

INCLUDES:

- Outer Tents (x1)
- Steel Outer Tent Poles (x6)
- Fiberglass Inner Tent Poles (x3)
- Aluminum Porch Poles (x2)
- Aluminum Awning Pole (x1)
- Tent Stakes Pack (x1)
- Footprint (x1)
- Insulated Carpet (x1)
- Carry Bag (x3)

NOTE: TWO ADULTS WILL BE NEEDED TO SET-UP THIS TENT.

EVERYONE WHO USES THIS TENT SHOULD READ THIS MANUAL AND BECOME FAMILIAR WITH ALL SAFETY WARNINGS AND PRECAUTIONS FOR SAFE USE, ASSEMBLY, CARE, MAINTENANCE, AND STORAGE. KEEP THIS MANUAL SO YOU CAN REFER TO IT LATER

Failure to follow these directions can cause an unsafe situation leading to fire, burns, serious injury, permanent disability, or death to you or others.

FIRE, VENTILATION & GENERAL PRECAUTIONS FOR YOUR SAFETY

- Do not use gas or other combustion appliances anywhere in, or near your tent.
- Do not place hot appliances near the walls, roof or curtains.
- Always observe the safety instructions for these appliances.
- Never allow children to play near hot appliances.
- Make sure all ventilation openings on inner and outer tents as well as any Reflective Flysheets are open all the time to avoid possible suffocation.



Indicates an imminently hazardous situation which, if not avoided, may result in death or serious injury.



Indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, may result in death or serious injury.



Indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in property damage or injury.



FLAMMABILITY

Keep all flame and heat sources away from this tent fabric. Any tent, even ones treated with flame-resistant chemicals, are not fireproof. The fabric will burn if left in continuous contact with any flame source and could result in serious injury, permanent disability, or death to you or to others.

THIS TENT IS NOT FIREPROOF, for these reasons:

- DO NOT spray the tent with insecticide.
- DO NOT use other than Crua Outdoors® recommended water repellent compounds on your tent.
- DO NOT use matches, lighters, stoves, heaters, grills, lanterns, candles, cooking equipment or any other fuel-burning devices, in or near the tent.
- DO NOT build fires in or near a tent.
- DO NOT leave campfires unattended.



CARBON MONOXIDE GAS WILL KILL YOU

Stoves, heaters, grills, lanterns, candles, and any other fuel burning devices that burn propane, natural gas, charcoal, kerosene, coal, or other fuel, produce a toxic gas called Carbon Monoxide. Carbon Monoxide is an invisible, odorless and colorless gas. A dangerous level can accumulate in a tent that cannot be detected by sight, smell or taste. When breathed in, even in small quantities, Carbon Monoxide is absorbed into the bloodstream, replacing, and reducing the oxygen in the bloodstream and causing Carbon Monoxide poisoning and suffocation which will cause serious injury, permanent disability, or death to you or to others.

For these reasons:

- DO NOT use matches, lighters, stoves, heaters, grills, lanterns, candles, cooking equipment or any other fuel-burning devices, in or near the tent.
- DO NOT build fires in or near a tent.
- DO exercise care when using electricity and lighting in and near your tent.



SEVERE WEATHER

In some climatic conditions (for example, severe storms, high winds, heavy snow) stakes and guy lines may not be sufficient to anchor a tent securely, which could result in the tent being picked up or blown away, which could cause serious injury, permanent disability, or death to you or to others.

Under such conditions:

- DO use supplemental means to anchor the tent.
- DO seek appropriate shelter, for example, in a house, cabin building or a secure structure other than a tent.



SUFFOCATION HAZARD

Any tent must be properly ventilated in all weather conditions to allow sufficient airflow into and out of the tent. If airflow into and out of the tent is obstructed (for example, heavy snow or bedding/pillows covering vents) you and other persons will suffer from a lack of oxygen and suffocate resulting in serious injury, permanent disability, or death to you or to others.

For these reasons:

- DO clear snow or other materials away from any external vents frequently.
- DO ensure that bedding, pillows, backpacks, etc. are kept away from any internal vents.
- DO NOT use matches, lighters, stoves, heaters, grills, lanterns, candles, cooking equipment or any other fuel-burning devices, in or near the tent. (SEE CARBON MONOXIDE WARNING).



