SAFETY DATA SHEET



EXTRACTA PRO

APPLIED PRODUCTS AUSTRALIA PTYLTD

Catalogue number: **AP457** Version No: **1.5** Issue date: **17/01/2017**

Safety Data Sheet according to WHS and ADG requirements

SECTION 1 IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE / MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY / UNDERTAKING

Product Identifier

Product name	EXTRACTA PRO
Synonyms	AP457
Proper shipping name	CORROSIVE SOLID, N.O.S.
Other means of identification	Not Available

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Details of the manufacturer/importer

Registered company name	APPLIED PRODUCTS AUSTRALIA PTY LTD			
Address	11 Gamma Close, Beresfield 2322 NSW Australia			
Telephone	(02) 4966 5516			
Fax	(02) 4966 5510			
Website	www.actichem.com.au			
Email	info@actichem.com.au			

Emergency telephone number

Association / Organisation	Poisons Information Centre
Emergency telephone numbers	13 1126
Other emergency telephone numbers	Not Available

SECTION 2 HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Classification of the substance or mixture

 ${\it HAZARDOUS\ CHEMICAL.\ DANGEROUS\ GOODS.\ According\ to\ the\ Model\ WHS\ Regulations\ and\ the\ ADG\ Code.}$

Poisons Schedule	5
GHS Classification [1]	Serious Eye Damage Category 1, Skin Corrosion/Irritation Category 1B, STOT - SE (Resp. Irr.) Category 3, Metal Corrosion Category 1
Legend:	1. Classified by Chemwatch; 2. Classification drawn from HSIS; 3. Classification drawn from EC Directive 1272/2008 - Annex VI

Label elements

GHS label elements





SIGNAL WORD	DANGER
Hazard statement(s)	

H318	auses serious eye damage		
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage		
H335	May cause respiratory irritation		
H290	May be corrosive to metals		

Precautionary statement(s) Prevention

reconstruction of the state of			
P260	Do not breathe dust or spray.		
P271	Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.		
P280	Wear protective gloves and eye protection.		
P264	Wash hands and exposed skin thoroughly after handling.		
P234	Keep only in original container.		
P273	Avoid release to the environment.		

Issue Date: 17/01/2017 Print Date: 17/01/2017

Product Code: **AP457** Version No: **1.5**

Precautionary statement(s) Response

P301+P310+P330+P331	IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.
P303+P310+P361+P353	IF ON SKIN (or hair): Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Rinse skin with water / shower.
P305+P310+P351+P338	IF IN EYES: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
P304+P340	IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep in a position comfortable for breathing.
P390	Absorb spillage to prevent material damage.

Precautionary statement(s) Storage

P403+P405+P233 Store locked up in a well ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed

Precautionary statement(s) Disposal

P501 Dispose of contents / container in accordance with local regulations

SECTION 3 COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substances

See section below for composition of Mixtures

Mixtures

CAS No	%[weight]	Name
7758-29-4	30-60	sodium tripolyphosphate
36445-71-3	<10	disodium decyl(sulfophenoxy)benzenesulfonate
70146-13-3	<10	disodium oxybis(decylbenzene)sulfonate
111-76-2	<10	ethylene glycol monobutyl ether
5064-31-3	<10	nitrilotriacetic acid, trisodium salt
497-19-8	10-<30	sodium carbonate
10213-79-3	10-<30	sodium metasilicate, pentahydrate

The specific chemical identity and/or exact percentage (concentration) of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

SECTION 4 FIRST AID MEASURES

Description of first aid measures

Eye Contact	If this product comes in contact with the eyes: Obtain medical advice /attention without delay. Immediately hold eyelids apart and flush the eye continuously with running water. Ensure complete irrigation of the eye by keeping eyelids apart and away from eye and moving the eyelids by occasionally lifting the upper and lower lids. Continue flushing until advised to stop by the Poisons Information Centre or a doctor, or for at least 15 minutes. If advised to do so, transport to hospital or doctor without delay. Removal of contact lenses after an eye injury should only be undertaken by skilled personnel.
Skin Contact	If skin or hair contact occurs: Obtain medical advice. Immediately flush body and clothes with large amounts of water, using safety shower if available. Quickly remove all contaminated clothing, including footwear. Wash skin and hair with running water. Continue flushing with water until advised to stop by the Poisons Information Centre. If advised to do so, transport to hospital, or doctor.
Inhalation	If dust or combustion products are inhaled remove from contaminated area. Lay patient down. Keep warm and rested. Prostheses such as false teeth, which may block airway, should be removed, where possible, prior to initiating first aid procedures. Apply artificial respiration if not breathing, preferably with a demand valve resuscitator, bag-valve mask device, or pocket mask as trained. Perform CPR if necessary. Transport to hospital, or doctor, without delay. Inhalation of dust may cause lung oedema. Corrosive substances may cause lung damage (e.g. lung oedema, fluid in the lungs). As this reaction may be delayed up to 24 hours after exposure, affected individuals need complete rest (preferably in semi-recumbent posture) and must be kept under medical observation even if no symptoms are (yet) manifested.
Ingestion	For advice, contact a Poisons Information Centre or a doctor at once. Urgent hospital treatment is likely to be needed. If swallowed do NOT induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, lean patient forward or place on left side (head-down position, if possible) to maintain open airway and prevent aspiration. Observe the patient carefully. Never give liquid to a person showing signs of being sleepy or with reduced awareness; i.e. becoming unconscious. Give water to finse out mouth, then provide liquid slowly and as much as casualty can comfortably drink. Transport to hospital or doctor without delay.

