

HOW TO REPAIR

BURNS, HOLES, RIPS and CUTS ON FABRIC AND CARPET

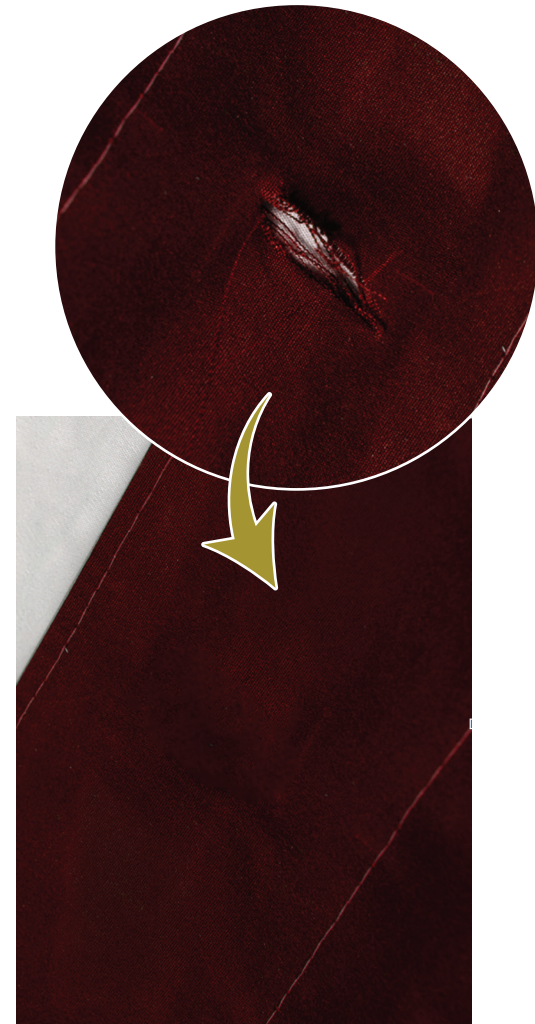
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HOW TO

REPAIR CUTS AND RIPS

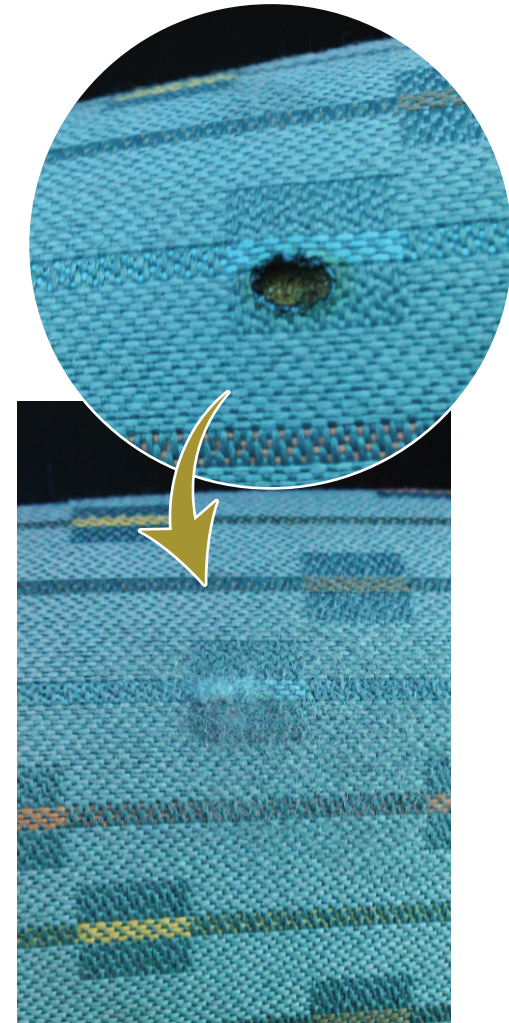
1. Prepare the damaged area by cleaning it with a household cleaner. If padding is missing and the area under the damage is depressed, insert cotton balls or cotton batting and spread evenly.
2. For rips and cuts larger than 1/4 of an Inch, cut a piece of backing fabric with rounded edges, slightly larger than the damaged area and insert it with the spatula.
3. Fill the color fibers into the empty jar. In case your repair requires a custom color, use our Color Mixing Guide. Add the metal ball into the mixing jar, screw the lid on and shake the jar for at least 30 seconds. Remove the metal ball and secure the mesh to the jar with the rubber band to create a sifter.
4. Apply the glue to the damaged area, under and along the edges and work from the outside to the center to avoid air bubbles. Fill the damaged area as evenly as possible. Also apply a thin layer of glue around the damage to blend in the repair.
5. Hold the mixing jar above the adhesive upside down and gently tap the mixing jar. Cover the fabric glue completely with fiber. Gently pack down the fibers with the spatula. Duplicate any fabric patterns such as lines or swirls with the spatula.
6. Allow 24 hours to dry. Blow off excess fibers. If the repaired area gets hard wear, you can protect it by spraying a clear hairspray over the area.



