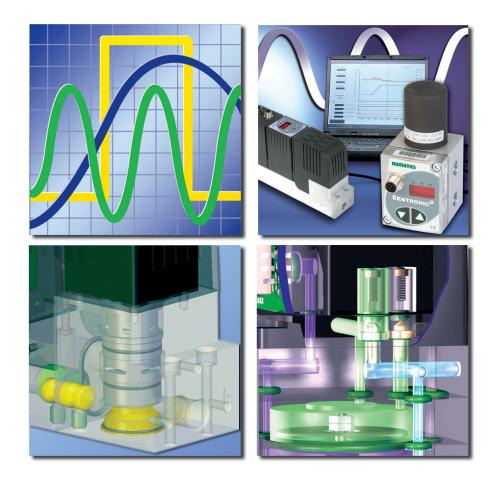
numatics[®]

Proportional Technology

Precise Control of Pressure and Flow





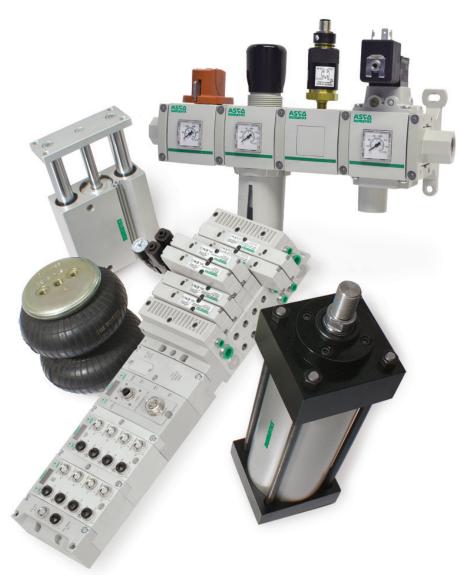
www.numatics.com





Numatics, Inc. is a leading manufacturer of pneumatic products and motion control

products. Our broad spectrum of standard, custom developed products and application components have made a significant impact on pneumatic innovation as well as pneumatic and motion control technology. Our company has an extensive history of generating innovative concepts and technological breakthroughs. Many of today's standard features in pneumatic technology were industry firsts from Numatics. We continue our innovative approach to product development by developing electric motion control solutions and enhancing our embedded Fieldbus and I/O products to continually meet and solve our customer's application requirements.



Today Numatics is proud to be a part of the Industrial Automation Division of Emerson Electric Co.

Emerson (NYSE:EMR), based in St. Louis, Missouri (USA), is a global leader in bringing technology and engineering together to provide innovative solutions for customers in industrial, commercial, and consumer markets through its network power, process management, industrial automation, climate technologies, and appliance and tools businesses. For more information, visit www.Emerson.com.







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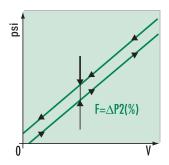
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Symbols and Terminology

Glossary of Terms

Hysteresis



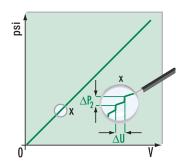
Hysteresis is the tolerance of the outlet pressure for a given command signal depending on whether the previous pressure was higher or lower.

Symbols





Sensitivity



The smallest change in command signal which leads to a change in the outlet pressure is called sensitivity. Expressed as a percentage of the maximum outlet pressure.

S =

Distance sensor



Angle sensor

Q = Flo

Flow sensor



Temperature sensor

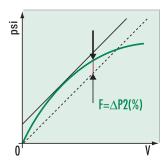


Potentiometer



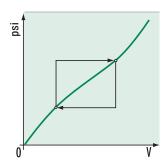
Cylinder

Linearity



The ideal relationship between command signal and outlet pressure is linear, and when plotted results in a straight line (dotted line). Linearity is a measure of the maximum deviation between the actual outlet pressure and commanded pressure.

Repeatability



Repeatability is the tolerance of the outlet pressure for the same command signal given multiple times.





Trimming potentiometer



Electrical switch



Digital display



Analogue display



Tachometer generator



Proportional valve



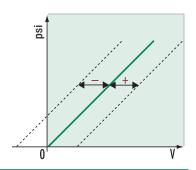
Voltage / current selector



Digital-toanalogue converter

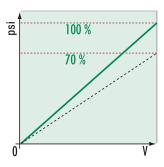
Zero Adjustment

The pressure or flow that corresponds with the lowest command signal.



