IBI Tri-Isolate

For research use only

Catalogue Numbers IB47630 IB47631 IB47632

Quantity 4 rxns 100 rxns 200 rxns



Additional Requirements for Bacteria RNA Extraction

IB47633 Bacteria Lysis Kit - 100 rxns, IB47634 Bacteria Lysis Kit - 200 rxns

Introduction

The IBI Tri-Isolate is a phenol and guanidine isothiocyanate plus spin column system for convenient purification of high-quality total RNA from a variety of samples. Initially, samples are homogenized in IBI Isolate, treated with chlorform, then the aqueous phase is transfered to a binding column. Following phase separation, simply bind, wash and elute the high-quality, total RNA in RNase-free Water and use in a variety of sensitive downstream applications.

Quality Control

IBI Tri-Isolate is tested on a lot-to-lot basis according to IBI's ISO-certified quality management system. 10 μ I from a 50 μ I eluate of purified RNA is analyzed by electrophoresis on a 0.8% agarose gel.

Advantages

- Up to: 200 μ l (blood, buffy coat, serum, plasma), 5 x 10⁶ (cultured cells), 10-50 mg (tissue), 1 x 10⁹ (bacteria cells), 20-50 mg (plant tissue)
- · A cost effective phenol, guanidine isothiocyanate solution plus spin column system
- High quality RNA: A260/A280 >1.8, A260/A230 >1.8
- Applications: cDNA Library Construction, Cloning, RT-PCR (Endpoint), Real-Time PCR, Nuclease Protection Assays, Northern Blotting

Caution

IBI Isolate contains phenol and guanidine isothiocyanate. During operation, always work in a fume hood, always wear a lab coat, disposable gloves, protective goggles and (anti-fog) procedure mask. Disposable/non-disposable glassware, plasticware and automatic pipettes should be sterile (RNase-free) and used only for RNA procedures.

Components and Storage

Item	Volume	Product	Shipping	Storage
IBI Isolate	4 ml	IB47630	room temperature	dry at 2°C to 25°C for up to 9 months
	80 ml	IB47631		
	160 ml	IB47632		
Pre-Wash Buffer ¹	1.4 ml (0.6 ml)	IB47630		dry at room temperature
	35 ml (15 ml)	IB47631	room temperature	(15-25°C) for up to 9
(Add Ethanol)	70 ml (30 ml)	IB47632		months
	N/A	IB47630		-20°C for up to 9 months
DNase I ² (2U/μI)	550 µl	IB47631	room temperature	
	550 µl x 2	IB47632		
	N/A	IB47630	room temperature	dry at room temperature
DNase I Reaction Buffer	5 ml	IB47631		(15-25°C) for up to 9
	5 ml x 2	IB47632		months
Wash Buffer ⁴	2 ml (8 ml)	IB47630	room temperature	dry at room temperature
	50 ml (200 ml)	IB47631		(15-25°C) for up to 9
(Add Ethanol)	25 ml + 50 ml (100 ml + 200 ml)	IB47632		months
	1 ml	IB47630		dry at room temperature
RNase-free Water	6 ml	IB47631	room temperature	(15-25°C) for up to 9
	15 ml	IB47632		months
RB Columns	4 pcs	IB47630	room temperature	dry at room temperature
	100 pcs	IB47631		(15-25°C) for up to 9
	200 pcs	IB47632		months
	8 pcs	IB47630		dry at room temperature
2 ml Collection Tubes	200 pcs	IB47631	room temperature	(15-25°C) for up to 9
	400 pcs	IB47632		months

Bacteria Lysis Kit	Volume	Product	Shipping	Storage
Lysozyme ³	110 mg	IB47633	room tomporaturo	-20°C for up to 9 months
	250 mg	IB47634	room temperature	-20 C for up to 9 months
Bacteria Lysis Buffer	15 ml	IB47633	room tomporatura	dry at room temperature
	30 ml	IB47634	room temperature	(15-25°C) for up to 9 months

^{1,4}Add absolute ethanol (see the bottle label for volume) to Pre-Wash Buffer and Wash Buffer then mix by shaking for a few seconds. Check the box on the bottle. Be sure and close the bottle tightly after each use to avoid ethanol evaporation.

^{2,3}DNase I and Lysozyme are shipped at room temperature and should be stored at -20°C for up to 9 months after receiving the kit.

RNA Purification Protocol Procedure

Please read the entire instruction manual prior to starting the Protocol Procedure.

