

Revision nr. 1

Dated 21/06/2016

Printed on 01/08/2016

Page n. 1/14

Idea Stonager

Safety data sheet

SECTION 1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Code: 089CAGE
Product name Idea Stonager

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against Intended use Water and oil repellent and color enhancer for stones.

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Name BELLINZONI S.R.L.
Full address Via Don Gnocchi, 4
District and Country 20016 PERO (MI)

Italia

Tel. +39 02-33912133 Fax +39 02-33915224

e-mail address of the competent person

responsible for the Safety Data Sheet laboratorio@bellinzoni.com

Product distribution by BELLINZONI S.r.I.

1.4. Emergency telephone number

For urgent inquiries refer to E.U.: Centro Antiveleni - Ospedale di Niguarda - Milano - Tel. +39 0266101029

U.S.A.: Chemtech +1.800.424.9300 International: +1.703.527.3887

SECTION 2. Hazards identification.

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture.

The product is classified as hazardous pursuant to the provisions set forth in EC Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) (and subsequent amendments and supplements). The product thus requires a safety datasheet that complies with the provisions of EC Regulation 1907/2006 and subsequent amendments. Any additional information concerning the risks for health and/or the environment are given in sections 11 and 12 of this sheet.

Hazard classification and indication:

Flammable liquid, category 2
Aspiration hazard, category 1
Aspecific target organ toxicity - single exposure, category 3
H225
H304
H304
May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

2.2. Label elements.

Hazard labelling pursuant to EC Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) and subsequent amendments and supplements.

Hazard pictograms:



Revision nr. 1

Dated 21/06/2016

Printed on 01/08/2016

Page n. 2/14

Idea Stonager







Signal words:

Danger

Hazard statements:

H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

EUH066 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Precautionary statements:

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

P233 Keep container tightly closed.

P280 Wear protective gloves / eye protection / face protection.

P301+P310 IF SWALLOWED: immediately call a POISON CENTER / doctor / . . .

Contains: HYDROCARBONS, C10-C13, N-ALKANES, ISOALKANES, CYCLICS, <2% AROMATICS

N-BUTYL ACETATE

2.3. Other hazards.

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage greater than 0,1%.

SECTION 3. Composition/information on ingredients.

3.1. Substances.

Information not relevant.

3.2. Mixtures.

Contains:

INDEX. -

Conc. %.	Classification 1272/2008 (CLP).
	()-
20 - 30	Flam. Liq. 3 H226, STOT SE 3 H336, EUH066
0 20	Asp. Tox. 1 H304, EUH066
0 - 20	Asp. 10x. 111304, L011000
2(



Idea Stonager

Revision nr. 1

Dated 21/06/2016

Printed on 01/08/2016

Page n. 3/14

Reg. no. 01-2119457273-39

ETHYL ACETATE

CAS. 141-78-6 1 - 5 Flam. Liq. 2 H225, Eye Irrit. 2

H319, STOT SE 3 H336,

EUH066

EC. 205-500-4

INDEX. 607-022-00-5

Reg. no. 01-2119475103-46

DIPROPYLENE GLYCOL MONOMETHYL ETHER

CAS. 34590-94-8 0 - 1 Substance with a community

workplace exposure limit.

EC. 252-104-2

INDEX. -

Reg. no. 01-2119450011-60-XXXX

Dioctyltin Dilaurate

CAS. 3648-18-8 0 - 1 Repr. 2 H361d, STOT RE 1

H372, Aquatic Chronic 3

H412

EC. 222-883-3 INDEX. -

AROMATIC HYDROCARBONS C8-10 - UVCB -

CONTAINS BENZENE<0.1% W/W

CAS. 64742-95-6 0 - 1 Flam. Liq. 3 H226, Asp. Tox.

1 H304, STOT SE 3 H335, STOT SE 3 H336, Aquatic Chronic 2 H411, EUH066

EC. 918-668-5

INDEX. 649-356-00-4

Reg. no. 01-2119455851-35-XXXX

METHANOL

CAS. 67-56-1 0 - 1 Flam. Liq. 2 H225, Acute Tox.

3 H301, Acute Tox. 3 H311, Acute Tox. 3 H331, STOT SE

1 H370

EC. 200-659-6

INDEX. 603-001-00-X

Note: Upper limit is not included into the range.