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptomatically

Issue Date: 17/01/2017

Print Date: 17/01/2017

Product Code: AP457 Version No: 1.5

SECTION 5 FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

	g media

Extinguishing media

Water spray or fog. Foam.

Dry chemical powder.

BCF (where regulations permit).

Carbon dioxide

Special hazards arising from the substrate or mixture

Fire incompatibilities

Avoid contamination with oxidising agents i.e. nitrates, oxidising acids, chlorine bleach, pool chlorine, etc. as ignition may result

Advice for firefighters

Fire Fighting

Alert Fire Brigade and tell them location and nature of hazard. Wear full body protective clothing with breathing apparatus.

Prevent, by any means available, spillage from entering drains or water course.

Use firefighting procedures suitable for surrounding area.

Do not approach containers suspected to be hot.

Cool fire exposed containers with water spray from a protected location.

If safe to do so, remove containers from path of fire.

Equipment should be thoroughly decontaminated after use

Fire/Explosion Hazard

Combustible solid which burns but propagates flame with difficulty; it is estimated that most organic dusts are combustible (circa 70%) - according to the circumstances under which the combustion process occurs, such materials may cause fires and / or dust explosions

SECTION 6 ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Environmental hazard - contain spillage.

Minor Spills

Clean up waste regularly and abnormal spills immediately. Avoid breathing dust and contact with skin and eyes.

Wear protective clothing, gloves, safety glasses and dust respirator.

Use dry clean up procedures and avoid generating dust.

Vacuum up or sweep up. NOTE: Vacuum cleaner must be fitted with an exhaust micro filter (HEPA type) (consider explosion-proof machines designed to be

grounded during storage and use)

Dampen with water to prevent dusting before sweeping. Place in suitable containers for disposal.

Major Spills

Environmental hazard - contain spillage. Wear full body protective clothing with breathing apparatus.

Prevent, by any means available, spillage from entering drains or water course.

Contain spill with sand, earth or vermiculite.

Collect recoverable product into labelled containers for recycling or suitable disposal.

Immediately notify emergency services (Police or Fire Brigade) if the spill is too large for you to safely and effectively handle.

Personal protective equipment advice is contained in Section 8 of this SDS

SECTION 7 HANDLING AND STORAGE

Safe handling

Precautions for safe handling

Avoid all personal contact including inhalation

Wear protective clothing when risk of exposure occurs.

Use in a well-ventilated area.

Avoid contact with moisture.

Avoid contact with incompatible materials. When handling, DO NOT eat, drink or smoke

Keep containers securely sealed when not in use.

Avoid physical damage to containers

Always wash hands with soap and water after handling. Work clothes should be laundered separately.

Other information

Store in original containers. Keep containers securely sealed.

Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated area.

Store away from incompatible materials and foodstuff containers Protect containers against physical damage and check regularly for leaks.

Observe manufacturer's storage and handling recommendations contained within this SDS.

No smoking, naked lights, heat or ignition sources

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Suitable container

Plastic pail.

Polyliner drum

Packing as recommended by manufacturer.

Check all containers are clearly labelled and free from leaks.

Storage incompatibility

In presence of moisture, the material is corrosive to aluminium, zinc and tin producing highly flammable hydrogen gas.

Is incompatible with oxidising and reducing agents.

