

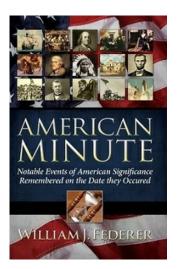
American Minute with Bill Federer Memorial Day -- Honoring American Heroes of Courage, Sacrifice, & Faith

Memorial Day in America, as an annual observance, can be traced back to the end of the Civil War, a war in which over a half-million died.



Southern women scattered spring flowers on graves of both northern **Union** and southern **Confederate** soldiers.

Download as PDF ...

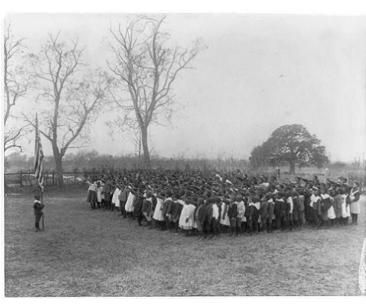


American Minute-Notable Events of American Significance Remembered on the Date They Occurred

Many places claimed to have held the original Memorial Day, such as:

- Warrenton, Virginia;
- Columbus, Georgia;
- Savannah, Georgia;
- Gettysburg, Pennsylvania;
- Boalsburg, Pennsylvania;
- Waterloo, New York.



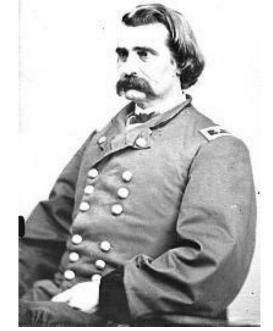


One such place was Charleston, South Carolina, where a mass grave was uncovered of 257 Union soldiers who had died in a prison camp.

On May 1, 1865, former slaves

organized a parade, led by 2,800 singing black children, in which they prayed, read Bible verses, sang spirituals, and reburied the soldiers with honor as an act of gratefulness for their ultimate sacrifice which gave them freedom.

In 1868, General John A.
Logan, commander of the Civil
War veterans' organization
"The Grand Army of the
Republic," called for a
Decoration Day to be
observed annually on May 30.





President James
Garfield's only
executive order was in
1881 where he gave
government workers
May 30th off so they
could decorate the
graves of those who
died in the Civil War.

In 1921, President
Warren Harding
had the remains of
an unknown
soldier killed in
France during
World War I
buried in the
Tomb of the
Unknown Soldier
at Arlington
Cemetery.



Inscribed on the Tomb is the phrase:

"HERE RESTS IN HONORED GLORY AN AMERICAN SOLDIER KNOWN BUT TO GOD."



Since 1921, it has been the tradition for Presidents to lay a wreath on the **Tomb of the Unknown Soldier**, which is guarded 24 hours a day, 365 days a year.



The number 21 being the highest salute, the sentry takes 21 steps, faces the tomb for 21 seconds, turns and pauses 21 seconds, then retraces his steps.

On **Memorial Day**, 1923, **President Calvin Coolidge** stated:

"There can be no peace with the forces of evil.

Peace comes only

through the establishment of the supremacy of the forces of good.

That way lies through sacrifice ... 'Greater love hath no man than this, that a man



lay down his life for his friends."

The Memorial Day poem, "In Flanders Fields," was composed during World War I, by a Canadian Expeditionary gunner and medical officer named John McCrae,



who fought in the **Second Battle of Ypres near Flanders**, **Belgium**.

Describing the battle as a "nightmare," as the enemy carried out one of the first chlorine gas attacks,
McCrae wrote:

"For seventeen days and seventeen nights none of us have had our clothes off, nor our boots even, except occasionally. In all that time while I was awake, gunfire and rifle fire never ceased for sixty seconds ...

And behind it all was the constant background of the sights of the dead, the wounded, the maimed, and a terrible anxiety lest the line should give way."



CORRECT and QUICK
Don't breathe while doing it, and this
won't happen to you.

Finding one of his friends killed,

McCrae helped bury him along with the other dead in a field.

Noticing the field covered with poppy flowers, he wrote:

"In Flanders fields the poppies blow Between the crosses, row on row,



That mark our place; and in the sky The larks, still bravely singing, fly Scarce heard amid the guns below.

