RADIATING LOOP ANTENNA & SENSOR SET LAS 6100

USER MANUAL

AMETEK®
COMPLIANCE TEST SOLUTIONS

TESEQ / AMETEK®

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USER MANUAL

CONTENT

PICTURES

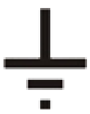
TABLES

1. SAFETY ADVICE

Observe all precautions to assure your personal safety. Read the user manual carefully. Pay special attention to safety and operation details!

1.1. Safety and warning symbols

Please take note of the following explanations of the symbols used in order to achieve the optimum benefit from this manual and to ensure safety during operation of the equipment.

		This symbol warns of a potential risk of shock hazard. Use standard safety precautions to avoid personal contact with these voltages.
		This symbol indicates where a caution is required. Refer to the operating instructions located in the manual in order to protect against personal injury or damage the equipment. It calls attention to a procedure, practice or condition which, if not followed, could possibly cause damage to equipment. Such damage may invalidate the warranty. Do not proceed until its conditions are fully understood and met.
		This symbol indicates non-ionizing radiation. Non-ionizing radiation may pose a health hazard to operators. Protective measures such as switching off the RF before entering the Faraday cage, level limitation and/or spatial distance are common measures.
		This symbol indicates access of persons with pacemakers prohibited.
		This symbol indicates the ground terminal.
		This symbol indicates the protective earth terminal.

1.2. Safety Aspects

These operating instructions form an integral part of the equipment and must be available to the operating personnel at all times. The user must obey all safety instructions and warnings.
Neither AMETEK CTS Europe GmbH nor any of its subsidiary sales organizations can accept any responsibility for personal, material or consequential injury, loss or damage that results from improper use of the equipment and accessories.

WARNING

Improper or careless handling can be fatal!
Use of the generator is restricted to authorized and trained specialists

1.3. Connection to the mains and PE

- Before switching on the device, check whether the selected voltage matches the supply voltage. The position of the voltage selector must correspond with the mains. If you change the mains voltage, replace the fuses according the recommended value.
- A proper protective earth connection through the connector of the power cord is essential for safe operation.
- High leakage currents can cause the residual current circuit breaker of the mains to trip. In this case, the use of an isolating transformer is required.
- Handle the power cord carefully. Hold the plug when unplugging the cord.
- Never use the product if the power cord or the plug is damaged.
- Use only power cords and connector specified for your product.
- Do not abuse the cord. Never use the cord for carrying, pulling or unplugging the unit. Keep cord away from heat, oil, sharp edges or moving parts.
- Prevent the device from being switched on or energized unintentionally. Make sure that the switch is in the off position before connecting the device to the mains.
- Disconnect the power plug if you are not going to use the device for a long period of time.

1.4. Connections to other ports with dangerous voltages (AE, EUT, RF port ...)

- Only use the connection cables and plugs specified for your product which enable safe working. They must comply with the required classification and have suitable voltage and current ratings for the application. .
- Handle the connection cable carefully. Hold the plug when unplugging the cable.
- Never use the product if the connection cable or plug is damaged.
- Avoid touching conductive parts unless they have been de-energized by suitable means and secured against being switched on again for the period of handling. Industrial connectors often have insufficient protection against electric shock due to their application.

1.5. Connection to the ground plane or Faraday cage

- Remove the protective foil from under the device and adapter housing to ensure good electrical contact.
- Light equipment should be weighted down, clamped to the base plate or other measures should be taken to ensure good electrical contact over a wide surface area and on a permanent basis.

- Connect the device with the ground plane before using.
- The operation without a second, only with a tool removable earth leakage connection is prohibited.
- Check the ground connection at regular intervals.

- Ensure that a reliable return path for the interference current is provided between the equipment under test (EUT) and the generator. The reference ground plane and the earth connections to the instrument as described in the relevant test standard serve this purpose well.

1.6. Disconnection from the mains, PE, ground and control devices

- Always set the power switch to the “Off” position and wait few seconds before disconnecting the power cord.
- Disconnect the power cord and all connection cords when moving the unit.

1.7. Use proper fuses

- To avoid fire hazard, use only fuses as specified in the parts listing for your product - matching type, voltage and current rating.

1.8. Risk of electric shock

WARNING

- To reduce the risk of electric shock, do not remove parts from the housing.
- There are no user serviceable parts inside the unit. Certain parts inside the instrument work at mains voltage or at high frequency and are not provided with any protection against being touched.
- Only approved accessory items, connectors, adapters, etc. are to be used to ensure safe operation.

WARNING

- Not all lines, especially EUT supply lines, inside the device are protected by a fuse. Therefore, the user must implement the protection of the device against short-circuits by means of suitable fuses / circuit breakers.
- Avoid an overload by taking suitable precautions.
- In the event of a fault, dangerous and unexpected voltages may occur. Avoid touching conductive parts unless they have been de-energized by suitable means and secured against being switched on again for the period of handling.

1.9. Operating Environment

- Operate the equipment only in dry surroundings. Allow any condensation that occurs to evaporate before putting the instrument into operation. Do not exceed the permissible ambient temperature, humidity or altitude above sea level. Operate the unit not in explosive surroundings.
- No objects filled with liquids, such as coffee cups, shall be placed on the unit.
- Do not insert foreign objects in the ventilation holes.
- Do not obstruct the ventilation holes (also on the underside). Ventilation should not be impeded by covering the ventilation openings with items or other equipment.
- Avoid high temperatures. Allow for sufficient heat dispersion when installed in a rack. Do not place the product on radiators or fan heaters. The ambient temperature must not exceed the maximum specified temperature of this product.
- Keep the test area clean and well lit. Cluttered or dark areas invite accidents.

1.10. Test execution

- Check once again that all connections are proper including the ground and protective earth.
- Remove any adjusting key or wrench before switching on or energizing the device.
- The test area must be organized that no unauthorized persons have access during execution of a test.
- Operating the product requires special training and intense concentration. Make certain that persons who use the products are physically, mentally and emotionally fit enough to operate the products; otherwise injuries or material damage may occur.
- EUTs together with all accessories and cables are to be regarded as being live during the execution of a test.
- The safety instructions concerning all the instruments and associated equipment involved in the test setup are to be observed.
- The configuration of the test setup is to be strictly in compliance with the methods described in the relevant standard to ensure that the test is executed in a compliant manner.
- Working with high voltages alone is dangerous and prohibited by law.
- The high voltages must be switched off when nobody is present.

1.11. Dangers concerning the generator

- Local regulations for the protection of radio services must be observed. The interference generated by the generator can cause both conducted and radiated interference.
- If the radiated energy exceeds the permissible level, a shielded chamber with filtering of the supply lines or similar must be used. Decisive for the measures are the used levels, the geometry of the setup, the frequency range and the distance to the neighbor.
- Depending on the level used, the effectiveness of the connected antenna, TEM cell or similar, fields can be generated using appropriate power amplifiers, from which the operating personnel must be protected by suitable measures.
- Localized burning, arcing or ignition of explosive gases.
- Disruption of unrelated electronic, telecommunications or navigational installations or heart pacemakers through intentional and unintentional radiation of RF energy.

WARNING

Persons fitted with a heart pacemaker must not operate the instrument nor approach the test setup while it is in operation.

1.12. Dangers concerning the EUT

- EUTs are frequently simply functional samples that have not previously been subjected to any safety tests. Therefore, in some cases, the EUT is quickly damaged through internal overloads caused by the control electronics being disrupted. The EUT may even begin to burn.
- As soon as the EUT shows signs of damage the test should be stopped and the equipment under test should be switched off.
- Possible erroneous behavior by the EUT for example, a robotic device may misbehave, or a temperature regulator may fail.
- Even when power is off, capacitors may retain an electrical charge.