Issue Date: 17/01/2017 Print Date: 17/01/2017

Product Code: AP457 EXT
Version No: 1.5

SECTION 8 EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

Control parameters

OCCUPATIONAL EXPOSURE LIMITS (OEL)

INGREDIENT DATA

Source	Ingredient	Material name	TWA	STEL	Peak	Notes
Australia Exposure Standards	ethylene glycol monobutyl ether	2-Butoxyethanol	96.9 mg/m3 / 20 ppm	242 mg/m3 / 50 ppm	Not Available	Sk

EMERGENCY LIMITS

Ingredient	Material name	TEEL-1	TEEL-2	TEEL-3
sodium tripolyphosphate	Sodium tripolyphosphate	0.22 mg/m3	2.5 mg/m3	620 mg/m3
ethylene glycol monobutyl ether	Butoxyethanol, 2-; (Glycol ether EB)	20 ppm	20 ppm	700 ppm
nitrilotriacetic acid,trisodium salt	Nitrilotriacetic acid, trisodium salt, monohydrate	9.2 mg/m3	100 mg/m3	110 mg/m3
sodium carbonate	Sodium carbonate	12 mg/m3	130 mg/m3	780 mg/m3
sodium metasilicate, pentahydrate	Sodium metasilicate pentahydrate	45 mg/m3	45 mg/m3	170 mg/m3

Ingredient	Original IDLH	Revised IDLH
sodium tripolyphosphate	Not Available	Not Available
ethylene glycol monobutyl ether	700 ppm	700 [Unch] ppm
nitrilotriacetic acid, trisodium salt	Not Available	Not Available
sodium carbonate	Not Available	Not Available
sodium metasilicate, pentahydrate	Not Available	Not Available

Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls	Maintain adequate ventilation at all times. In most circumstances natural ventilation systems are adequate. If ventilation is poor, then the use of a local exhaust ventilation system is recommended.
Personal protection	
Eye and face protection	Chemical goggles. Full face shield may be required for supplementary but never for primary protection of eyes. Contact lenses may pose a special hazard; soft contact lenses may absorb and concentrate irritants. It may be wise to remove contact lenses before handling material.
Skin protection	See Hand protection below
Hands/feet protection	Wear elbow length chemical protective gloves. Nitrile is recommended for this application
Body protection	If conditions are dusty it would be wise to wear a suitable overall.
Other protection	Access to a safety shower. Suitable dust mask. Eye was unit
Thermal hazards	Not Available

SECTION 9 PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance	Orange powder		
Physical state	Powder	Relative density (Water = 1)	Not Available
Odour	Lemon floral	Viscosity (cSt)	Not Available
Odour threshold	Not Available	Auto-ignition temperature(°C)	Not Applicable
pH (as supplied)	Not Applicable	Decomposition temperature	Not Available
Melting point / freezing point (°C)	Not Available	Partition coefficient n- octanol / water	Not Applicable
Initial boiling point and boiling range (°C)	Not Applicable	Surface Tension (dyn/cm or mN/m)	Not Available
Flash point (°C)	Not Applicable	Taste	Not Available
Evaporation rate	Not Available	Explosive properties	Not Available
Flammability	Not flammable	Oxidising properties	Not Available
Upper Explosive Limit (%)	Not Applicable	Molecular weight (g/mol)	Not Applicable
Lower Explosive Limit(%)	Not Applicable	Volatile Component (%vol)	Not Available
Vapour pressure (kPa)	Not Applicable	Gas group	Not Available
Solubility in water (g/L)	Up to 200g/L	pH as a solution (1%)	Not Available
Vapour density (Air = 1)	Not Available	VOC g/L	Not Available

EXTRACTA PRO Issue Date: 17/01/2017 Product Code: AP457 Print Date: 17/01/2017 Version No: 1.5

SECTION 10 STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity	See section 7
Chemical stability	Unstable in the presence of incompatible materials. Product is considered stable. Hazardous polymerisation will not occur.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	See section 7
Conditions to avoid	See section 7
Incompatible materials	See section 7
Hazardous decomposition products	See section 5

SECTION 11 TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on toxicological effects

Inhaled	The material can cause respiratory irritation in some persons. The body's response to such irritation can cause further lung damage. Persons with impaired respiratory function, airway diseases and conditions such as emphysema or chronic bronchitis, may incur further disability if excessive concentrations of particulate are inhaled. If prior damage to the circulatory or nervous systems has occurred or if kidney damage has been sustained, proper screenings should be conducted on individuals who may be exposed to further risk if handling and use of the material result in excessive exposures.
Ingestion	The material can produce chemical burns within the oral cavity and gastrointestinal tract following ingestion. Accidental ingestion of the material may be damaging to the health of the individual.
Skin Contact	The material can produce chemical burns following direct contact with the skin. Entry into the blood-stream, through, for example, cuts, abrasions or lesions, may produce systemic injury with harmful effects. Examine the skin prior to the use of the material and ensure that any external damage is suitably protected.
Eye	The material can produce chemical burns to the eye following direct contact. Dust or mists may be extremely irritating. If applied to the eyes, this material causes severe eye damage.
Chronic	Long-term exposure to respiratory irritants may result in disease of the airways involving difficult breathing and related systemic problems. Substance accumulation, in the human body, may occur and may cause some concern following repeated or long-term occupational exposure.

