# SAFETY DATA SHEET



# INSTAGLAZE

# APPLIED PRODUCTS AUSTRALIA PTYLTD

# Catalogue number: AP425

Version No: EP1.2 Safety Data Sheet according to WHS and ADG requirements

# SECTION 1 IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE / MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY / UNDERTAKING

#### **Product Identifier**

Product name	INSTAGLAZE
Synonyms	AP425
Other means of identification	Not Available

# Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses High Gloss Polymer floor dressing

#### Details of the manufacturer/importer

Registered company name	APPLIED PRODUCTS AUSTRALIA PTY LTD
Address	11 Gamma Close, Beresfield 2322 NSW Australia
Telephone	(02) 4966 5516
Fax	(02) 4966 5510
Website	www.actichem.com.au
Email	info@actichem.com.au

# Emergency telephone number

Association / Organisation	Poisons Information Centre
Emergency telephone numbers	13 11 26
Other emergency telephone numbers	Not Available

# **SECTION 2 HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION**

#### Classification of the substance or mixture

HAZARDOUS CHEMICAL. NON-DANGEROUS GOODS. According to the Model WHS Regulations and the ADG Code.

Poisons Schedule	Not Applicable	
GHS Classification [1]	Skin Corrosion/Irritation Category 2,	
Legend:	1. Classified by Chemwatch; 2. Classification drawn from HSIS; 3. Classification drawn from EC Directive 1272/2008 - Annex VI	

#### Label elements

GHS label elements		
SIGNAL WORD	WARNING	
Hazard statement(s)		
H315	Causes skin irritation	
Precautionary statement(s	Precautionary statement(s) Prevention	
P273	Avoid release to the environment.	

#### Precautionary statement(s) Response

P302+P352+P332+P313	IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water and soap. If skin irritation occurs, get medical advice/attention.
P362	Take off contaminated clothing.

#### Precautionary statement(s) Storage

#### Precautionary statement(s) Disposal

P501 Dispose of contents / container according to local government regulations.

# SECTION 3 COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

#### Substances

See section below for composition of Mixtures

#### Mixtures

CAS No	%[weight]	Name
84-74-2	<10	dibutyl phthalate
9010-77-9	30-60	ethylene/ acrylic acid copolymer
Not Available	<10	Proprietary emulsion

The specific chemical identity and/or exact percentage (concentration) of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

### SECTION 4 FIRST AID MEASURES

#### Description of first aid measures

Eye Contact	If this product comes in contact with eyes:  Wash out immediately with water.  If irritation continues, seek medical attention.  Removal of contact lenses after an eye injury should only be undertaken by skilled personnel.
Skin Contact	If skin contact occurs:  Immediately remove all contaminated clothing, including footwear. Flush skin and hair with running water (and soap if available). Seek medical attention in event of irritation.
Inhalation	<ul> <li>If fumes, aerosols or combustion products are inhaled remove from contaminated area.</li> <li>Other measures are usually unnecessary.</li> </ul>
Ingestion	<ul> <li>Immediately give a glass of water.</li> <li>First aid is not generally required. If in doubt, contact a Poisons Information Centre or a doctor.</li> </ul>

# Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptomatically.

# **SECTION 5 FIREFIGHTING MEASURES**

Extinguishing media	<ul> <li>Water spray or fog.</li> <li>Foam.</li> <li>Dry chemical powder.</li> <li>BCF (where regulations permit).</li> <li>Carbon dioxide.</li> </ul>
	► Carbon dioxide.