The full wording of hazard (H) phrases is given in section 16 of the sheet.

SECTION 4. First aid measures.

4.1. Description of first aid measures.

EYES: Remove contact lenses, if present. Wash immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, opening the eyelids fully. If problem persists, seek medical advice.

SKIN: Remove contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with a shower immediately. Get medical advice/attention immediately. Wash contaminated clothing before using it again.

INHALATION: Remove to open air. If the subject stops breathing, administer artificial respiration. Get medical advice/attention immediately. INGESTION: Get medical advice/attention immediately. Do not induce vomiting. Do not administer anything not explicitly authorised by a doctor.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed.

For symptoms and effects caused by the contained substances, see chap. 11.



Revision nr. 1

Dated 21/06/2016

Printed on 01/08/2016

Page n. 4/14

Idea Stonager

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed.

Information not available.

SECTION 5. Firefighting measures.

5.1. Extinguishing media.

SUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT

Extinguishing substances are: carbon dioxide, foam, chemical powder. For product loss or leakage that has not caught fire, water spray can be used to disperse flammable vapours and protect those trying to stem the leak.

UNSUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT

Do not use jets of water. Water is not effective for putting out fires but can be used to cool containers exposed to flames to prevent explosions.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture.

HAZARDS CAUSED BY EXPOSURE IN THE EVENT OF FIRE

Excess pressure may form in containers exposed to fire at a risk of explosion. Do not breathe combustion products.

5.3. Advice for firefighters.

GENERAL INFORMATION

Use jets of water to cool the containers to prevent product decomposition and the development of substances potentially hazardous for health. Always wear full fire prevention gear. Collect extinguishing water to prevent it from draining into the sewer system. Dispose of contaminated water used for extinction and the remains of the fire according to applicable regulations.

SPECIAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT FOR FIRE-FIGHTERS

Normal fire fighting clothing i.e. fire kit (BS EN 469), gloves (BS EN 659) and boots (HO specification A29 and A30) in combination with self-contained open circuit positive pressure compressed air breathing apparatus (BS EN 137).

SECTION 6. Accidental release measures.

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures.

Block the leakage if there is no hazard.

Wear suitable protective equipment (including personal protective equipment referred to under Section 8 of the safety data sheet) to prevent any contamination of skin, eyes and personal clothing. These indications apply for both processing staff and those involved in emergency procedures.

6.2. Environmental precautions.

The product must not penetrate into the sewer system or come into contact with surface water or ground water.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up.

Collect the leaked product into a suitable container. Evaluate the compatibility of the container to be used, by checking section 10. Absorb the remainder with inert absorbent material.

Make sure the leakage site is well aired. Check incompatibility for container material in section 7. Contaminated material should be disposed of in compliance with the provisions set forth in point 13.

6.4. Reference to other sections.

Any information on personal protection and disposal is given in sections 8 and 13.

SECTION 7. Handling and storage.

7.1. Precautions for safe handling.

Keep away from heat, sparks and naked flames; do not smoke or use matches or lighters. Vapours may catch fire and an explosion may occur; vapour accumulation is therefore to be avoided by leaving windows and doors open and ensuring good cross ventilation. Without adequate ventilation, vapours may accumulate at ground level and, if ignited, catch fire even at a distance, with the danger of backfire. Avoid bunching of electrostatic charges. When performing transfer operations involving large containers, connect to an earthing system and wear antistatic footwear. Vigorous stirring and flow through the tubes and equipment may cause the formation and accumulation of electrostatic charges. In order to avoid the risk of fires and explosions, never use compressed air when handling. Open containers with caution as they may be pressurised. Do not eat, drink or smoke during use. Avoid leakage of the product into the environment.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities.

Store only in the original container. Store the containers sealed, in a well ventilated place, away from direct sunlight. Store in a well ventilated place, keep far away from sources of heat, naked flames and sparks and other sources of ignition. Keep containers away from any incompatible materials, see section 10 for details.



Revision nr. 1

Dated 21/06/2016

Printed on 01/08/2016

Page n. 5/14

Idea Stonager

7.3. Specific end use(s). Information not available.

SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection.