PROTECT YOUR CHILDREN

- DO NOT leave children unattended inside or around a tent.
- DO NOT allow children to set-up or take down a tent.
- DO NOT allow children to enter or exit a tent except through the door.
- DO NOT allow children to remain in a closed-up tent on hot days.
- DO NOT allow children to play with any plastic bags or other packaging material as there is a risk of suffocation. Your failure to follow this warning will cause death, serious injury or permanent disability to your children.



FOR YOUR SAFETY

Before using this product, read and fully understand:

- (1) Attached Warning Labels.
- (2) This instruction manual and all accompanying documentation.

KEEP ALL EXITS CLEAR



VENTILATION

Any tent must be properly ventilated in all weather conditions to allow sufficient airflow into and out of the tent. Please familiarize yourself with all vents and openings in your tent to ensure you can maintain adequate ventilation. There are three main reasons we promote ventilation within a tent, as in the same way we would in any dwelling like a house or apartment. These are Airflow, Air quality, and Condensation Reduction.

- **AIRFLOW:** Without airflow or fresh air into the tent, your environment will become stale and stuffy. It is important to promote good quality airflow throughout the tent.
- **AIR QUALITY:** A buildup of any harmful gasses (carbon dioxide, carbon monoxide, and others) is possible in an enclosed space. For this reason, you must always have adequate ventilation in your tent to ensure a good flow of air from outside.
- **CONDENSATION REDUCTION:** Leaving the vents open, supplemented by partially opening windows and doors at night to provide cross ventilation is a good way to reduce condensation.

Given the importance of proper ventilation, for airflow, air quality and condensation reduction, we use high and low venting in most of our tents. This allows cooler air in through the low vents and warmer, moist air up and out through the high vents. Opening both the high and low vents is important as this allows for this cross ventilation. If your tent has vents in the porch / vestibule, then it is important to also keep those vents open. Failure to vent your tent properly, may result in serious injury, permanent disability, or death to you or to others.



GENERAL PRECAUTIONS

- Make sure you know the fire precaution arrangements on the site.
- Consider the possibility of falling rocks or tree limbs, lightning, flash floods, avalanches, strong winds, and other potential hazards.
- Make sure you anchor your tent at all times.
- Please be mindful of guylines, bathtub floors, straps, and other parts of tents as they can be a potential trip hazard.

IMPORTANT

We make every effort to ensure the accuracy of our information. We do, however, have a policy of continuous improvement and we therefore reserve the right to change or amend designs and specifications without prior notice. Please refer to www.cruaoutdoors.com/pages/instructions for the most up-to-date safety setup and instructions.