We are the Dead. Short days ago We lived, felt dawn, saw sunset glow,

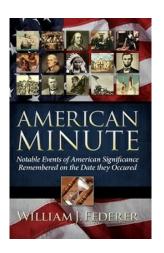
Loved and were loved, and now we lie In Flanders fields.

Take up our quarrel with the foe:
To you from failing hands we throw
The torch; be yours to hold it

high.
If ye break faith with us who die
We shall not

sleep, though poppies grow In Flanders fields."





American Minute-Notable Events of American Significance Remembered on the Date They Occurred

Notable individuals who fought in **World War I** include:



- Sergeant Alvin York, who single-handedly took out 35 machine guns and captured 132;
- John J. Pershing, General of the Armies;
- Douglas MacArthur, Brigadier General;

- George S. Patton, tank commander;
- Leonard Wood, future Army Chief of Staff;



- Harry S Truman, artillery officer and future 33rd President;
- Eddie Rickenbacker, commander of 94th Areo Squadron;
- Quentin Roosevelt, a pilot, son of President

Theodore Roosevelt, was shot down and died;

- Charles Whittlesey, commander of the "Lost Battalion" behind lines;
- Frank Luke -"balloon buster";
- Irving Berlin, composer of "God Bless America";
- Edouard Izac, naval office captured on a U-Boat, who escaped;
- Henry Johnson of the "Harlem Hellfighters";
- Dan Daly, Marine Sergeant charged and captured machine gun nests;
- Ernest Hemingway, author of A Farewell to Arms;
- J.R.R. Tolken, British author of The Lord of the Rings;
- C.S. Lewis, British author of *The Chronicles of Narnia*.





One soldier was **Orval William Epperson**.

Born on a rugged Ozark farm near Anderson, Missouri, he fought in France, being assigned to the 338th Machine Gun Battalion 88th Division.

Upon returning to America, he married Therese DeBrosse, and had three children: Joan, Orval Wilford, and Tirzah, the mother of the author of this article.

Orval and Therese's only son was **Orval Wilford "Billy" Epperson**.

He served in World War II as a bombardier on a B17 Flying Fortress, 525th Squadron, 379 Bomb Group A.P.O. 550 (#0-768946).



23-year-old "Billy"
Epperson flew from
Camp Crowder in
southwest Missouri



to Kimbolton, England.

He had written a Mother's Day note to his mom, tied it with a handkerchief to a small weight and dropped it from the plane as it flew over his hometown of Neosho, Missouri.



A neighbor got it and brought to his mother, who lived at 344 S. Hamilton.

Little did either know that that would be the closest they would be again, as **Billy** was **shot down** by the Nazis over the English Channel near Holland on July 9, 1944.

Joplin Globe Friday, July 28, 1944 - Page 16

These four district boys are reported missing in aerial combat in the European war theater. From left to right, they are: Lieutenant Orval W. (Bill) Epperson. son of Mr. and Mrs. O. W. Epperson of Neosho; Staff Sergeant Harold H. Hindman, som of Mrs. Anna Hindman, 2027 Main street, Joplin; Cor-

In 1958, **President Eisenhower** placed soldiers in the tomb from **World War II** and the **Korean War**.



In 1968, one hundred years after the first observance, **Memorial Day** was moved to the **last Monday in May.**



In 1984, **President Ronald Reagan**placed a soldier
from the **Vietnam**

War in the tomb.



DNA test later identified him as pilot **Michael Blassie**, whose A-37B
Dragonfly was shot down near An Loc, South Vietnam.

He had graduated from the U.S. Air Force Academy in 1970, and prior to that, graduated from St. Louis University High School in 1966, ten years before the author of this article.



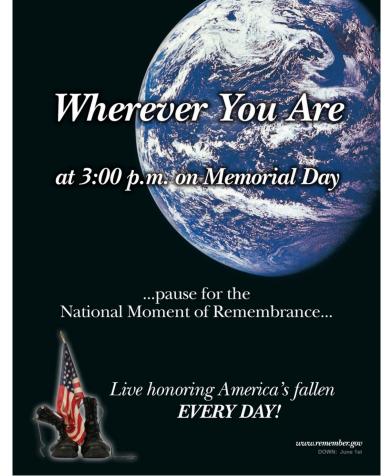


In 2000, Congress passed **The**

In 1998, Michael
Blassie's remains
were reburied at
Jefferson
Memorial
Cemetery, St.
Louis, Missouri.

