# SAFETY DATA SHEET



# **KLENZMATIC**

# APPLIED PRODUCTS AUSTRALIA PTYLTD

Catalogue number: **AP210** Version No: **1.4** Issue date: **05/12/2016** 

Safety Data Sheet according to WHS and ADG  $% \left( {{{\rm{ADG}}}} \right)$  requirements

# SECTION 1 IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE / MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY / UNDERTAKING

#### **Product Identifier**

Product name	KLENZMATIC
Synonyms	AP210
Proper shipping name	POTASSIUM HYDROXIDE SOLUTION
Other means of identification	Not Available

# Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

o dish washing liquid.
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#### Details of the manufacturer/importer

Registered company name	PPLIED PRODUCTS AUSTRALIA PTY LTD	
Address	11 Gamma Close, Beresfield 2322 NSW Australia	
Telephone	(02) 4966 5516	
Fax	(02) 4966 5510	
Website	www.actichem.com.au	
Email	info@actichem.com.au	

#### **Emergency telephone number**

Association / Organisation	Poisons Information Centre
Emergency telephone numbers	13 1126
Other emergency telephone numbers	1800 108 800

### **SECTION 2 HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION**

#### Classification of the substance or mixture

HAZARDOUS CHEMICAL. DANGEROUS GOODS. According to the Model WHS Regulations and the ADG Code.

Poisons Schedule	6	
GHS Classification [1]	Serious Eye Damage Category 1, Skin Corrosion/Irritation Category 1A, Metal Corrosion Category 1	
Legend:	1. Classified by Chernwatch; 2. Classification drawn from HSIS; 3. Classification drawn from EC Directive 1272/2008 - Annex VI	
Label elements		

GHS label elements



SIGNAL WORD DANGER

#### Hazard statement(s)

H318	Causes serious eye damage
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage
H290	May be corrosive to metals

### Precautionary statement(s) Prevention

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P260	Do not breathe mist or spray.
P280	Wear protective gloves and eye protection.
P234	Keep only in original container.

### Precautionary statement(s) Response

P301+P330+P331	SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.	
P303+P310+P361+P353	KIN (or hair): Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.	
P305+P310+P351+P338	IF IN EYES: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.	
P304+P340	IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep in a position comfortable for breathing.	
P363	Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.	
P390	Absorb spillage to prevent material damage.	

#### Precautionary statement(s) Storage

P405 Store locked up

#### Precautionary statement(s) Disposal

P501 Dispose of contents / container in accordance with local regulations

#### SECTION 3 COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

#### Substances

See section below for composition of Mixtures

#### Mixtures

CAS No	%[weight]	Name
1310-58-3	10 - <30	potassium hydroxide
10213-79-3	<10	sodium metasilicate, pentahydrate
7758-29-4	10 - <30	sodium tripolyphosphate

### **SECTION 4 FIRST AID MEASURES**

#### Description of first aid measures

Eye Contact	If this product comes in contact with the eyes: Immediately hold eyelids apart and flush the eye continuously with running water. Ensure complete irrigation of the eye by keeping eyelids apart and away from eye and moving the eyelids by occasionally lifting the upper and lower lids. Continue flushing until advised to stop by the Poisons Information Centre or a doctor, or for at least 15 minutes. Transport to hospital or doctor without delay. Removal of contact lenses after an eye injury should only be undertaken by skilled personnel.
Skin Contact	If skin or hair contact occurs: Immediately flush body and clothes with large amounts of water, using safety shower if available. Quickly remove all contaminated clothing, including footwear. Wash skin and hair with running water. Continue flushing with water until advised to stop by the Poisons Information Centre. If burns are present or irritation persists get medical advice / attention.
Inhalation	If fumes or combustion products are inhaled remove from contaminated area. Lay patient down. Keep warm and rested. Inhalation of vapours or aerosols (mists, fumes) may cause lung oedema.
Ingestion	For advice, contact a Poisons Information Centre or a doctor at once. Urgent hospital treatment is likely to be needed. If swallowed do NOT induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, lean patient forward or place on left side (head-down position, if possible) to maintain open airway and prevent aspiration. Observe the patient carefully. Never give liquid to a person showing signs of being sleepy or with reduced awareness; i.e. becoming unconscious. Give water to rinse out mouth, then provide up to 2 glasses of liquid slowly. Transport to hospital or doctor without delay.

#### Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptomatically.

### SECTION 5 FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

#### Extinguishing media

Extinguishing media	Water spray or fog. Foam. Dry chemical powder. BCF (where regulations permit). Carbon dioxide.
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#### Special hazards arising from the substrate or mixture

Fire incompatibility	None known
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# Advice for firefighters

Fire Fighting	Alert Fire Brigade and tell them location and nature of hazard. Wear full body protective clothing with breathing apparatus. Prevent, by any means available, spillage from entering drains or water course. Use firefighting procedures suitable for surrounding area. <b>Do not</b> approach containers suspected to be hot. Cool fire exposed containers with water spray from a protected location. If safe to do so, remove containers from path of fire. Equipment should be thoroughly decontaminated after use.
Fire/Explosion Hazard	Non-combustible. Not considered a significant fire risk, however containers may bum. Decomposition may produce toxic fumes of phosphorus oxides (POx).