1.13. Applicable safety standards

- Development and manufacture of the instrument complies with ISO 9001.
- The equipment conforms with the essential requirements of the Low Voltage Directive (LVD) 2014/35/EU based on DIN EN 61010-1.

1.14. Intended use

WARNING

The purpose of this instrument is the coupling of defined interferences signals for EMI immunity testing. Depending on the test stand layout, configuration, wiring, and the characteristics of the EUT itself, a significant amount of electromagnetic radiation may be generated that can affect people as well as other equipment and systems. Likewise, this device can be used to decouple interfering signals for emission measurements.

The device is designed for operation in industrial as well as home environment. For the intended operation, electromagnetic fields are generated by the connection of coupling devices (antennas, clamps, CDN etc.) or by the injection on lines. The operator, persons in the vicinity and the environment must be protected by suitable measures, e.g. Faraday cage.

1.15. Warranty Terms

AMETEK CTS provides this written warranty covering the product stated above, and if the buyer discovers and notifies AMETEK CTS in writing of any defect in material or workmanship within the applicable warranty period stated above, then AMETEK CTS may, at its option: repair or replace the product; or issue a credit note for the defective product; or provide the buyer with replacement parts for the product.

The buyer will, at its expense, return the defective product or parts thereof to AMETEK CTS in accordance with the return procedure specified below. AMETEK CTS will, at its expense, deliver the repaired or replaced product or parts to the buyer. Any warranty of AMETEK CTS will not apply if the buyer is in default under the purchase order agreement or where the product or any part thereof:

- is damaged by misuse, accident, negligence or failure to maintain the same as specified or required by AMETEK CTS;
- is damaged by modifications, alterations or attachments thereto which are not authorized by AMETEK CTS;
- is installed or operated contrary to the instructions of AMETEK CTS;
- is opened, modified or disassembled in any way without AMETEK CTS's consent; or
- is used in combination with items, articles or materials not authorized by AMETEK CTS.

The buyer may not assert any claim that the products are not in conformity with any warranty until the buyer has made all payments to AMETEK CTS provided for in the purchase order agreement.

1.16. Prohibition of unauthorized conversions and modifications

The user is not entitled to the device to perform its own modifications and adaptations. Modifying parts on the generator by unauthorized persons will void the warranty of the device and the correct functioning cannot be guaranteed.

1.17. Specific accessories required for safety reason

Only use accessories approved by AMETEK CTS for these generators and intended as accessories for these devices. Measuring instruments for the measurement of instrument parameters shall be designed for the maximum voltage and current from the generator. Otherwise safety cannot be guaranteed.

1.18. Procedure in case of hazard

If a hazard could exist due to an unintended condition of the device, the following procedure is recommended: Disconnect the device- and EUT power supplies from the power supply and ensure that the device is always earthed via the supply lines or a different ground connection. Wait at least 15 minutes and ground all outputs via a 10 kΩ, 15 W resistor. Call an AMETEK service center.

2. UNPACKING, STORAGE AND TRANSPORT

2.1. General

Save all packing materials! They will be needed in order to safely package the equipment for calibration service or repair.

Packaging materials

- Carton: Cardboard
- Padding: CFC-free polystyrene foam
- Plastic bags: Polyethylene

▶ Avoid the risk of condensation!

If a large temperature difference has occurred, allow time for the temperature to stabilize. This may take several hours.

2.2. Storage and transport

▶ Do not stack, either packaged or unpacked.
▶ Do not stand on end; arrows on the packaging must always point upwards.
▶ Protect from dampness, heat, cold and rain.
▶ Do not throw.
▶ Do not sit or stand on the instrument and packaging.

2.3. Unpacking

- Is the packaging damaged? If YES ☎ transportation company
- Are all the packages present and correct? If NO ☎ transportation company
- Open the packaging, remove the accessories.
- Grip the instrument at the sides and lift it from the packaging.
- Are the instrument or accessories damaged? If YES ☎ transportation company
- Are the contents of the package complete? If NO ☎ Teseq sales office
- Keep the instruction manual with the instrument.
- Keep the packaging.

2.4. Scope of delivery

RLA 6100-3 (radiating loop antenna),
Spacer,
Radiation area panel (80 mm x 80 mm plate),
TPF 6100 (tripod fixture),
FSL 6040-1 (field sensing loop antenna),
ANP 4039 (matching network for 13.56 MHz),
CHA 9580 (N(m)-BNC(m), 2 m, RG223),
RF cable (BNC(m)-BNC(m), 1 m, RG58),
LE 271 (SHV(f)-BNC(m), 1 m, RG58),
N-BNC adaptor,
ISO 17025 traceable calibration certificate (scope of calibration FSL 6040-1)
User manual

The cables CHA 9580 (N(m)-BNC(m), 2 m, RG223), RF cable (BNC(m)-BNC(m), 1 m, RG58), LE 271 (SHV(f)-BNC(m), 1 m, RG58) are behind the foam insert in the lid of the transport case.

3. APPLICATION AND STANDARD REQUIREMENTS

The Loop Antenna Set LAS 6100 is designed to generate and verify magnetic fields in close proximity to test the immunity of electrical equipment exposed to RF fields as required by the IEC 61000-4-39 and IEC 60601-1-2.

The LAS 6100 antenna set consists of a radiating loop antenna RLA 6100-3 and field sensor loop FSL 6040-1. It guarantees the required distance of 50 mm needed to comply with the standard requirements.

FSL 6040-1 field loop sensor with a diameter of 40 mm, offers electrostatic shielding. The correction factor is also provided with the FSL 6040-1.

The LAS 6100 set includes the ANP 4039 adaptor to allow more field strength at 13.56 MHz, as required by IEC 60601-1-2.

3.1. Test level setting for the whole frequency range

For the operation of the Loop Antenna Set LAS 6100, the correct test level must be performed in the setup shown below before the actual test.

1. Connect the amplifier output via the RF cable CHA 9580 to the transmitting antenna.
2. Move the receiving antenna to the 5 cm distance from the transmit antenna using the spacer.
3. Connect the receiving antenna with the BNC cable to the power meter. In case of NSG 4070 it is power meter channel 1.
4. Configure the test parameters in the software. Avoid damaging the power meters by calculating the expected levels beforehand. Use attenuators if necessary. Use the valid correction factors for the receiving antenna.
5. Perform the test level setting procedure save the result.