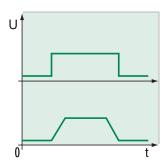
Span Adjustment

The valve's output pressure or flow range can be reduced to match the application's needs, providing the highest possible resolution.



Ramp Function

The ramp function transforms a command signal step into an internal gradual increase. This allows slow opening and closing of proportional valves.



Ripple Frequency

Modulation voltage to minimize friction (slip-stick) in a valve.

Feedback Value

Actual electrical value of a physical variable. (Pressure, force, temperature, flow, etc.)



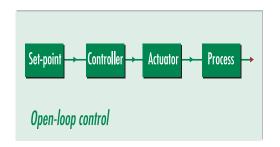
Control Systems

Within industrial automation, the goal of a control system is to move a physical variable such as temperature, pressure, force or displacement to a predetermined value. The complexity of the system, impact of external variables and required accuracy will dictate whether the control system needs some type of feedback measurement in order to ensure that the desired value (or setpoint) is reached. The difference between open-loop and closed-loop control is that the feedback allows the control system, or control loop, to compare the output to the commanded value and adjust as needed.

Open-Loop Control

An example of an open control loop is a timer for a sprinkler system. When the timer is activated, the sprinkler goes on for a set amount of time. This is open-loop control because the system does not monitor, for instance, the moisture content of the soil. The system will turn the sprinklers on in the middle of a rainstorm. The desired outcome of the controlled action is not monitored.

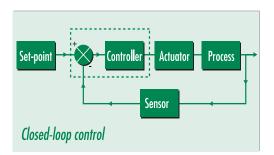
An open sequence of actions where there is no comparison of the end result to the desired result is the primary characteristic of open-loop control.



Closed-Loop Control

In a closed loop, the desired value or setpoint is constantly compared to the actual value. DIN standard 19226 defines the terms "Control and Adjustment" as follows: "Control and adjustment is an operation in which a physical variable (e.g. temperature, pressure etc.) is continuously measured and compared to a previously specified value of the variable with the aim of matching the two. The resulting closed sequence of actions occurs in a closed loop, the closed-control loop."

In the example of the sprinkler system, the actual moisture content of the soil could be measured with a sensor and compared to the desired moisture level. As soon as there is a difference between the desired value and measured value, a signal can be sent to either open the water valve (if the soil is dryer than specified) or close the valve (if the soil is wetter than specified). The feedback, provided by the sensor in this case, that is used to compare and adjust the actual value to the desired value is the primary characteristic of a closed-loop system.

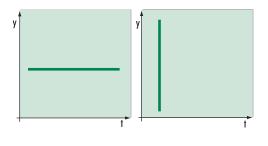


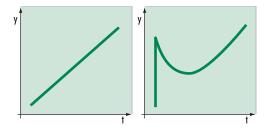
Types of Controllers

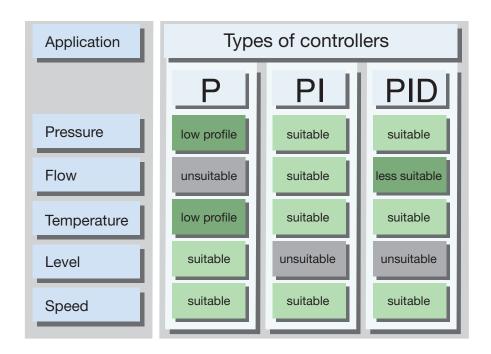
A controller is a transfer element which compares the feedback value received from a transducer (sensor) to a predetermined value (i.e. setpoint) and processes it in such a way that a control signal is transmitted to the actuating element (e.g. a proportional valve). The controller should control this transmission in such a way that the dynamic qualities of the controlled process are balanced. The setpoint should be reached quickly while the feedback value should fluctuate as little as possible around the setpoint.

Numatics' proportional valves use a common controller called a proportional-integral-derivative (PID) controller. The P, I and D terms can easily be modified with each product's software to achieve various types of control based upon the needs of a given application. The most basic controller is the P controller. P, PI and PID control are best suited to a wide range of applications.

The charts to the right show graphical representations of the various PID terms and the table below shows the types of controllers that are most often successful by application.







Applications for Proportional Valves



For Economical Quality and Control...