SET-UP

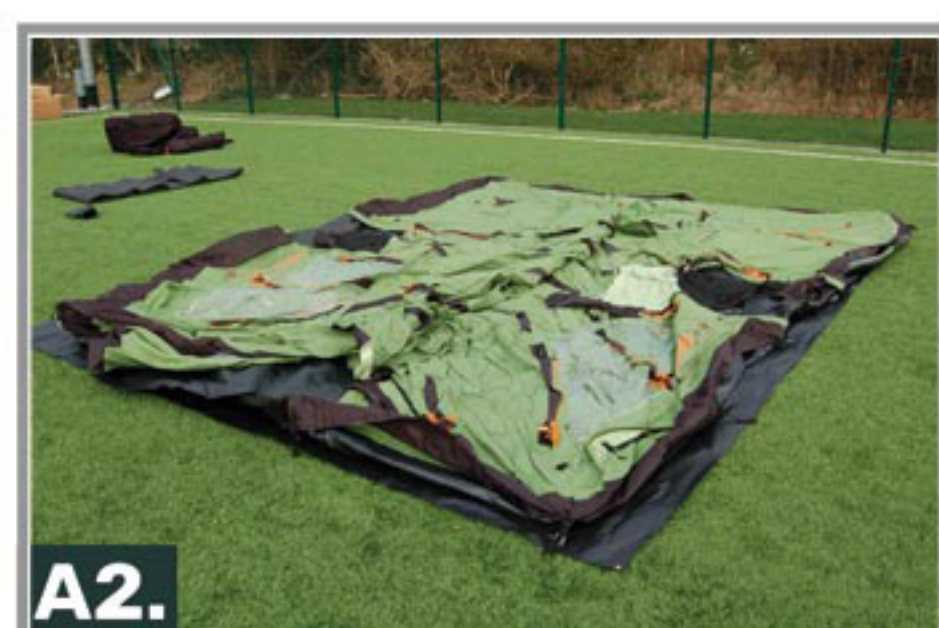
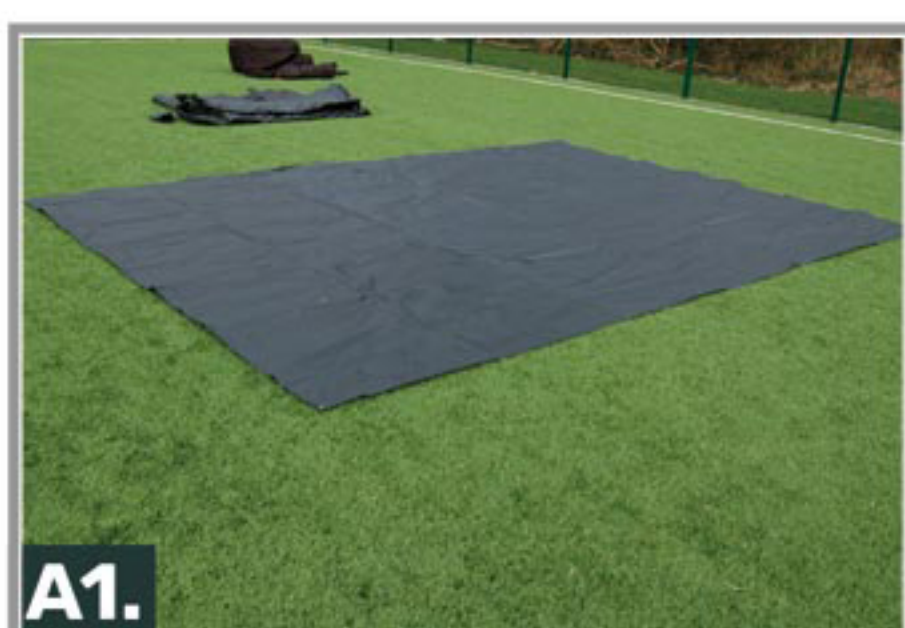
IMPORTANT: WE ADVISE YOU TO ASSEMBLE THE TENT ONCE BEFORE GOING CAMPING TO BECOME FAMILIAR WITH THE ASSEMBLY OF THE TENT.

Take out and organize all the contents from the carry bags.

Set-up of your tent may take longer in windy conditions due to the extra caution needed.