HOW TO

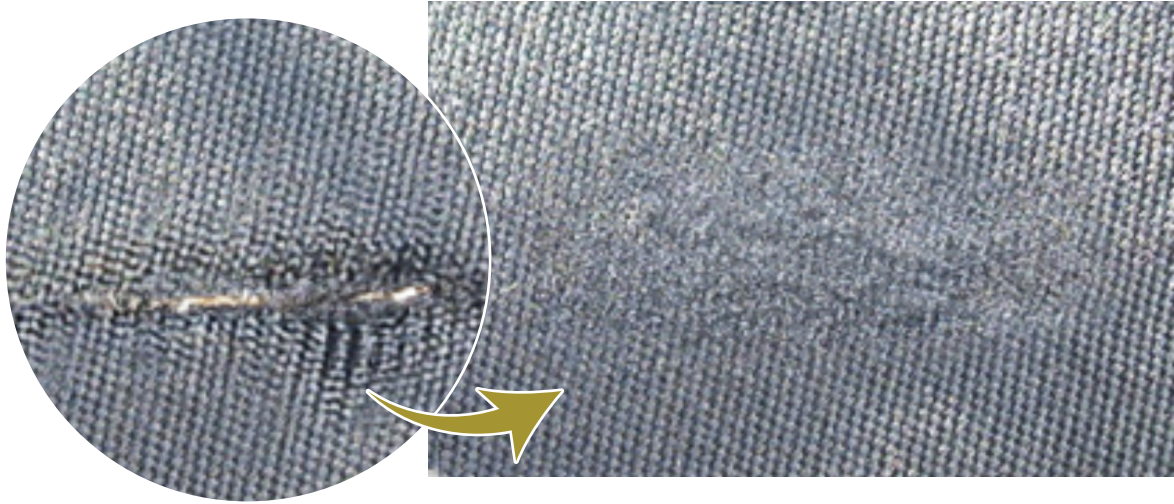
REPAIR BURNS AND HOLES

1. Carefully trim any excess threads, jagged bits or burn marks. If necessary, cut off any charred material. Clean the damaged area with household cleaner. If padding is missing and the area under the damage is depressed, insert cotton balls or cotton batting and spread evenly.
2. For holes larger than 1/4 of an Inch, cut a piece of backing fabric with rounded edges, slightly larger than the damaged area and insert it with the spatula.
3. Fill the color fibers into the empty jar. In case your repair requires a custom color, use our Color Mixing Guide to prepare the matching color fiber mix in the empty mixing jar. Add the metal ball into the mixing jar, screw the lid on and shake the jar for at least 30 seconds. Remove the metal ball and secure the mesh to the jar with the rubber band to create a sifter.
4. Apply the glue to the damaged area, under and along the edges and work from the outside to the center to avoid air bubbles. Fill the damaged area as evenly as possible. Also apply a thin layer of glue around the damage to blend in the repair.
5. Hold the mixing jar above the adhesive upside down and gently tap the mixing jar. Cover the fabric glue completely with fiber. Gently pack down the fibers with the spatula. Duplicate any fabric patterns such as lines or swirls with the spatula.
6. Allow 24 hours to dry. Once the fabric glue is fully dry, blow off excess fibers. If the repaired area gets hard wear, you can protect it by spraying a clear hairspray over the area.



HOW TO

REPAIR WORN FABRIC



1. Prepare the damaged area by trimming any peeling edges or jagged bits with scissors or a knife and clean with a cotton swab or a cotton pad and rubbing alcohol.
2. Use the main colors or mix and match the right color for your project with the help of the color matching guide included in the kit.
3. After matching your color, apply a layer of fabric glue to the damaged area. Also apply some fabric glue to the area surrounding the damage.
4. Hold the mixing jar above the adhesive upside down and gently tap the mixing jar. Cover the fabric glue completely with fiber. Gently pack down the fibers with the spatula. Duplicate any fabric patterns such as lines or swirls with the spatula.
5. Allow 24 hours to dry. Once the fabric glue is fully dry, blow off excess fibers. If the repaired area gets hard wear, you can protect it by spraying a clear hairspray over the area.

HOW TO

REPAIR UPSIDE DOWN DAMAGE

1. Prepare the damaged area by cleaning it with a household cleaner. If padding is missing and the area under the damage is depressed, insert cotton balls or cotton batting and spread evenly.
2. Cut out a piece of backing fabric with rounded edges, larger than the damaged area. Insert the backing fabric with the help of the spatula.
3. Fill the color fibers into the empty jar. Use the main colors or mix and match the right color for your project with the help of the color matching guide included in the kit.
4. Add the metal ball into the mixing jar and shake well. Remove the metal ball and secure the mesh to the jar with the rubber band.
5. Apply the glue to the damaged area, under and along the edges. Fill the damaged area as evenly as possible. Also apply a thin layer of glue around the damage to blend in the repair.
6. Since the damage is upside down and you cannot sift the fibers on the adhesive, we recommend using a flat surface material like a plastic lid or plastic spatula. Spread the color fibers on the flat surface material and gently let color fibers touch the glue applied to the damage. You may need to apply multiple thin layers of the color fibers to rebuild the damaged area.
7. Allow 24 hours to dry. Blow off excess fibers. If the repaired area gets hard wear, you can protect it by spraying a clear hairspray.



TIPS TO CLEAN YOUR FABRIC UPHOLSTERY



1. As soon as a spill or stain occurs, get to cleaning it immediately. Waiting too long before treating a stain, even a matter of a few minutes can cause the stain to set, making it harder to get out.
2. Before using any cleaning detergents or solutions, check the manufacturer's instructions for care.
3. Go over the entire upholstery with a stiff brush with natural bristles to help loosen stains and bring dust and dirt to the surface.
4. Use a hand-held vacuum to remove crumbs and any other loose particles. This will make it easier to identify and focus on troublesome stains when it comes time to clean.
5. Begin cleaning your upholstery with the recommended product. If you are unsure if the product falls within the recommendations, test a small area for any discoloration before proceeding.
6. Pat down any wet areas with a dry towel to soak up the residual moisture. Gently brush off any remaining cleaning solution.
7. Let the upholstery air dry overnight.