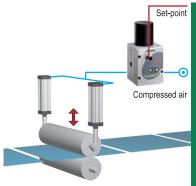
Proportional valves maximize production processes in many industries including food processing, textiles, industrial plant engineering, medical technology, pharmaceutical, semiconductor, and automobile. These valves create many innovative solutions when incorporated into a programmable control system. The combination of electronics and mechanics in proportional valves provides ideal performance for many industrial applications. Numatics' proportional pressure regulators and flow control valves are highly customizable to specific applications. Numatics continually develops customized components and solutions for specific customer requirements. Please do not hesitate to contact Numatics' technical support team.

Spot Welding



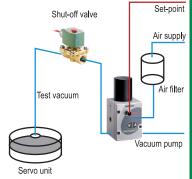
The proportional pressure regulator controls the clamping force of the welding head depending on the material to be welded and its thickness.

Compensation of Thickness



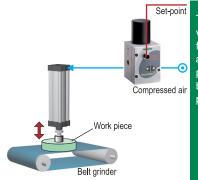
The pressure acting against the roller is controlled with a proportional pressure regulator. Different thickness in the materials is offset.

Servo Unit for Brakes



The proportional pressure regulator is incorporated in the bypass of a vacuum pump. The brake booster is checked against the setpoint.

Force



The proportional valve controls the force acting against work pieces on grinding belts, pneumatic presses etc.

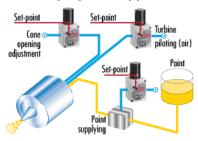


Applications for Proportional Valves

Proportional Technology

Control of Pressure and Flow

Paint Spray Gun Application



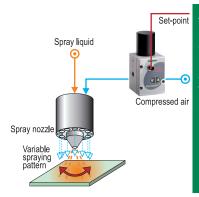
Spray gun control: Control of paint flow and spray density, and of the surface of the part of being painted.

Material Testing



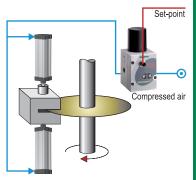
The force acting against the test piece is continuously increased until the test piece is destroyed.

Fluid Coating



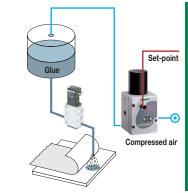
The spray pattern, i.e. the coating width, is adjusted by controlling the air supply through fan adjusting nozzles.

Brake Pressure



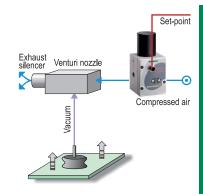
A command signal is used to gradually brake and slow down a rotating mass in accordance with the controller's speed profile.

Glue Dosing



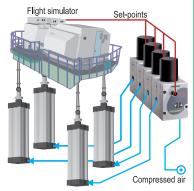
The proportional pressure regulator maintains system pressure as the level of glue in the container decreases. Glue is dosed accordingly.

Vacuum Generation



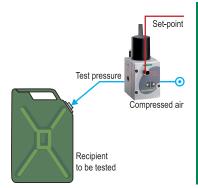
A change of pressure into the venturi nozzle via the proportional valve changes the vacuum generated.

Flight Simulator



The movements of an aircraft are simulated by applying different pilot pressures to the cylinders.

Leak Test



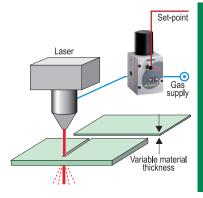
The proportional pressure regulator precisely adjusts the test pressure for different leak tests.

Applications for Proportional Valves



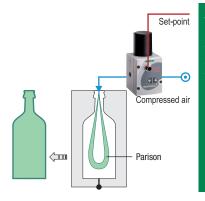
Control of Pressure and Flow

Laser Cutting



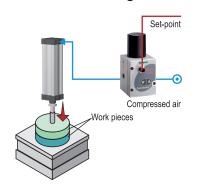
The gas pressure is adjusted in accordance with the material and its thickness.

Bottle Molding

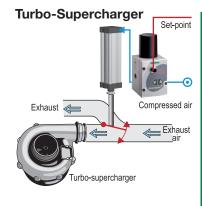


The parison is inflated at a varying rate using a proportional valve.

Ultrasonic Welding



The proportional pressure regulator adjusts the frictional pressure of ultrasonic welding machines.



Exhaust gas flow is adjusted to the turbo-supercharger depending on the engine speed to maintain the charging pressure at a constant level.



