SAFETY DATA SHEET



CONQUER O2

APPLIED PRODUCTS AUSTRALIA PTYLTD

Catalogue number: AP478 Version No: EP1.3 Issue date: 08/12/2016 Safety Data Sheet according to WHS and ADG requirements

SECTION 1 IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE / MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY / UNDERTAKING

Product Identifier

| Product name | CONQUER 02 |
|----------------------------------|---------------|
| Synonyms | AP478 |
| Other means of identification | Not Available |

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

| Relevant identified uses | Colour, urine and organic spot remover |
|--------------------------|--|
| | |

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

| Registered company name | APPLIED PRODUCTS AUSTRALIA PTY LTD |
|-------------------------|---|
| Address | 11 Gamma Close, Beresfield 2322 NSW Australia |
| Telephone | (02) 4966 5516 |
| Fax | (02) 4966 5510 |
| Website | www.actichem.com.au |
| Email | info@actichem.com.au |

Emergency telephone number

| Association / Organisation | Poisons Information Centre |
|-----------------------------------|----------------------------|
| Emergency telephone numbers | 13 11 26 |
| Other emergency telephone numbers | Not Available |

SECTION 2 HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Classification of the substance or mixture

HAZARDOUS CHEMICAL. NON-DANGEROUS GOODS. According to the WHS Regulations and the ADG Code.

| Poisons Schedule | Not Applicable | |
|------------------------|---|--|
| GHS Classification [1] | Skin Corrosion/Irritation Category 2, Eye Irritation Category 2 | |
| Legend: | 1. Classified by Chemwatch; 2. Classification drawn from HSIS; 3. Classification drawn from EC Directive 1272/2008 - Annex VI | |

Label elements

| GHS label elements | | |
|---------------------------------------|--|--|
| SIGNAL WORD | WARNING | |
| Hazard statement(s) | | |
| H315 | Causes skin irritation | |
| H319 | Causes serious eye irritation | |
| Precautionary statement(s) Prevention | | |
| P280 | Wear protective gloves and eye protection. | |

Precautionary statement(s) Response

| P305+P310+P351+P338 | IF IN EYES: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. |
|--------------------------|--|
| P302+P362+P352+P332+P313 | IF ON SKIN: Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. Wash with plenty of soap and water. If skin irritation occurs, get medical advice / attention. |

Precautionary statement(s) Storage

Not Applicable

Precautionary statement(s) Disposal

SECTION 3 COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substances

See section below for composition of Mixtures

Mixtures

| CAS No | %[weight] | Name |
|-----------|-----------|-------------------|
| 7722-84-1 | <8% | hydrogen peroxide |

SECTION 4 FIRST AID MEASURES

Description of first aid measures

| Eye Contact | If this product comes in contact with the eyes: Wash out immediately with fresh running water for 10-15 minutes. Ensure complete irrigation of the eye by keeping eyelids apart and away from eye and moving the eyelids by occasionally lifting the upper and lower lids. If pain persists or recurs seek medical attention. Transport to hospital or doctor without delay. Removal of contact lenses after an eye injury should only be undertaken by skilled personnel. |
|--------------|---|
| Skin Contact | If skin contact occurs: Immediately remove all contaminated clothing, including footwear. Flush skin and hair with running water (and soap if available). Seek medical attention in event of irritation. |
| Inhalation | If fumes, aerosols or combustion products are inhaled remove from contaminated area. Other measures are usually unnecessary. |
| Ingestion | Immediately give a glass of water. Do NOT induce vomiting. First aid is not generally required. If in doubt, contact a Poisons Information Centre or a doctor. |

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Hydrogen peroxide at moderate concentrations (5% or more) is a strong oxidant.

- Direct contact with the eye is likely to cause corneal damage especially if not washed immediately. Careful ophthalmologic evaluation is recommended and the possibility of local corticosteroid therapy should be considered.
- Because of the likelihood of systemic effects attempts at evacuating the stomach via emesis induction or gastric lavage should be avoided.
- There is remote possibility, however, that a nasogastric or gastric tube may be required for the reduction of severe distension due to gas formation"

SECTION 5 FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

| Extinguishing media | For hydrogen peroxide NOTE: Chemical extinguishing agents may accelerate decomposition. [CCINFO] There is no restriction on the type of extinguisher which may be used. Use extinguishing media suitable for surrounding area. | |
|---------------------|---|--|
|---------------------|---|--|

| Fire incompatibilities | |
|------------------------|--|
|------------------------|--|

