

1. Identification

Product identifier	Iron Out Spray Rust Stain Remover
Other means of identification	Not available.
Recommended use	Rust Stain Remover
Recommended restrictions	None known.
Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor information	
Manufacturer	
Company name	Iron Out dba Summit Brands
Address	6714 Pointe Inverness Way, Suite 200 Fort Wayne, IN 46804-7935 United States
Telephone	260-483-2519
E-mail	Not available.
Emergency phone number	1-800-424-9300 (CHEMTREC)
Supplier	See above.

2. Hazard identification

Physical hazards	Corrosive to metals	Category 1
Health hazards	Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 1
	Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 1
Environmental hazards	Not classified.	
WHMIS 2015 defined hazards	Not classified	
Label elements		



Signal word	Danger
Hazard statement	May be corrosive to metals. Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
Precautionary statement	
Prevention	Keep only in original packaging. Do not breathe mist or vapor. Wash thoroughly after handling. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye protection and face protection.
Response	Absorb spillage to prevent material-damage. IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. Specific treatment (see information on this label). IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
Storage	Store in a corrosion resistant container with a resistant inner liner. Store locked up.
Disposal	Dispose of container in accordance with local, regional, national and international regulations.
WHMIS 2015: Health Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HHNOC)	None known
WHMIS 2015: Physical Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (PHNOC)	None known
Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC)	None known.
Supplemental information	None.

3. Composition/Information on ingredients

Mixture

Chemical name	Common name and synonyms	CAS number	%
Oxalic acid, dihydrate		6153-56-6	5-10

All concentrations are in percent by weight unless ingredient is a gas. Gas concentrations are in percent by volume.

Composition comments	US GHS: The exact percentage (concentration) of composition has been withheld as a trade secret in accordance with paragraph (i) of §1910.1200.
	CANADA GHS: The exact percentage (concentration) of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

4. First-aid measures

Inhalation	IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.
Skin contact	IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Specific treatment (see information on this label). Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.
Eye contact	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.
Ingestion	IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.
Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed	Burning pain and severe corrosive skin damage. Causes serious eye damage. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Permanent eye damage including blindness could result.
Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed	Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Symptoms may be delayed.
General information	Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved and take precautions to protect themselves. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible). Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Avoid contact with eyes and skin. Wear rubber gloves and chemical splash goggles. Keep out of reach of children.

5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media	Water fog. Foam. Dry chemical powder. Carbon dioxide.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	Firefighters should wear a self-contained breathing apparatus.
Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters	Firefighters should wear full protective clothing including self-contained breathing apparatus.
Fire-fighting equipment/instructions	Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk.
Specific methods	Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials.
Hazardous combustion products	May include and are not limited to: Oxides of carbon. Formic acid

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures	Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep out of low areas. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Do not breathe mist or vapor. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ensure adequate ventilation. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS.
Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up	Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk. Should not be released into the environment. Large Spills: Dike the spilled material, where this is possible. Cover with plastic sheet to prevent spreading. Absorb spillage to prevent material damage. Absorb in vermiculite, dry sand or earth and place into containers. Prevent entry into waterways, sewer, basements or confined areas. Following product recovery, flush area with water. Small Spills: Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination.
Environmental precautions	Never return spills to original containers for re-use. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Do not contaminate water. Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground. Do not discharge into lakes, streams, ponds or public waters.

7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling	Use only with adequate ventilation. Avoid breathing vapors or mists of this product. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid prolonged exposure. Wash thoroughly after handling. Observe good industrial hygiene practices.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	Store locked up. Protect from sunlight. Store in a corrosion resistant container with a resistant inner liner. Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated place away from incompatible materials. Keep out of the reach of children.

8. Exposure controls/Personal protection

Occupational exposure limits

Canada. Alberta OELs (Occupational Health & Safety Code, Schedule 1, Table 2)

Components	Type	Value
Oxalic acid, dihydrate (CAS 6153-56-6)	STEL	2 mg/m ³
	TWA	1 mg/m ³

Canada. British Columbia OELs. (Occupational Exposure Limits for Chemical Substances, Occupational Health and Safety Regulation 296/97, as amended)

Components	Type	Value
Oxalic acid, dihydrate (CAS 6153-56-6)	STEL	2 mg/m ³
	TWA	1 mg/m ³

Canada. Manitoba OELs (Reg. 217/2006, The Workplace Safety And Health Act)

Components	Type	Value
Oxalic acid, dihydrate (CAS 6153-56-6)	STEL	2 mg/m ³
	TWA	1 mg/m ³

Canada. New Brunswick OELs: Threshold Limit Values (TLVs) Based on the 1991 and 1997 ACGIH TLVs and BEIs Publication (New Brunswick Regulation 91-191), as amended

Components	Type	Value
Oxalic acid, dihydrate (CAS 6153-56-6)	STEL	2 mg/m ³
	TWA	1 mg/m ³

Canada. Ontario OELs. (Control of Exposure to Biological or Chemical Agents)

Components	Type	Value
Oxalic acid, dihydrate (CAS 6153-56-6)	STEL	2 mg/m ³
	TWA	1 mg/m ³