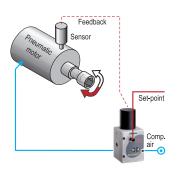
Applications for Proportional Valves

Proportional Technology

Dual Loop Control

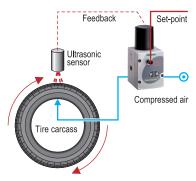
Sentronic^D, Sentronic^{PLUS} and Flowtronic^D can be configured for dual loop control. Process variables such as pressure, flow, force, speed, RPM, and temperature can be controlled. Dual loop control requires no additional components other than a process sensor to provide an analog feedback input.

Control of Speed and Torque



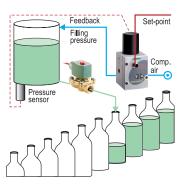
Speed and torque are controlled by changing the pilot pressure.

Tire Making



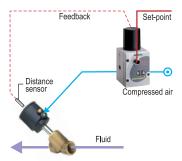
Controlled by the proportional pressure regulator with a dependence on the tire's diameter, the individual plies of the tires are built up and a constant tire quality is ensured.

Filling Pressure



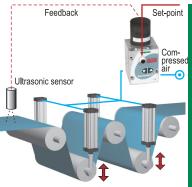
The liquid flows to the valve at a constant pressure irrespective of the fluid level in the storage tank. The filling volume remains constant.

Flow Control



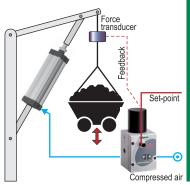
The flow of liquids is varied by continually adjusting the orifice of the fluid valve by measuring the valve's travel (distance sensor).

Compensation of Lengths in Winding



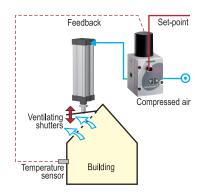
Different lengths of winding material are offset with cylinders controlled by proportional pressure regulators, which controls the tensile stress.

Balancer



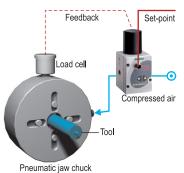
The proportional valve pneumatically balances the weight over the cylinder pressure. Heavy loads can easily be lifted and lowered by hand.

Temperature Control



The room temperature is held at a constant level by opening or closing ventilating shutters.

Clamping Pressure Control



The clamping pressure of machine tools is adjusted in accordance with the tool's material (steel, synthetic material, etc.).

Applications for Proportional Valves



Technical Characteristics







	Port size	Pilot pressure	Pressure range	Flow	Filtration	Hysteresis	Power rating	Type of construction	Loss of power behavior	
SENTRONIC ^o	1/8, 1/4, 3/8 NPT or GTap	-	0 to 150 psi 0 to 10 bar	up to 45.9 SCFM 1300 NI/min	50 µm	< 1%	21 to 40 W	Poppet valve	Pressure released	
SENTRONIC	1/8, 1/4, 1/2, 1 NPT or GTap	-	0 to 725 psi 0 to 50 bar	up to 197.8 SCFM 5600 NI/min	50 μm	< 1%	33 to 44 W	Poppet valve	Pressure released	
PULSTRONIC II	1/4 NPT or GTap	-	0 to 150 psi 0 to 10 bar	17 SCFM 470 NI/min	50 μm	< 1%	3.6 W	Pilot + Poppet valve	Pressure held	
E22	1/4, 3/8, 1/2, NPT, GTap or BSPT	-	0 to 150 psi 0 to 10.2 bar	up to 100 SCFM 2800 NI/min	5 µm	< 1%	1 W	Pilot + Poppet valve	Pressure held	
SERVTRONIC DIGITAL	G 3/8	-	0 to 580 psi 0 to 40 bar	60 SCFM 1700 NI/min	5 µm	< 0.5%	28 W	Spool- Sleeve Assembly	Pressure released	
FLOWTRONIC ^o	1/4, 3/8, 1/2 NPT or GTap	-	58 to 116 psi 4 to 8 bar	0.4 to 35.3 SCFM 10 to 1000 NI/min	50 μm	< 3%	33 to 44 W	Poppet valve	Pressure released	