National Moment of Remembrance Act (Public Law 106-579), whereby on each Memorial Day, at 3:00pm, citizens should pause for a moment of prayer:

"Congress finds that ... it is essential to remember and renew the legacy of Memorial Day ... to pay tribute to individuals who have made the



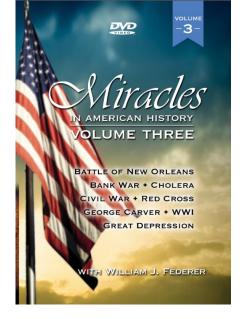
ultimate sacrifice in service to the United States ...

Greater strides must be made to demonstrate appreciation for those loyal people ... whose values, represented by their sacrifices, are critical to the future of the United States ...

and to encourage citizens to dedicate themselves to the ... principles for which those heroes of the United States died ...

A symbolic act of unity ... to honor the men and women of the United States who died in the pursuit of freedom and peace ... as a day of prayer for permanent peace."

<u>Miracles in American History - video series</u>



Memorial Day grew to honor all who gave their lives defending America's freedom in every war, including:

- Revolutionary War (1775-1783) 25,000;
- Barbary Wars (1801-1805; 1815) 45;
- War of 1812 (1812-1814) 20,000;
- Mexican-American
 War (1846-1848)
 13,283;
- Civil War (1861-1865) 625,000;
- Spanish-American War (1898) 2,446;
- World War 1 (1917-1918) 116,516;
- World War 2 (1941-1945) 405,399;
- Korean War (1950-1953) 36,516;
- Vietnam War (1955-1975) 58,209;
- Persian Gulf War (1990-1991) 258;
- Operation Enduring Freedom in Afghanistan (2001-2014) 2,356;
- Operation Iraqi Freedom (2003-2012) 4,489; and
- ongoing wars against Islamic terrorism.

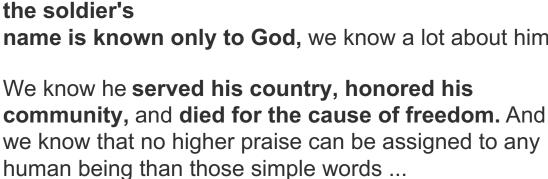


At the **Memorial** Day Ceremony. May 31, 1993, **President Bill Clinton** remarked:

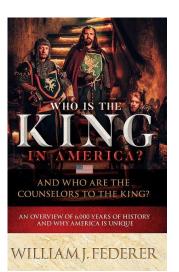
"The inscription on the Tomb of the **Unknown Soldier** says that he is 'Known but to God.'

But that is only partly true. While the soldier's





In the presence of those buried all around us, we ask the support of all Americans in the aid and blessing of God Almighty."



Who is the King in America? And Who are the Counselors to the King? An Overview of 6,000 Years of History & Why America is Unique

HERE RESTS IN

HONORED GLORY

ANAMERICAN

SOLDIER

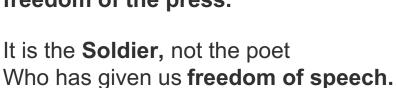
KNOWN BUT TO GOD

Charles Michael Province, U.S.

Army, wrote the poem:

"It is the **Soldier**, not the minister Who has given us **freedom of religion**.

It is the **Soldier**, not the reporter Who has given us **freedom of the press**.

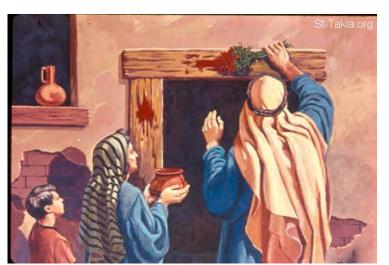


It is the **Soldier**, not the campus organizer Who has given us **freedom to protest**.

It is the **Soldier**, not the lawyer Who has given us the **right to a fair trial**.

It is the **Soldier**, not the politician Who has given us the **right to vote**.

It is the **Soldier** who salutes the flag, Who serves beneath the flag, And whose coffin is draped by the flag, Who allows the protester to burn the flag."



Memorials are important in Scripture. The Lord told Moses in Exodus 12:

"Speak ye unto all the **congregation** of Israel ... In the tenth day of this month they shall take to them every man a lamb, according to the house ... Your lamb shall be without blemish ... And ye shall keep it up until the fourteenth day ... and the whole assembly of the congregation of Israel shall kill it in the evening.