Canada. Quebec OELs. (Ministry of Labor - Regulation respecting occupational health and safety)

Components	Type	Value
Oxalic acid, dihydrate (CAS 6153-56-6)	STEL	2 mg/m ³
	TWA	1 mg/m ³

Canada. Saskatchewan OELs (Occupational Health and Safety Regulations, 1996, Table 21)

Components	Type	Value
Oxalic acid, dihydrate (CAS 6153-56-6)	15 minute	2 mg/m ³
	8 hour	1 mg/m ³

US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000)

Components	Type	Value
Oxalic acid, dihydrate (CAS 6153-56-6)	PEL	1 mg/m ³

US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values

Components	Type	Value
Oxalic acid, dihydrate (CAS 6153-56-6)	STEL	2 mg/m ³
	TWA	1 mg/m ³

US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards

Components	Type	Value
Oxalic acid, dihydrate (CAS 6153-56-6)	STEL	2 mg/m3
	TWA	1 mg/m3

Biological limit values	No biological exposure limits noted for the ingredient(s).
Appropriate engineering controls	Good general ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level.
Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment	
Eye/face protection	Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles) and a face shield.
Skin protection	
Hand protection	Impervious gloves. Confirm with reputable supplier first.
Other	As required by employer code. Use of an impervious apron is recommended.
Respiratory protection	Where exposure guideline levels may be exceeded, use an approved NIOSH respirator.
Thermal hazards	Not applicable.
General hygiene considerations	Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance	Liquid
Physical state	Liquid.
Form	Liquid
Color	Clear colorless
Odor	Lime.
Odor threshold	Not available.
pH	< 1
Melting point/freezing point	Not available.
Initial boiling point and boiling range	Not available.
Pour point	Not available.
Specific gravity	Not available.
Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water)	Not available.
Flash point	Not available.
Evaporation rate	Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not applicable.
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	
Flammability limit - lower (%)	Not available.
Flammability limit - upper (%)	Not available.
Explosive limit - lower (%)	Not available.
Explosive limit - upper (%)	Not available.
Vapor pressure	Not available.
Vapor density	Not available.
Relative density	1.025
Solubility(ies)	Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	Not available.
Decomposition temperature	Not available.
Viscosity	Not available.

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	Oxalic acid is a mild reducing agent and is easily oxidized. Reacts vigorously with alkaline material. This product may react with reducing agents.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	Hazardous polymerization does not occur.
Chemical stability	Stable under recommended storage conditions.
Conditions to avoid	High temperatures. Reacts violently with strong alkaline substances. This product may react with reducing agents. Do not mix with other chemicals.
Incompatible materials	Strong oxidizing agents. Acids. Reducing agents. Alkaline materials. Chlorites Combustible materials. Caustics.
Hazardous decomposition products	May include and are not limited to: Oxides of carbon. Formic acid

11. Toxicological information

Routes of exposure	Eye, Skin contact, Skin absorption, Inhalation, Ingestion.	
Information on likely routes of exposure		
Ingestion	Causes digestive tract burns.	
Inhalation	Prolonged inhalation may be harmful.	
Skin contact	Causes severe skin burns.	
Eye contact	Causes serious eye damage.	
Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics	Burning pain and severe corrosive skin damage. Causes serious eye damage. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Permanent eye damage including blindness could result.	
Information on toxicological effects		
Acute toxicity		
Components	Species	Test Results
Oxalic acid, dihydrate (CAS 6153-56-6)		
Acute		
<i>Dermal</i>		
LD50	Rabbit	20000 mg/kg, ECHA
<i>Inhalation</i>		
LD50	Not available	
<i>Oral</i>		
LD50	Rat	375 mg/kg, ECHA 9.5 ml/kg, ECHA, male 7.5 ml/kg, ECHA, female
Skin corrosion/irritation	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.	
Exposure minutes	Not available.	
Erythema value	Not available.	
Oedema value	Not available.	
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Causes serious eye damage.	
Corneal opacity value	Not available.	
Iris lesion value	Not available.	
Conjunctival reddening value	Not available.	
Conjunctival oedema value	Not available.	
Recover days	Not available.	
Respiratory or skin sensitization		
Canada - Alberta OELs: Irritant		
Oxalic acid, dihydrate (CAS 6153-56-6)		Irritant
Respiratory sensitization	Not available.	
Skin sensitization	This product is not expected to cause skin sensitization.	
Mutagenicity	Non-hazardous by WHMIS/OSHA criteria.	
Carcinogenicity	Not classified or listed by IARC, NTP, OSHA and ACGIH.	

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1052)

Not listed.

Reproductive toxicity	Non-hazardous by WHMIS/OSHA criteria.
Teratogenicity	Non-hazardous by WHMIS/OSHA criteria.
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure	Not classified.
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure	Not classified.
Aspiration hazard	Not available.
Chronic effects	Prolonged inhalation may be harmful.

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity Because of the low pH of this product, it would be expected to produce significant ecotoxicity upon exposure to aquatic organisms and aquatic systems.