Applications for Proportional Valves

Choice of Equipment







		Con	itrol		Flu	ids		Con		Act tic		Ap cat		
		Pressure	Flow	Vacuum	Air/neutral gases	Liquids	Steam	open	closed	electrical	air piloted	static	dynamic	Special features
	SENTRONIC ^o	•	0		•				•	•			A	Digital control with or without display, controller adaptation
·	SENTRONIC PLUS	•	0	•	•				•	•			_	Digital control with or without display, controller adaptation
	PULSTRONIC II	•	0		•				•		•			Digital control with or without display, controller adaptation
	E SERIES	•	0		•				•		•			Optional 2 bit binary digital
_	SERVTRONIC DIGITAL	•	0		•				•	•			A	Digital control, controller adaptation
	FLOWTRONIC ^o		•		•				•	•			A	Digital control with or without display, controller adaptation







Pressure Control: 614 Series Sentronic^{PLUS}

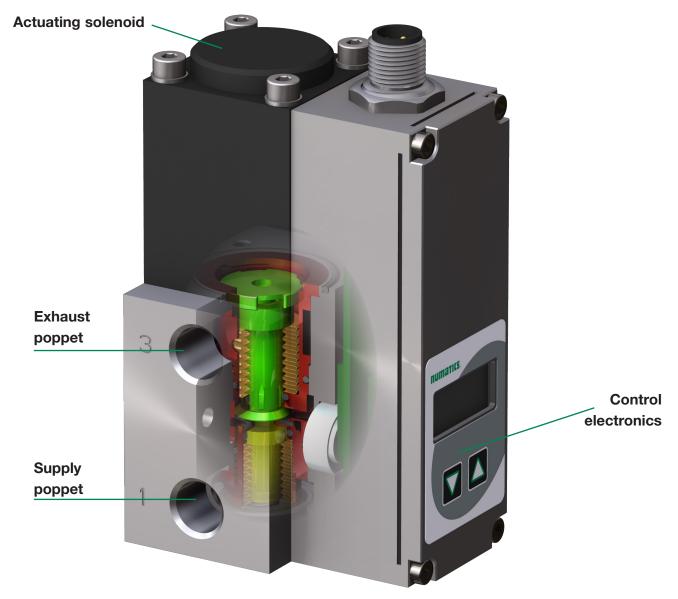
Sentronic^{PLUS}

Sentronic size a digitally operated pressure regulator valve. This valve accurately adjusts pressure, flow, force, speed, and linear or angular positions. All orifices have the same diameter for short response times whether increasing or exhausting pressure. The valve components are designed to provide control at an extremely low hysteresis.

The Sentronic^{PLUS} regulates pressure up to 725 psi (50 bar) and can be used in potentially explosive atmospheres according to ATEX Directive 94/9/EC.

With the Data Acquisition Software (DaS) and the RS232 interface, it is now possible to optimally adjust the valve's control parameters to a specific application. The scope function allows you to log and read out the system's response in real time.

The DaS capabilities streamline the development process and identify application-specific problems at an early stage. Saved control parameters can be loaded at any time and used as a reference for maintenance and error detection. Saved parameters can also be used for future production so that valves are factory-set to a specific application.



Proportional Technology

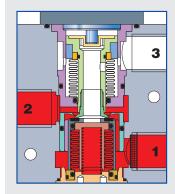
Pressure Control: 614 Series Sentronic PLUS



All Sentronic valves are tested before leaving our manufacturing facilities. Each valve is provided with a test certificate showing all the test results.

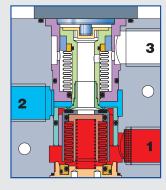


Operating Principle



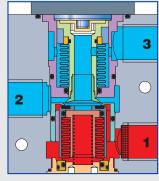
Increasing pressure

The pressurization piston is operated and the flow from port 1 to port 2 is released.



Maintaining pressure

The exhaust piston is in its central position: the flow between port 2 and port 1 or port 3 is blocked.



Exhausting pressure

The exhaust piston is lifted and the flow from port 3 to port 2 is released.

Advantages

- Minimum hysteresis
- Quick response times
- · Very high sensitivity
- Standard 50 µm filtration
- No constant air consumption
- · Analog command signal
- Analog feedback output
- PC communication
- Digital Control
- Easy change of control parameters

Specifications

Fluids: Air and gases

Pressure range: Vacuum to 50 bar Ports: 1/8, 1/4, 1/2, 1 (NPT or GTap)

Construction: Poppet valve

Actuation: Direct-operated solenoid

Command signal: 0 - 10 V, 0 - 20 mA, 4 - 20 mA

Options: Internal pressure switch

Feedback output



Pressure Control: 614 Series Sentronic^{PLUS}

Proportional Technology

Sentronic PLUS Electronic Pressure Regulator



General

Sentronic PLUS is a 3-way proportional valve with digital control. The Data Acquisition Software (DaS) that comes with Sentronic PLUS can be used to adjust the valve's control parameters to a specific application. Command signal, feedback signal and control parameters can be viewed in real time and adjusted as required for an application. Sentronic PLUS can be configured for dual loop control of process variables such as flow, force, speed, RPM, and temperature.

