

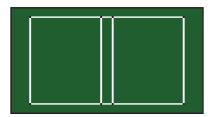
## **DUAL-FIELD & Tri-FIELD Instructions**

**Note:** The dual or tri-field perimeter line and the interior lines are included on the same reel unless the field is too large for a single reel. The perimeter line should be setup first followed by the interior lines. The entire field will be retrieved in reverse order for storage (interior lines first and then the perimeter line).

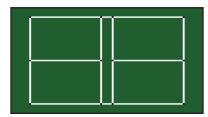


**Step 1:** Create your perimeter first. Anchor the leading end ring to the ground and then walk to the first corner, unreeling the field along the way. At the first corner ring, pull the line tight, stretching the material and insert an anchor through the ring. Repeat this process until the perimeter of the field is outlined. The end of the perimeter line is a clip that clicks onto the leading end ring.

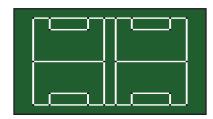
Note: The first and second anchors form a straight line and can be inserted completely into the ground and should not need adjusting. The last anchor should be temporarily placed two steps towards the interior part of the field. Go to the starting point and clip the end clip onto the leading ring. Return to previous corner and pull the line tight from both directions to "self-square" the perimeter outline.



**Step 2:** Add crossing lines. Crossing lines are the two interior lines that separate each respective field. Locate the markings on your perimeter line and insert and anchor through the first end ring outside the perimeter line. Repeat on the opposite side of the perimeter, pulling the lines tight and straight.



**Step 3:** Add center lines (if included). If the field includes center lines, locate the markings on your perimeter line and insert an anchor through the first end ring outside the perimeter line. Repeat on the outside of the crossing line, pulling the lines tight and straight.



**Step 4:** Add penalty boxes (if included). If the field includes penalty boxes, locate the markings on your perimeter line and insert an anchor through the first end ring outside the perimeter line. Reel out the penalty box line to the interior part of the field and insert an anchor through the first corner ring, pulling the line tight. Continue 90 degrees to the next corner ring and insert an anchor in the corner ring, pulling the line tight. Pull the last line segment towards the perimeter line and insert an anchor through the end ring, outside the perimeter line.



**Step 5:** Apply wickets. Wickets are optional for the perimeter and should only be applied as needed. The field lines are designed to move upon contact, and easily go back into position. Place a wicket at the lowest point of any dip or low spot on the field, then usually not more than every 30 ft or 10 steps around the perimeter. For interior lines, apply wickets every 10 ft to ensure the lines within the field of play are tightly snug to the ground. To apply, straddle the perimeter line with a wicket and fully insert into the ground to snug the line to the playing surface.

## **Installation Notes**

- The field is only as good as the installation, which gets perfected with practice.
- Fields are made 2% short for stretching. Pull tight for a nice straight line.
- Apply wickets only as needed and only after the field setup is completed. A wicketless field eases setup/retrieval and provides greater flexibility upon contact. Interior lines use wickets every 2-3 steps.
- In windy conditions, hold the reel close to the ground and apply steady pressure to pull out the slack.
- Rewinding DO NOT REMOVE ANCHORS until you approach them when reeling up the line. Reel overhand, keeping the line tight as you walk towards the anchors.
- Optional interior lines are put on the reels first to be installed last. When retrieving the field, reel up your interior lines (penalty boxes, center lines, and crossing lines) first and reel up the perimeter last.