And they shall take of the blood, and strike it on the two side posts and on the upper door post of the houses ... For I will pass through the land of Egypt this night, and ... execute judgment ... and when I see the blood, I will pass over you, and the plague shall not be upon you to destroy you ...

And this day shall be unto you for a **MEMORIAL** ... throughout your generations ... an ordinance for ever."

Memorial is mentioned in Joshua, chapter 4:

"When all the people were clean passed over Jordan ... Joshua called the twelve men ... out of every tribe ...



And Joshua said unto them, Pass over before the ark of the LORD your God into the midst of Jordan, and take ye up every man of you a stone upon his shoulder ...

... That this may be a sign among you, that when your children ask their fathers in

time to come, saying, What mean ye by these stones?

Then ye shall answer them, That the waters of Jordan were cut off before the ark of the covenant of the LORD:



when it passed over Jordan ... and **these stones** shall be for a **MEMORIAL** unto the **children of Israel for ever."**



Noah Webster's 1828 Dictionary stated in its definition of "MEMORIAL":

"That which preserves the

memory of something ... A monument is a memorial of a deceased person, or of an event. The Lord's supper is a memorial of the death and sufferings of Christ."

In his Memorial
Day Address,
May 31, 1923,
President Calvin
Coolidge said:

"Settlers came here from mixed motives ...
Generally defined, they were seeking a broader freedom.

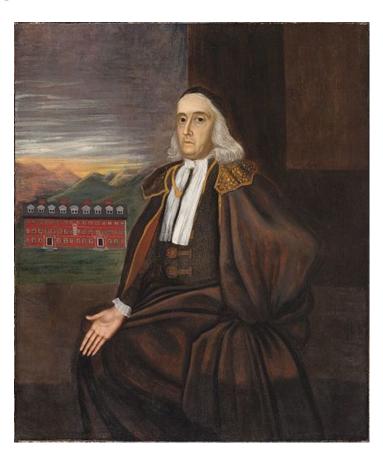


They were intent upon establishing a Christian commonwealth in accordance to the principle of self-government ...

It has been said that 'God sifted the nations that He might send choice grain into the wilderness."

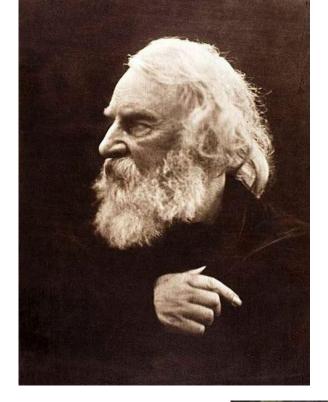
Coolidge was citing an Election Sermon given in Boston, April 29, 1669, by Massachusetts Governor Judge William Stoughton, who described the Puritans fleeing persecution in England to settle in the New World:

"God sifted a whole nation that he might send choice grain over into this wilderness."



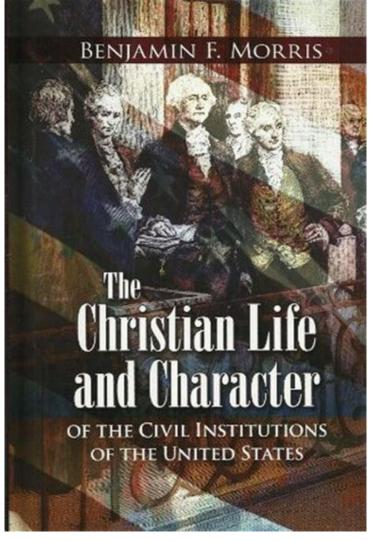
Henry W. Longfellow used a similar line in his classic *Courtship of Miles Standish:*

"God had sifted three kingdoms to find the wheat for this planting."



This was explained further in **Benjamin Franklin Morris**' classic *The Christian Life and Character of The Civil Institutions of The United States* (1864):

"The persecutions of the **Puritans** in **England** for **non-conformity**, and the religious agitations and conflicts in **Germany** by **Luther**, in **Geneva** by **Calvin**, and in **Scotland** by **Knox**,



were the preparatory **ordeals** for qualifying **Christian** men for the work of **establishing the civil institutions** on the **American continent**.

