## GENERAL PURPOSE BLEACH

## Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations
Date of issue: 02/19/2021 Version: 1.0
SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

| 1.1. Product identifier | $:$ Mixture |
| :--- | :--- |
| Product form | $:$ |
| Product name | $:$ P440 |
| Product code | GENERAL PURPOSE BLEACH |
| 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against <br> Use of the substance/mixture Cleaning <br> Use of the substance/mixture Bleaching agent <br> 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet |  | 


| 1.4. Emergency telephone number |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| Emergency number | 1-800-535-5053 <br> InfoTrac |

## SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

GHS-US classification
Skin Corr. 1A H314
Full text of H-phrases: see section 16

### 2.2. Label elements

GHS-US labelling
Hazard pictograms (GHS-US)

Signal word (GHS-US)
Hazard statements (GHS-US)
Precautionary statements (GHS-US)
:

: Danger
: H314-Causes severe skin burns and eye damage
: P260 - Do not breathe mist, spray
P264-Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling
P280 - Wear gloves and protective eyewear
P301+P330+P331 - If swallowed: rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting
P303+P361+P353 - If on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower
P304+P340-If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing P305+P351+P338-If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing
P310-Immediately call a physician
P363 - Wash contaminated clothing before reuse
P501 - Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations

Consider oral administration of sodium thiosulfate solutions if sodium hypochlorite is ingested. Do not administer neutralizing agents, exothermic reaction may result and cause further damage.

### 2.3. Other hazards

No additional information available

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| 2.4. Unknown acute toxicity (GHS-US) |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Not applicable |  |  |  |
| SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients |  |  |  |
| 3.1. Substance |  |  |  |
| Not applicable |  |  |  |
| 3.2. Mixture |  |  |  |
| Name | Product identifier | \% | GHS-US classification |
| sodium hypochlorite, solution, conc active chlorine=6.0\% | \% (CAS No) 7681-52-9 | 5.0-6.0 | Corrosive 1B, STOT-SE 3, Acute Aquatic 1; H314, H335, H400 |
| Sodium hydroxide | (CAS No) 1310-73-2 | 0.3-5 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Corrosive 1B, STOT-SE 3, H314, } \\ & \text { H335 } \end{aligned}$ |
| Water | (CAS No) 7732-18-5 | Balance | Not considered hazardous according to GHS criteria |
| Full text of H-phrases: see section 16 |  |  |  |
| SECTION 4: First aid measures |  |  |  |
| 4.1. Description of first aid measures |  |  |  |
| First-aid measures general : If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand. |  |  |  |
| First-aid measures after inhalation | Rmove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Seek immediate medical attention. |  |  |
| First-aid measures after skin contact : | In case of contact with liquid, immediately flush with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash clothing before reuse. Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse. Seek immediate medical attention. |  |  |
| First-aid measures after eye contact : | : Immediately flUsh eyes with plenty of flowing water for at least 15 minutes, while lifting upper and lower eyelids. Seek immediate medical attention. |  |  |
| First-aid measures after ingestion : | If swallowed DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING. Give large quantities of water. Never give anything by mouth to an unconsciuos person. Seek immediate medical attention. |  |  |

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

No additional information available
4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

No additional information available

## SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media
: EXTINGUISHING MEDIA FOR SURROUNDING FIRES:
Unsuitable extinguishing media
: No unsuitable extinguishing media known

### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

NFPA 704: Health 2 FLAMMABILITY 0
Fire hazard
Explosion hazard
Reactivity
: Reactivity 1 Other Hazards: Corrosive
Not considered to be a fire hazard. Relases oxygen when heated, causing increased severity of an exisitng fire.
: Not considered to be an explosion hazard.
: No data available.
5.3. Advice for firefighters

Firefighting instructions
FIRE Extinqushing Media:

Special information:
: No specific fire-fighting instructions required.
Water or water spray to cool fire exposed containers. Use any means to extinquish surrounding fire.
In event of fire, wear full protective clothing and NIOSH approved self contained breathing apparatus (SCBA), withfull face shield, operated in positive pressure mode. Stay away from end of tanks. Cool tanks and drums with water spray until well after fire is out.