# SECTION 6 ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, prot	ective equipment and emergency procedures
Minor Spills	Rinse away with copious amounts of water.
Major Spills	Absorb on sand, dirt, vermiculite or similar absorbent material. Place into labeled drums and dispose of according to local government regulations. Immediately notify emergency services (Police or Fire Brigade) if the spill is too large for you to safely and effectively handle.
	Personal Protective Equipment advice is contained in Section 8 of the SDS.

### SECTION 7 HANDLING AND STORAGE

#### Precautions for safe handling

Safe handling	DO NOT allow clothing wet with material to stay in contact with skin Avoid all personal contact, including inhalation. Wear protective clothing when risk of exposure occurs. Use in a well-ventilated area. WARNING: To avoid violent reaction, ALWAYS add material to water and NEVER water to material. Avoid contact with incompatible materials. When handling, DO NOT eat, drink or smoke. Keep containers securely sealed when not in use. Avoid physical damage to containers. Always wash hands with soap and water after handling.
Other information	Store in original containers. Keep containers securely sealed. Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated area. Store away from incompatible materials and foodstuff containers. Protect containers against physical damage and check regularly for leaks. Observe manufacturer's storage and handling recommendations contained within this SDS. <b>DO NOT store near acids, or oxidising agents</b> .

### Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Suitable container	Plastic pail. Polyliner drum. Packing as recommended by manufacturer. Check all containers are clearly labelled and free from leaks.
Storage incompatibility	Avoid storage with <b>acids.</b> Is corrosive to aluminium, tin and zinc.

#### PACKAGE MATERIAL INCOMPATIBILITIES

Not Available

### SECTION 8 EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

### Control parameters

# OCCUPATIONAL EXPOSURE LIMITS (OEL)

INGREDIENT DATA

Source	Ingredient	Material name	TWA		STEL		Peak	Notes
Australia Exposure Standards	potassium hydroxide	Potassium hydroxide	Not Avai	able	Not Availa	ıble	2 mg/m3	Not Available
EMERGENCY LIMITS								
Ingredient	Material name		т	EEL-1		TEEL-2		TEEL-3
potassium hydroxide	Potassium hydroxide		0	.18 mg/m3		2 mg/m3		54 mg/m3
sodium metasilicate, pentahydrate	Sodium metasilicate pentahydrat	te	4	5 mg/m3		45 mg/m3		170 mg/m3
sodium metasilicate, pentahydrate	Sodium silicate; (Sodium metas	ilicate)	1	8 mg/m3		230 mg/m3	3	230 mg/m3
sodium tripolyphosphate	Sodium tripolyphosphate		0	.22 mg/m3		2.5 mg/m3	;	620 mg/m3
Ingredient	Original IDLH			Revised II	DLH			
potassium hydroxide	Not Available			Not Availat	ble			
sodium metasilicate, pentahydrate	Not Available			Not Availat	ble			
sodium tripolyphosphate	Not Available			Not Availat	ble			

# Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls	Maintain adequate ventilation at all times. In most circumstances natural ventilation systems are adequate. If ventilation is poor, then the use of a local exhaust ventilation system is recommended.
Personal protection	
Eye and face protection	Chemical goggles.whenever there is a danger of the material coming in contact with the eyes. Goggles must be properly fitted. Full face shield (20 cm, 8 in minimum) may be required for supplementary but never for primary protection of eyes; these afford face protection. Contact lenses may pose a special hazard; soft contact lenses may absorb and concentrate irritants. Lens should be removed at the first signs of eye rednessor irritation. Lens should be removed in a clean environment only after workers have washed hands thoroughly
Skin protection	See Hand protection below
Hands/feet protection	Elbow length gloves. Butyl or neoprene are recommended for this application. When handling corrosive liquids, wear trousers or overalls outside of boots, to avoid spills entering boots.
Body protection	See Other protection below
Other protection	Overalls. PVC Apron. PVC protective suit may be required if exposure severe. Eyewash unit.
Thermal hazards	Not Available

# SECTION 9 PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

# Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance	Clear liquid		
Physical state	Liquid	Relative density (Water = 1)	1.21
Odour	Not Available	Viscosity (cSt)	Not Available
Odour threshold	Not Available	Auto-ignition temperature(°C)	Not Available
pH (as supplied)	14	Decomposition temperature	Not Available
Melting point / freezing point (°C)	Not Available	Partition coefficient n-octanol / water	Not Available
Initial boiling point and boiling range (°C)	Not Available	Surface Tension (dyn/cm or mN/m)	Not Available
Flash point (°C)	Not Applicable	Taste	Not Available
Evaporation rate	Not Available	Explosive properties	Not Available
Flammability	Not Applicable	Oxidising properties	Not Available
Upper Explosive Limit (%)	Not Available	Molecular weight (g/mol)	Not Available
Lower Explosive Limit(%)	Not Available	Volatile Component (%vol)	Not Available
Vapour pressure (kPa)	Not Available	Gas group	Not Available
Solubility in water (g/L)	Miscible	pH as a solution (1%)	Not Available
Vapour density (Air = 1)	Not Available	VOC g/L	Not Available

