

Revision nr. 5

Water and Oil Repellent Idea HP

Dated 19/2/2015

Printed on 19/02/2015

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l.	
	Safety data sheet
	-
SECTION 1. Identification of the subs	stance/mixture and of the company/undertaking
<b>1.1. Product identifier</b> Code: Product name	039CHPN Water and Oil Repellent Idea HP
1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or m         Intended use       Water and oil repeller	nixture and uses advised against nt for the protection of marbles, granites, cotto, etc.
<b>1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet</b> Name Full address District and Country	BELLINZONI S.R.L. Via Don Gnocchi, 4 20016 PERO (MI) Italia Tel. +39 02-33912133
	Fax +39 02-33915224
e-mail address of the competent person responsible for the Safety Data Sheet Product distribution by	laboratorio@bellinzoni.com BELLINZONI S.r.I.
<b>1.4. Emergency telephone number</b> For urgent inquiries refer to	E.U.: Centro Antiveleni - Ospedale di Niguarda - Milano - Tel. +39 0266101029 U.S.A.: Chemtech +1.800.424.9300 International: +1.703.527.3887
SECTION 2. Hazards identification.	
2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture.	
supplements). The product thus requires a safety datash	he provisions set forth in EC Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) (and subsequent amendments and neet that complies with the provisions of EC Regulation 1907/2006 and subsequent amendments. In and/or the environment are given in sections 11 and 12 of this sheet.
2.1.1. Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) and following an	nendments and adjustments.
Hazard classification and indication: Asp. Tox. 1	H304
<b>2.1.2. 67/548/EEC and 1999/45/EC Directives and fo</b> Danger Symbols: Xn R phrases: 65-66	llowing amendments and adjustments.
The full wording of the Risk (R) and hazard (H) phrases	is given in section 16 of the sheet.
2.2. Label elements.	

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Bellínzon	ſ	BELLINZ	ZONI S.R.L.	Revision nr. 5		
SINCE 193	7			Dated 19/2/2015		
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	VVa	ater and OII I	Repellent Idea HP	Page n. 2/9		
Hazard labelling pursuant to E	I EC Regulation 1272/2008 (	(CLP) and subseque	ent amendments and supplemen	ts.		
lozord nietograma	-					
Hazard pictograms:						
Signal words: [	Danger					
Hazard statements:						
	May be fatal if swallowed a Repeated exposure may ca		r cracking.			
Precautionary statements:						
	IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor / physician. DO NOT induce vomiting.					
Contains:	HYDROCARBONS, C10-C	C13, N-ALKANES, IS	SOALKANES, CYCLICS, <2% A	ROMATICS		
2.3. Other hazards.						
nformation not available.						
SECTION 3. Compo	osition/information	n on ingredier	nts.			
3.1. Substances.						
nformation not relevant.						
3.2. Mixtures.						
Contains:						
Identification. HYDROCARBONS, C10-C1 ISOALKANES, CYCLICS, <		Conc. %.	Classification 67/548/EEC.	Classification 1272/2008 (CLP).		
CAS EC. 918-481-9		85 - 100	R66, Xn R65	Asp. Tox. 1 H304, EUH066		
INDEX						
Reg. no. 01-2119457273-3						
<b>2-(2-ETHOXYETHOXY)ETH</b> CAS. 112-15-2		5 - 10	Xi R36	Eye Irrit. 2 H319		
EC. 203-940-1		5-10		_,		
···- = - ···						

Reg. no. 01-2119966911-29

N-BUTYL ACETATE

CAS. 123-86-4

1 - 5 R10, R66, R67

Flam. Liq. 3 H226, STOT SE 3 H336, EUH066



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EC. 204-658-1

INDEX. 607-025-00-1

Note: Upper limit is not included into the range.

The full wording of the Risk (R) and hazard (H) phrases is given in section 16 of the sheet.

T+ = Very Toxic(T+), T = Toxic(T), Xn = Harmful(Xn), C = Corrosive(C), Xi = Irritant(Xi), O = Oxidizing(O), E = Explosive(E), F+ = Extremely Flammable(F+), F = Highly Flammable(F), N = Dangerous for the Environment(N)

## **SECTION 4. First aid measures.**

### 4.1. Description of first aid measures.

EYES: Remove contact lenses, if present. Wash immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, opening the eyelids fully. If problem persists, seek medical advice.