# Special hazards arising from the substrate or mixture

Fire Incompatibility

Avoid contamination with oxidising agents i.e. nitrates, oxidising acids, chlorine bleaches, pool chlorine etc. as ignition may result

#### Advice for firefighters

Fire fighting	Product is not flammable. Alert Fire Brigade and tell them location and nature of hazard Wear full body protective clothing with breathing apparatus. Prevent, by any means available, spillage from entering drains or water course. Use water delivered as a fine spray to control fire and cool adjacent area. Avoid spraying water onto liquid pools. DO NOT approach containers suspected to be hot. Cool fire exposed containers with water spray from a protected location. If safe to do so, remove containers from path of fire.
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Fire/Explosion Hazard	Combustible. Slight fire hazard when exposed to heat or flame. Heating may cause expansion or decomposition leading to violent rupture of containers. May emit acrid smoke. Mists containing combustible materials may be explosive. Combustion products include: carbon dioxide (CO2), carbon monoxide (CO) and other pyrolysis products typical of burning organic material May emit corrosive fumes.
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# SECTION 6 ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

# Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Minor Spills	<ul> <li>Attend to spill immediately.</li> <li>Flush away with copious amounts of water.</li> </ul>
Major Spills	<ul> <li>Moderate hazard.</li> <li>Prevent, by any means available, spillage from entering drains or water course.</li> <li>Increase ventilation.</li> <li>Stop leak if safe to do so.</li> <li>Absorb on sand, dirt, vermiculite or similar absorbent material. Place into labelled drums and dispose of according to local government regulations.</li> <li>Immediately notify emergency services (Police or Fire Brigade) if the spill is too large for you to safely and effectively h a n d l e .</li> </ul>
	Personal Protective Equipment advice is contained in Section 8 of the SDS.

#### SECTION 7 HANDLING AND STORAGE

#### Precautions for safe handling

Safe handling	DO NOT allow clothing wet with material to stay in contact with skin Avoid all personal contact, including in halation. Wear protective clothing when risk of exposure occurs. Use in a well-ventilated area but avoid drafts carrying dust. Prevent concentration in hollows and sumps. Avoid contact with incompatible materials. When handling DO NOT eat, drink or smoke. Keep containers securely sealed when not in use. Avoid physical damage to containers.
Other information	Store in original containers. Keep containers securely sealed. No smoking, naked lights or ignition sources. Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated area. Store away from incompatible materials and foodstuff containers. Protect containers against physical damage and check regularly for leaks. Observe manufacturer's storage and handling recommendations contained within this MSDS.

# Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Suitable container	Polyethylene or polypropylene container. Packaging as recommended by manufacturer. Check all containers are clearly labelled and free from leaks.
Storage incompatibility	May react with strong acids, strong oxidisers, permanganates and nitrates. Attacks some forms of plastics Avoid reaction with oxidising agents

#### PACKAGE MATERIAL INCOMPATIBILITIES

Not Available

# SECTION 8 EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

# **Control parameters**

# OCCUPATIONAL EXPOSURE LIMITS (OEL)

INGREDIENT DATA								
Source	Ingredient	Material name		TWA	STEL	Peak		Notes
Australia Exposure Standards	dibutyl phthalate	Dibutyl phthalate		5 mg/m3	Not Available	Not Availa	ble	Not Available
EMERGENCY LIMITS								
Ingredient	Material name		TEEL-1		TEEL-2		TEEL-3	
dibutyl phthalate	Dibutyl phthalate		15 mg/m	3	31 mg/m3		9300 mg/m3	3

Ingredient	Original IDLH	Revised IDLH
dibutyl phthalate	9,300 mg/m3	4,000 mg/m3

xposure controls	
Appropriate engineering controls	Maintain adequate ventilation at all times. In most circumstances natural ventilation systems are adequate If ventilation is poor, then the use of a local exhaust ventilation system is recommended. Avoid strong drafts after the dressing has been spread as these can cause dust to settle on the wet dressing.
Personal protection	
Eye and face protection	If splashing is likely it is recommended that safety glasses with side shields should be worn.
Skin protection	See Hand protection below
Hands/feet protection	Wear chemical protective gloves, e.g. PVC.
Body protection	See Other protection below
Other protection	Not usually necessary.
Thermal hazards	Not Available