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sodium hypochlorite, solution, conc active chlorine $=6.0 \%$ (7681-52-9)

| ACGIH TLV and TWA | A5@pomTas/@12d TWA | 0.5 ppm as Cl 2 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ACGIH STEL | Aeentrster | 1 ppm as Cl 2 |
| WEEL (AIHA) | W2, | $22 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{m} 3,15$ minuteTWA as Cl 2 |
| OSHSA PEL | (1)SplSASEL2 (TWA) | 1 ppm as Cl 2 (TWA) |
| OSHA STEL | OBPM Sctel | 3 ppm as Cl 2 |
| NIOSH Immediately Dangerous Level 9IDLH) | Nhas anlable ediately Dangerous Level 9IDLH) | Unavailable |

8.2 .

Ventilation:

Personal protective equipment (NIOH) Approved
: A system of local and/or general exhast is recommended to keep exposure below the Airborne Exposure Limits.Local exhaust ventilation is generally preferred because it can control the emissions of the containment at its source, preventing dispersion into occupied areas.
: If exposure limits are exceeded and engineering controls are not feasible, a ful facel respirator, with an acid cartridge, may be worn up to 50 times the permissible exposure limit (PEL). For emergencies or instances where the exposure levels are not known, use full face, positive pressure, air supplied respirator. WARNING, air purifying respirators do not provide protection in oxygen deficient atmospheres.


Rubber or neoprene gloves and additional protection including impervious boots, apron, or coveralls, as needed in areas of unusual exposure to prevent skin contact.
Use chemical safety goggles and / or a full face shield where splashing is possible. Maintain eye wash fountain and quick drench facilities (safety shower) in work areas.

## SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state
Colour

Odour
Odour threshold
pH
Evaporation Rate
Relative evaporation rate (butylacetate=1)
Melting point
Freezing point
Boiling point
Flash point
Auto-ignition temperature
Decomposition temperature
Flammability (solid, gas)
Vapour pressure
Relative vapour density at $20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
Specific gravity
Solubility
: Liquid
: Mixture contains one or more component(s) which have the following colour(s): Light green-yellow
: Bleach / Chlorine-like
: No data available
: 11-14
: <1 (butyl acetate = 1 )
No data available
: No data available
: No data available
: 180 degrees Fahrenheit decomposes slightly
: No data available
: No data available
: No data available
: No data available
: 17.5 @ 68F
: No data available
1.075-1.080

Soluble in water
Water: Solubility in water of component(s) of the mixture :

- sodium hypochlorite, solution, conc active chlorine=6.0\%: Complete
: No data available
: No data available
: No data available
: No data available
: No data available


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| Oxidising properties | : No data available |
| :--- | :--- |
| Explosive limits | $:$ No data available |

9.2. Other information

No additional information available

## SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1.

Stability
Slowly decomposes on contact with air. Decomposition rate increases with concentration and temperature. Exposure to sunlight accelerates decomposition. Sodium hypochlorite solututions become less toxic with age.
10.2. Harzardous Decomposition Products

When heated to decomposition, emits toxic chlorine fumes and will react with water or steam to produce heat and toxic, corrosive fumes. Thermal decomposition results in the emission of chlorine oxides.
10.3. Harzardous Polymerization

Will not occur.
10.4. Incompatibilities

Ammonia (chloramines gas may evolve), amines, ammonium salts, acids, methanol, cellulose, reducing agents, oxidizing metals, and bisulfates.
10.5. Incompatible materials

Acids. May be corrosive to metals.

## SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity
: Not classified

| sodium hypochlorite, solution, conc active chlorine=6.0\% (7681-52-9) |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| LD50 oral rat | $>8200 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{kg}$ (Rat; Literature study) |
| LD50 dermal rabbit | $>10000 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{kg}$ (Rabbit; Literature study) |
| Skin corrosion/irritation | Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. |
|  | pH: $11-14$ |
| Serious eye damage/irritation | Not classified |
|  |  |
| Inhalation LC50 | pH: $11-14$ |

Not listed in the OSHA, NTO, ACGIH or IARC list of carcinogens or potential carcinogen
SECTION 12: Ecological information ENIRONMENTAL FATE:
12.1. Toxicity

| sodium hypochlorite, solution, conc active chlorine $=6.0 \%(7681-52-9)$ |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| LC50 fishes 1 | $>0.20 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{l}(96 \mathrm{~h} ;$ Pimephales promelas; Solution <50\%) |

12.2. Persistence and degradability
sodium hypochlorite, solution, conc active chlorine=6.0\% (7681-52-9)

| Persistence and degradability | Biodegradability: not applicable. Low potential for adsorption in soil. |
| :--- | :--- |
| Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD) | Not applicable |
| Chemical oxygen demand (COD) | Not applicable |
| ThOD | Not applicable |
| BOD (\% of ThOD) | Not applicable |

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential
sodium hypochlorite, solution, conc active chlorine=6.0\% (7681-52-9)
Ecology - soil $\quad$ May be harmful to plant growth, blooming and fruit formation.

