7332	TC2-718
2% Lanthanated	TL2-7040	TL2-7116	TL2-7332	TL2-718
Amperage	15-50	50-120	80-150	130-250

The electrode should be sharpened to a point with a fine grinding wheel. If the stone used for sharpening the electrode is not clean, contaminants could lodge in the electrode and dislodge when welding. The grinding wheel used for tungsten electrodes should not be used for any other materials. When grinding the electrode to a point, a 15 to 30 degree angle is desired. The grinding marks should run lengthwise with the point, opposed to in the direction of the diameter.

The HTP Tungsten Sharpener is an excellent tool for precisely sharpening tungsten electrodes without any fear of contamination.



Fig 6 – HTP Tungsten Sharpener

### **General Welding Parameters**

Following are some "rule of thumb" welding parameters, tungsten diameters and amperage settings for welding different thicknesses of steel. Keep in mind these are general settings and the specific application may require more or less power to get the job done.

### Mild Steel

Thickness	Tungsten Diameter	Machine Amperage	Welding Amperage	Filler Diameter
.030"	.040"	50	30-40	.035"
.050"	1/16"	70	45-55	.035"
.062" (1/16")	1/16"	80	55-65	1/16"
.093" (3/32")	1/16"	110	80-90	1/16"
.125" (1/8")	1/16"-3/32"	130	110-120	1/16"
.187" (3/16")*	3/32"	130	130	1/16"

\* May require beveling – depends on joint

### Filler Rod for TIG Welding

HTP offers you high quality filler rods in affordable quantities. All filler rod is packaged in 1lb airtight plastic tubes to keep your filler rod fresh and contaminant free. The tubes are completely re-sealable.

In TIG welding, the filler rod is fed into the molten puddle by hand. The choice of filler rod is extremely important as the rod must correctly match the material and alloy you will be welding. The thickness of the material to be welded determines the diameter of the filler rod.



Fig 7 – Tig Filler Rod

Here are some good rules of thumb to help you select the correct filler metal:

- 1) ER70S-6 is generally used for mild steel welding.
- 2) ER70S-2 is highly recommended for welding 4130 chrome-moly tubing in many applications.
- 3) ER80S-D2 is recommended for welding 4130 chrome-moly tubing if a higher strength, less ductile weld is required. If your weld will be heat treated to obtain optimum strength, then use a filler metal which matches the chemistry of your tubing, which neither 70S-2 nor 80S-D2 wires do.
- Generally speaking, use a 1/16" diameter filler rod for applications where the material is 1/8" and less. Use a 3/32" diameter rod for 1/8" and thicker.

The following Filler Rod is available from HTP in 1 lb. tubes which are tightly sealed to prevent oxidation.

### **Filler Rod**

### Part # Material

308L-035-1	308L Stainless Steel Wire	.035" x 36"
308L-1/16-1	308L Stainless Steel Wire	1/16" x 36"
70S6-1/16-1	ER70S-6 Steel Wire	1/16" x 36"
70S6-3/32-1	ER70S-6 Steel Wire	3/32" x 36"
70S2-1/16-1	ER70S-2 Steel Wire	1/16" x 36"
80SD2-1/16-1	ER80SD-2 Steel Wire	1/16" x 36"

### Quick Set Up

- 1) Welding Mode in 2T for foot pedal.
- 2) Slope down -0
- 3) Touch Start/HF set to HF
- 4) Ground clamp plugged into Positive receptacle
- 5) TIG Torch into Negative receptacle
- 6) 100% Argon Gas Flow to 20 CFH

### TIG Welding with your 131 DC/HF

In order to TIG weld, install TIG welding torch (SR9-12) on the machine. Generally speaking, except for very rare instances, you will TIG weld DCEN, or DC electrode negative. Plug the tig torch into the negative output receptacle (#10) and connect the female gas nut onto the gas outlet (#9) on the front of the machine. Do not use teflon tape or any other sealers, as the threads do not seal the connection. Use 100% argon shielding gas set at approximately 20 cfh. Plug the ground cable into the positive output receptacle (#7).



Fig 8 – Assembly order for Torch Parts



Fig 9 – Tungsten Stickout

#### Setting up the torch

Lets assume we will be welding some .060" mild steel. Selecting a 1/16" 2% Ceriated tungsten, we grind a point on the end of the tungsten (remember always grind the tungsten longitudinally, never radially). Select a 1/16" collet and insert the tungsten so the pointed end of the tungsten comes out through the slit in the collet. Next insert the collet/tungsten assembly into the threaded end of the collet body, so the pointed end of the tungsten comes out through the sized hole of the collet body. (See Fig 8) Thread the assembly into the torch head and tighten the collet body snugly by hand. Install the back cap, but do not tighten at this point. Install a #6 alumina cup on the collet body and tighten snugly by hand. Have the tungsten protruding from 2 to 3 times its diameter from the end of the cup (in this instance 1/8" to 3/16" (See Fig 9). Tighten the back cap.