# SECTION 10 STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity	See section 7
Chemical stability	Contact with acidic material liberates heat.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	See section 7
Conditions to avoid	See section 7
Incompatible materials	See section 7
Hazardous decomposition products	See section 5

### SECTION 11 TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

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Inhaled	The material can cause respiratory irritation in some persons. The body's response to such irritation can cause further lung damage. Inhaling corrosive bases may irritate the respiratory tract. Symptoms include cough, choking, pain and damage to the mucous membrane.
Ingestion	Ingestion of alkaline corrosives may produce burns around the mouth, ulcerations and swellings of the mucous membranes, profuse saliva production, with an inability to speak or swallow. Both the oesophagus and stomach may experience burning pain; vomiting and diarrhoea may follow.
Skin Contact	The material can produce severe chemical burns following direct contact with the skin. Skin contact is not thought to have harmful health effects (as classified under EC Directives); the material may still produce health damage following entry through wounds, lesions or abrasions. Potassium hydroxide burns are not immediately painful; onset of pain may be delayed minutes or hours; thus care should be taken to avoid contamination of gloves and boots.
Eye	If applied to the eyes, this material causes severe eye damage. Direct eye contact with corrosive bases can cause pain and burns. There may be swelling, epithelium destruction, clouding of the cornea and inflammation of the iris. Mild cases often resolve; severe cases can be prolonged with complications such as persistent swelling, scarring, permanent cloudiness, bulging of the eye, cataracts, eyelids glued to the eyeball and blindness.
Chronic	Repeated or prolonged exposure to corrosives may result in the erosion of teeth, inflammatory and ulcerative changes in the mouth and necrosis (rarely) of the jaw. Bronchial irritation, with cough, and frequent attacks of bronchial pneumonia may ensue.

# SECTION 12 ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Toxicity

#### No Data available.

#### Persistence and degradability

Ingredient	Persistence: Water/Soil	Persistence: Air
	No Data available for all ingredients	No Data available for all ingredients
Bio accumulative potential		
Ingredient	Bioaccumulation	
	No Data available for all ingredients	
Mobility in soil		
Ingredient	Mobility	
	No Data available for all ingredients	

#### SECTION 13 DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

#### Waste treatment methods

Product / packaging disposal Recycle containers whenever possible. Product residues and containers should be disposed of in accordance with local government regulations

### **SECTION 14 TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

# Labels Required



Marine Pollutant NO HAZCHEM 2R Land transport (ADG) UN number 1814 Packing group Ш UN proper shipping name POTASSIUM HYDROXIDE SOLUTION Environmental hazard No relevant data Class 8 Transport hazard class(es) Sub risk Not Applicable

	Special provisions	Not Applicable
Special precautions for user	Limited quantity	1L
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#### **SECTION 15 REGULATORY INFORMATION**

potassium hydroxide (1310-58-3) is found on the following regulatory lists	'Australia Exposure Standards', 'Australia Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)', 'Australia Hazardous Substances Information System - Consolidated Lists'
sodium metasilicate, pentahydrate (10213-79-3) is found on the following regulatory lists	'Australia Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)', 'Australia Hazardous Substances Information System - Consolidated Lists'
sodium tripolyphosphate (7758-29-4) is found on the following regulatory lists	'Australia Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)'

### **SECTION 16 OTHER INFORMATION**

#### Other information

Classification of the preparation and its individual components has drawn on official and authoritative sources as well as independent review by the Chemwatch Classification committee using available literature references. A list of reference resources used to assist the committee may be found at: www.chemwatch.net

The SDS is a Hazard Communication tool and should be used to assist in the Risk Assessment. Many factors determine whether the reported Hazards are Risks in the workplace or other settings. Risks may be determined by reference to Exposures Scenarios. Scale of use, frequency of use and current or available engineering controls must be considered.

#### Definitions and abbreviations

PC-TWA;	Permissible Concentration-Time Weighted Average
PC-STEL:	Permissible Concentration-Short Term Exposure Limit
IARC:	International Agency for Research on Cancer
ACGIH:	American Conference of Government Industrial Hygienists
STEL:	Short Term Exposure Limit
TEEL:	Temporary Emergency Exposure Limit
IDLH:	Immediate Danger to Life or Health Concentrations
OSF:	Odour Safety Factor
NOAEL:	No Observed Effects Level
TLV:	Threshold Limit Value
LOD:	Limit Of Detection
OTV:	Odour Threshold Value
BCF:	Bio Concentration Factors
BEI:	Biological Exposure Index

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End of SDS