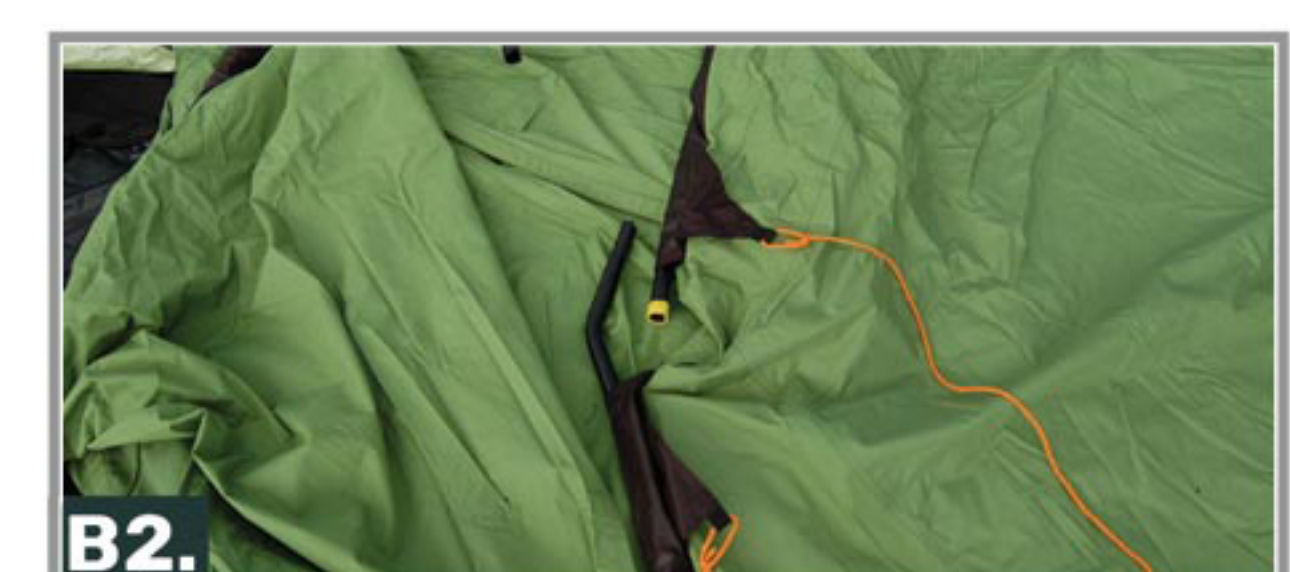
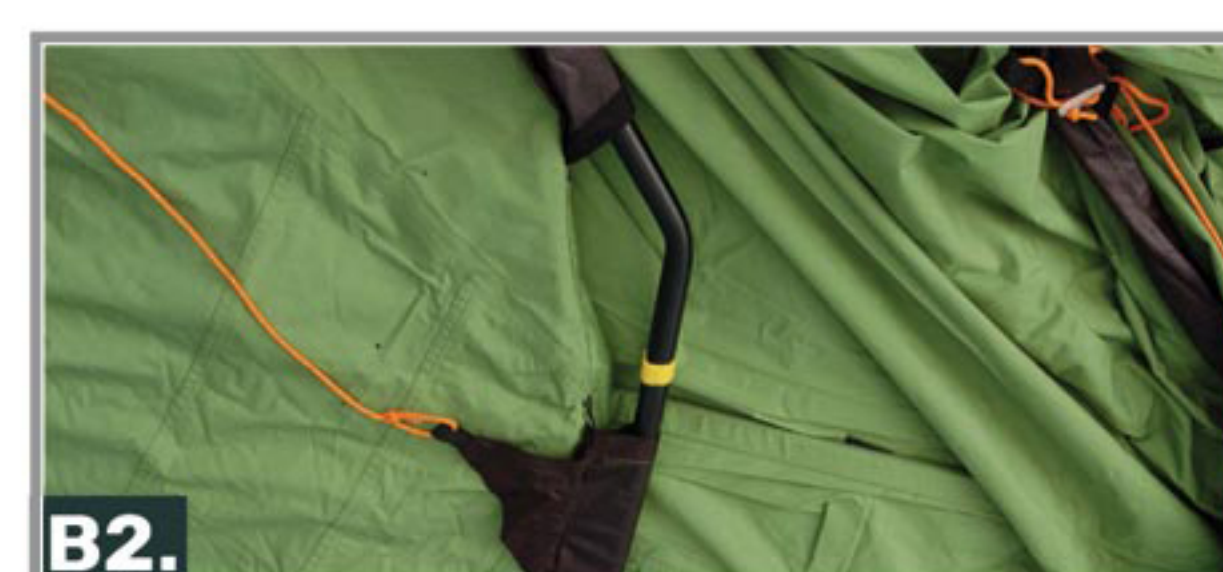
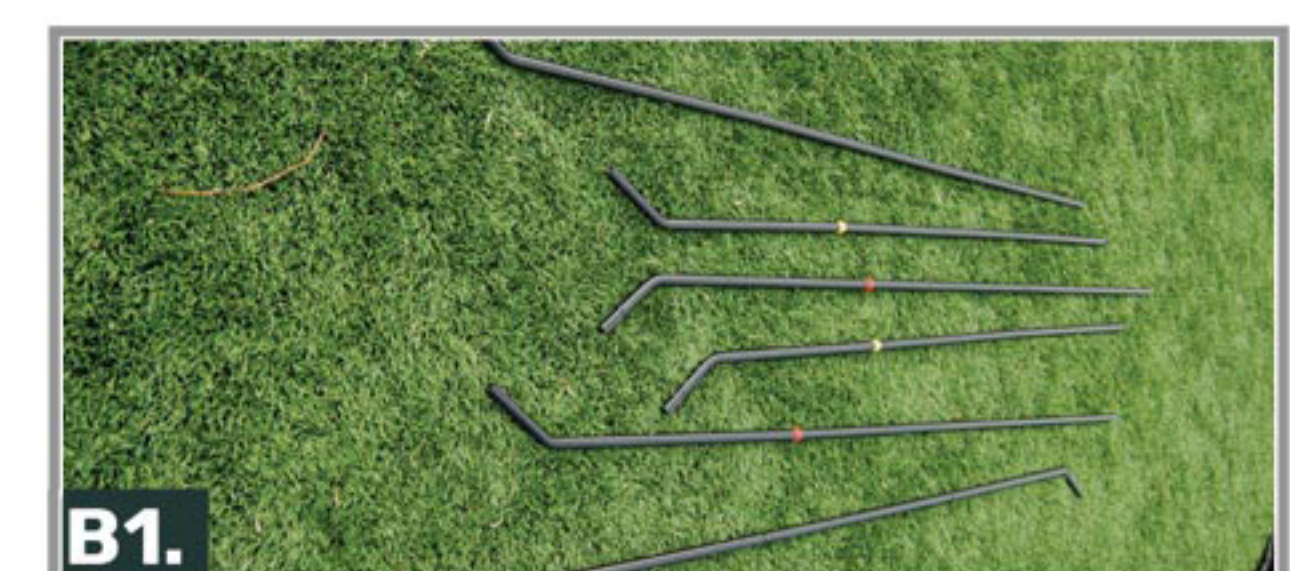
A. Outer Tent – Footprint