None known

Advice for firefighters

| Advice for intelligitiers | |
|---------------------------|---|
| Fire fighting | Alert Fire Brigade and tell them location and nature of hazard. Product will produce oxygen which will support and stimulate combustion. Wear breathing apparatus plus protective gloves in the event of a fire. Use firefighting procedures suitable for surrounding area. DO NOT approach containers suspected to be hot. Cool fire exposed containers with water spray from a protected location.If safe to do so, remove containers from path of fire |
| Fire/Explosion Hazard | Non-combustible. Not considered to be a significant fire risk. Expansion or decomposition on heating may lead to violent rupture of containers. |

SECTION 6 ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

| Minor Spills | Clean up all spills immediately. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Control personal contact with the substance, by using protective equipment. Contain and absorb spill with sand, earth, inert material or vermiculite. Wipe up. Place in a suitable, labelled container for waste disposal. |
|--------------|---|
| Major Spills | Control personal contact with the substance, by using protective equipment as required. Prevent spillage from entering drains or water ways. Absorb on sand, dirt, vermiculite or similar absorbent material. Place into labelled drums and dispose of according to local government regulations. Immediately notify emergency services (Police or Fire Brigade) if the spill is too large for you to safely and effectively handle. |

Personal Protective Equipment advice is contained in Section 8 of the SDS.

SECTION 7 HANDLING AND STORAGE

| Precautions for safe handl Safe handling | Avoid all personal contact, including inhalation. Wear protective clothing when risk of exposure occurs. Use in a well-ventilated area. Avoid contact with incompatible materials. When handling, DO NOT eat, drink or smoke. Keep containers securely sealed when not in use. Store in containers with vented lids Avoid physical damage to containers. |
|---|--|
| Other information | Store away from incompatible materials. |

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

| Suitable container | Store only in original container |
|-------------------------|--|
| Storage incompatibility | Avoid storage with reducing agents, acids and alkalis. Avoid storage with combustible organic matter. |

SECTION 8 EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

Eye wash unit.

Not Available

Thermal hazards

Control parameters

OCCUPATIONAL EXPOSURE LIMITS (OEL) INGREDIENT DATA Ingredient Material name TWA STEL Notes Peak Source Australia Exposure Standards hydrogen peroxide Hydrogen peroxide 1.4 mg/m3 / 1 ppm Not Available Not Available Not Available EMERGENCY LIMITS TEEL-1 TEEL-3 Ingredient Material name TEEL-2 hydrogen peroxide Hydrogen peroxide - 30% 170 ppm 330 ppm 33 ppm Original IDLH Ingredient Revised IDLH 75 ppm 75 [Unch] ppm hydrogen peroxide Exposure controls Appropriate engineering Maintain adequate ventilation at all times. In most circumstances natural ventilation systems are adequate. If ventilation is poor, then the use of a local exhaust ventilation system is recommended. controls Personal protection Safety glasses with side shields OR Chemical goggles. Eye and face protection Contact lenses may pose a special hazard; soft contact lenses may absorb and concentrate irritants. Lens should be removed at the first signs of eye redness or irritation. - Lens should be removed in a clean environment only after workers have washed hands thoroughly Skin protection See Hand protection below Hands/feet protection Wear chemical protective gloves. Neoprene is recommended for this application Body protection See Other protection below Overalls. P.V.C. apron. Barrier cream. Other protection Skin cleansing cream.

SECTION 9 PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

| Appearance | Clear liquid | | |
|---|---------------------|--|---------------|
| Physical state | Liquid | Relative density (Water = 1) | 1.0 |
| Odour | Mild peroxide odour | Partition coefficient n-octanol / water | Not Available |
| Odour threshold | Not Available | Auto-ignition temperature (°C) | Not Available |
| pH (as supplied) | 3.5 - 4.5 | Decomposition temperature | Not Available |
| Melting point / freezing point (°C) | Not Available | Viscosity (cSt) | Not Available |
| Initial boiling point and boiling range (°C) | Not Available | Molecular weight (g/mol) | Not Available |
| Flash point (°C) | Not Applicable | Taste | Not Available |
| Evaporation rate | Not Available | Explosive properties | Not Available |
| Flammability | Not Applicable | Oxidising properties | Not Available |
| Upper Explosive Limit (%) | Not Applicable | Surface Tension (dyn/cm or mN/m) | Not Available |
| Lower Explosive Limit (%) | Not Applicable | Volatile Component (%vol) | Not Available |
| Vapour pressure (kPa) | Not Available | Gas group | Not Available |
| Solubility in water (g/L) | Miscible | pH as a solution (1%) | Not Available |
| Vapour density (Air = 1) | Not Available | VOC g/L | Not Available |