8.1. Control parameters.

Regulatory References:

BGR	България	МИНИСТЕРСТВО НА ТРУДА И СОЦИАЛНАТА ПОЛИТИКА МИНИСТЕРСТВО НА ЗДРАВЕОПАЗВАНЕТО НАРЕДБА No 13 от 30
		декември 2003 г
CZE	Česká Republika	Nařízení vlády č. 361/2007 Sb. kterým se stanoví podmínky ochrany zdraví při práci
DEU	Deutschland	MAK-und BAT-Werte-Liste 2012
DNK	Danmark	Graensevaerdier per stoffer og materialer
ESP	España	INSHT - Límites de exposición profesional para agentes químicos en España 2015
FRA	France	JORF n°0109 du 10 mai 2012 page 8773 texte n° 102
GBR	United Kingdom	EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits
GRC	Ελλάδα	ΕΦΗΜΕΡΙΣ ΤΗΣ ΚΥΒΕΡΝΗΣΕΩΣ -ΤΕΥΧΟΣ ΠΡΩΤΟ Αρ. Φύλλου 19 - 9 Φεβρουαρίου 2012
ITA	Italia	Decreto Legislativo 9 Aprile 2008, n.81
NLD	Nederland	Databank of the social and Economic Concil of Netherlands (SER) Values, AF 2011:18
POL	Polska	ROZPORZĄDZENIE MINISTRA PRACY I POLITYKI SPOŁECZNEJ z dnia 16 grudnia 2011r
SWE	Sverige	Occupational Exposure Limit Values, AF 2011:18
EU	OEL EU	Directive 2009/161/EU; Directive 2006/15/EC; Directive 2004/37/EC; Directive 2000/39/EC.
	TLV-ACGIH	ACGIH 2014

N-BUTYL ACETATE						
Threshold Limit Value.	2 1	T14/4/01		OTE: 45 :		
Туре	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15min		
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm	
TLV	BGR	710		950		
TLV	CZE	950		1200		
MAK	DEU	480	100	960	200	
VLA	ESP	724	150	965	200	
VLEP	FRA	710	150	940	200	
WEL	GBR	724	150	966	200	
TLV	GRC	710	150	950	200	
OEL	NLD	150				
NDS	POL	200		950		
MAK	SWE	500	100	700	150	
TLV-ACGIH		713	150	950	200	

HYDROCARBONS, C10-C13, N-ALKANES, ISOALKANES, CYCLICS, <2% AROMATICS



Revision nr. 1

Dated 21/06/2016

Printed on 01/08/2016

Page n. 6/14

SKIN.

SKIN.

Idea Stonager

Threshold Limit Value. Type	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15min		
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm	
OEL	EU	1200	184			CEFIC-HSPA

ETHYL ACETATE							
Threshold Limit Value.							
Туре	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15min			
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm		
TLV	BGR	800					
TLV	CZE	700		900			
AGW	DEU	1500	400	3000	800		
MAK	DEU	1500	400	3000	800		
TLV	DNK	540	150				
VLA	ESP	1460	400				
VLEP	FRA	1400	400				
WEL	GBR		200		400		
TLV	GRC	1400	400				
OEL	NLD	550		1100			
NDS	POL	200		600			
MAK	SWE	500	150	1100	300		
TLV-ACGIH		1441	400				

DIPROPYLENE GLYCOL MONOMETHYL ETHER								
Threshold Limit Value. Type	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15min				
l The state of the		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm			
TLV	BGR	308				SKIN.		
TLV	CZE	270		550		SKIN.		
AGW	DEU	310	50	310	50			
MAK	DEU	310	50	310	50			
TLV	DNK	300	50					
VLA	ESP	308	50			SKIN.		
VLEP	FRA	308	50			SKIN.		
WEL	GBR	308	50			SKIN.		
TLV	GRC	600	100	900	150			
TLV	ITA	308	50			SKIN.		
NDS	POL	240		480				
MAK	SWE	300	50	450	75	SKIN.		