SKIN: Remove contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with a shower immediately. Get medical advice/attention immediately. Wash contaminated clothing before using it again.

INHALATION: Remove to open air. If the subject stops breathing, administer artificial respiration. Get medical advice/attention immediately. INGESTION: Get medical advice/attention immediately. Do not induce vomiting. Do not administer anything not explicitly authorised by a doctor.

### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed.

For symptoms and effects caused by the contained substances, see chap. 11.

### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed.

Information not available.

# **SECTION 5. Firefighting measures.**

## 5.1. Extinguishing media.

SUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT

Extinguishing substances are: carbon dioxide, foam, chemical powder. For product loss or leakage that has not caught fire, water spray can be used to disperse flammable vapours and protect those trying to stem the leak.

UNSUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT

Do not use jets of water. Water is not effective for putting out fires but can be used to cool containers exposed to flames to prevent explosions.

### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture.

HAZARDS CAUSED BY EXPOSURE IN THE EVENT OF FIRE

Excess pressure may form in containers exposed to fire at a risk of explosion. Do not breathe combustion products.

## 5.3. Advice for firefighters.

GENERAL INFORMATION

Use jets of water to cool the containers to prevent product decomposition and the development of substances potentially hazardous for health. Always wear full fire prevention gear. Collect extinguishing water to prevent it from draining into the sewer system. Dispose of contaminated water used for extinction and the remains of the fire according to applicable regulations.

SPECIAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT FOR FIRE-FIGHTERS

Normal fire fighting clothing i.e. fire kit (BS EN 469), gloves (BS EN 659) and boots (HO specification A29 and A30) in combination with self-contained open circuit positive pressure compressed air breathing apparatus (BS EN 137).

## **SECTION 6.** Accidental release measures.

### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures.

### Block the leakage if there is no hazard.

Wear suitable protective equipment (including personal protective equipment referred to under Section 8 of the safety data sheet) to prevent any contamination of skin, eyes and personal clothing. These indications apply for both processing staff and those involved in emergency procedures.

### 6.2. Environmental precautions.

The product must not penetrate into the sewer system or come into contact with surface water or ground water.



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### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up.

Collect the leaked product into a suitable container. Evaluate the compatibility of the container to be used, by checking section 10. Absorb the remainder with inert absorbent material.

Make sure the leakage site is well aired. Check incompatibility for container material in section 7. Contaminated material should be disposed of in compliance with the provisions set forth in point 13.

### 6.4. Reference to other sections.

Any information on personal protection and disposal is given in sections 8 and 13.

# **SECTION 7. Handling and storage.**

#### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling.

Keep away from heat, sparks and naked flames; do not smoke or use matches or lighters. Without adequate ventilation, vapours may accumulate at ground level and, if ignited, catch fire even at a distance, with the danger of backfire. Avoid bunching of electrostatic charges. Do not eat, drink or smoke during use. Remove any contaminated clothes and personal protective equipment before entering places in which people eat. Avoid leakage of the product into the environment.

### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities.

Store only in the original container. Store in a well ventilated place, keep far away from sources of heat, naked flames and sparks and other sources of ignition. Keep containers away from any incompatible materials, see section 10 for details.

### 7.3. Specific end use(s).

Information not available.

## **SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection.**

#### 8.1. Control parameters.

Regulatory References:

United Kingdom	EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits. Containing the list of workplace exposure
	limits for use with the Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations (as
	amended).
Éire	Code of Practice Chemical Agent Regulations 2011.
OEL EU	Directive 2009/161/EU; Directive 2006/15/EC; Directive 2004/37/EC; Directive
	2000/39/EC.
TLV-ACGIH	ACGIH 2012

# HYDROCARBONS, C10-C13, N-ALKANES, ISOALKANES, CYCLICS, <2% AROMATICS

Туре	Country TWA/8h		STEL/15mi			
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm	
OEL	EU	1200	184			

### 2-(2-ETHOXYETHOXY)ETHYL ACETATE

Predicted no-effect concentration	- PNEC.			0,0448		mg/kg	1	
Health - Derived no-effect I								
	Effects on consumers.				Effects on workers			
Route of exposure	Acute local	Acute systemic	Chronic local	Chronic systemic	Acute local	Acute systemic	Chronic local	Chronic systemic
Inhalation.			VND	2,6 mg/m3			VND	10,45 mg/m3
Skin.			VND	0,75 mg/kg day			VND	1,48 mg/kg day

## N-BUTYL ACETATE

Threshold Limit Value.