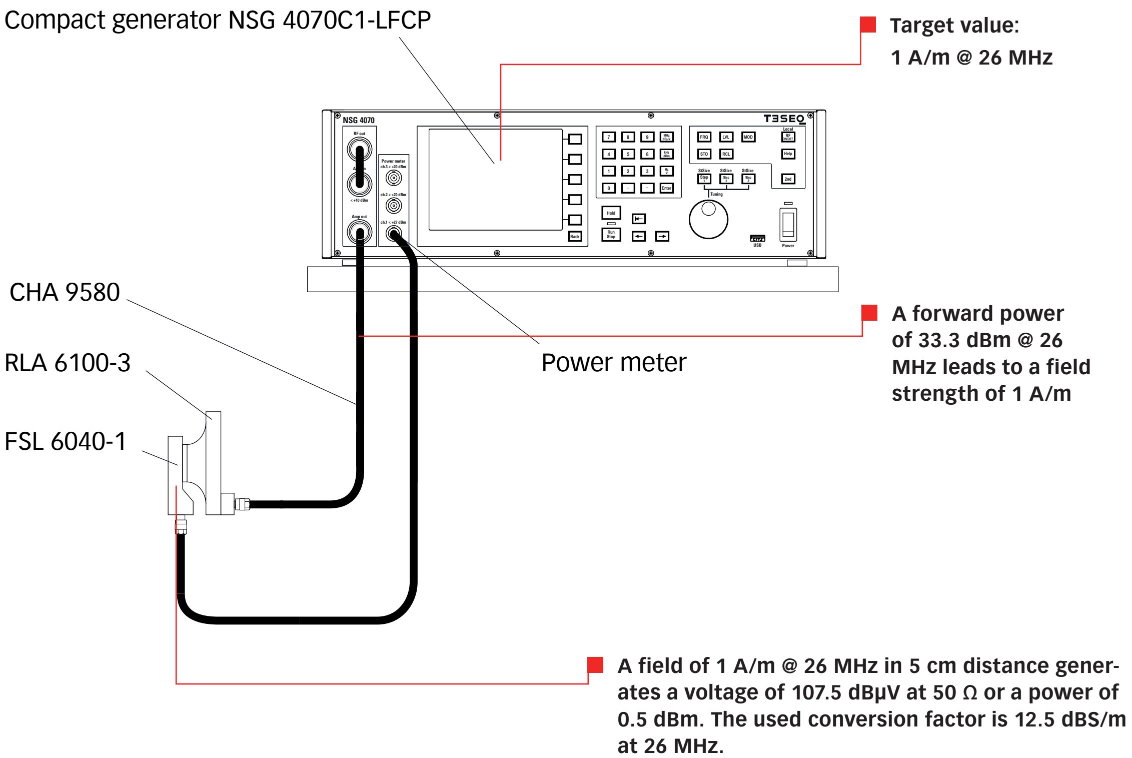


Figure 1: Set up example for test level setting for the whole frequency range

3.2. Test level setting for the frequency 13.56 MHz with ANP 4039

For the operation of the Loop Antenna Set LAS 6100, the correct test level must be performed in the setup shown below before the actual test.

1. Connect the amplifier output via the RF cable CHA 9580 and N-BNC adaptor to the ANP 4039 input.
2. Connect the ANP 4039 with the special cable LE 271 to the transmitting antenna RAL 6100-3. The connection between ANP 4039 and RAL 6100-3 cannot be extended. Lengthening the INA 271 cable will destroy the positive effect of ANP 4039.
3. Move the receiving antenna to the 5 cm distance from the transmit antenna using the spacer.
4. Connect the receiving antenna with the BNC cable to the power meter. In case of NSG 4070 it is power meter channel 1.
5. Configure the test parameters in the software. Avoid damaging the power meters by calculating the expected levels beforehand. Use attenuators if necessary. Use the valid correction factors for the receiving antenna.
6. Perform the test level setting procedure save the result.

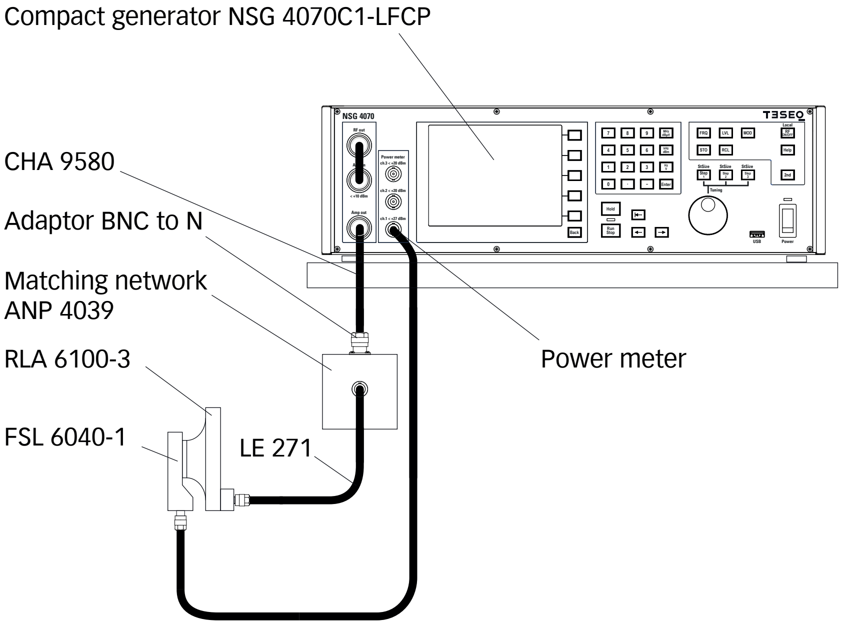


Figure 2: Set up example for test level setting for the frequency 13.56 MHz with ANP 4039

3.3. Testing for the whole frequency range

For the operation of the Loop Antenna Set LAS 6100, the test level setting procedure must have been performed beforehand.

1. Connect the amplifier output via the RF cable CHA 9580 to the transmitting antenna.
2. Remove the receiving antenna and place the radiation area panel at a distance of 5 cm from the transmitting antenna using the spacer.
3. Recall the test parameters and calibration result in the software.
4. Perform the test.

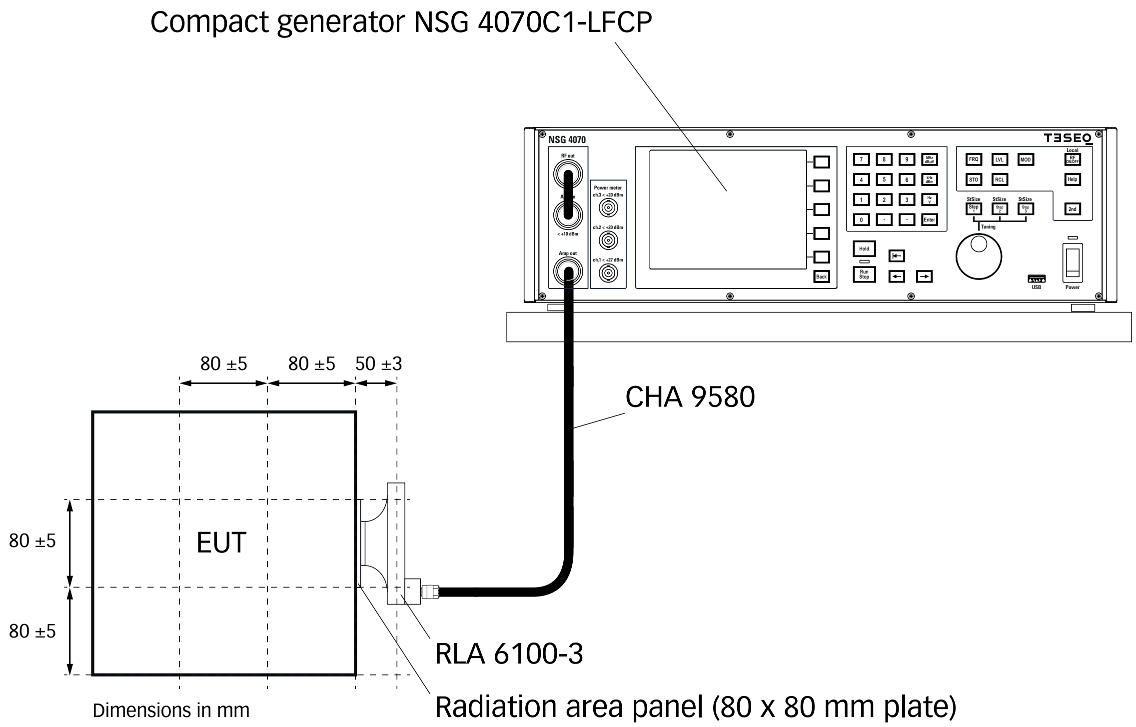


Figure 3: Set up example for testing

3.4. Testing for the frequency 13.56 MHz with ANP 4039

For the operation of the Loop Antenna Set LAS 6100, the test level setting procedure must have been performed beforehand.