Ecotoxicological data

Components	Species	Test Results
Oxalic acid, dihydrate (CAS 6153-56-6)		
Crustacea	EC50 Daphnia	137.5 mg/L, 48 Hours
Aquatic		
Crustacea	EC50 Water flea (Daphnia magna)	125 - 150 mg/L, 48 hours
Persistence and degradability	No data is available on the degradability of this product.	
Bioaccumulative potential	No data available.	
Mobility in soil	No data available.	
Mobility in general	Not available.	
Other adverse effects	No other adverse environmental effects (e.g. ozone depletion, photochemical ozone creation potential, endocrine disruption, global warming potential) are expected from this component.	

13. Disposal considerations

Disposal instructions	Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. This material and its container must be disposed of as hazardous waste. Do not allow this material to drain into sewers/water supplies. Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches with chemical or used container. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.
Local disposal regulations	Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.
Hazardous waste code	The waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste disposal company.
Waste from residues / unused products	Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see: Disposal instructions).
Contaminated packaging	Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal. Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied.

14. Transport information

Transport of Dangerous Goods (TDG) Proof of Classification Classification Method: Classified as per Part 2, Sections 2.1 – 2.8 of the Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations. If applicable, the technical name and the classification of the product will appear below.

U.S. Department of Transportation (DOT)

Basic shipping requirements:

UN number	UN1760
Proper shipping name	Corrosive liquids, n.o.s.
Technical name	Oxalic acid, dihydrate
Hazard class	8
Subsidiary hazard class	Limited Quantity - US
Packing group	III
Packaging exceptions	<1.3 Gallons - Limited Quantity

Transportation of Dangerous Goods (TDG - Canada)

Basic shipping requirements:

UN number	UN1760
Proper shipping name	CORROSIVE LIQUID, N.O.S.
Technical name	OXALIC ACID, DIHYDRATE

Hazard class	8
Subsidiary hazard class	Limited Quantity - Canada
Packing group	III
Special provisions	16
Packaging exceptions	<5L - Limited Quantity

DOT



TDG



15. Regulatory information

Canadian federal regulations This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Hazardous Products Regulations (SOR/2015-17) and the SDS contains all the information required by the HPR.

Export Control List (CEPA 1999, Schedule 3)

Not listed.

Greenhouse Gases

Not listed.

Precursor Control Regulations

Not regulated.

WHMIS 2015 Exemptions Not applicable

US federal regulations This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)

Not regulated.

CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4)

Not listed.

SARA 304 Emergency release notification

Not regulated.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1052)

Not listed.

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance No

Classified hazard categories Corrosive to metal
 Serious eye damage or eye irritation

SARA 313 (TRI reporting)

Not regulated.

Other federal regulations

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List

Not regulated.

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)

Not regulated.

US state regulations See below

US - California Hazardous Substances (Director's): Listed substance

Oxalic acid, dihydrate (CAS 6153-56-6) Listed.

US - Minnesota Haz Subs: Listed substance

Oxalic acid, dihydrate (CAS 6153-56-6) Listed.

US - Texas Effects Screening Levels: Listed substance

Oxalic acid, dihydrate (CAS 6153-56-6) Listed.

US. Massachusetts RTK - Substance List

Oxalic acid, dihydrate (CAS 6153-56-6)

US. New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act

Oxalic acid, dihydrate (CAS 6153-56-6)

US. Pennsylvania Worker and Community Right-to-Know Law

Oxalic acid, dihydrate (CAS 6153-56-6)

US. Rhode Island RTK

Oxalic acid, dihydrate (CAS 6153-56-6)

US. California Proposition 65

This product is not subject to warning labeling under the California Proposition 65 regulation.

Inventory status

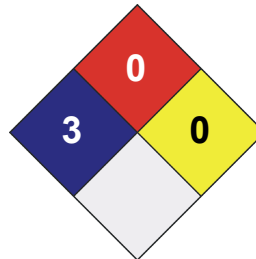
Country(s) or region	Inventory name	On inventory (yes/no)*
Canada	Domestic Substances List (DSL)	No
Canada	Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)	Yes
United States & Puerto Rico	Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory	Yes

*A "Yes" indicates that all components of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s)

16. Other information

LEGEND	
Severe	4
Serious	3
Moderate	2
Slight	1
Minimal	0

HEALTH	/ 3
FLAMMABILITY	0
PHYSICAL HAZARD	0
PERSONAL PROTECTION	X

**Disclaimer**

The data contained in this material safety data sheet was obtained from sources that were technically accurate, reliable, and state of the art when this document was prepared. If data was unavailable to complete certain sections, the absence of that data is identified in this document. Because the supplier cannot know the exact circumstances during actual use of this product, other hazards, exposure scenarios, disposal considerations, and regulations may apply and it is the responsibility of the user to read and understand the product label and this document before use. Do not use the product for purposes other than those stated in Section 1.

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01

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20-July-2022

Prepared by

Dell Tech Laboratories, Ltd. Phone: (519) 858-5021

Further information

Not available.

Other information

For an updated SDS, please contact the supplier/manufacturer listed on the first page of the document.

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