AROMATIC HYDROCARBONS C8-10 - UVCB - CONTAINS BENZENE<0.1% W/W Threshold Limit Value. Type Country TAXA (c)

EU

OEL

TLV-ACGIH

STEL/15min

308

606

mg/m3 mg/m3 ppm ppm

909

150

50

100



Revision nr. 1

Dated 21/06/2016

Printed on 01/08/2016

Idea Stonager

Page n. 7/14

OEL ITA 20 100 OEL 25 123 TRIMETILB 1,2,3 TRÍMETILB

Health - Derived no-effect level - DNEL / DMEL

Route of exposure	Effects on consumers. Acute local	Acute systemic	Chronic local	Chronic systemic	Effects on workers Acute local	Acute systemic	Chronic local	Chronic systemic
Oral.			VND	11 mg/kg/d				
Inhalation.			VND	32 mg/m3			VND	150 mg/m3
Skin.			VND	11 mg/kg/d			VND	25 mg/kg/d

METHANOL						
Threshold Limit Value.						
Туре	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15min		
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm	
TLV	BGR	50				SKIN.
TLV	CZE	250		1000		SKIN.
AGW	DEU	270	200	1080	800	SKIN.
MAK	DEU	270	200	1080	800	SKIN.
TLV	DNK	260	200			
VLA	ESP	266	200			SKIN.
VLEP	FRA	260	200	1300	1000	SKIN.
WEL	GBR	266	200	333	250	SKIN.
TLV	GRC	260	200	325	250	
TLV	ITA	260	200			SKIN.
OEL	NLD	133	100			SKIN.
NDS	POL	100		300		
MAK	SWE	250	200	350	250	SKIN.
OEL	EU	260	200			SKIN.
TLV-ACGIH		262	200	328	250	

(C) = CEILING; INHAL = Inhalable Fraction; RESP = Respirable Fraction; THORA = Thoracic Fraction.

VND = hazard identified but no DNEL/PNEC available; NEA = no exposure expected; NPI = no hazard identified.

TLV of solvent mixture: 751 mg/m3.

8.2. Exposure controls.

As the use of adequate technical equipment must always take priority over personal protective equipment, make sure that the workplace is well aired through effective local aspiration. Personal protective equipment must be CE marked, showing that it complies with applicable standards. HAND PROTECTION

Protect hands with category III work gloves (see standard EN 374).

The following should be considered when choosing work glove material: compatibility, degradation, failure time and permeability.

The work gloves' resistance to chemical agents should be checked before use, as it can be unpredictable. The gloves' wear time depends on the duration and type of use.

SKIN PROTECTION

Wear category I professional long-sleeved overalls and safety footwear (see Directive 89/686/EEC and standard EN ISO 20344). Wash body with soap and water after removing protective clothing.

Consider the appropriateness of providing antistatic clothing in the case of working environments in which there is a risk of explosion.

EYE PROTECTION

Wear airtight protective goggles (see standard EN 166).

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION

If the threshold value (e.g. TLV-TWA) is exceeded for the substance or one of the substances present in the product, wear a mask with a type AX filter, whose limit of use will be defined by the manufacturer (see standard EN 14387). In the presence of gases or vapours of various kinds and/or gases or vapours containing particulate (aerosol sprays, fumes, mists, etc.) combined filters are required.

Respiratory protection devices must be used if the technical measures adopted are not suitable for restricting the worker's exposure to the threshold



Revision nr. 1

Page n. 8/14

Dated 21/06/2016

Printed on 01/08/2016

Idea Stonager

values considered. The protection provided by masks is in any case limited.

If the substance considered is odourless or its olfactory threshold is higher than the corresponding TLV-TWA and in the case of an emergency, wear open-circuit compressed air breathing apparatus (in compliance with standard EN 137) or external air-intake breathing apparatus (in compliance with standard EN 138). For a correct choice of respiratory protection device, see standard EN 529.

ENVIRONMENTAL EXPOSURE CONTROLS.

The emissions generated by manufacturing processes, including those generated by ventilation equipment, should be checked to ensure compliance with environmental standards.

SECTION 9. Physical and chemical properties.

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties.

Appearance liquid Colour transparent characteristic Odour Odour threshold. Not available. pH. Not available. Melting point / freezing point. Not available. Initial boiling point. > 35 °C. Boiling range. Not available. Flash point. < 23 °C. Evaporation Rate Not available. Flammability of solids and gases Not available. Lower inflammability limit. Not available. Upper inflammability limit. Not available Lower explosive limit. Not available. Upper explosive limit. Not available. Vapour pressure. Not available. Vapour density Not available Relative density. 0,97 Kg/l Not available. Solubility Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water Not available. Auto-ignition temperature. Not available. Decomposition temperature. Not available. Not available. Viscosity Explosive properties Not available. Oxidising properties Not available.