1. Connect the amplifier output via the RF cable CHA 9580 and N-BNC adaptor to the ANP 4039 input.
2. Connect the ANP 4039 with the special cable LE 271 to the transmitting antenna RAL 6100-3.
   The connection between ANP 4039 and RAL 6100-3 cannot be extended. Lengthening the INA 271 cable will destroy the positive effect of ANP 4039.
3. Remove the receiving antenna and place the radiation area panel at a distance of 5 cm from the transmitting antenna using the spacer.
4. Recall the test parameters and calibration result in the software.
5. Perform the test.

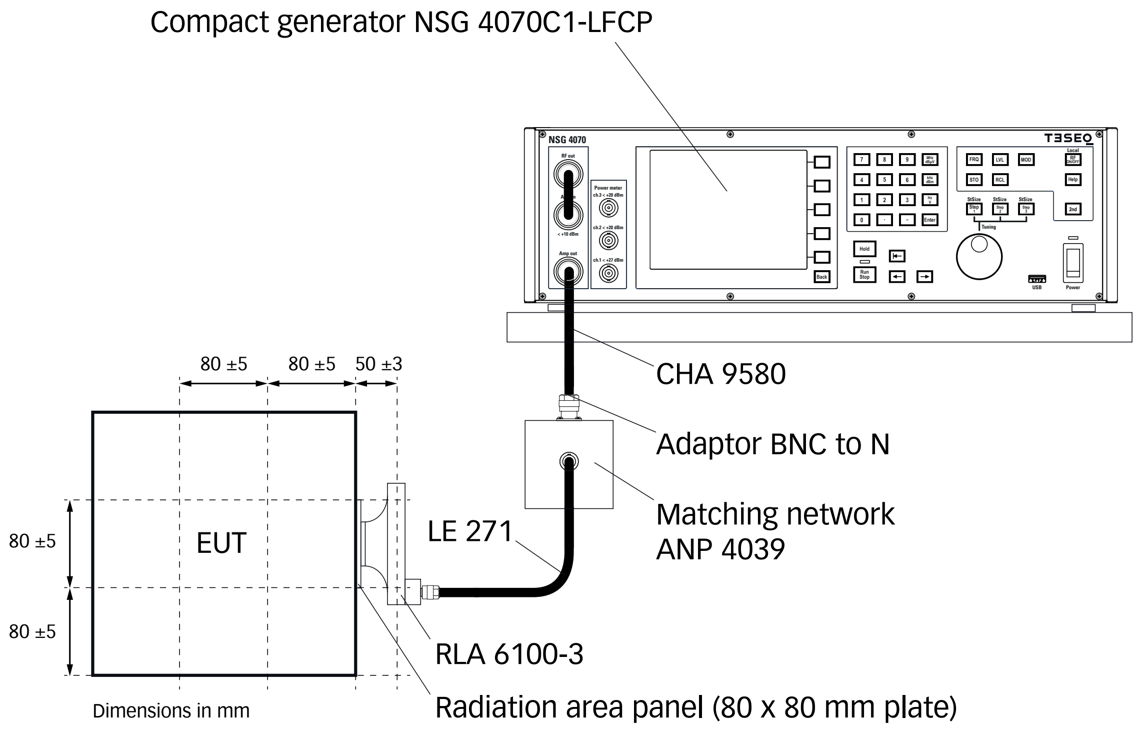


Figure 4: Set up example for testing the frequency 13.56 MHz with ANP 4039

3.5. Influence of the distance on the magnetic field strength

The following table shows the influence of the distance on the magnetic field strength. From this, conclusions can be drawn about the measurement uncertainty. Furthermore, the table helps to estimate the danger on the human body, e.g. when the antenna is held in the hand. For example, the Federal Office for Radiation Protection in Germany limits (26.BIMSCHV) a magnetic flux density of 27 μT above 3 kHz. Based on the example shown below, the user's hand would have to be at least 3 cm away from the antenna.

WARNING

Avoid staying in the immediate vicinity of the antenna at field strengths above permissible values for the human body. For hand-held positioning, increase the distance to the antenna by suitable means (wooden stick). Note the dependencies in the table shown below.

Current in A	Distance in m	Field strength in A/m	Field strength in dBμA/m	Magnetic flux density in μT
1	0	30.00	149.54	37.50
1	0.01	28.29	149.03	35.36
1	0.02	24.01	147.61	30.02
1	0.03	18.92	145.54	23.64
1	0.04	14.28	143.10	17.86
1	0.05	10.61	140.51	13.26
1	0.06	7.87	137.92	9.84
1	0.07	5.89	135.40	7.36
1	0.08	4.47	133.00	5.58
1	0.09	3.44	130.72	4.30
1	0.1	2.68	128.57	3.35
1	0.11	2.13	126.55	2.66
1	0.12	1.71	124.64	2.13
1	0.13	1.39	122.85	1.73
1	0.14	1.14	121.15	1.43
1	0.15	0.95	119.54	1.19
1	0.16	0.80	118.02	1.00
1	0.17	0.67	116.57	0.84
1	0.18	0.58	115.20	0.72
1	0.19	0.49	113.88	0.62
1	0.2	0.43	112.63	0.54
1	0.21	0.37	111.43	0.47
1	0.22	0.33	110.28	0.41
1	0.23	0.29	109.18	0.36
1	0.24	0.25	108.11	0.32
1	0.25	0.23	107.09	0.28

The calculation is valid for RLA 6100 (100 mm loop antenna with 3 turns).

Table 1: Calculated field strength deviation in relation to the distance

3.6. Test levels

The following tables show the typical expected correlations for selected test levels.

Frequency in MHz	Field strength in A/m	Correction factor FSL 6040-1 in dBS/m	FSL 6040-1 on power meter in dBµV	FSL 6040-1 on power meter in dBm	Forward power in dBm @ 0.1 A/m	Forward power in W @ 0.1 A/m
0.1	0.1	60.1	39.9	-67.1	-2.7	0.001
0.2	0.1	54.1	45.9	-61.1	-0.5	0.001
0.3	0.1	50.6	49.4	-57.6	0.1	0.001
0.4	0.1	48.1	51.9	-55.1	0.4	0.001
0.5	0.1	46.1	53.9	-53.1	0.5	0.001
0.6	0.1	44.5	55.5	-51.5	0.6	0.001
0.7	0.1	43.2	56.8	-50.2	0.6	0.001
0.8	0.1	42.0	58.0	-49.0	0.7	0.001
0.9	0.1	41.0	59.0	-48.0	0.7	0.001
1	0.1	40.1	59.9	-47.1	0.8	0.001
2	0.1	34.1	65.9	-41.1	1.1	0.001
3	0.1	30.6	69.4	-37.6	1.8	0.002
4	0.1	28.1	71.9	-35.1	2.5	0.002
5	0.1	26.2	73.8	-33.2	4.5	0.003
6	0.1	24.6	75.4	-31.6	4.4	0.003
7	0.1	23.3	76.7	-30.3	5.1	0.003
8	0.1	22.1	77.9	-29.1	5.8	0.004
9	0.1	21.1	78.9	-28.1	6.5	0.004
10	0.1	20.2	79.8	-27.2	7.1	0.01
11	0.1	19.4	80.6	-26.4	7.7	0.01
12	0.1	18.7	81.3	-25.7	8.3	0.01
13	0.1	18.0	82.0	-25.0	8.8	0.01
14	0.1	17.4	82.6	-24.4	9.2	0.01
15	0.1	16.8	83.2	-23.8	9.7	0.01
16	0.1	16.3	83.7	-23.3	10.0	0.01
17	0.1	15.8	84.2	-22.8	10.4	0.01
18	0.1	15.3	84.7	-22.3	10.7	0.01
19	0.1	14.9	85.1	-21.9	11.1	0.01
20	0.1	14.5	85.5	-21.5	11.5	0.01
21	0.1	14.1	85.9	-21.1	11.7	0.01
22	0.1	13.8	86.2	-20.8	12.1	0.02
23	0.1	13.4	86.6	-20.4	12.4	0.02
24	0.1	13.1	86.9	-20.1	12.7	0.02
25	0.1	12.8	87.2	-19.8	13.0	0.02
26	0.1	12.5	87.5	-19.5	13.4	0.02