### Holding the Torch

It is recommended that you use TIG welding gloves like our 25BL gloves. These are thinner than standard welding gloves and will give you a much better "feel" and make it easier to work the filler rod. Grip the torch somewhat like a pencil, as indicated in figure 10. The torch must be positioned almost perpendicular to the work and in such a manner that the tungsten is kept 1/8" to 1/4" off the work. The tungsten should only contact the work when starting the arc. Once the arc is started, the tungsten should never contact the work. Use the edge of your hand and little finger to hold the torch steady.



Fig 10 – Holding the Torch

Set the amperage to about 60 amps on the amperage selector (#6). Connect argon to the machine and set the flow rate to about 20 cfh. Set the welding mode switch (#2) to the 2T position. Set the Touch Start/HF switch to HF. Depress the foot pedal to start the current flow and the shield gas. Pushing the pedal further gives you more amperage, which gives you more heat. Depress the pedal so you get a molten puddle about 3/16" diameter. Initially, just practice moving the tungsten in a straight line, at a constant speed, with a constant bead width, and keeping it a constant distance off the work piece. Remember that Rome wasn't built in a day, so don't expect to master TIG welding in 15 minutes. PRACTICE, PRACTICE, PRACTICE.

Once you have mastered just running a bead in a straight line without adding any filler metal, the next step is to do the same thing but to add filler metal. Dip the filler metal into the molten puddle (do not try to melt the filler metal into the work) and NEVER allow the filler metal to touch the tungsten. If the filler metal comes in contact with the tungsten, or if the tungsten contacts the work, you must stop and sharpen the tungsten. Remember, practice, practice, and practice.

#### **Electrode Selection and Amperage Range**

					Amperage Range											
Electrode	Polarity	Penetration	Position	Diameter	40	50	60	70	80	90	100	110	120	130	140	150
6010	EP	DEEP	ALL	3/32"												
				1/8"												
				5/32												
6011	EP	DEEP	ALL	3/32"												
				1/8"												
				5/32												
6013	EP,EN	LOW	ALL	3/32"												
				1/8"												
				5/32												
7014	EP,EN	MEDIUM	ALL	3/32"												
				1/8"												
				5/32												
7018	EP	LOW	ALL	3/32"												
				1/8"												
				5/32												
7024	EP,EN	LOW	FLAT	3/32"												
				1/8"												
308L	EP	LOW	ALL	3/32"												
				1/8"												
				5/32												

Fig 11–Electrode Selection Guide

To make my life easier, and so I am not always stopping to sharpen tungsten, I keep a package of 10 tungsten of each diameter sharpened in the box. That way, when I need a new tungsten, I can just take a sharp one and put the contaminated one in the box. When I have used them all, I will sharpen them all at once.

Now, once you have practiced laying a bead and adding filler metal, then you can practice welding two pieces of metal together. Start with a butt weld, as this is the easiest. Master this technique before you continue to other joints. Compared to MIG welding, TIG welding is much harder and will require a lot of practice to become proficient.

#### Arc Welding with your Invertig 131 DC/HF

You can arc weld with your Invertig 131 DC/HF if you have purchased the optional electrode holder # 22315-ARCMTS. If you will be welding Electrode Negative (Straight Polarity) insert the electrode holder into the negative output receptacle and the ground cable into the positive output receptacle. If you will be welding Electrode Positive (Reverse Polarity) insert the electrode holder into the positive output receptacle and the ground cable into the negative output receptacle and the ground cable into the negative output receptacle and the ground cable into the negative output receptacle.

Make sure material you are welding is clean, and attach the ground cable to the workpiece. Select the correct rod type, diameter and amperage for your application. (See Fig 11)

To strike the arc, drag the electrode across the work as if you were trying to strike a match. Lift the electrode off the work slightly. If the electrode sticks to the work, give it a sharp twist to break it free. If the arc goes out after it has started, you have lifted the electrode too high off the work. Try to incline the electrode at a 10 deg to 30 deg angle from perpendicular in the direction of motion.

Set the arc force to a setting which you find fits your particular welding application.