Construction

Direct-operated poppet valve Body: See table below.

Internal parts: Stainless steel and brass Seals: FPM (fluoroelastomer) and NBR (nitrile)

614357 E 9

Specifications

Fluids: Air or neutral gas, filtered at 50 µm, condensate-free, lubricated or unlubricated

Specifications

Fluids: Air or neutral gas, filtered at 50 µm, condensate-free, lubricated or unlubricated

1/8 - 1/4 - 1/2 - 1 (NPT or GTap)

Max. operating pressure: See table below. Control range: See table below.

32°F - 140°F (0°C - 60°C) Temperature / fluid: 32°F - 140°F (0°C - 60°C) Temperature / ambient: 0 - 10 V (impedance 100 K Ω) 0 - 20 mA/4 - 20 mA Command signal - analog:

(impedance 250 Ω)

Hysteresis: 1% of span Linearity / pressure measurement: ± 0.5% of span Repeatability: \pm 0.5% of span

EXPLOSION SAFETY

⟨⟨⟨⟨⟩⟩ | II 2D Ex tDA21 IP65 T135°C Db Safety code:

 $_{\text{\tiny (E)}}^{-}$ II 3G Ex nA IIC T4 Gc, $0 \le \text{Ta} \le = 50^{\circ}\text{C}$

Vacuum (Relative)

Shut-off valve, connects to

Shut-off valve, connects to

atmosphere on loss of power

vacuum on loss of power V2 = 0...-1 bar

Bypass valve

V1 = -1 bar

V3 = 0...-1 bar

EC type examination

IBExU07ATEX1173 certificate no .:

Electrical Characteristics

Nominal Diameter DN (mm)	Voltage *	Max. Power (W)	Max. Current (mA)	Insulation Class	Degree of Protection	Electrical Connection
1	24 VDC = ±10%	12	500	F	IP 65	5-pin M12 connector or 7-pin DIN connector
3	24 VDC = ±10%	12	500	F	IP 65	5-pin M12 connector or 7-pin DIN connector
6	24 VDC = ±10%	24 ⁷⁾	10007)	F	IP 65	5-pin M12 connector or 7-pin DIN connector
12	24 VDC = ±10%	34	1400	F	IP 65	5-pin M12 connector or 7-pin DIN connector
20	24 VDC = ±10%	44	1800	F	IP 65	5-pin M12 connector or 7-pin DIN connector

^{*} Max. ripple: 10 %

Specifications

-							
Ø	Ø	Flow					
Ports	Orifice DN (mm)	C _v Flow Factor (K _v Nm³/h)	at 6 Bar (I/min - ANR)				
1/8 NPT or GTap	1	0.032 (0.028)	30				
1/8 NPT or GTap	3	0.21 (0.18)	210				
1/4 NPT or GTap	6	0.70 (0.60)	700				
1/2 NPT or GTap	12	1.39 (1.20)	1400				
1 NPT or GTap	20	5.57 (4.80)	5600				

How to Order

Control Panel D = M12 with display - non-explosionproof

E = M12 without display - explosionproof (ATEX)

F = DIN connector, 7-pin with display - non-explosion proof¹⁾

G = DIN connector, 7-pin without display - non-explosion proof¹⁾

Version (Ports), body

0 = DN6 (G 1/4), ALU 8 = DN6(G 1/4), Brass 1 = DN12 (G 1/2), ALU2) 9 = DN3(NPT 1/8), Brass 2 = DN20 (G 1), ALU²⁾ A = DN6(NPT 1/4), Brass 4 = DN6 (NPT 1/4), ALU C = DN6(G 1/4), Stainless Steel 5 = DN12 (NPT 1/2), ALU2) G = DN6(NPT 1/4), Brass³ 6 = DN20 (NPT 1), ALU2) (G 1/4), Brass³⁾ H = DN67 = DN3 (G 1/8), Brass J = DN1(G 1/8), Brass

