

Section 1 - Product and Company Identification

Material Name - Black Jack Elastic Crack Filler

Chemical Category - Mixture Product Code - 6438-9-34

Product Description - Asphalt driveway crack filler

Product Use - Filler and sealant for asphalt pavements.

Synonyms - Low VOC Water Based Asphalt Crack Sealer

Manufacturer - Gardner-Gibson

4161 E. 7th Avenue Tampa, FL 33605 United States

Telephone

Technical - 813-248-2101 - Customer Service: 8 AM - 5 PM M-F Eastern Standard Time

Emergency - 800-424-9300 - CHEMTREC

Emergency - 703-527-3887 - CHEMTREC (Outside US)

Last Revision Date - 03-23-2015

Section 2 - Hazards Identification

Signal Word: WARNING! Hazards and Precautions

Contains Petroleum Based Products. Use only with adequate ventilation. Avoid prolonged breathing of vapor or spray mist as may cause headache, nausea, and respiratory tract irritation. Keep product closed and properly stored when not in use. Avoid contact with skin. Use protective gloves, safety glasses, and protective clothing when using this product. Do not use in drinking water or food systems. Do not reuse empty container. Make sure container is sealed and secured in an upright position during transportation. Do not eat or drink while using this product and wash hand thoroughly after use.

Prevention Do not breathe dust, fume, gas, mist, vapours and/or spray. Do not handle until all safety precautions

have been read and understood.

Response IF exposed or if you feel unwell: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.



Physical Form - Liquid Color - Black

Odor - Mild Hydrocarbon.

Flash Point - 460°F(238°C)

OSHA HCS2012 - Specific Target Organ Toxicity Repeated Exposure - Category 2, Skin

Corrosion/Irritation - Category 2, Serious Eye Damage, Eye Irritation - Category 2,

Carcinogenicity - Category 1A (asphalt fume high temperatures),

WHMIS - Class D - Poisonous and Infectious Materials - Division 2 - Subdivision A

(T)

GHS - Specific Target Organ Toxicity Repeated Exposure - Category 2, Skin

Corrosion/Irritation - Category 2, Serious Eye Damage, Eye Irritation - Category 2,

Carcinogenicity - Category 1A

Route Of Entry - Inhalation, Skin, Eye

Potential Health Effects

Inhalation

Acute (Immediate) - May cause irritation.

Chronic (Delayed) - No data available

Skin

Acute (Immediate) - May cause irritation.

Chronic (Delayed) - Repeated and prolonged exposure may cause dermatitis.

Eye

Acute (Immediate) - May cause burning and redness or swelling of the eyes. May cause irritation.

Chronic (Delayed) - Repeated and prolonged exposure may cause irritation.

Ingestion

Acute (Immediate) - May be harmful or fatal if swallowed.

Chronic (Delayed) - No data available

Carcinogenic Effects - See Section 11 - Toxicological Information.

		Carcinogenic Effects	
	CAS	IARC	NTP
Asphalt	8052-42-4	Group 2B-Possible Carcinogen	Under Consideration

Other Information

This product is an encapsulated mixture which reduces the likelihood of exposure to hazardous particulates. Airborne exposures to hazardous dusts or mists may be generated by spraying, sanding or grinding. During spraying or sanding the product, wear suitable respiratory equipment to protect against inhalation of mist and dust.

Section 3 - Composition/Information on Ingredients

				Hazardous Components		
Chemical Name	CAS	%(wt)	UN;EINECS	LD50/LC50	EU R & S Phrases	Other
Asphalt	8052-42- 4	15% TO 25%	NA1999, 232- 490-9	Ingestion/Oral-Rat LD50 · >5000 mg/kgInhalation-Rat LC50 · >94.4 mg/m³	NDA	NDA
Kaolin	1332-58- 7	10% TO 20%			NDA	NDA
Bentonite	1302-78- 9	1% TO 5%	215-108-5		NDA	NDA
			Ne	on-Hazardous Components		
Chemical Name	CAS	%(wt)	UN;EINECS	LD50/LC50	EU R & S Phrases	Other
Water	7732-18- 5	40% TO 50%	231-791-2	Ingestion/Oral-Rat LD50 · >90 mL/kg	NDA	NDA
Latex Polymer	N/A	0.1% TO 5%			NDA	NDA

This product is an encapsulated mixture which reduces the likelihood of exposure to hazardous particulates. Airborne exposures to hazardous dusts or mists may be generated by spraying, sanding or grinding.

See Section 11 for Toxicological Information.

Section 4 - First Aid Measures

Inhalation

Remove to fresh air if you feel unwell. Call a physician or poison control center. If not breathing, give artificial respiration.