Table 2: Expected correlations for test level 0.1 A/m

Frequency in MHz	Field strength in A/m	Correction factor FSL 6040-1 in dBS/m	FSL 6040-1 on power meter in dBµV	FSL 6040-1 on power meter in dBm	Forward power in dBm @ 0.3 A/m	Forward power in W @ 0.3 A/m
0.1	0.3	60.1	49.4	-57.6	6.8	0.00
0.2	0.3	54.1	55.5	-51.5	9.1	0.01
0.3	0.3	50.6	59.0	-48.0	9.6	0.01
0.4	0.3	48.1	61.5	-45.5	9.9	0.01
0.5	0.3	46.1	63.4	-43.6	10.1	0.01
0.6	0.3	44.5	65.0	-42.0	10.1	0.01
0.7	0.3	43.2	66.3	-40.7	10.2	0.01
0.8	0.3	42.0	67.5	-39.5	10.2	0.01
0.9	0.3	41.0	68.5	-38.5	10.2	0.01
1	0.3	40.1	69.4	-37.6	10.3	0.01
2	0.3	34.1	75.5	-31.5	10.6	0.01
3	0.3	30.6	79.0	-28.0	11.4	0.01
4	0.3	28.1	81.5	-25.5	12.1	0.02
5	0.3	26.2	83.4	-23.6	14.1	0.03
6	0.3	24.6	85.0	-22.0	14.0	0.02
7	0.3	23.3	86.3	-20.7	14.7	0.03
8	0.3	22.1	87.4	-19.6	15.4	0.03
9	0.3	21.1	88.4	-18.6	16.1	0.04
10	0.3	20.2	89.3	-17.7	16.7	0.05
11	0.3	19.4	90.1	-16.9	17.2	0.05
12	0.3	18.7	90.9	-16.1	17.8	0.06
13	0.3	18.0	91.5	-15.5	18.3	0.07
14	0.3	17.4	92.1	-14.9	18.8	0.08
15	0.3	16.8	92.7	-14.3	19.2	0.08
16	0.3	16.3	93.2	-13.8	19.6	0.09
17	0.3	15.8	93.7	-13.3	19.9	0.10
18	0.3	15.3	94.2	-12.8	20.3	0.11
19	0.3	14.9	94.6	-12.4	20.6	0.12
20	0.3	14.5	95.0	-12.0	21.0	0.13
21	0.3	14.1	95.4	-11.6	21.3	0.13
22	0.3	13.8	95.8	-11.2	21.6	0.14
23	0.3	13.4	96.1	-10.9	21.9	0.16
24	0.3	13.1	96.4	-10.6	22.3	0.17
25	0.3	12.8	96.7	-10.3	22.5	0.18
26	0.3	12.5	97.0	-10.0	22.9	0.20

Table 3: Expected correlations for test level 0.3 A/m

Frequency in MHz	Field strength in A/m	Correction factor FSL 6040-1 in dBS/m	FSL 6040-1 on power meter in dBµV	FSL 6040-1 on power meter in dBm	Forward power in dBm @ 1 A/m	Forward power in W @ 1 A/m
0.1	1	60.1	59.9	-47.1	17.3	0.05
0.2	1	54.1	65.9	-41.1	19.5	0.09
0.3	1	50.6	69.4	-37.6	20.1	0.10
0.4	1	48.1	71.9	-35.1	20.4	0.11
0.5	1	46.1	73.9	-33.1	20.5	0.11
0.6	1	44.5	75.5	-31.5	20.6	0.11
0.7	1	43.2	76.8	-30.2	20.6	0.12
0.8	1	42.0	78.0	-29.0	20.7	0.12
0.9	1	41.0	79.0	-28.0	20.7	0.12
1	1	40.1	79.9	-27.1	20.8	0.12
2	1	34.1	85.9	-21.1	21.1	0.13
3	1	30.6	89.4	-17.6	21.8	0.15
4	1	28.1	91.9	-15.1	22.5	0.18
5	1	26.2	93.8	-13.2	24.5	0.29
6	1	24.6	95.4	-11.6	24.4	0.28
7	1	23.3	96.7	-10.3	25.1	0.32
8	1	22.1	97.9	-9.1	25.8	0.38
9	1	21.1	98.9	-8.1	26.5	0.45
10	1	20.2	99.8	-7.2	27.1	0.52
11	1	19.4	100.6	-6.4	27.7	0.59
12	1	18.7	101.3	-5.7	28.3	0.67
13	1	18.0	102.0	-5.0	28.8	0.76
14	1	17.4	102.6	-4.4	29.2	0.84
15	1	16.8	103.2	-3.8	29.7	0.92
16	1	16.3	103.7	-3.3	30.0	1.00
17	1	15.8	104.2	-2.8	30.4	1.09
18	1	15.3	104.7	-2.3	30.7	1.18
19	1	14.9	105.1	-1.9	31.1	1.28
20	1	14.5	105.5	-1.5	31.5	1.40
21	1	14.1	105.9	-1.1	31.7	1.49
22	1	13.8	106.2	-0.8	32.1	1.61
23	1	13.4	106.6	-0.4	32.4	1.73
24	1	13.1	106.9	-0.1	32.7	1.87
25	1	12.8	107.2	0.2	33.0	2.00
26	1	12.5	107.5	0.5	33.4	2.17

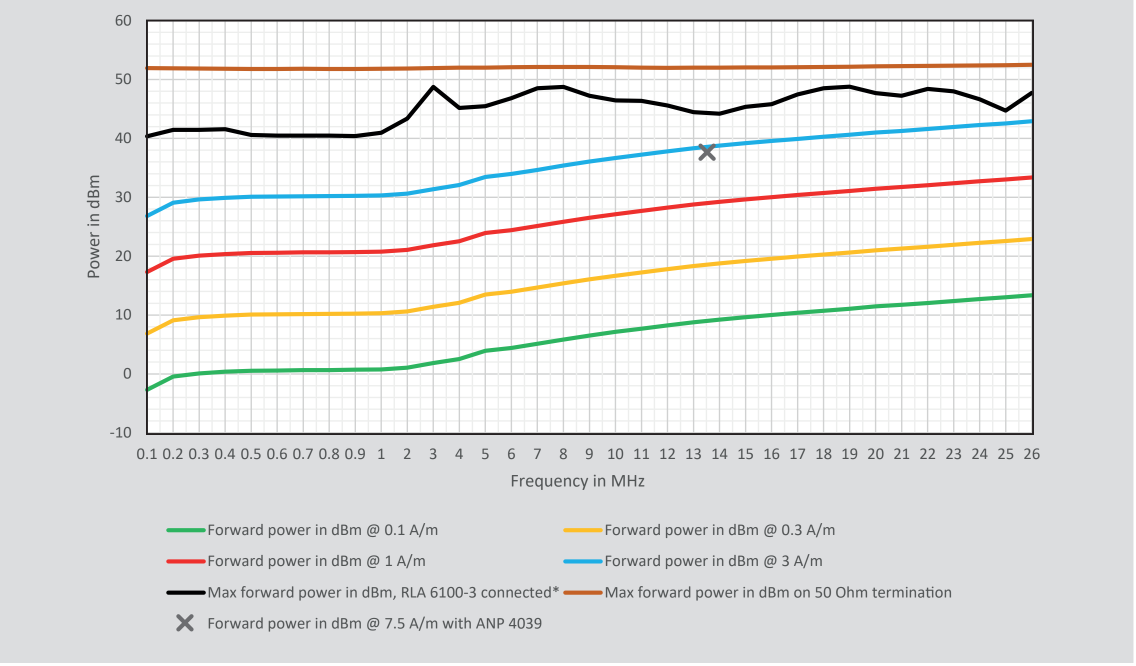
Table 4: Expected correlations for test level 1 A/m