Command Signal

0 = 0...10 Volt 1 = 0...20 mA

2 = 4...20 mA

Feedback

= Feedback Output 0...10 Volt 4 = Feedback Output 0...10 Volt4)

K = DN1

(NPT 1/8), Brass

2 = Feedback Output 0...20 mA 5 = Feedback Output 0...20 mA4

3 = Feedback Output 4...20 mA 6 = Feedback Output 4...20 mA4

Options

A00 = Dual Loop Control 018 = Oxygen Clean

Pressure Range Relative Pressure (psi) Max Inlet Pressure Bar (psi) 40 = 0 - 0.1 bar (1.5)2 (29) 50 = 0.05 par (7.3)2 (29) 60 = 0 - 1.0 bar (14.5)2 (29) 02 = 0 - 2.0 bar (29) 03 = 0 - 3.0 bar (44)3 (44) 8 (116) PA = 0 - 3.4 bar (50)8 (116) 05 = 0 - 5.0 bar (73) 06 = 0 - 6.0 bar (87)8 (116) 12 (174) PB = 0 - 6.9 bar (100)12 (174)

10 = 0 - 10.0 bar (145) PC = 0 - 10.3 bar (150) 12 (174) 12 (174) 12 = 0 - 12.0 bar (174) 14 (203) 18 (261)

PD = 0 - 13.8⁵) bar (200) 16 = 0 - 16.0⁵) bar (232) PE = 0 - 17.2⁵) bar (250) 18 (261) 22 (316) 20 = 0 - 20.05 bar (290) 22 (316) PF = 0 - 20.7⁵) bar (300) 3H = 0 - 30.0⁶) bar (435) 22 (316) 40 (580) $5H = 0 - 50.0^{6} \text{ bar } (725)$

Digital Output 1 = Pressure Switch Output

PNP ± 5%

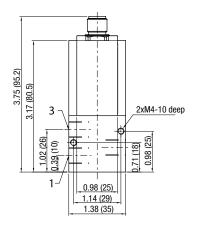
Pressure Control: 614 Series Sentronic^{PLUS}

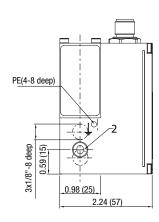


Dimensions: Inches (mm), Weight in lbs. (kg)

1/8 NPT or GTap (DNI and DN3)

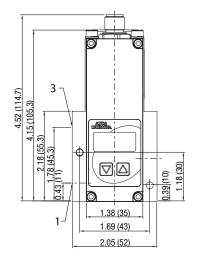
Weight: 1.21 (0.55)

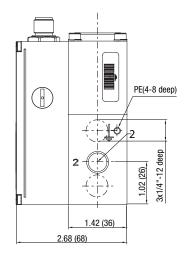




1/4 NPT or GTap

Weight: 1.87 (0.85)

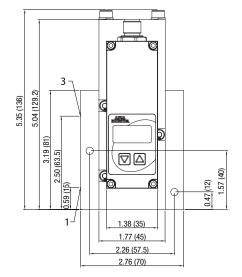


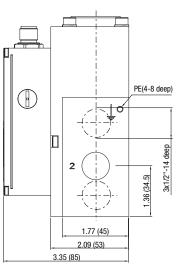


A) Thread M5 - depth 10 (on opposite side); tapped through-hole for M4 screw.

1/2 NPT or GTap

Weight: 3.64 (1.65)





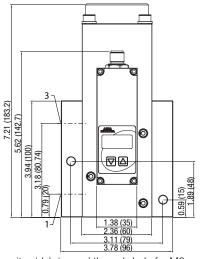
A) Thread M5 - depth 10 (on opposite side); tapped through-hole for M4 screw.

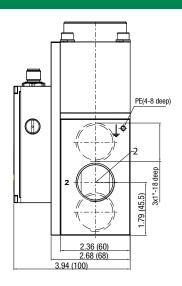


Pressure Control: 614 Series Sentronic^{PLUS}

Dimensions: Inches (mm), Weight in lbs. (kg)

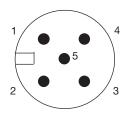
1 NPT or GTap Weight: 7.50 (3.40)





A) Thread M8 - depth 15 (on opposite side); tapped through-hole for M6 screw.

