## SQM5... Reversing Actuator with Analog Input Signal

## Product Description

Reversing actuator used to position flow control valves, butterfly valves, dampers, or any application requiring rotary motion with an analog input signal.

## Product Numbers

SQM5x.xxxRxGx for 4 to 20 mA input signal SQM5x.xxxRxHx for 0 to 135 ohm input signal
SQM5x.xxxRxKx for 0 to 10 Vdc input signal

| Actuator Torque: |  | Max Shaft Torque: |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| SQM50.2... | $90 \mathrm{in} / \mathrm{lb}$ | AGA58.1 | $200 \mathrm{in} / \mathrm{lb}$ |
| SQM50.3... | $90 \mathrm{in} / \mathrm{lb}$ | AGA58.3 | $220 \mathrm{in} / \mathrm{lb}$ |
| SQM50.4... | $140 \mathrm{in} / l \mathrm{~b}$ | AGA58.4 | $270 \mathrm{in} / \mathrm{lb}$ |
| SQM53.4... | $200 \mathrm{in} / \mathrm{lb}$ | AGA58.7 | $400 \mathrm{in} / \mathrm{lb}$ |
| SQM56.5... | $310 \mathrm{in} / \mathrm{lb}$ |  |  |
| SQM56.6... | $400 \mathrm{in} / \mathrm{lb}$ |  |  |

SQM... motors allow torque on either end of the AGA58.3 and AGA58.4 shafts.

NOTE: For detailed information, see Technical Instructions 155-517P25.

## Caution Notations



Equipment damage may occur if procedures are not followed as specified.

Installation

## Cover Removal

Use a Phillips screwdriver to loosen the two screws on the actuator cover corners. See Figure 1.
Lift the screws and raise the cover. See Figure 2.


Figure 1.


Figure 2.

## Rotational Direction Verification

Actuator model numbers that end with " R " are factory configured for clockwise (cw), minimum to maximum rotation when facing the gear end of the actuator, or counterclockwise (ccw) rotation when facing the other end of the actuator. The gear end of the actuator is the side opposite of the visual position indicator.

## Actuator Mounting

SQM5... actuators can be mounted in any orientation. Optional base mounting brackets are available.

SQM5... actuators can also be face-mounted using self-tapping screws in combination with the various holes on the face of the actuator gear end.

## Switch Adjustment

SQM5...actuators are factory-wired with Switch I (maximum), Switch II (fully closed/economy position) and Switch III (minimum/low-fire). The individual switch cams I, II, and III are factory set to $90^{\circ}, 0^{\circ}$ and $10^{\circ}$, respectively. See Figures 3 and 4 .

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Figure 3. Component Identification on the Cam Drum Side of the SQM5...Actuator.

NOTE: The single switch cam pointers are used together with the black scales when configured for ccw operation.
The double switch cam pointers are used together with the red scales when configured for cw operation.

The individual switch cams can be adjusted by hand or with the use of the tool attached to the outside of the hinged switch terminal protection lid.

The adjustable range of the switches is limited by the potentiometer range.

SQM5x.xxxRxx3 actuators have a $90^{\circ}$ potentiometer and the switches must be adjusted between $0^{\circ}$ and $90^{\circ}$.

SQM5x.xxxRxx4 actuators have a $135^{\circ}$ potentiometer and the switches must be adjusted between $0^{\circ}$ and $135^{\circ}$.

## Shaft Adjustment

The actuator shaft can be disengaged by pressing the silver shaft release button. The shaft release button is located above the grounding screw, under the hinged terminal protection cover, and to the right of the auto/manual switch. After pressing the shaft release button in and slightly upward, the shaft can be manually rotated. After the shaft has been manually
aligned to the closed position, re-engage the shaft by pushing the shaft release button downwards.

## Cam Drum Adjustment

Once the shaft has been set to the closed position, the cam drum must be manually aligned by pressing and holding the black cam drum release button (see Figure 3). Rotate the cam drum until the " 0 " mark on the actuator position scale (left scale on the cam drum) is aligned with the gray actuator position indicating pointer.

## Position Indicating Dial Adjustment

The actual position of the SQM5... actuator is indicated by the gray actuator position indicating pointer (see Figure 3). The position is also displayed by the indicating dial through the housing's window. Ensure that the actuator position indicating dial is aligned with the actuator position scale. If necessary, rotate the dial in the clockwise direction.