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| sodium hypochlorite, solution, conc active chlorine $=6.0 \%(7681-52-9)$ |  |
| :--- | :--- |
|  |  |
| Enviromental Toxicity | Highly toxic to aqautic organisms |
| Environental Fate | Degrades slowly to sodium chloride, sodium chlorate, and oxygen |

## SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

### 13.1. Disposal Considerations

In case of spill, flood area with large quantities of water. Small quantities of spilled or unusable product should be diluted with waterbefore disposal to a sanitary sewer (through toilet).
State and local disposal regulations may slightly differ from Federal regulations. Dispose of waste in a facility permitted for non-hazardous waste.
Do not resue container. Triple rinse container and place into trash or recyle bin where facilities accept pigmented white HDPE bottles.
Do not allow product to enter storm drains, lakes, streams or other bodies of water. Not harmful to septic tanks.

## SECTION 14: Transport information

In accordance with DOT
Transport document description
UN-No.(DOT)
Proper Shipping Name (DOT)
Department of Transportation (DOT) Hazard

## Classes

Hazard labels (DOT)

Packing group (DOT)
DOT Special Provisions (49 CFR 172.102)

DOT Packaging Exceptions (49 CFR 173.xxx)
DOT Packaging Non Bulk (49 CFR 173.xxx)
DOT Packaging Bulk (49 CFR 173.xxx)
DOT Quantity Limitations Passenger aircraft/rail (49 CFR 173.27)
: UN1791 Hypochlorite solutions, 8, III
: UN1791
: Hypochlorite solutions
: 8 - Class 8 - Corrosive material 49 CFR 173.136
: 8 - Corrosive

: III - Minor Danger
: IB3 - Authorized IBCs: Metal (31A, 31B and 31N); Rigid plastics (31H1 and 31H2); Composite (31HZ1 and 31HA2, 31HB2, 31HN2, 31HD2 and 31HH2). Additional Requirement: Only liquids with a vapor pressure less than or equal to 110 kPa at $50 \mathrm{C}(1.1 \mathrm{bar}$ at 122 F$)$, or 130 kPa at 55 C (1.3 bar at 131 F) are authorized, except for UN2672 (also see Special Provision IP8 in Table 2 for UN2672).
N34 - Aluminum construction materials are not authorized for any part of a packaging which is normally in contact with the hazardous material.
T4-2.65 178.274(d)(2) Normal............. 178.275(d)(3)
TP2 - a. The maximum degree of filling must not exceed the degree of filling determined by the following: (image) Where: tr is the maximum mean bulk temperature during transport, tf is the temperature in degrees celsius of the liquid during filling, and a is the mean coefficient of cubical expansion of the liquid between the mean temperature of the liquid during filling ( tf ) and the maximum mean bulk temperature during transportation (tr) both in degrees celsius. b. For liquids transported under ambient conditions may be calculated using the formula: (image) Where: d15 and d50 are the densities (in units of mass per unit volume) of the liquid at 15 C (59 F) and 50 C (122 F), respectively.
TP24 - The portable tank may be fitted with a device to prevent the build up of excess pressure due to the slow decomposition of the hazardous material being transported. The device must be in the vapor space when the tank is filled under maximum filling conditions. This device must also prevent an unacceptable amount of leakage of liquid in the case of overturning.