Frequency in MHz	Field strength in A/m	Correction factor FSL 6040-1 in dBS/m	FSL 6040-1 on power meter in dBµV	FSL 6040-1 on power meter in dBm	Forward power in dBm @ 3 A/m	Forward power in W @ 3 A/m
0.1	3	60.1	69.4	-37.6	26.8	0.48
0.2	3	54.1	75.5	-31.5	29.1	0.81
0.3	3	50.6	79.0	-28.0	29.6	0.92
0.4	3	48.1	81.5	-25.5	29.9	0.98
0.5	3	46.1	83.4	-23.6	30.1	1.02
0.6	3	44.5	85.0	-22.0	30.1	1.03
0.7	3	43.2	86.3	-20.7	30.2	1.04
0.8	3	42.0	87.5	-19.5	30.2	1.05
0.9	3	41.0	88.5	-18.5	30.2	1.06
1	3	40.1	89.4	-17.6	30.3	1.07
2	3	34.1	95.5	-11.5	30.6	1.15
3	3	30.6	99.0	-8.0	31.4	1.38
4	3	28.1	101.5	-5.5	32.1	1.61
5	3	26.2	103.4	-3.6	34.1	2.57
6	3	24.6	105.0	-2.0	34.0	2.49
7	3	23.3	106.3	-0.7	34.7	2.92
8	3	22.1	107.4	0.4	35.4	3.45
9	3	21.1	108.4	1.4	36.1	4.03
10	3	20.2	109.3	2.3	36.7	4.65
11	3	19.4	110.1	3.1	37.2	5.29
12	3	18.7	110.9	3.9	37.8	6.03
13	3	18.0	111.5	4.5	38.3	6.80
14	3	17.4	112.1	5.1	38.8	7.52
15	3	16.8	112.7	5.7	39.2	8.31
16	3	16.3	113.2	6.2	39.6	9.02
17	3	15.8	113.7	6.7	39.9	9.82
18	3	15.3	114.2	7.2	40.3	10.63
19	3	14.9	114.6	7.6	40.6	11.50
20	3	14.5	115.0	8.0	41.0	12.60
21	3	14.1	115.4	8.4	41.3	13.41
22	3	13.8	115.8	8.8	41.6	14.46
23	3	13.4	116.1	9.1	41.9	15.55
24	3	13.1	116.4	9.4	42.3	16.81
25	3	12.8	116.7	9.7	42.5	17.99
26	3	12.5	117.0	10.0	42.9	19.57

Table 5: Expected correlations for test level 3 A/m

Frequency in MHz	Field strength in A/m	Correction factor FSL 6040-1 in dBS/m	FSL 6040-1 on power meter in dBµV	FSL 6040-1 on power meter in dBm	Forward power in dBm @ 7.5 A/m	Forward power in W @ 7.5 A/m
13.56	7.5	17.8	119.7	12.7	37.5	5.68

Table 6: Expected correlations for test level 7.5 A/m with connected ANP 4039



* The display of the forward power via a 50 Ohm power meter at the directional coupler is distorted by the strong mismatch. It can therefore only be used to a limited extent. Likewise, the output power of an amplifier is dependent on the connected load.