9.2. Other information.

VOC (Directive 2010/75/EC): 22,99 % - 223,00 g/litre. VOC (volatile carbon): 14,03 % - 136,09 g/litre.

SECTION 10. Stability and reactivity.

10.1. Reactivity.

There are no particular risks of reaction with other substances in normal conditions of use.

ETHYL ACETATE: decomposes slowly into acetic acid and ethanol under the effect of light, air and water.

N-BUTYL ACETATE: decomposes readily with water, especially when warm.

10.2. Chemical stability.

The product is stable in normal conditions of use and storage.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions.

The vapours may also form explosive mixtures with the air.

ETHYL ACETATE: risk of explosion on contact with: metals, alkalis, hydrides. oleum. can react violently with: fluoride, strong oxidising agents, chlorosulfuric acid, potassium tert-butoxide. Forms explosive mixtures with the air.

N-BUTYL ACETATE: risk of explosion on contact with: strong oxidising agents. Can react dangerously with alkaline hydroxides, potassium tert-butoxide. Forms explosive mixtures with the air.

10.4. Conditions to avoid.

Avoid overheating. Avoid bunching of electrostatic charges. Avoid all sources of ignition.

ETHYL ACETATE: avoid exposure to light, sources of heat and naked flames.

N-BUTYL ACETATE: avoid exposure to moisture, sources of heat and naked flames.



Revision nr. 1

Dated 21/06/2016

Printed on 01/08/2016

Page n. 9/14

Idea Stonager

10.5. Incompatible materials.

ETHYL ACETATE: acids and bases, strong oxidising agents; aluminium and some plastics, nitrates and chlorosulphuric acid. N-BUTYL ACETATE: water, nitrates, strong oxidising agents, acids and alkalis and potassium tert-butoxide.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products.

In the event of thermal decomposition or fire, gases and vapours that are potentially dangerous to health may be released.

SECTION 11. Toxicological information.

11.1. Information on toxicological effects.

In the absence of experimental data for the product itself, health hazards are evaluated according to the properties of the substances it contains, using the criteria specified in the applicable regulation for classification. It is therefore necessary to take into account the concentration of the individual hazardous substances indicated in section 3, to evaluate the toxicological effects of exposure to the product.

The introduction of even small quantities of this liquid into the respiratory system in case of ingestion or vomit may cause bronchopneumonia and pulmonary edema.

This product contains highly volatile substances, which may cause serious depression of the central nervous system (CNS) and have negative effects, such as drowsiness, dizziness, slow reflexes, narcosis.

This product may have a degreasing action on the skin, producing dryness and chapped skin after repeated exposure.

METHANOL: The minimal lethal dose following ingestion is considered to be in the range of 300-1000 mg/kg. Ingestion of as little as 4-10 ml methanol in adults may cause permanent blindness (IPCS).

N-BUTYL ACETATE:in humans the substance's vapours cause irritation to the eues and nose. In the event of repeated exposure, there is skin irritation, dermatosis (with driness and flaking of the skin) and keratitis.

HYDROCARBONS, C10-C13, N-ALKANES, ISOALKANES, CYCLICS, <2% AROMATICS

LC50 (Inhalation).> 5000 mg/m3/8h Rat

AROMATIC HYDROCARBONS C8-10 - UVCB - CONTAINS BENZENE<0.1% W/W

LD50 (Oral).> 3492 mg/kg Rat

LD50 (Dermal).> 3160 mg/kg Rabbit

LC50 (Inhalation).> 6,193 mg/l/1h Rat

N-BUTYL ACETATE

LD50 (Oral).> 6400 mg/kg Rat

LD50 (Dermal).> 5000 mg/kg Rabbit

LC50 (Inhalation).21,1 mg/l/4h Rat

SECTION 12. Ecological information.

12.1. Toxicity.

HYDROCARBONS, C10-C13, N-ALKANES, ISOALKANES, CYCLICS, <2% AROMATICS

EC50 - for Algae / Aquatic

Plants.

Plants.