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Туре	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15min	
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm
OEL	IRL	710	150	950	200
TLV-ACGIH		713	150	950	200
WEL	UK	724	150	966	200

Legend:

(C) = CEILING ; INHAL = Inhalable Fraction ; RESP = Respirable Fraction ; THORA = Thoracic Fraction.

VND = hazard identified but no DNEL/PNEC available ; NEA = no exposure expected ; NPI = no hazard identified.

TLV of solvent mixture: 713 mg/m3.

### 8.2. Exposure controls.

As the use of adequate technical equipment must always take priority over personal protective equipment, make sure that the workplace is well aired through effective local aspiration.

When choosing personal protective equipment, ask your chemical substance supplier for advice.

Personal protective equipment must be CE marked, showing that it complies with applicable standards.

HAND PROTECTION

Protect hands with category III work gloves (see standard EN 374).

The following should be considered when choosing work glove material: compatibility, degradation, failure time and permeability.

The work gloves' resistance to chemical agents should be checked before use, as it can be unpredictable. The gloves' wear time depends on the duration and type of use.

SKIN PROTECTION

Wear category I professional long-sleeved overalls and safety footwear (see Directive 89/686/EEC and standard EN ISO 20344). Wash body with soap and water after removing protective clothing.

EYE PROTECTION

Wear airtight protective goggles (see standard EN 166).

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION

If the threshold value (e.g. TLV-TWA) is exceeded for the substance or one of the substances present in the product, use a mask with a type A filter whose class (1, 2 or 3) must be chosen according to the limit of use concentration. (see standard EN 14387). In the presence of gases or vapours of various kinds and/or gases or vapours containing particulate (aerosol sprays, fumes, mists, etc.) combined filters are required.

Respiratory protection devices must be used if the technical measures adopted are not suitable for restricting the worker's exposure to the threshold values considered. The protection provided by masks is in any case limited.

If the substance considered is odourless or its olfactory threshold is higher than the corresponding TLV-TWA and in the case of an emergency, wear open-circuit compressed air breathing apparatus (in compliance with standard EN 137) or external air-intake breathing apparatus (in compliance with standard EN 138). For a correct choice of respiratory protection device, see standard EN 529.

ENVIRONMENTAL EXPOSURE CONTROLS.

The emissions generated by manufacturing processes, including those generated by ventilation equipment, should be checked to ensure compliance with environmental standards.

# **SECTION 9.** Physical and chemical properties.

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties.



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Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water Auto-ignition temperature.	Not available. Not available.				
Decomposition temperature.	Not available.				
Viscosity	Not available.				
Explosive properties	Not available.				
Oxidising properties	Not available.				
9.2. Other information.					
VOC (Directive 1999/13/EC) :	23,90 % - 216,00 g/litre.				
VOC (volatile carbon) :	20,01 % - 180,91 g/litre.				
SECTION 10. Stability and re	eactivity.				
10.1. Reactivity.					
There are no particular risks of reaction with other substances in normal conditions of use.					
N-BUTYL ACETATE: decomposes readily with water, especially when warm.					
1					

### 10.2. Chemical stability.

The product is stable in normal conditions of use and storage.

### 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions.

The vapours may also form explosive mixtures with the air.

N-BUTYL ACETATE: risk of explosion on contact with: strong oxidising agents. Can react dangerously with alkaline hydroxides, potassium tert-butoxide. Forms explosive mixtures with the air.

### 10.4. Conditions to avoid.

Avoid overheating. Avoid bunching of electrostatic charges. Avoid all sources of ignition. N-BUTYL ACETATE: avoid exposure to moisture, sources of heat and naked flames.

### 10.5. Incompatible materials.

N-BUTYL ACETATE: water, nitrates, strong oxidising agents, acids and alkalis and potassium tert-butoxide.

### 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products.

In the event of thermal decomposition or fire, gases and vapours that are potentially dangerous to health may be released.