Figure 5: Example for typical power requirements using NSG 4070-LFCP

4. CONSTRUCTION OF THE PRODUCT

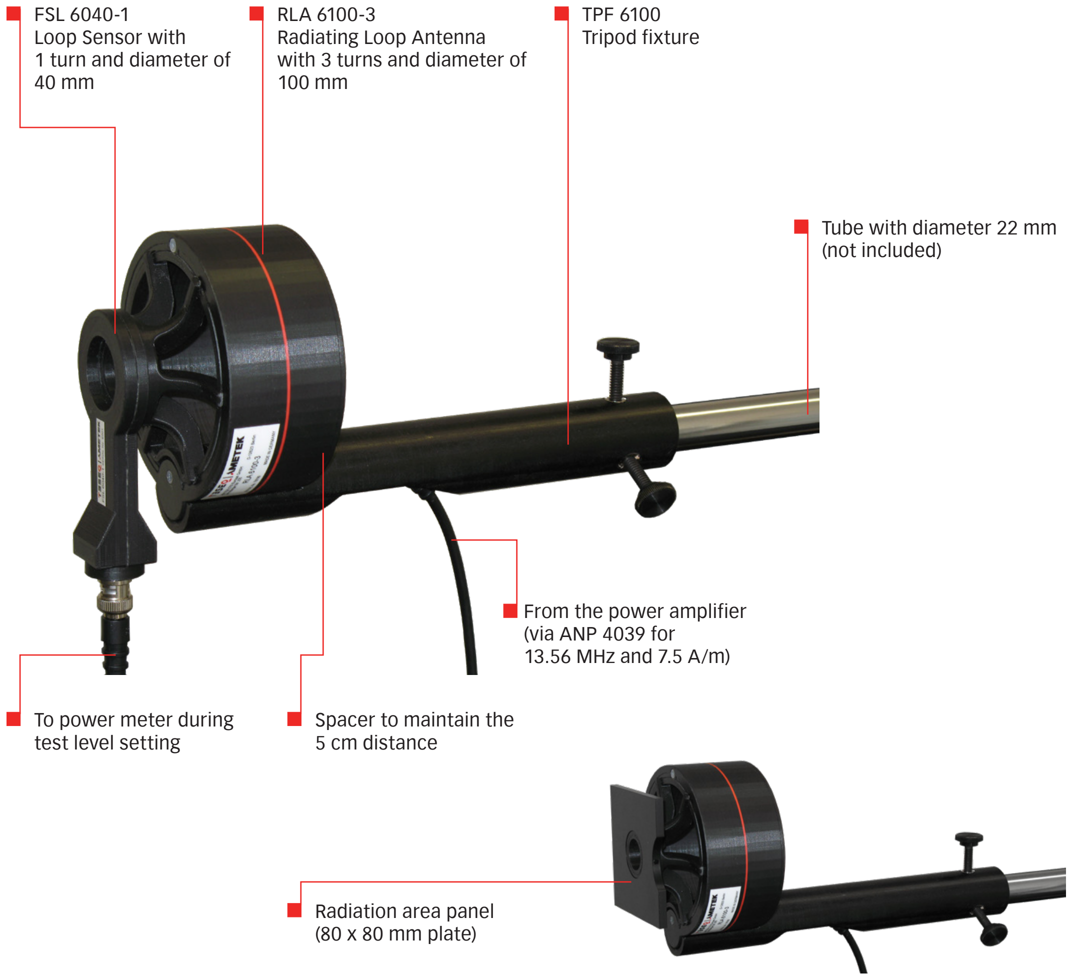


Figure 6: Construction of the product

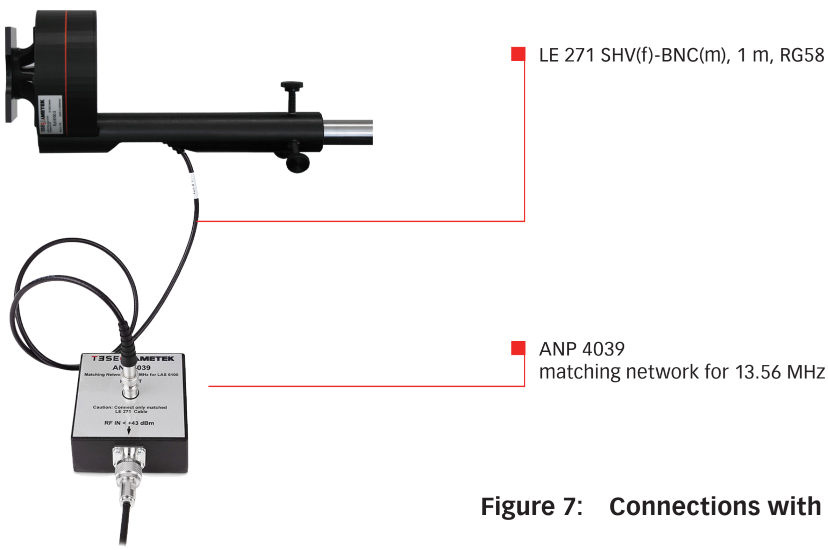


Figure 7: Connections with ANP 4039

5. CORRECTION FACTOR AND CONVERSION

5.1. Magnetic field

The receiving antenna is connected to a 50 ohm power meter and positioned 5 cm away from the transmitting antenna. The measured voltage or power is converted into magnetic field strength according to the following formula:

$H = V_0 + k$ with H = magnetic field strength in dBµA/m
with V_0 = voltage in dBµV
with k = correction factor in dBS/m, dB1/(Ω*m), dBA/(V*m) or dBµA/(µV*m)

The following formulas show the relation.

dBS/m = dB1/(Ω*m) = dBA/(V*m) = dBµA/(µV*m)
dBA = 20log(A)
dBµA = 20log(A) +120
dBµA = dBm + 73
dBm = dBµA - 73

For example:
Voltage measured at 150 kHz = 116.8 dBµV
Correction factor at 150 kHz = 31.5 dBS/m
Magnetic field strength = 116.8 dBµV + 31.5 dBS/m = 148.3 dBµA

Converting dBµA/m in A/m: $A/m = 10^{(((dB\mu A/m)-120)/20)}$
Converting A/m in dBµA/m: dBµA/m = 20 log (A/m + 120)

TESEQ / AMETEK®

50 Ω Power meter		K factor (example)	Field strength		
dBµV	dBm	dBS/m	dBµA/m	A/m	dBpT
60	-47	40	100	0.10	102
65	-42	40	105	0.18	107
70	-37	40	110	0.32	112
75	-32	40	115	0.56	117
80	-27	40	120	1.00	122
85	-22	40	125	1.78	127
90	-17	40	130	3.16	132
95	-12	40	135	5.62	137
100	-7	40	140	10.00	142
105	-2	40	145	17.78	147
110	3	40	150	31.62	152
115	8	40	155	56.23	157
120	13	40	160	100.00	162
125	18	40	165	177.83	167
130	23	40	170	316.23	172
135	28	40	175	562.34	177
140	33	40	180	1000.00	182

Table 7: Conversion example for the receiving antenna

6. TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION

RLA 6100-3 Radiating Loop Antenna	
Frequency range	150 kHz to 30 MHz
Test distance	50 mm
Required Power	see graph for typical drive power
Loop diameter	100 mm
No. of turns	3
Wire diameter	approx. 1 mm
Connector type	BNC, 50 Ω
Max. input power	100 W
Dimensions (W x H x D):	110 mm x 120 mm x 78 mm
Weight	approx. 171 g

FSL 6040-1 Field Sensor Loop	
Frequency range	150 kHz to 30 MHz
Loop diameter	40 mm
No. of turns	1
Wire diameter	approx. 0.5 mm
Shielding	electrostatic
Connector type	BNC, 50 Ω
Correction factor	see below and next pages for typical values
Dimensions (W x H x D):	50 mm x 120 mm x 25 mm
Weight	approx. 45 g

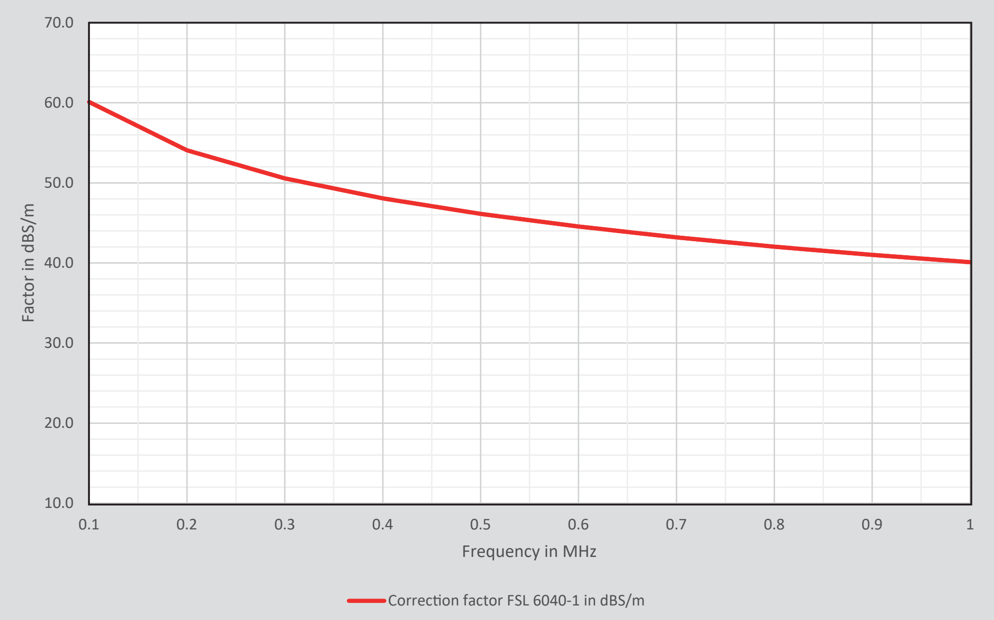


Figure 8: FSL 6040-1 Field Sensor Loop typical correction factor 100 kHz to 1 MHz