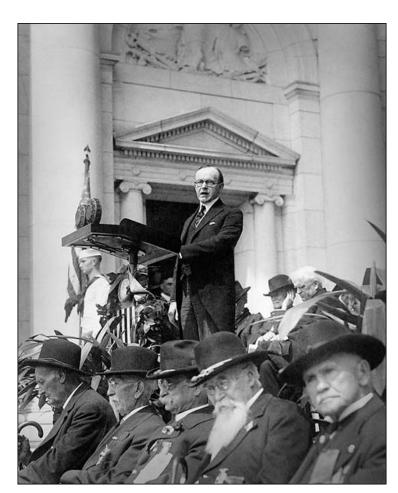
'God sifted' in these conflicts 'a whole nation that He might send choice grain over into the wilderness'; and the blood and persecution of martyrs became the seed of both the church and the state ...

It was in these schools of fiery trial that the founders of the American republic were educated and prepared for their grand Christian mission ...

They were trained in stormy times, in order to prepare them to ... establish the fundamental principles of civil and religious liberty and of just systems of civil government."

Concluding in his
Memorial Day
Address that
America's republic
is worth
preserving,
President Calvin
Coolidge stated
May 31, 1923:

"They had a genius for organized society on the foundations of piety, righteousness, liberty, and obedience of the law ...



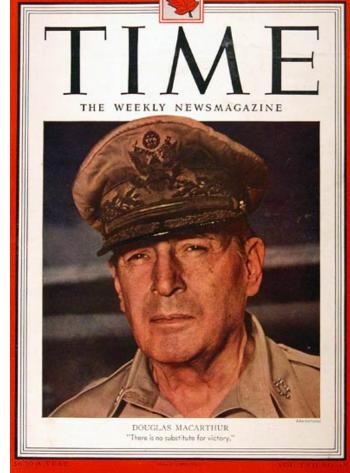
Who can fail to see in it the hand of destiny? Who can doubt that it has been guided by a Divine Providence?"

Douglas MacArthur told West Point

cadets, May 1962:

"The soldier, above all other men, is required to practice the greatest act of religious training-sacrifice.

In battle and in the face of danger and death, he discloses those Divine attributes which his Maker gave when He created man in His own image ...



No physical courage and no brute instinct can take the place of **Divine help** which alone can sustain him.

However horrible the incidents of war may be, the soldier who is called upon to offer and to give his life for his country is the noblest development of mankind."

--

<u>Download as PDF ... Memorial Day -- Honoring</u> <u>American Heroes of Courage, Sacrifice, & Faith</u>

Read as American Minute blog post

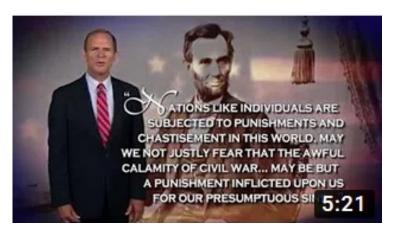
Follow on:
TruthSocial
Telegram
CloutHub
USA.Life

Twitter

Linkedin

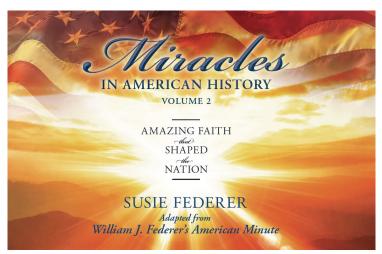
MeWe

Parler Gettr GAB FOF



William J. Federer videos
Rumble
YouTube

Miracles in
American HistoryVol. TWO:
Amazing Faith that
Shaped the Nation



Schedule Bill Federer for informative interviews & captivating PowerPoint presentations: 314-502-8924

wjfederer@gmail.com

American Minute is a registered trademark of William J. Federer. Permission is granted to forward, reprint, or duplicate, with acknowledgment.

www.AmericanMinute.com

American Minute store

Understanding the Culture (part 1)

Understanding the Culture (part 2)

Understanding the Culture (part 3)

Interviews on The Eric Metaxas Show

700 Club - Miraculous Milestones in Science, Medicine & Innovation

700 Club - Socialism (episode 1)

700 Club - Socialism (episode 2)

700 Club - Miracles in History (episode 1) (episode 2) (episode 3) Miracles in American History-Volume TWO (D.James Kennedy Ministry) Faith in History TCT <u>Archives</u> CBN "Liberty" Special