# **SECTION 11. Toxicological information.**

### 11.1. Information on toxicological effects.

In the absence of experimental data for the product itself, health hazards are evaluated according to the properties of the substances it contains, using the criteria specified in the applicable regulation for classification. It is therefore necessary to take into account the concentration of the individual hazardous substances indicated in section 3, to evaluate the toxicological effects of exposure to the product.

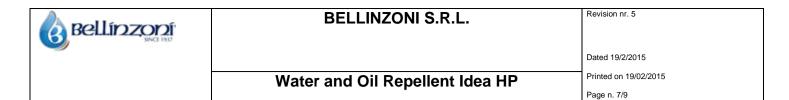
The introduction of even small quantities of this liquid into the respiratory system in case of ingestion or vomit may cause bronchopneumonia and pulmonary edema.

N-BUTYL ACETATE: in humans the substance's vapours cause irritation to the eues and nose. In the event of repeated exposure, there is skin irritation, dermatosis (with driness and flaking of the skin) and keratitis.

2-(2-ETHOXYETHOXY)ETHYL ACETATE LD50 (Oral). 3930 mg/kg Pig LD50 (Dermal). > 2000 mg/kg Rabbit HYDROCARBONS, C10-C13, N-ALKANES, ISOALKANES, CYCLICS, <2% AROMATICS LC50 (Inhalation). > 5000 mg/m3/8h Rat N-BUTYL ACETATE LD50 (Oral). > 6400 mg/kg Rat LD50 (Dermal). > 5000 mg/kg Rabbit LC50 (Inhalation). 21,1 mg/l/4h Rat

## **SECTION 12. Ecological information.**

Use this product according to good working practices. Avoid littering. Inform the competent authorities, should the product reach waterways or sewers or



contaminate soil or vegetation.

12.1. Toxicity.
2-(2-ETHOXYETHOXY)ETHYL ACETATE
LC50 - for Fish.
110 mg/l/96h Pimephales promelas
EC50 - for Crustacea.
> 100 mg/l/48h Daphnia magna
EC50 - for Algae / Aquatic Plants.
> 100 mg/l/72h Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata
Chronic NOEC for Algae / Aquatic Plants.
> 100 mg/l Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata
HYDROCARBONS, C10-C13, N-ALKANES, ISOALKANES, CYCLICS, <2% AROMATICS</li>
EC50 - for Algae / Aquatic Plants.
> 1000 mg/l/72h Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata

#### 12.2. Persistence and degradability.

HYDROCARBONS, C10-C13, N-ALKANES, ISOALKANES, CYCLICS, <2% AROMATICS Entirely biodegradable.

### 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential.

Information not available.

### 12.4. Mobility in soil.

Information not available.

## 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment.

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage greater than 0,1%.

### 12.6. Other adverse effects.

Information not available.

## **SECTION 13.** Disposal considerations.

### 13.1. Waste treatment methods.

Reuse, when possible. Product residues should be considered special hazardous waste. The hazard level of waste containing this product should be evaluated according to applicable regulations.

Disposal must be performed through an authorised waste management firm, in compliance with national and local regulations.

Avoid littering. Do not contaminate soil, sewers and waterways.

CONTAMINATED PACKAGING

Contaminated packaging must be recovered or disposed of in compliance with national waste management regulations.

# **SECTION 14. Transport information.**

The product is not dangerous under current provisions of the Code of International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road (ADR) and by Rail (RID), of the International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG), and of the International Air Transport Association (IATA) regulations.

## **SECTION 15. Regulatory information.**

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture.

Seveso category.

Restrictions relating to the product or contained substances pursuant to Annex XVII to EC Regulation 1907/2006.

Product. Point.

3

None.



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Substances in Candidate List (Art. 59 REACH).

None.

Substances subject to authorisarion (Annex XIV REACH).

None.

Substances subject to exportation reporting pursuant to (EC) Reg. 649/2012:

None.

Substances subject to the Rotterdam Convention:

None.

Substances subject to the Stockholm Convention:

None.

Healthcare controls.

Workers exposed to this chemical agent must not undergo health checks, provided that available risk-assessment data prove that the risks related to the workers' health and safety are modest and that the 98/24/EC directive is respected.

## 15.2. Chemical safety assessment.

No chemical safety assessment has been processed for the mixture and the substances it contains.