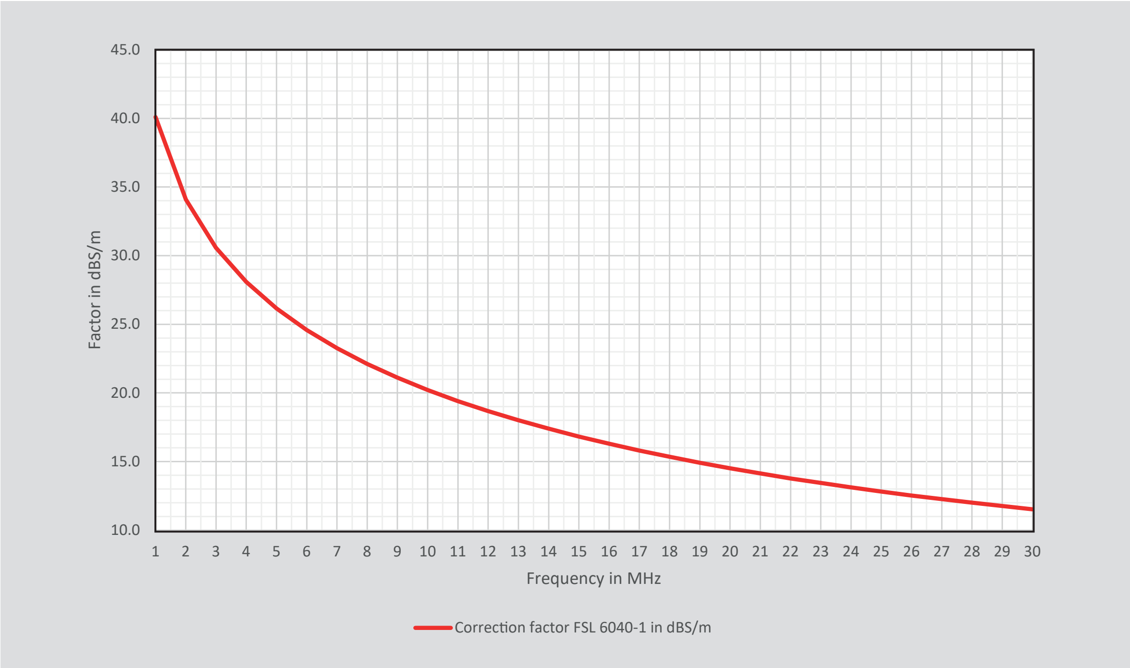


Figure 9: FSL 6040-1 Field Sensor Loop typical correction factor 1 MHz to 30 MHz

f/kHz	dBS/m
0.1	60.11
0.15	56.59
0.16	56.02
0.17	55.50
0.18	55.00
0.19	54.53
0.20	54.09
0.21	53.66
0.22	53.26
0.23	52.87
0.24	52.50
0.25	52.15
0.26	51.81
0.27	51.48
0.28	51.16
0.29	50.86
0.30	50.56
0.35	49.23
0.40	48.07
0.45	47.04
0.50	46.13

f/kHz	dBS/m
0.55	45.30
0.60	44.54
0.65	43.85
0.70	43.21
0.75	42.61
0.80	42.05
0.85	41.52
0.90	41.02
0.95	40.55
1.00	40.11
1.05	39.68
1.10	39.28
1.15	38.89
1.20	38.52
1.25	38.17
1.30	37.83
1.35	37.50
1.40	37.19
1.45	36.88
1.50	36.59
0.05	34.72

f/kHz	dBS/m
1.55	36.30
1.60	36.03
1.65	35.76
1.70	35.50
1.75	35.25
1.80	35.01
1.85	34.77
1.90	34.54
1.95	34.31
2.00	34.09
2.05	33.88
2.10	33.67
2.15	33.46
2.20	33.26
2.30	32.88
2.40	32.51
2.50	32.15
2.60	31.81
2.70	31.49
2.80	31.17
2.90	30.87

f/kHz	dBS/m
3.00	30.57
3.10	30.29
3.20	30.02
3.30	29.75
3.40	29.49
3.50	29.24
3.60	28.99
3.70	28.76
3.80	28.53
3.90	28.30
4.00	28.08
4.10	27.87
4.20	27.66
4.30	27.46
4.40	27.26
4.50	27.06
4.60	26.87
4.70	26.69
4.80	26.51
4.90	26.33
5.00	26.15

f/kHz	dBS/m
5.20	25.82
5.40	25.49
5.60	25.18
5.80	24.87
6.00	24.58
6.20	24.30
6.40	24.03
6.60	23.76
6.80	23.51
7.00	23.26
7.20	23.02
7.40	22.78
7.60	22.55
7.80	22.33
8.00	22.11
8.20	21.90
8.40	21.70
8.60	21.50
8.80	21.30
9.00	21.11
9.20	20.92
9.40	20.74
9.60	20.56
9.80	20.39
10.00	20.21
10.20	20.05
10.40	19.88
10.60	19.72
10.80	19.56
11.00	19.41
11.20	19.26
11.40	19.11
11.60	18.96
11.80	18.82
12.00	18.68
12.20	18.54
12.40	18.40
12.60	18.27
12.80	18.14
13.00	18.01
13.20	17.88
13.40	17.76
13.60	17.63
13.80	17.51
14.00	17.39
14.20	17.28
14.40	17.16
14.60	17.05
14.80	16.94
15.00	16.83
15.20	16.72
15.40	16.61
15.60	16.50
15.80	16.40
16.00	16.30
16.20	16.20
16.40	16.10
16.60	16.00
16.80	15.90
17.00	15.81
17.20	15.71
17.40	15.62
17.60	15.53
17.80	15.44
18.00	15.35
18.20	15.26
18.40	15.17
18.60	15.09
18.80	15.00
19.00	14.92
19.20	14.83
19.40	14.75
19.60	14.67
19.80	14.59
20.00	14.51
20.20	14.44
20.40	14.36
20.60	14.28
20.80	14.21
21.00	14.13
21.20	14.06
21.40	13.99
21.60	13.92
21.80	13.85
22.00	13.78
22.20	13.71
22.40	13.64
22.60	13.57
22.80	13.50
23.00	13.44
23.20	13.37
23.40	13.31
23.60	13.24
23.80	13.18
24.00	13.12
24.20	13.06
24.40	13.00
24.60	12.93
24.80	12.87
25.00	12.82
25.20	12.76
25.40	12.70
25.60	12.64
25.80	12.59
26.00	12.53
26.20	12.47
26.40	12.42
26.60	12.37
26.80	12.31
27.00	12.26
27.20	12.21
27.40	12.15
27.60	12.10
27.80	12.05
28.00	12.00
28.20	11.95
28.40	11.90
28.60	11.85
28.80	11.81
29.00	11.76
29.20	11.71
29.40	11.66
29.60	11.62
29.80	11.57
30.00	11.53

Table 8: FSL 6040-1 Field Sensor Loop typical correction factor

ANP 4039 Matching Network 13.56 MHz	
Applicable frequency	13.56 MHz
RF input connector type	N, 50 Ω
RF output connector type	22SHV-50-0-2 (cable LE 271 required)
Max. input power	20 W
Dimensions (W x H x D):	90 mm x 63 mm x 110 mm
Weight:	approx. 0.5 kg

Environment specifications

Classification	Indoor use only
Operation temperature	0 °C to +40 °C
Storage and transport temperature	-10 °C to +60 °C
Relative humidity	up to 90 % (no moisture condensation)

Mechanical dimensions of the LAS 6100

Dimensions (W x H x D):	350 mm x 125 mm x 275 mm
Weight:	approx. 2.0 kg

7. MAINTENANCE

7.1. General

The LAS 6100 needs no special maintenance. The maintenance is limited to the cleaning of the contacts. The life time of the connectors is limited because of the contact durability. Teseq can replace the worn out connectors.

No modifications are to be carried out on the LAS 6100 and accessories by the user.
It is recommended to send the unit to a AMETEK Service Centre once a year for recalibration.

7.2. Cleaning

The cleaning shall be done with dry cloth. If a wet cleaning would become necessary, make sure that no humidity will enter inside of the unit and clean the instrument housing with a damp cloth using a little mild, non-abrasive household cleanser if necessary.

Chemicals must not be used for cleaning purposes

8. DISPOSAL

The unit is constructed that it can be dismantled right down to the component level.

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