- A1. Lay out the footprint first, staking the corners.
- A2. Lay out the outer tent next (green flysheet facing up) on top of the footprint.



B. Tent Poles

- B1. Assemble tent poles, please note to keep side poles and top poles separate to ease the process.
- B2. Insert curved poles through the top sleeves and the straight poles through the side sleeves. Note the color coding.
- B3. Now connect the side poles to the top poles.



C. Outer Tent – Body Up

- C1. Insert silver pin (attached to the groundsheet) into the bottom of the side poles, ensuring to do one side entirely before moving to the other side.
Note, it is important to pull the floor into position before inserting second side of clip.
- C2. Once all the poles are through and clipped, stack them on top of each other.
- C3. Stand the tent up vertically and stake at least 2 of the rear guy-lines for greater support during this action. You can tighten these later.
- C4. Walk the tent forward, separating each set of poles as you do so.



D. Outer Tent – Body Across

- D1. When the tent is spread evenly, proceed to stake down the front and side guy-lines. Also, stake the bottom of the poles once they are in place. Tighten the rear guy-lines as required.
- D2. Realign the footprint until it exactly meets the front of the tent and placed consistently under the tent.
- D3. Use the black aluminum poles to extend the front awning as required.
Note, When using the front awning, utilize the guy-lines at the top of the awning and stake them out at an angle from the tent.
- D4. Run light aluminum pole.
- D5. Open doors/windows as required.



E. Inner Tent

- E1. Open the contents of the inner tent bag and remove the insulated material and the inner poles.
- E2. Lay out the inner tent inside the outer tent and clip into place using the buckles along the ground of the sleeping area.
- E3. Open the front doors of the inner tent as it lays on the ground to allow access to stand during installation.
- E4. Start to clip in inner tent in place to no more than halfway up the walls.
- E5. Insert poles into the 3 pins at the back or the inner tent, floor level.
Note: yellow pole is in the middle and red at both sides. Clip the tent onto these poles as well.
- E6. Continue to clip the inner tent into position, using both the clips on the outer tent and onto the 3 poles.
- E7. Use the Velcro-fasten straps on the top of the outer tent to keep the inner tent poles in place.
- E8. Finish the poles through the eyelets at the top of the inner tent (Fig E8), Install separation wall into inner tent if required. Finally, tie up doors/mesh.