# **SECTION 16. Other information.**

Text of hazard (H) indications mentioned in section 2-3 of the sheet:

Flam. Liq. 3	Flammable liquid, category 3
Asp. Tox. 1	Aspiration hazard, category 1
Eye Irrit. 2	Eye irritation, category 2
STOT SE 3	Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, category 3
H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
EUH066	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Text of risk (R) phrases mentioned in section 2-3 of the sheet:

R10	FLAMMABLE.
R36	IRRITATING TO EYES.
R65	HARMFUL: MAY CAUSE LUNG DAMAGE IF SWALLOWED.
R66	REPEATED EXPOSURE MAY CAUSE SKIN DRYNESS OR CRACKING.
R67	VAPOURS MAY CAUSE DROWSINESS AND DIZZINESS.

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LEGEND:		
- ADR: European Agreement concernin	ng the carriage of Dangerous goods by Road	
<ul> <li>CAS NUMBER: Chemical Abstract Se</li> <li>CE50: Effective concentration (require</li> </ul>		
- CE NUMBER: Identifier in ESIS (Euro - CLP: EC Regulation 1272/2008	ppean archive of existing substances)	
- DNEL: Derived No Effect Level		
<ul> <li>EmS: Emergency Schedule</li> <li>GHS: Globally Harmonized System of</li> </ul>	f classification and labeling of chemicals	
<ul> <li>IATA DGR: International Air Transpor</li> </ul>	t Association Dangerous Goods Regulation	
<ul> <li>IC50: Immobilization Concentration 5</li> <li>IMDG: International Maritime Code for</li> </ul>		
<ul> <li>IMO: International Maritime Organiza</li> </ul>	tion	
- INDEX NUMBER: Identifier in Annex - LC50: Lethal Concentration 50%	VI of CLP	
- LD50: Lethal dose 50%		
<ul> <li>OEL: Occupational Exposure Level</li> <li>PBT: Persistent bioaccumulative and</li> </ul>	toxic as REACH Regulation	
- PEC: Predicted environmental Conce		
<ul> <li>PEL: Predicted exposure level</li> <li>PNEC: Predicted no effect concentration</li> </ul>	tion	
- REACH: EC Regulation 1907/2006		
<ul> <li>RID: Regulation concerning the interr</li> <li>TLV: Threshold Limit Value</li> </ul>	national transport of dangerous goods by train	
- TLV CEILING: Concentration that sho	ould not be exceeded during any time of occupational exposure.	
<ul> <li>TWA STEL: Short-term exposure limi</li> <li>TWA: Time-weighted average exposit</li> </ul>	t Ire limit	
<ul> <li>VOC: Volatile organic Compounds</li> </ul>		
<ul> <li>vPvB: Very Persistent and very Bioac</li> <li>WGK: Water hazard classes (German</li> </ul>		
GENERAL BIBLIOGRAPHY	,	
<ol> <li>Directive 1999/45/EC and following</li> <li>Directive 67/548/EEC and following</li> </ol>		
3. Regulation (EC) 1907/2006 (REACH	I) of the European Parliament	
<ol> <li>Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP) or</li> <li>Regulation (EC) 790/2009 (I Atp. CL</li> </ol>		
6. Regulation (EC) 453/2010 of the Eu	ropean Parliament	
7. Regulation (EC) 286/2011 (II Atp. Cl 8. Regulation (EC) 618/2012 (III Atp. C		
9. The Merck Index 10th Edition		
<ol> <li>Handling Chemical Safety</li> <li>Niosh - Registry of Toxic Effects of</li> </ol>	Chemical Substances	
12. INRS - Fiche Toxicologique (toxico	logical sheet)	
<ol> <li>Patty - Industrial Hygiene and Toxi 14. N.I. Sax - Dangerous properties of</li> </ol>		
15. ECHA website		
Note for users: The information contained in the pres	ent sheet are based on our own knowledge on the date of the last ver	rsion. Users must verify the suitability and
	according to each specific use of the product.	
	s a guarantee on any specific product property. o our direct control; therefore, users must, under their own responsibility	, comply with the current health and safety
	relieved from any liability arising from improper uses.	
Changes to previous review:	training on how to use chemical products.	
The following sections were modified: 01 / 02 / 03 / 06 / 07 / 08 / 09 / 11 / 12 /	15/16	
	157 10.	