Connector Pin Out



PIN	Description
1	+24 VDC Supply
2	Command Signal
3	+0 VDC Common (Supply)
	+0 VDC Common (Command Signal)*
4	Analog output (Feedback)
5	Digital output (Pressure switch)
Body	EMV screen

^{*}A 6-wire cable with separate common for the command signal is used for cable lengths over 2 m to minimize the voltage drop for the command signal.

Accessories









5 Pin 12mm FEMALE Straight Field Attachable Connectors	Model Number
PG 9 Cable Gland	TC05F20000000000

5 Pin 12mm FEMALE 90 DEGREE Field Attachable Connectors	
PG 9 Cable Gland	TD05F20000000000

Micro Female 5 Pole Straight 6 Wire 24 AWG, Shielded					
3 Meter	TC0503MMS000671Y				
5 Meter	TC0505MMS000671Y				

Micro Female 5 Pole 90 Degree 6 Wire 24 AWG Euro Color Code, Shielded	
3 Meter*	TD0503MMS000671Y*
5 Meter*	TD0505MMS000671Y*

PC Software & Cable Connectors	Model Number
DaS Light: Data Acquisition Software for Sentronic ^D - basic parameters - free download at Numatics.com	99100110
DaS Expert: Data Acquisition Software for Sentronic ^D - full parameters - CD-ROM	99100111
RS 232 cable converter; 2m cable with 9-pin Sub-D (plug connector)	88100732
RS 232 cable converter; 2m cable with 9-pin Sub-D (screw connector)	833-993708

^{*} Do not use with the 1" Sentronic PLUS

High Current Analog Module



G3 Fieldbus - Electronics Made Easy!

Innovative Graphic Display is used for easy commissioning, visual status & diagnostics.

Commissioning Capabilities

- Set network address (including IP & Subnet mask for Ethernet)
- Set baud rate
- Set auto or manual I/O sizes
- Set fault/idle output states
- · Set brightness
- · Set factory defaults

Visual Diagnostics

- Shorted and open load detection
- Shorted sensor/cable detection
- · Low & missing power detection
- Missing module detection
- Self-test activation
- · Log of network errors
- Distribution errors



Graphic Display for configuration & diagnostics



Auto Recovery Module



Highly Distributable



High Current Analog Module

- SPEEDCON M12 connector technology allows for fast and efficient ½ turn I/O connector attachment.
- Power connector allows output power to be removed while inputs and communication are left active.
- IP65 & IP67 protection
- Up to 1200 Input / 1200 Output capability with one communication node! (Present physical I/O combinations allows 1200 I / 544 O)
- 32 valve solenoids per manifold up to 17 manifolds per communication node!
- One node supports 16 I/O modules Analog I/O, Digital I/O (NPN & PNP) and Specialty
- Innovative clip design allows easy module removal/replacement without dismantling manifold
- Auto Recovery Module (ARM) protects configuration information during a critical failure. Allows configuration information to be saved and reloaded to replacement module automatically.

* High current analog module

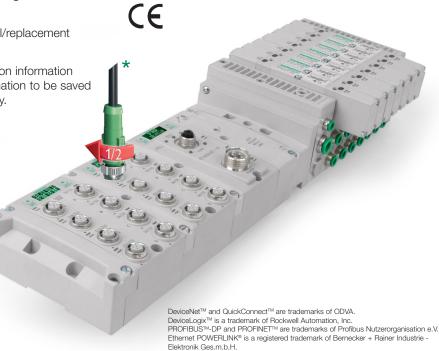
Controls 2 proportional direct-operated high current valves

Auxiliary power connection

Simple connection for external sensor (one for each output)

Supported Protocols

- DeviceNet™
- CANopen[®]
- DeviceNet[™] w/QuickConnect[™] PROFINET[®]
- DeviceNet™ w/DeviceLogix™
 Ethernet POWERLINK®
- Ethernet
- PROFIBUS®-DP



Elektronik Ges.m.b.H.
CANopen® is a registered Community trademark of CAN in Automation e.V.





Notes





World Class Supplier of Pneumatic Components



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México - Ascomatica SA de CVP: 52 55 58 09 56 40 (DF y Area metropolitana)
P: 01 800 000 ASCO (2726) (Interior de la República)
F: 52 55 58 09 56 60

Brazil Ascoval Ind.e Comercio Ltda P: (55) 11-4195-5333 F: (55) 11-4195-3970