## **Pyrex Parts**

### **Pyrex Cup Kits**

Nothing makes welding easier than being able to see what you are doing. HTP's Pyrex Cup kits do just that! The clear Pyrex cup gives you unparalleled visibility of the arc and work. The Pyrex Cup kit also comes standard with our special gas saver gas lens kit. This unique system saves gas while at the same time providing better gas coverage with a more even and uniform gas flow. Eliminates gas turbulence which can cause weld quality problems. Pyrex cup kits are available to fit all standard torches. There is even a special large diameter kit available for welding titanium.





Pyrex-Big Parts

### Large Diameter Pyrex Cup Kits

			Tungsten Diameter					
Illus #	Description	0.040"	1/16"	3/32"	1/8"	Price		
9 and 20 Serie	es Tig Torches							
1	Heat Shield	2HSGSLD	2HSGSLD	2HSGSLD	2HSGSLD			
2	Wedge Collet	PYR20C040	PYR20C116	PYR20C332	PYR20C18			
3	Collet Body	PYR20LDCB	PYR20LDCB	PYR20LDCB	PYR20LDCB			
4	Tungsten Adapter	PYR040TA-LD	PYR116TA-LD	PYR332TA-LD	PYR18TA-LD			
5	Pyrex Cup	PYR20LD	PYR20LD	PYR20LD	PYR20LD			
	Complete Kit	PYREX20LD-040	PYREX20LD-116	PYREX20LD-332	PYREX20LD-18			
17, 18, and 26	Series Tig Torches							
1	Heat Shield	4HSGSLD	4HSGSLD	4HSGSLD	4HSGSLD			
2	Wedge Collet	PYR17SC040	PYR17SC116	PYR17SC332	PYR17SC18			
3	Collet Body	PYR17LDCB	PYR17LDCB	PYR17LDCB	PYR17LDCB			
4	Tungsten Adapter	PYR040TA-LD	PYR116TA-LD	PYR332TA-LD	PYR18TA-LD			
5	Pyrex Cup	PYR17LD	PYR17LD	PYR17LD	PYR17LD			
	Complete Kit	PYREX17LD-040	PYREX17LD-116	PYREX17LD-332	PYREX17LD-18			