Skin

Wash the contaminated area of body with soap and fresh water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

Eye

Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first five minutes, then continue rinsing eye. If eve irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

Ingestion

Call a physician or poison control center immediately. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Do NOT induce vomiting.

Section 5 - Fire Fighting Measures

Extinguishing Media Unsuitable Extinguishing

Media

Firefighting Procedures

SMALL FIRES: Dry chemical, CO2, water spray or regular foam.

No data available

Keep unauthorized personnel away. Stay upwind of the fire to reduce exposure. Fire fighters should wear complete protective clothing including self-contained breathing apparatus.

Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards

Hazardous Combustion

Products

Protection of Firefighters

Flash Point

Some of these materials may burn, but will not readily ignite. May release irritating

or toxic gases, fumes, or vapors. Carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, hydrocarbons.

Wear positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA).

460°F(238°C)

Section 6 - Accidental Release Measures

Personal Precautions

Do not manage damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ventilate enclosed areas when dealing with spills.

Emergency Procedures

Stop leak if you can do so without risk. Isolate the area and contain the spilled material. Persons not wearing the appropriate PPE should be removed from the area until the spill is cleaned up.

Environmental Precautions Containment/Clean-up

Measures

Prohibited Materials

Avoid run off to waterways and sewers.

Use appropriate Personal Protective Equipment (PPE). Contain and/or absorb spill with inert material (e.g. sand, vermiculite), then place in suitable container.

Avoid contact with strong oxidizing agents and acids.

Section 7 - Handling and Storage

Handling Storage

- Keep containers tightly closed when not in use. Use only with adequate ventilation.
- Keep only in the original container/package in a cool well-ventilated place. Keep away from fire. Keep container closed when not in use.

No data available

Special Packaging Materials Incompatible Materials or Ignition Sources

Avoid contact with strong oxidizing agents and acids.

Section 8 - Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

Personal Protective Equipment

Pictograms



Respiratory

When used with adequate ventilation, a respirator is not normally required. If required, use a NIOSH-approved air purifying respirator with organic vapor cartridge or supplied air respirator. This product is an encapsulated mixture which reduces the likelihood of exposure to hazardous particulates. Airborne exposures to hazardous dusts or mists may be generated by spraying, sanding or grinding.

Wear ANSI approved safety glasses with side shields or safety goggles.

Eye/Face Hands Skin/Body

Wear chemical protective gloves made of Nitrile or Neoprene.
 Wear clothing that covers the skin to prevent skin exposure.

General Industrial Hygiene Considerations Engineering

Measures/Controls

- Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Do not eat, drink or smoke during work. Wash hands before eating.

- Adequate ventilation systems as needed to control concentrations of airborne contaminants below applicable threshold limit values.

			Exposure Limits/Guideli	nes	
	Result	ACGIH	Canada Ontario	OSHA	United States - California
Kaolin (1332- 58-7)	TWAs	2 mg/m3 TWA (particulate matter containing no asbestos and <1% crystalline silica, respirable fraction)	2 mg/m3 TWAEV (containing no asbestos and less than 1% crystalline silica, respirable)	15 mg/m3 TWA (total dust); 5 mg/m3 TWA (respirable fraction)	2 mg/m3 PEL (respirable dust, containing no asbestos fibers, < 1% crystalline silica)
Asphalt (8052- 42-4)	TWAs	0.5 mg/m3 TWA (as benzene soluble aerosol, fume, inhalable fraction)	0.5 mg/m3 TWAEV (fume, inhalable, as benzene-soluble aerosol)	Not established	5 mg/m3 PEL (fume)

Exposure Control Notations

ACGIH

- Kaolin (1332-58-7): Carcinogens: A4 Not Classifiable as a Human Carcinogen
- Asphalt (8052-42-4):Carcinogens:A4 Not Classifiable as a Human Carcinogen (fume, coal tar-free)

Key to abbreviations

PEL = Permissible Exposure Level determined by the Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA)

TWA = Time-Weighted Averages are based on 8h/day, 40h/week exposures

Section 9 - Physical and Chemical Properties

Physical Form - Liquid

Appearance/Description - Thick black semi-liquid.

Color: Black		Odor: Mild Hydrocarbon.	
Taste: NDA		Odor Threshold: NDA	
Boiling Point:	212 F(100 C)	Vapor Pressure:	NDA
Melting Point:	NDA	Vapor Density:	> 1 Air=1
Specific Gravity/Relative	= 1.16 Water=1	Evaporation Rate:	< 1 Water = 1
Density:			
Density:	= 9.73 lbs/gal	VOC (Wt.):	NDA
Bulk Density:	NDA	VOC (Vol.):	< 5 g/L
pH:	9 to 10	Volatiles (Wt.):	NDA
Water Solubility:	NDA	Volatiles (Vol.):	NDA
Solvent Solubility:	NDA	Flash Point:	460°F(238°C)
Viscosity:	NDA	Flash Point Test Type:	Closed Cup

Section 10 - Stability and Reactivity

Stability

Stable under normal temperatures and pressures.