Additional Requirements

absolute ethanol, lysozyme and bacteria lysis buffer (bacteria only), 1.5 ml microcentrifuge tubes (RNase-free)

Optional Requirements

1 µL of 20 mM EGTA (pH=8.0) for Optional Step: Removal of genomic DNA from RNA samples

1. Sample Homogenization and Lysis

Sample preparation should be performed at room temperature. Please follow the table below for specific sample preparation. To avoid DNA contamination of extracted RNA, be sure and use the indicated volume of IBI Isolate.

Sample	Procedure			
	Remove the culture medium from the culture dish.			
	2. Directly add 100 µl of IBI Isolate per cm ² of culture dish surface area.			
Adherent Cultured Cells	Lyse the cells directly in the culture dish by pipetting several times.			
	. Incubate the sample mixture for 5 minutes at room temperature.			
	5. Transfer the sample to a 1.5 ml microcentrifuge tube (RNase-free).			
	1. Transfer cells (up to 5 x 10 ⁶) to a 1.5 ml microcentrifuge tube (RNase-free).			
Occupantion October 4 Octo	2. Harvest by centrifugation at 300 x g for 5 minutes then remove the culture medium completely.			
Suspension Cultured Cells	3. 700 µl of IBI Isolate should be added to the cell pellet then mixed several times by pipette.			
	4. Incubate the sample mixture for 5 minutes at room temperature.			
	1. Excise 10-50 mg of tissue directly from the animal or remove the tissue sample from storage. Do not use			
	more than 50 mg of tissue per reaction.			
	2. Homogenize tissue samples using one of the following methods: A. Transfer the tissue and 700 µl			
	of IBI Isolate to a 2 ml centrifuge tube containing ceramic beads or stainless steel beads then			
T:	homogenize the sample with a TissueLyser, Disruptor Genie or similar. B. Transfer the tissue and 700 µl			
Tissue	of IBI Isolate to a 1.5 ml centrifuge tube and grind the tissue with a micropestle a few times then shear the			
	tissue by passing the lysate through a 20-G needle syringe 10 times. C. Transfer the tissue and 700 µl of			
	IBI Isolate to a glass-Teflon or Polytron homogenizer. Transfer the homogenized sample to a 1.5 ml			
	microcentrifuge tube (RNase-free).			
	3. Incubate the homogenized sample for 5 minutes at room temperature.			
Dady Flyida (blood byffy	1. Transfer up to 200 μl of liquid sample to a 1.5 ml of microcentrifuge tube (RNase-free).			
Body Fluids (blood, buffy	2. Add 3 volumes of IBI Isolate per 1 volume of sample (3:1) then mix well by vortex.			
coat, plasma, serum)	3. Incubate the sample mixture for 5 minutes at room temperature.			
	1. Transfer bacteria cells (up to 1 x 10 ⁹) to a 1.5 ml microcentrifuge tube (RNase-free).			
	2. Centrifuge at 12-16,000 x g for 2 minutes then remove the supernatant completely.			
	3. Weigh and transfer 10 mg of Lysozyme powder to a new 1.5 ml microcentrifuge tube (RNase-free).			
Bacteria	4. Add 1 ml of Bacteria Lysis Buffer to the microcentrifuge tube containing 10 mg of Lysozyme.			
(The Bacteria Lysis Kit is	5. Vortex the tube until the Lysozyme powder is completely dissolved.			
an additional requirement	6. Add 100 µl of Bacteria Lysis Buffer containing Lysozyme to the bacteria cell pellet.			
for this step)	7. Resuspend the cell pellet by vortex or pipetting.			
	NOTE: Residual Bacteria Lysis Buffer containing Lysozyme should be stored at 4°C for 2 weeks.			
	8. Incubate the sample for 5 minutes at room temperature.			
	9. Add 700 µl of IBI Isolate , mix well by pipette then incubate at room temperature for 5 minutes.			
	1. Cut off 20-50 mg of fresh or frozen plant tissue. Do not use more than 50 mg of plant tissue per rxn.			
	2. Homogenize plant tissue samples using one of the following methods: A. Transfer the plant tissue			
Plant	and 700 μl IBI Isolate to a 2 ml centrifuge tube containing ceramic beads or stainless steel			
	beads then homogenize the sample with a TissueLyser, Disruptor Genie or similar. B. Add liquid nitrogen			
	to a mortar (RNase-free) and grind the plant tissue thoroughly using a pestle (RNase-free). Transfer the			
	plant tissue powder and 700 µl of IBI Isolate to a 1.5 ml centrifuge tube then vortex briefly.			
	3. Incubate the homogenized sample for 5 minutes at room temperature.			

