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Analytical Report

Title	Volatile Organic Compounds Profile by GC-MS in "Dragonberry Kiwi" E-liquid
Report No.	SE-36406b
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Quote No.	
Requester	Raffy Tasmajian The Clean Vape

Specific Aim:

Determine if Acetoin, Diacetyl or Acetylpropionyl are present in submitted material.

Background of the matter

Diacetyl (2,3-butanedione, CAS 431-03-8) is a volatile liquid with intense buttery flavor occurring naturally in dairy and fermented foods. It is extensively used as a flavoring agent to impart a buttery flavor.

Acetoin (3-Hydroxy-2-butanone, CAS 513-86-0), Acetylpropionyl (2,3-Pentadione, CAS 600-14-6) are related compounds with somewhat similar custard flavor also used as flavoring agents.

These compounds find use in flavoring compositions designed to impart certain flavors to foodstuffs. They are also common products of fermentation and present in beers, wines and dairy products albeit in low (tens of ppb) levels. When inhaled, these compounds are believed to have deleterious effect on lung function and cause a serious lung disease. Thus it is imperative that no flavoring composition designed to be inhaled has any of the target compounds.

Samples

Sample arrived as viscous liquid with characteristic odor labeled as "Dragonberry Kiwi". 5 ml of submitted material was placed in 40 ml headspace collection vials. Each vial was held at 60C for 4 hours before headspace sampling. Volatile compounds were extracted out of headspace with Carboxen/Polydimethylsiloxane SPME fiber followed by desorption into the GC injector splitless. Extraction time was 30 min for each sample

Experimental:

1. GC conditions:

Injector temperature:	250 C
Initial oven temperature:	0 C
Ramp I	20 C/min
Final temperature I	40 C
Ramp II	10 C/min
Final temperature II	220 C
2. MS parameters

Ionization and ion polarity	EI+
Scan rate	2 scans/sec
Mass range	35-300 Da
Ion source temperature	150
Transfer line temperature	220C
3. GC-MS analysis. Waters/Micromass Quatro GC mass spectrometer interfaced to a Thermo Electron Trace gas chromatograph was utilized for the analysis. 30M 0.25 mm ID DB-WAX column was used to separate components. Carrier gas was helium at 1.1 ml/min splitless.
4. Data treatment.

Methylethylketone (MEK) was used as an internal standard. Limit of quantification for each of the target compounds was no lower than 50 ppb (0.05 ppm or 50 ng/ml).

Results:

The GC-MS chromatogram is shown in Appendix I. Arrows designate retention times (RT) for diacetyl, acetylpropionyl and acetoin elution (5.3, 6.4 and 9.8 min respectively) out of the GC column. Target compounds were not detected¹.

1 If present, their levels < 0.05 ppm

Appendix I." Dragonberry Kiwi" E-liquid GC-MS profile

dragonberry_kiwi 10 ppm MEK
070715_dragonberry_kiwi

Scan E1+
TIC
1.49e9