SECTION 12 ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Toxicity

Harmful to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

Do NOT allow product to come in contact with surface waters or to intertidal areas below the mean high watermark. Do not contaminate water when cleaning equipment or disposing of equipment wash-waters.

Wastes resulting from use of the product must be disposed of on site or at approved waste disposal facility.

Persistence and degradability

Ingredient	Persistence: Water/Soil	Persistence: Air
ethylene glycol monobutyl ether	LOW (Half-life = 56 days)	LOW (Half-life = 1.37 days)
sodium carbonate	LOW	LOW

Bio accumulative potential

Ingredient	Bioaccumulation
ethylene glycol monobutyl ether	LOW (BCF = 2.51)
sodium carbonate	LOW (LogKOW = -0.4605)

Mobility in soil

Ingredient	Mobility
ethylene glycol monobutyl ether	HIGH (KOC = 1)
sodium carbonate	HIGH (KOC = 1)

SECTION 13 DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste treatment methods

Product / packaging disposal	Recycle containers whenever possible. Product residues and containers should be disposed of in accordance with local government regulations.

Issue Date: 17/01/2017

Print Date: 17/01/2017

Product Code: AP457 Version No: 1.5

SECTION 14 TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Labels Required



Land transport (ADG)

UN number	1759
Packing group	III
UN proper shipping name	CORROSIVE SOLID, N.O.S.
Environmental hazard	No relevant data
Transport hazard class	Class 8 Sub risk Not Applicable
Special precautions for user	Special provisions 223 274 Limited quantity 5 Kg

SECTION 15 REGULATORY INFORMATION

Safety, health and environmental regulations / legislation specific for the substance or mixture

SODIUM TRIPOLYPHOSPHATE (7758-29-4) IS FOUND ON THE FOLLOWING REGULATORY LISTS

Australia Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS

DISODIUM DECYL (SULFOPHENOXY) BENZENESULFONATE (36445-71-3) IS FOUND ON THE FOLLOWING REGULATORY LISTS

Australia Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS

DISODIUM OXYBIS (DECYLBENZENE) SULFONATE (70146-13-3) IS FOUND ON THE FOLLOWING REGULATORY LISTS

Australia Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)

ETHYLENE GLYCOL MONOBUTYL ETHER (111-76-2) IS FOUND ON THE FOLLOWING REGULATORY LISTS

Australia Exposure Standards

Australia Hazardous Substances Information System - Consolidated Lists Australia Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)

International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) - Agents Classified by the IARC Monographs

NITRILOTRIACETIC ACID, TRISODIUM SALT (5064-31-3) IS FOUND ON THE FOLLOWING REGULATORY LISTS

Australia Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)

International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) - Agents Classified by the IARC Monographs

Australia Hazardous Substances Information System - Consolidated Lists

SODIUM CARBONATE (497-19-8) IS FOUND ON THE FOLLOWING REGULATORY LISTS

Australia Hazardous Substances Information System - Consolidated Lists

Australia Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)

SODIUM METASILICATE, PENTAHYDRATE (10213-79-3) IS FOUND ON THE FOLLOWING REGULATORY LISTS

Australia Hazardous Substances Information System - Consolidated Lists

Australia Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)

SECTION 16 OTHER INFORMATION

Other information

Classification of the preparation and its individual components has drawn on official and authoritative sources as well as independent review by the Chemwatch Classification committee using available literature references. A list of reference resources used to assist the committee may be found at: www.chemwatch.net

The SDS is a Hazard Communication tool and should be used to assist in the Risk Assessment. Many factors determine whether the reported Hazards are Risks in the workplace or other settings. Risks may be determined by reference to Exposures Scenarios. Scale of use, frequency of use and current or available engineering controls must be considered.

Definitions and abbreviations

PC-TWA: Permissible Concentration-Time Weighted Average PC-STEL: Permissible Concentration-Short Term Exposure Limit IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer ACGIH: American Conference of Government Industrial Hygienists

STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit

TEEL: Temporary Emergency Exposure Limit

IDI H: Immediate Danger to Life or Health Concentrations

OSF: Odour Safety Factor NOAEL: No Observed Effects Level TLV: Threshold Limit Value I O D Limit Of Detection OTV. Odour Threshold Value BCF: Bio Concentration Factors BEI: Biological Exposure Index

This document is copyright Apart from any fair dealing for the purposes of private study, research, review or criticism, as permitted under the Copyright Act, no part may be reproduced by any process without written permission from CHEMWATCH. TEL (+61 3) 9572 4700.