2. RNA Binding

- 1. Centrifuge the sample at 12-16,000 x g for 1 minute then transfer the clear supernatant to a new 1.5 ml microcentrifuge tube (RNase-free). NOTE: When extracting RNA from cultured cell samples, cell debris will not commonly collect on the bottom of the microcentrifuge tube. In this case, proceed without transferring the supernatant.
- $2. \ \mathsf{Add} \ \mathbf{140} \ \mu \mathsf{I} \ \mathsf{of} \ \mathsf{chloroform} \ \mathsf{and} \ \mathsf{shake} \ \mathsf{the} \ \mathsf{tube} \ \mathsf{vigorously} \ \mathsf{for} \ \mathbf{10} \ \mathsf{seconds} \ \mathsf{then} \ \mathsf{let} \ \mathsf{stand} \ \mathsf{for} \ \mathbf{2} \ \mathsf{minutes} \ \mathsf{at} \ \mathsf{room} \ \mathsf{temperature}.$
- 3. Centrifuge at 12-16,000 x g for 5 minutes at 4°C (then heat the centrifuge to room temperature if used for the following steps).
- 4. Transfer $350~\mu l$ of the upper aqueous phase to a new 1.5 ml microcentrifuge tube (RNase-free).
- 5. Add 350 µl of absolute ethanol and mix well by vortex.
- 6. Place a RB Column in a 2 ml Collection Tube and transfer all of the sample mixture to the RB Column.
- 7. Centrifuge at 14-16,000 x g for 1 minute then discard the flow-through.
- 8. Place the RB Column in a new 2 ml Collection Tube.

Optional Step 1: In Column DNase I Digestion IMPORTANT

The amount of DNA contamination is significantly reduced following In Column DNase I Digestion. However, traces of residual DNA may be detected in very sensitive applications. In this situation, please perform Optional Step 2: DNA Digestion In Solution to efficiently remove trace amounts of DNA.

- 1. Add 400 µl of Wash Buffer (make sure ethanol was added) to the RB Column then centrifuge at 14-16,000 x g for 30 seconds.
- 2. Discard the flow-through and place the RB Column back in the 2 ml Collection Tube.
- 3. Prepare DNase I solution in a 1.5 ml microcentrifuge tube (RNase-free) as follows:

DNase I	5 μl (2 U/μl)
DNase I Reaction Buffer	45 μΙ
Total volume	50 μΙ

- 4. Gently pipette the DNase I solution to mix (DO NOT vortex) then add DNase I solution (50 µI) into the CENTER of the RB column matrix.
- 5. Incubate the column for 15 minutes at room temperature (20-30°C) then proceed with RNA Wash.

3. RNA Wash

- 1. Add 400 µl of Pre-Wash Buffer (make sure ethanol was added) to the RB Column then centrifuge at 14-16,000 x g for 30 seconds.
- 2. Discard the flow-through then place the RB Column back in the 2 ml Collection Tube.
- 3. Add 600 µl of Wash Buffer (make sure ethanol was added) to the RB Column.
- 4. Centrifuge at 14-16,000 x g for 30 seconds then discard the flow-through and place the RB Column back in the 2 ml Collection Tube.
- 5. Add 600 μl of Wash Buffer (make sure ethanol was added) to the RB Column.
- 6. Centrifuge at 14-16,000 x g for 30 seconds then discard the flow-through.
- 7. Place the RB Column back in the 2 ml Collection Tube.

NOTE: For blood samples only, wash the RB Column again with 600 µl of Wash Buffer.

8. Centrifuge at 14-16,000 x g for 3 minutes to dry the column matrix.

4. RNA Elution

- 1. Place the dried RB Column in a clean 1.5 ml microcentrifuge tube (RNase-free).
- 2. Add 25-50 µl of RNase-free Water into the CENTER of the column matrix.
- 3. Let stand for at least 3 minutes to ensure the RNase-free Water is absorbed completely by the matrix.
- 4. Centrifuge at 14-16,000 x g for 1 minute to elute the purified RNA.

Optional Step 2: DNA Digestion In Solution

1. Prepare DNase I reaction in a 1.5 ml microcentrifuge tube (RNase-free) as follows:

RNA in RNase-free water	1-16 μΙ
DNase I	0.5 μl/μg RNA
DNase I Reaction Buffer	2 μΙ
RNase-free water	add to final volume = 20 μl
Total volume	20 μΙ

- 2. Gently pipette the DNase I reaction solution to mix (DO NOT vortex) then incubate the microcentrifuge tube at 37°C for 15-30 minutes.
- 3. Stop the reaction by adding 1 µl of 20 mM EGTA (pH=8.0) then incubate the microcentrifuge tube at 65°C for 10 minutes.
- 4. Repurify the RNA sample by adding 3 volumes of IBI Isolate to the DNase I reaction (e.g. $60~\mu$ I of IBI Isolate to $20~\mu$ I of DNase I reaction) then mix well by vortex. Add 1 volume of absolute ethanol to 1 volume of sample mixture then mix well by vortex. Transfer all of sample mixture to a new RB Column. Centrifuge at 14-16,000 x g for 1 minute then discard the flow through. Proceed with step 3. RNA Wash.