CAUTION:
Turning the dial in the counterclockwise direction may loosen the potentiometer locking screw.

## Electrical Connection

SQM5... actuators are equipped with two removable conduit connection plates located on the upper corner of the gear housing. Each plate is provided with two threaded connections for 1/2-inch NPSM conduit connectors. The use of flexible 14 gauge or smaller stranded wire is recommended.

NOTE: SQM5... Actuators require a single-source, single-phase power supply.

## Grounding

To avoid electro-magnetic interference, SQM5... actuators must be grounded. The ground screw is located to the right of the AUTO/MAN switch (below the shaft release button).

## $\Lambda$ <br> CAUTION:

Disconnect the circuit board wire marked 51 during high voltage testing. Reconnect it to the grounding terminal after the test.


Figure 4. Basic Functional Diagram of AGA56.4...


Figure 5. AGA56.41/42/43... Terminal and Trim Potentiometer Boards.

## Commissioning

## Manual Operation

1. Set the AUTO/MAN switch in the MAN position.
2. Connect ground to the screw located below the shaft release button.
3. Connect neutral to terminal N .
4. Only terminal "L" must be powered to enable manual operation. The actuator can now be driven to the maximum (high fire) position (switch cam I) or the fully closed "economy position" (switch cam II) by using the toggle switch located to the left of the AUTO/MAN switch.

## Automatic Operation

1. Set the AUTO/MAN switch in the AUTO position.
2. Connect ground to the screw located below the shaft release button.
3. Connect neutral to terminal N .
4. Connect line voltage at all times to terminal $L$ to provide power to the electronic circuit board.
5. Connect line voltage to terminal LR to provide power when modulating. Connect line voltage to Terminal LR only after removing power on terminals $A$ and $Z$ (otherwise actuator damage may result).
6. Connect line voltage to terminal $A$ to drive the actuator to the maximum (high fire purge) position. Once the maximum position is reached, terminal 11 (on switch I) will be energized to provide position feedback.
7. Connect power to terminal ZL to drive the actuator to the minimum (low-fire) position. Once the minimum position is reached, terminal 23 (on switch III) will be energized to provide position feedback. Adjustment of switch III will determine the low-fire stop position. Switch III (low fire) must be set at a higher position than switch II (fully closed). Terminal ZL may be energized only after removing power from terminals $A, Z, 13$, and LR.
8. Connect line voltage to terminal $Z$ to drive the actuator to the fully closed/economy position (switch II).

## CAUTION:

Under no circumstances should terminals A and $Z$ be powered at the same time. Actuator damage will occur.
9. Connect the input control signal wires to the appropriate terminals. See Figure 4.

## Modulation Adjustment

The blue trim potentiometers allow the adjustment of the minimum (zero) and maximum (span) positions. The factory setting of the MIN trim potentiometer is rotated fully counter clockwise.
The factory setting of the MAX trim potentiometer is rotated fully clockwise.

## Zero Adjustment

Set the OPE/MAX/MIN slide switch to MIN (See Figure 5). The blue MIN trim potentiometer can now be gently adjusted to the required minimum position. Return the OPE/MAX/MIN slide switch to OPE for operation.

## Span Adjustment

Set the OPE/MAX/MIN slide switch to MAX. The blue MAX trim potentiometer can now be gently adjusted to the required maximum position. Return the OPE/MAX/MIN slide switch to OPE for operation.


Figure 6. Switch Cam and Trim Potentiometer Setting.

NOTE: The actual minimum and maximum modulating range is determined by either the setting of the MIN and MAX trim potentiometers, or the setting of Switch Cam III (Minimum) and Switch Cam I (Maximum). The actuator can never modulate outside of the range set by switch cam I and III. If the MIN and MAX trim potentiometers are set outside the setting range of switch cams I and III, then the switch cam settings determine the modulating range (See Figure 6).

NOTE: Switch Cam I must not be set higher than:
$90^{\circ}$ when using feedback potentiometers
ASZxx.. 803 or ASZxx.30;
$135^{\circ}$ when using feedback potentiometers ASZxx. 833 or ASXxx. 33

## Cover Installation

Lift the two screws on the cover corners and slide the cover end into the groove at the gear end of the actuator. See Figure 7.

Press the cover into place and then press the screws inward and tighten. See Figure 8.


The installation is now complete.

## Dimensions



Figure 6. SQM5x.xxxRxx Dimensions in Inches (Millimeters).

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