# SECTION 9 PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

# Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance Opa	que white liquid		
Physical sta	te Liquid	Relative density (Water = 1)	Not Available
Odo	ur Mild	Molecular weight (g/mol)	Not Available
Odour thresho	Id Not Available	Auto-ignition temperature (°C)	Not Available
pH (as supplie	d) 8.5	<b>Decomposition Temperature</b>	Not Available
Melting point / freezing point (°	C) Not Available	Viscosity (cSt)	Not Available
Initial boiling point and boiling range (°	<ul> <li>Not Available</li> </ul>	Partition coefficient n-octanol / water	Not Available
Flash point (°	C) Not Available	Taste	Not Available
Evaporation ra	te Not Available	Explosive properties	Not Available
Flammabil	ty Not flammable	Oxidising properties	Not Available
Upper Explosive Limit (	6) Not Available	Surface Tension (dyn/cm or mN/m)	Not Available
Lower Explosive Limit(	6) Not Available	Volatile Component (%vol)	Not Available
Vapour pressure (kF	a) Not Available	Gas group	Not Available
Solubility in water (g	L) Miscible	pH as a solution (1%)	Not Available
Vapour density (Air =	1) Not Available	VOC g/L	Not Available

# SECTION 10 STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity	See section 7
Chemical stability	Unstable in the presence of incompatible materials. Product is considered stable. Hazardous polymerisation will not occur.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	See section 7
Conditions to avoid	See section 7
Incompatible materials	See section 7
Hazardous decomposition products	See section 5

# SECTION 11 TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

### Information on toxicological effects

Inhaled	The material is not thought to produce adverse health effects or irritation of the respiratory tract (as classified by EC Directives using animal models). Nevertheless, good hygiene practice requires that exposure be kept to a minimum and that suitable control measures be used in an occupational setting.
Ingestion	The material has NOT been classified by EC Directives or other classification systems as 'harmful by ingestion'. This is because of the lack of corroborating animal or human evidence.
Skin Contact	This material can cause inflammation of the skin on contact in some persons. The material may accentuate any pre-existing dermatitis condition.
Eye	Although the liquid is not thought to be an irritant (as classified by EC Directives), direct contact with the eye may produce transient discomfort characterised by tearing or conjunctival redness (as with windburn).
Chronic	No relevant information is available.

#### SECTION 12 ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

#### Toxicity

Harmful to aquatic organisms. DO NOT discharge into sewer or waterways

#### Persistence and degradability

Ingredient	Persistence: Water/Soil	Persistence: Air
dibutyl phthalate	LOW (Half-life = 23 days)	LOW (Half-life = 3.08 days)

#### Bio accumulative potential

Ingredient	Bioaccumulation
dibutyl phthalate	LOW (BCF = 176)

#### Mobility in soil

Ingredient	Mobility
dibutyl phthalate	LOW (KOC = 1460)

#### SECTION 13 DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

# Waste treatment methods Product / Packaging disposal Product and containers should be disposed of in accordance with local government regulations.

#### **SECTION 14 TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

HAZCHEM Not Applicable

#### Land transport (Not Applicable): NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS

Air transport (ICAO-IATA / DGR): NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS

Sea transport (IMDG-Code / GGVSee): NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS

#### **SECTION 15 REGULATORY INFORMATION**

#### Safety, health and environmental regulations / legislation specific for the substance or m i x t u r e

dibutyl phthalate(84-74-2) is found on the following regulatory lists	'Australia Exposure Standards', 'Australia Hazardous Substances Information System - Consolidated Lists'
ethylene/ acrylic acid copolymer(9010-77-9) is found on the following regulatory lists	'Not Applicable'

### **SECTION 16 OTHER INFORMATION**

#### Other information

Classification of the preparation and its individual components has drawn on official and authoritative sources as well as independent review by the Chernwatch Classification committee using available literature references.

A list of reference resources used to assist the committee may be found at: www.chemwatch.net

The SDS is a Hazard Communication tool and should be used to assist in the Risk Assessment. Many factors determine whether the reported Hazards are Risks in the workplace or other settings. Risks may be determined by reference to Exposures Scenarios. Scale of use, frequency of use and current or available engineering controls must be considered.

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TEL (+61 3) 9572 4700.