IBI Tri-Isolate Functional Test Data (HeLa Cells)

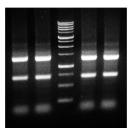


Figure 1. RNA was purified using IBI Tri-Isolate in parallel to the similar product from competitor Z. 5×10^5 HeLa cells were homogenized using IBI Isolate and competitor Z tri reagent. RNA was then purified using the corresponding kits spin column procedure. 10 μ I from a 50 μ I eluate of purified RNA was analyzed by electrophoresis on a 0.8% agarose gel.

Product Test	ng/µl	260/280	260/230	Yield
 Competitor Z 	162.5	2.00	2.07	8.1 µg
2. Competitor Z	160.7	2.03	2.07	8.0 µg
3. IBI	164.0	2.00	2.07	8.2 µg
4. IBI	161.6	2.03	2.06	8.0 µg

1 2 M 3 4

IBI Tri-Isolate Real-Time PCR Data

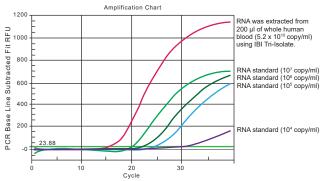


Figure 2. Quantitative analysis of human beta globin mRNA extracted by IBI Tri-Isolate using a Taqman probe 1-step qRT-PCR assay. The assay was run on a BioRad IQ5 thermal cycler. The high yield, high quality extracted RNA was amplified quickly following a very short $C_{\scriptscriptstyle T}$ (threshold cycle) compared to the RNA standards.

Troubleshooting

Problem	Cause	Solution
	A. Sample lysis or homogenization was incomplete	Starting material should be reduced and completely dissolved in IBI Isolate.
	B. Incorrect RNA elution	B. Make sure RNase-free Water is added to the center of the
Low Yield	C. Precipitates may form during the	RB Column and is absorbed completely.
Low field	RNA binding step after adding 1	C. Reduce the sample amount to half of the original.
	volume of absolute ethanol to	
	sample in IBI Isolate if too much	
	sample material is used	
	A. Incorrect sample preparation	A. Process or freeze samples immediately after collection.
Degraded RNA	and/or storage	B. Extracted RNA should be stored at -70°C.
	B. Incorrect storage temperature	
	A. Volume of IBI Isolate was	A. Volume of IBI Isolate is sample dependent and should be
Low RNA A260/A280	insufficient for proper sample	added according to the sample homogenization
LOW KINA AZOO/AZOO	homogenization	specifications.
	B. Incomplete wash step	B. Wash RB Column with ethanol added Wash Buffer 3 times.
Eluted RNA does not perform	A. Residual ethanol contamination	A. Following the wash step, dry the RB Column with additional
well in downstream applications		centrifugation at 14-16,000 x g for 5 minutes or incubate at
well in downstream applications		60°C for 5 minutes.
	A. 1 ml (1 volume) of absolute	A. Following centrifugation to remove insoluble cell debris,
	ethanol cannot be added to the	transfer the supernatant to a 2 ml or 15 ml centrifuge tube
Samples were stored in	same 1.5 ml microcentrifuge	(RNase-free) and add 1 volume of absolute ethanol then
1 ml of tri-reagent in a 1.5 ml	tube	mix well by vortex. Transfer 700 μl of the sample mixture to
microcentrifuge tube		the RB Column then centrifuge and discard the flow-
		through. Repeat the RNA Binding step until all of the
		sample mixture has been passed through the RB Column.

Related RNA Extraction Products

RNA Extraction		
Product	Package Size	Catalogue Number
Total RNA Mini Kit (Blood/Cultured Cell)	50/100/300 preps	IB47321/322/323
Total RNA Mini Kit (Tissue)	50/100 preps	IB47301/302
Total RNA Mini Kit (Plant)	50/100 preps	IB47341/342
rBAC Mini RNA Bacteria Kit	100/300 preps	IB47421/412
rYeast Total RNA Mini Kit	50/100/300 preps	IB47411/422
miRNA Isolation Kit	100 preps	IB47371
IBI Isolate	100/200 rxns	IB47601/302
IBI Tri-Isolate	100/200 rxns	IB47631/632/633/634
RNA Pure Kit	50/100 rxns	IB47641/642
Virus DNA/RNA Extraction		
Product	Package Size	Catalogue Number
Viral Nucleic Acid Extraction Kit II	50/100/300 preps	IB47401/402/403

For additional product information please visit www.ibisci.com. Thank you!