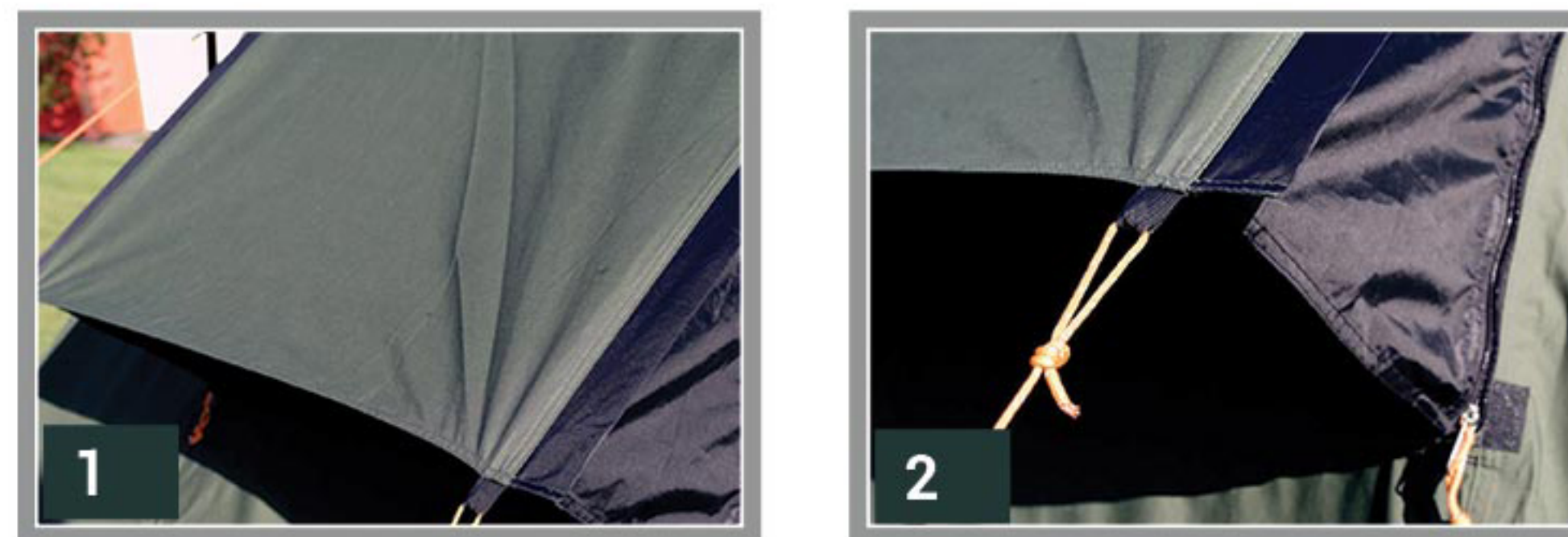
F1. Outer Braced Vents

Ensure that side vents (braced vents) are always open when the tent is erected.



F2. Outer Window Vents

On applicable tents, ensure that all outer window vents are zipped open and guyed out. For maximum airflow, these window vents can be fully rolled up.



F3. Insulated Inner Tent / Culla (formerly "Cocoon")

The insulated inner tents have curtains that cover the vents and windows. At least two vents/windows, one high and one low, should be fully zipped open, rolled up, and secured in each bedroom (when using the room divider in the Loj bedroom, each side should be treated as its own bedroom). Ensure items such as bedding do not block any vents.
Note, there are a few different ways to open the large window/vents on the back wall: 1) fully unzip the sides of the curtain and place the brace on the velcro patch at the bottom of the curtain to keep it open 2) there are velcro patches halfway up, so the curtain can be unzipped and folded back to the velcro patches 3) the curtain can be fully unzipped, rolled up and secured. For maximum airflow, all vents/windows can be fully rolled up and secured. The doors can also be rolled open to further supplement airflow.



G. Reflective Flysheet

When using the Loj with its Reflective Flysheet, always:

- G1. Make sure the flysheet is staked out at the bottom separately from the tent itself - at least 15-20cm further out all around. This is important to ensure that there is adequate airflow between the reflective flysheet and the tent body. (Fig G1)
NOTE: The back window vent should be zipped open and the guylines should be staked-out fully under the reflective flysheet. This ensures a good flow of air into the tent. (Fig G2)



- G2. Make sure that the vents on the reflective fly line up with the vents on the tent body where applicable, and that the reflective flysheet in no way disrupts airflow into the tent vents.