Hazardous Polymerization

Hazardous polymerization not indicated.

Conditions to Avoid

Avoid contact with strong oxidizing agents and acids.

Incompatible Materials

Strong oxidizers and acids.

Hazardous Decomposition Products

Carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide and hydrocarbons.

Section 11 - Toxicological Information

Component Name	Concentration	CAS	Data
Asphalt	15% TO 25%	8052-42-4	Acute Toxicity: ; orl-rat LD50:>5000 mg/kg; ihl-rat LC50:>94.4 mg/m3; ihl-hmn TDLo:10 mg/m3/5.5Y-I Tumorigen/Carcinogen: ; skn-mus TDLo:905 gm/kg/2Y-I
Kaolin	10% TO 20%	1332-58-7	Acute Toxicity: ; orl-rat TDLo:370 gm/kg/37D-I
Bentonite	1% TO 5%	1302-78-9	Acute Toxicity: ; orl-rat TDLo:700 mg/kg/7D-I

Other Component Information

IARC has concluded that the following chemicals in this product are carcinogenic to humans (Group 1): silica, quartz. ACGIH has designated the following chemicals in this product as suspected human carcinogens (A2): silica, quartz. NTP has listed the following chemicals in this product as known human carcinogens: silica, quartz. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure to this product as a dust or aerosol mist. Airborne exposure is not expected with this product. The materials are encapsulated and would only be release if the dry material was sanded. Exposure could increase if the product is sprayed.

Other Information

This product contains petroleum asphalt. Petroleum asphalt is not listed as a carcinogen by OSHA or NTP. The National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH), has concluded that at higher temperatures roofing asphalt fumes are a potential occupational carcinogen. If this product is heated or comes in contact with heated material, avoid breathing fumes. This product may contain small amounts of polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons (PAH's) which are recognized carcinogens in humans and experimental animals. Mouse skin painting studies of roofing asphalt vapor concentrate have shown evidence of tumor formation associated with localized skin irritation in recent studies. Inhalation studies of high airborne concentrations of asphalt/bitumen fumes in rats and mice produced bronchitis, pneumonitis, and lung changes such as fibrosis and cell damage.

Section 12 - Ecological Information

Ecological Fate No data available. Persistence/Degradability No data available. **Bioaccumulation Potential** No data available. **Mobility in Soil** No data available.

Section 13 - Disposal Considerations

Product

Dispose of content and/or container in accordance with local, regional, national, and/or international regulations.

Section 14 - Transportation Information

DOT - United States - Department of Transportation

Shipping Name: Not Restricted

TDG - Canada - Transport of Dangerous Goods

Shipping Name: Not Restricted

IMO/IMDG –International Maritime Transport

Shipping Name: Not Restricted

Section 15 - Regulatory Information

SARA Hazard Classifications Risk & Safety Phrases

- Acute, Chronic
- California PROP 65: Asphalt and Asphalt Fumes may contain detectable amounts of chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer or reproductive harm.

		State Right To Know		
Component	CAS	MA	MN	NJ
Water	7732-18-5	No	No	No
Latex Polymer	NDA	No	No	No
Asphalt	8052-42-4	Yes	Yes	Yes
Kaolin	1332-58-7	Yes	Yes	Yes
Bentonite	1302-78-9	No	No	No

		Inventory	
Component	CAS	EU EINECS	TSCA
Water	7732-18-5	Yes	Yes
Latex Polymer	NDA	Yes	Yes
Asphalt	8052-42-4	Yes	Yes
Kaolin	1332-58-7	Yes	Yes
Bentonite	1302-78-9	Yes	Yes

Canada - WHMIS - Classifications of Substances				
Kaolin	1332-58-7	10% TO 20%	D2A	
Asphalt	8052-42-4	15% TO 25%	Not Listed	
Bentonite	1302-78-9	1% TO 5%	D2A	
• Water	7732-18-5	40% TO 50%	Uncontrolled product according to WHMIS classification criteria	

U.S California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List			
• Kaolin	1332-58-7	10% TO 20%	Not Listed
Asphalt	8052-42-4	15% TO 25%	Not Listed
Bentonite	1302-78-9	1% TO 5%	Not Listed
• Water	7732-18-5	40% TO 50%	Not Listed

Section 16 - Other Information

Last Revision Date Prepared By - 03/23/2015

Gardner-Gibson Inc.

Disclaimer/Statement of Liability

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