### **Pyrex Cup Parts**

			Tungsten Diameter				
Description	0.040"	1/16"	3/32"	1/8"	Price		
) Tig Torches							
Pyrex Cup	PYR8S	PYR8S	PYR8S	PYR8S			
Tungsten Adapter	PYR040TA	PYR116TA	PYR332TA	PYR18TA			
Collet Body	PYR20CB	PYR20CB	PYR20CB	PYR20CB			
Wedge Collet	PYR20C040	PYR20C116	PYR20C332	PYR20C18			
Heat Shield	2HSGS	2HSGS	2HSGS	2HSGS			
Complete Kit	PYREX20-040	PYREX20-1/16	PYREX20-3/32	PYREX20-1/8			
nd Series 26 Tig Torches							
guration							
Pyrex Cup	PYR8S	PYR8S	PYR8S	PYR8S			
Tungsten Adapter	PYR040TA	PYR116TA	PYR332TA	PYR18TA			
Collet Body	PYR17SCB	PYR17SCB	PYR17SCB	PYR17SCB			
Wedge Collet	PYR17SC040	PYR17SC116	PYR17SC332	PYR17SC18			
Heat Shield	3HSGS	3HSGS	3HSGS	3HSGS			
Complete Kit	PYREX17S-040	PYREX17S-1/16	PYREX17S-3/32	2 PYREX17S-1/8			
nfiguration							
Pyrex Cup	PYR8L	PYR8L	PYR8L	PYR8L			
Tungsten Adapter	PYR040TA	PYR116TA	PYR332TA	PYR18TA			
Collet Body	PYR17LCB	PYR17LCB	PYR17LCB	PYR17LCB			
Wedge Collet	PYR17LC040	PYR17LC116	PYR17LC332	PYR17LC18			
Heat Shield	3HSGS	3HSGS	3HSGS	3HSGS			
Complete Kit	PYREX17-040	PYREX17-1/16	PYREX17-3/32	PYREX17-1/8			
	Description   Tig Torches   Pyrex Cup   Tungsten Adapter   Collet Body   Wedge Collet   Heat Shield   Complete Kit   nd Series 26 Tig Torches   guration   Pyrex Cup   Tungsten Adapter   Collet Body   Wedge Collet   Heat Shield   Collet Body   Wedge Collet   Heat Shield   Complete Kit   Offiguration   Pyrex Cup   Tungsten Adapter   Collet Body   Wedge Collet   Heat Shield   Complete Kit	Description0.040"O Tig TorchesPyrex CupPYR8SPyrex CupPYR8STungsten AdapterPYR040TACollet BodyPYR20CBWedge ColletPYR20C040Heat Shield2HSGSComplete KitPYREX20-040nd Series 26 Tig TorchesPYR040TAgurationPYR8STungsten AdapterPYR040TACollet BodyPYR17SCBWedge ColletPYR17SC040Heat Shield3HSGSComplete KitPYREX17S-040figurationPyrex CupPyrex CupPYR8LTungsten AdapterPYR040TACollet BodyPYR17LCBWedge ColletPYR17LCBWedge ColletPYR17LC040Heat Shield3HSGSComplete KitPYR17LC040Heat Shield3HSGSComplete KitPYR17LC040Heat Shield3HSGSComplete KitPYR17LC040Heat Shield3HSGSComplete KitPYREX17-040	Description0.040"1/16"Tig TorchesPyrex CupPYR8SPYR8SPyrex CupPYR8SPYR8STungsten AdapterPYR040TAPYR116TACollet BodyPYR20CBPYR20CBWedge ColletPYR20C040PYR20C116Heat Shield2HSGS2HSGSComplete KitPYREX20-040PYREX20-1/16nd Series 26 Tig TorchesgurationPyrex CupPYR8SPyrex CupPYR040TAPYR116TACollet BodyPYR17SCBPYR17SCBWedge ColletPYR17SC040PYR17SC116Heat Shield3HSGS3HSGSComplete KitPYR8LPYR8LfigurationPYR8LPYR8Lfungsten AdapterPYR040TAPYR116TACollet BodyPYR17LCBPYR116TAKedge ColletPYR8LPYR8LMedge ColletPYR040TAPYR116TACollet BodyPYR17LCBPYR116TAKedge ColletPYR17LC040PYR17LC16Heat Shield3HSGS3HSGSComplete KitPYR17LC040PYR17LC116Heat Shield3HSGS3HSGSComplete KitPYREX17-040PYREX17-1/16	Description0.040"1/16"3/32"PTig TorchesPyrex CupPYR8SPYR8SPYR8SPyrex CupPYR040TAPYR116TAPYR332TACollet BodyPYR20CBPYR20CBPYR20CBWedge ColletPYR20C040PYR20C116PYR20C332Heat Shield2HSGS2HSGS2HSGSComplete KitPYREX20-040PYREX20-1/16PYREX20-3/32md Series 26 Tig TorchesyurationPyrex CupPYR8SPYR8SPYR8STungsten AdapterPYR040TAPYR116TAPYR332TACollet BodyPYR17SCBPYR17SCBPYR17SCBWedge ColletPYR17SC040PYR17SC116PYR17SC332Heat Shield3HSGS3HSGS3HSGSComplete KitPYR8LPYR8LPYR8LPyrex CupPYR8LPYR8LPYR32TArfigurationPyrex CupPYR8LPYR116TAPYR332TACollet BodyPYR17LCBPYR17LCBPYR17LCBPyrex CupPYR8LPYR8LPYR8LTungsten AdapterPYR040TAPYR116TAPYR332TACollet BodyPYR17LCBPYR17LCBPYR17LCBWedge ColletPYR17LC040PYR17LC16PYR17LC332Heat Shield3HSGS3HSGS3HSGSComplete KitPYREX17-040PYREX17-1/16PYREX17-3/32	Tungsten DiameterDescription0.040"1/16"3/32"1/8"PTig TorchesPYRPYRSPYR8SPYR8SPYR8SPyrex CupPYR8SPYR8SPYR8SPYR8SPYR18TACollet BodyPYR20CBPYR20CBPYR20CBPYR20CBPYR20CBWedge ColletPYR20C040PYR20C16PYR20C332PYR20C18Heat Shield2HSGS2HSGS2HSGS2HSGScomplete KitPYREX20-040PYREX20-1/16PYREX20-3/32PYREX20-1/8nd Series 26 Tig Torches </td		

### **Flex Neck Tig Torch**

Need to change the angle of your Tig torch to get into that tight area? Trouble is, with a standard Tig torch you can't. Well, HTP has the answer: our Flex Neck Tig Torch. This unique torch lets you bend the end of your Tig torch into virtually any position, allowing you quick, easy access to practically any tight, cramped or out-of-the-way spot. Imagine how much easier your welding will be!





Swivelhead