> 1000 mg/l/72h Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata

AROMATIC HYDROCARBONS C8-10 -UVCB - CONTAINS BENZENE<0.1% W/W

BENZENE<0.1% W/W LC50 - for Fish.

EC50 - for Crustacea.

EC50 - for Algae / Aquatic

> 92 mg/l/96h Oncorhynchus mykiss

> 32 mg/l/48h Dafnia magna

> 29 mg/l/72h Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata

12.2. Persistence and degradability.

HYDROCARBONS, C10-C13, N-ALKANES, ISOALKANES, CYCLICS, <2% AROMATICS Entirely biodegradable.



Revision nr. 1

Dated 21/06/2016

Printed on 01/08/2016

Page n. 10/14

Idea Stonager

DIPROPYLENE GLYCOL MONOMETHYL ETHER

Solubility in water. mg/l 1000 - 10000

Rapidly biodegradable.

METHANOL

Solubility in water. mg/l 1000 - 10000

Rapidly biodegradable.

ETHYL ACETATE

Solubility in water. > 10000 mg/l

Rapidly biodegradable.

N-BUTYL ACETATE

Solubility in water. mg/l 1000 - 10000

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential.

DIPROPYLENE GLYCOL MONOMETHYL ETHER

Partition coefficient: n- 0,0043

octanol/water.

METHANOL

Partition coefficient: n- -0,77

octanol/water.

BCF. 0,2

ETHYL ACETATE

Partition coefficient: n- 0,68

octanol/water.

BCF. 30

N-BUTYL ACETATE

Partition coefficient: n- 2,3

octanol/water.

BCF. 15,3

12.4. Mobility in soil.

N-BUTYL ACETATE

Partition coefficient: < 3

soil/water.

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment.

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage greater than 0,1%.

12.6. Other adverse effects.

Information not available.



Revision nr. 1

Dated 21/06/2016

Printed on 01/08/2016

Page n. 11/14

Idea Stonager

SECTION 13. Disposal considerations.

13.1. Waste treatment methods.

Reuse, when possible. Product residues should be considered special hazardous waste. The hazard level of waste containing this product should be evaluated according to applicable regulations.

Disposal must be performed through an authorised waste management firm, in compliance with national and local regulations.

Waste transportation may be subject to ADR restrictions.

CONTAMINATED PACKAGING

Contaminated packaging must be recovered or disposed of in compliance with national waste management regulations.

SECTION 14. Transport information.

14.1. UN number.

ADR / RID, IMDG, 1263

IATA:

14.2. UN proper shipping name.

ADR / RID: PAINT RELATED

MATERIAL

IMDG: PAINT RELATED

MATERIAL

IATA: PAINT RELATED

MATERIAL

14.3. Transport hazard class(es).

ADR / RID: Class: 3 Label: 3

IMDG: Class: 3 Label: 3

IATA: Class: 3 Label: 3

NO



14.4. Packing group.

ADR / RID, IMDG, II

IATA:

IATA:

14.5. Environmental hazards.

ADR / RID: NO IMDG: NO

14.6. Special precautions for user.

ADR / RID: HIN - Kemler: 33 Limited Tunnel Quantities: 5 restriction L code: (D/E)

Special Provision: 640D

IMDG: EMS: F-E, <u>S-E</u> Limited Quantities: 5

Juantitie

IATA: Cargo: L Maximum

Maximum Packaging quantity: 60 L instructions:

364

Pass.: Maximum Packaging

quantity: 5 L instructions:

353

Special Instructions: A3, A72,



Revision nr. 1

Dated 21/06/2016

Printed on 01/08/2016

Idea Stonager

Page n. 12/14

A192

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL73/78 and the IBC Code.

Information not relevant.

SECTION 15. Regulatory information.

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture.

Seveso category. 7b

Restrictions relating to the product or contained substances pursuant to Annex XVII to EC Regulation 1907/2006.

Product.

Point. 3 - 40

Substances in Candidate List (Art. 59 REACH).

None.

Substances subject to authorisarion (Annex XIV REACH).

None.

Substances subject to exportation reporting pursuant to (EC) Reg. 649/2012:

None.

Substances subject to the Rotterdam Convention:

None.

Substances subject to the Stockholm Convention:

None.

Healthcare controls.