SECTION 10 STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

| Reactivity | See section 7 |
|---------------------------------------|--|
| Chemical stability | Unstable in the presence of incompatible materials. Product is considered stable. Hazardous polymerisation will not occur. Solutions of hydrogen peroxide slowly decompose, releasing oxygen. |
| Possibility of hazardous reactions | See section 7 |
| Conditions to avoid | See section 7 |
| Incompatible materials | See section 7 |
| Hazardous decomposition products | See section 5 |

SECTION 11 TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on toxicological effects

| Inhaled | The material is not thought to produce either adverse health effects or irritation of the respiratory tract following inhalation (as classified by EC Directives using animal models). Inhaling excessive levels of mist may result in headache, dizziness, vomiting, diarrhoea, irritability, sleeplessness and fluid in the lungs, and cause extreme irritation of the nose and chest, cough, discomfort, shortness of breath and inflammation of the nose and throat. |
|--------------|---|
| Ingestion | Accidental ingestion of the material may be harmful and may produce serious damage to the health of the individual. Hydrogen peroxide may cause blistering and bleeding from the throat and stomach. When swallowed, it may release large quantities of oxygen which could hyper-distend the stomach and gut and may cause internal bleeding, mouth and throat burns and rupture of the gut. |
| Skin Contact | Skin contact is not thought to produce harmful health effects (as classified under EC Directives using animal models). |
| Eye | If applied to the eyes, this material causes severe eye damage. |
| Chronic | Long-term exposure to the product is not thought to produce chronic effects adverse to the health. |

SECTION 12 ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Toxicity No data available.

Persistence and degradability

| Ingredient | Persistence: Water/Soil | Persistence: Air |
|----------------------------|-------------------------|------------------|
| hydrogen peroxide | LOW | LOW |
| Bio accumulative potential | | |
| Ingredient | Bioaccumulation | |
| hydrogen peroxide | LOW (LogKOW = -1.571) | |
| Mobility in soil | | |
| Ingredient | Mobility | |
| hydrogen peroxide | LOW (KOC = 14.3) | |
| | | |

SECTION 13 DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

| Waste | treatment | methods |
|--------|-----------|---------|
| vvasie | ueauneni | memous |

Product / packaging disposal

sal Recycle containers whenever possible. Product residues and containers should be disposed of in accordance with local government regulations

SECTION 14 TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Marine Pollutant NO HAZCHEM Not applicable

SECTION 15 REGULATORY INFORMATION

Safety, health and environmental regulations / legislation specific for the substance or mixture

 Hydrogen peroxide (7722-84-1) is found on the following regulatory lists
 "Australia Exposure Standards", "Australia Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)", "International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) - Agents Classified by the IARC Monographs", "International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) - Agents Classified by the IARC Monographs", "International Air Transport Association (IATA) Dangerous Goods Regulations - Prohibited List Passenger and Cargo Aircraft", "Australia Hazardous Substances Information System - Consolidated Lists"

SECTION 16 OTHER INFORMATION

Other information

Classification of the preparation and its individual components has drawn on official and authoritative sources as well as independent review by the Chernwatch Classification committee using available literature references.

A list of reference resources used to assist the committee may be found at: www.chemwatch.net

The SDS is a Hazard Communication tool and should be used to assist in the Risk Assessment. Many factors determine whether the reported Hazards are Risks in the workplace or other settings. Risks may be determined by reference to Exposures Scenarios. Scale of use, frequency of use and current or available engineering controls must be considered.

Definitions and abbreviations

| PC-TWA; | Permissible Concentration-Time Weighted Average |
|----------|---|
| PC-STEL: | Permissible Concentration-Short Term Exposure Limit |
| IARC: | International Agency for Research on Cancer |
| ACGIH: | American Conference of Government Industrial Hygienists |
| STEL: | Short Term Exposure Limit |
| TEEL: | Temporary Emergency Exposure Limit |
| IDLH: | Immediate Danger to Life or Health Concentrations |
| OSF: | Odour Safety Factor |
| NOAEL: | No Observed Effects Level |
| TLV: | Threshold Limit Value |
| LOD: | Limit Of Detection |
| OTV: | Odour Threshold Value |
| BCF: | Bio Concentration Factors |
| BEI: | Biological Exposure Index |

This document is copyright.

Apart from any fair dealing for the purposes of private study, research, review or criticism, as permitted under the Copyright Act, no part may be reproduced by any process without written permission from CHEMWATCH.

TEL (+61 3) 9572 4700.

End of SDS