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| DOT Quantity Limitations Cargo CFR 175.75) | 60 L |
| :---: | :---: |
| DOT Vessel Stowage Location | B - (i) The material may be stowed "on deck" or "under deck" on a cargo vessel and on a passenger vessel carrying a number of passengers limited to not more than the larger of 25 passengers, or one passenger per each 3 m of overall vessel length; and (ii) "On deck only" on passenger vessels in which the number of passengers specified in paragraph $(k)(2)(i)$ of this section is exceeded. |
| DOT Vessel Stowage Other | : 26 - Stow "away from" acids |
| Additional information |  |
| Other information | : No supplementary information available. |

## ADR

No additional information available
Transport by sea
UN-No. (IMDG) : 1791
Proper Shipping Name (IMDG) : HYPOCHLORITE SOLUTION
Class (IMDG) : 8 - Corrosive substances
Packing group (IMDG) : III - substances presenting low danger
Air transport
UN-No.(IATA) : 1791
Proper Shipping Name (IATA) : HYPOCHLORITE SOLUTION
Class (IATA)
: 8 - Corrosives
Packing group (IATA) : III - Minor Danger

## SECTION 15: Regulatory information

### 15.1. US Federal regulations

U.N GHS Classification \& Labeling Information

Classification: Corrosive 1B
Specific Target Organ Toxicity (STOT)
Single Exposure 3
Acute Aquatic


Signal Word: Danger
H Statements: H314: Casues severe skin burns and eye damage
H335: May cause respiratoy irritation
H401: Toxic to aquatic life
P Statements: P307 + 315: If exposed, get immediate medical attention
P301+P330+P331: IF SWALLOWED: rinse mouth. Do not induce vomiting.
P280: Wear protective gloves, protective clothing,/eye protection/face protection.
P264: Wash thoroughly after handling.
P273: Avoid release into the environment.
Regulated Ingredients:
Sodium Hypochlorite (CAS \# 7681-52-9)
Sodium Hydroxide (CAS \# 1310-73-2)
OSHA CLASSIFICATION:
Physical Hazards: Reactivity Health Hazards: Acute Health Hazard. Corrosive
TSCA Inventory Listed: All components are listed in TSCA inventory (40CFR 710)
CERLA RQ: 100 lbs . of sodium hypochlorite (211.4 gals. of solution)
CERLA Hazardous Material: Yes
SARA Title III, Section 302: Not listed TPQ: N/A
SARA Title III, Section 311/312: Acute Health Hazard
Acute: Yes Chronic: No Fire: No Pressure: No Reactivity: No

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SARA Title III:, Section 313: Not subject to Toxic Chemical Release Inventory Reporting
RCRA Hazardous Waste: Not a listed Hazardous Waste. May be a D002 (characteristic corrosive) waste based upon PH value.
EPA Clean air Act: Not a listed Hazardous Air Pollutant (HAP)
EPA CLEAN EATER ACT: Listed
EPA FIFRA: Not a registered pesticide

### 15.2. International regulations

CANADA
WHMIS Category: Class E Corrosive Material
Ingredient Disclosure List: Listed
Domestic Substances List (DLS): Listed
EU-Regulations
Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]
Classification according to Directive 67/548/EEC [DSD] or 1999/45/EC [DPD]
Not classified
15.2.2. National regulations

No additional information available

### 15.3. US State regulations

## SECTION 16: Other information

## Label Hazard Warning:

## IRRITANT, HARMFUL IF SWALLOWED OR INHALED. CAUSES IRRITATION TO EYES AND RESPIRATORY TRACK. CAUSES SUBSTANTIAL, BUT TEMPORARY EYE INJURY.

Label Precautiopns: Do not get into eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Keep container closed when not in use. Use with adequate ventilation. Wash thouroughly after handling. KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

Label first Aid: If swallowed, DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING. Give large quantities of water. Never give anything by mouth to an inconscous person. Ifi inhaled, remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give atificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxigen. In case of contact, immediately flush eyes or skin with plenty of water, for at least 15 minutes. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash clothing before reuse. SEEK MEDICAL ATTENTION>

Full text of H -phrases:

| Skin Corr. 1A | Skin corrosion/irritation, Category 1A |
| :--- | :--- |
| H314 | Causes severe skin burns and eye damage |

NFPA health hazard

NFPA fire hazard
NFPA reactivity
: 2 - Intense or continued exposure could cause temporary incapacitation or possible residual injury unless prompt medical attention is given.
: 0 - Materials that will not burn.
: 0 - Normally stable, even under fire exposure conditions, and are not reactive with water.


HMIS III Rating
Health : 2 Moderate Hazard - Temporary or minor injury may occur
Flammability : 0 Minimal Hazard
Physical : 0 Minimal Hazard
Personal Protection : B
SDS US (GHS HazCom 2012)