Workers exposed to this chemical agent must not undergo health checks, provided that available risk-assessment data prove that the risks related to the workers' health and safety are modest and that the 98/24/EC directive is respected.

15.2. Chemical safety assessment.

No chemical safety assessment has been processed for the mixture and the substances it contains.

SECTION 16. Other information.

Text of hazard (H) indications mentioned in section 2-3 of the sheet:

Flam. Liq. 2 Flammable liquid, category 2
Flam. Liq. 3 Flammable liquid, category 3
Repr. 2 Reproductive toxicity, category 2
Acute Tox. 3 Acute toxicity, category 3



Revision nr. 1

Dated 21/06/2016 Printed on 01/08/2016

Page n. 13/14

Idea Stonager

STOT SE 1 Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, category 1 STOT RE 1 Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure, category 1

Asp. Tox. 1 Aspiration hazard, category 1 Eye Irrit. 2 Eye irritation, category 2

STOT SE 3 Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, category 3

Aquatic Chronic 2 Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic toxicity, category 2 **Aquatic Chronic 3** Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic toxicity, category 3

H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour. H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.

H361d Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

H301 Toxic if swallowed.

H311 Toxic in contact with skin.

H331 Toxic if inhaled.

H370 Causes damage to organs.

H372 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation. H335 May cause respiratory irritation. H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

EUH066 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

LEGEND:

- ADR: European Agreement concerning the carriage of Dangerous goods by Road
- CAS NUMBER: Chemical Abstract Service Number
- CE50: Effective concentration (required to induce a 50% effect)
- CE NUMBER: Identifier in ESIS (European archive of existing substances)
- CLP: EC Regulation 1272/2008 DNEL: Derived No Effect Level
- EmS: Emergency Schedule
- GHS: Globally Harmonized System of classification and labeling of chemicals
- IATA DGR: International Air Transport Association Dangerous Goods Regulation
- IC50: Immobilization Concentration 50%
- IMDG: International Maritime Code for dangerous goods
- IMO: International Maritime Organization
- INDEX NUMBER: Identifier in Annex VI of CLP
- LC50: Lethal Concentration 50%
- LD50: Lethal dose 50%
- OEL: Occupational Exposure Level
- PBT: Persistent bioaccumulative and toxic as REACH Regulation
- PEC: Predicted environmental Concentration
- PEL: Predicted exposure level
- PNEC: Predicted no effect concentration
- REACH: EC Regulation 1907/2006
- RID: Regulation concerning the international transport of dangerous goods by train
- TLV: Threshold Limit Value
- TLV CEILING: Concentration that should not be exceeded during any time of occupational exposure.
- TWA STEL: Short-term exposure limit
- TWA: Time-weighted average exposure limit
- VOC: Volatile organic Compounds
- vPvB: Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative as for REACH Regulation
- WGK: Water hazard classes (German).

GENERAL BIBLIOGRAPHY

1. Regulation (EU) 1907/2006 (REACH) of the European Parliament



Revision nr. 1

Dated 21/06/2016

Printed on 01/08/2016

Page n. 14/14

Idea Stonager

- 2. Regulation (EU) 1272/2008 (CLP) of the European Parliament
- 3. Regulation (EU) 790/2009 (I Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 4. Regulation (EU) 2015/830 of the European Parliament
- 5. Regulation (EU) 286/2011 (II Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament 6. Regulation (EU) 618/2012 (III Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 7. Regulation (EU) 487/2013 (IV Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 8. Regulation (EU) 944/2013 (V Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament 9. Regulation (EU) 605/2014 (VI Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- The Merck Index. 10th Edition
- Handling Chemical Safety
- INRS Fiche Toxicologique (toxicological sheet)
- Patty Industrial Hygiene and Toxicology
- N.I. Sax Dangerous properties of Industrial Materials-7, 1989 Edition
- ECHA website

Note for users:

The information contained in the present sheet are based on our own knowledge on the date of the last version. Users must verify the suitability and thoroughness of provided information according to each specific use of the product.

This document must not be regarded as a guarantee on any specific product property.

The use of this product is not subject to our direct control; therefore, users must, under their own responsibility, comply with the current health and safety laws and regulations. The producer is relieved from any liability arising from improper uses.

Provide appointed staff with adequate training on how to use chemical products.