- G3. When using the reflective flysheet, always open and roll up fully and secure the back window on the Loj's insulated inner tent / Culla (Cocoon) to maximize airflow. (Fig G3)



For further information, please refer to your Flysheet instruction manual included with your Flysheet purchase.

TAKE-DOWN

A. Inner Ten

Close all windows of the Insulated Culla Tent. If the door of the Insulated Culla tent is rolled up, unroll the door and close the door partially. Leave the horizontal section of the door open so that it allows for air to flow through when rolling up the Insulated Culla Tent. Leave the horizontal section of the door open so that it allows for air to flow through when rolling up the Insulated Culla Tent.

Remove the Insulated Culla Tent by unclipping the buckles.

Roll up the Insulated Culla Tent by laying it flat and folding it in third, lengthways. Roll the tent towards the door.

Apply the compression straps to the outside of the tent.

B. Guylines

Remove the stakes from the ground.

Take the guylines off the stakes, tie them neatly, and place them back in the pockets provided.

(You may need to keep a guyline at the front and back in place to ensure the tent does not move with the weather).

C. Poles

Unclip the poles.

Take the poles of the pin.

Push the poles through the sleeve.

Fold away the poles neatly into their bag.

D. Rolling up

Close all outer vents to ensure that the vent braces do not get damaged when packing away and storing the tent.

Similar to the inner tent, fold the outer tent in thirds, lengthways.

Roll the tent towards the door.

Apply the compressing straps to the outside of the tent.



CARE INSTRUCTIONS

DO NOT LEAVE YOUR TENT SET UP IN DIRECT SUNLIGHT LONGER THAN NECESSARY. THE SUN'S ULTRAVIOLET (UV) LIGHT DEGRADES ALMOST EVERY FABRIC AND MATERIAL. IF LEFT IN SUNLIGHT FOR PROLONGED PERIODS OF TIME, FABRIC WILL FADE AND WEAKEN. DO NOT STORE TENT ON CONCRETE FLOOR. DO NOT SPRAY THE TENT WITH INSECTICIDE. EXERCISE CARE WHEN USING ELECTRIC DEVICES IN AND NEAR TENTS.

Although our tents are constructed to rigid specifications, periods of wind or rain soaking the ground may loosen the stakes and cause the uprights to sink into the ground. This will weaken the rigidity of the overall structure. Water pockets may also form in the roof if the unit is not assembled taut, possibly causing broken frames and torn fabric. Regularly check that your tent is anchored tautly and securely.

Ensure that the tent is fully dry when packing away. If this is not possible when leaving the campsite, take the tent out of its bag as soon as possible and allow it to dry. Never store a tent when wet, as this can seriously degrade the product.

WARRANTY INFORMATION

ALL CRUA OUTDOORS® PRODUCTS CARRY A LIMITED TWO-YEAR WARRANTY REFER TO OUR TERMS AND CONDITIONS AT WWW.CRUAOUTDOORS.COM.

EXCEPT FOR THE WARRANTY EXPRESSLY SET FORTH HEREIN, SELLER MAKES NO WARRANTY WHATSOEVER WITH RESPECT TO THE GOODS, INCLUDING ANY

(A) WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILITY;

(B) WARRANTY OF FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE;

(C) WARRANTY AGAINST INFRINGEMENT OF INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY RIGHTS OF A THIRD PARTY, WHETHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED BY LAW, COURSE OF DEALING, COURSE OF PERFORMANCE, USAGE OF TRADE OR OTHERWISE.

For more information in English, go to www.cruaoutdoors.com

Pour consulter ces consignes et instructions de sécurité en français, veuillez visiter www.cruaoutdoors.com



Um diese Sicherheitsrichtlinien und Anweisungen in deutscher Sprache anzuzeigen, besuchen Sie bitte www.cruaoutdoors.com



Para ver estas pautas e instrucciones de seguridad en español, visite www.cruaoutdoors.com



OUR ALL LOCATIONS



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