SAFETY DATA SHEET
Brush Gold Solution / Pen Gold Solution

Section 1. Identification

GHS product identifier: 24K Brush Gold, 24K Pen Gold, 18K Brush Gold, 14K Brush Gold
Product code: Not available.
Chemical name: Mixture of potassium aurocyanide, cobalt complex, weak organic acid buffers, inorganic salts and thickeners: Potassium Metallic Cyanide Mixture

Other means of identification:
Product type: Liquid.

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against
Electroplating solution

Supplier/Manufacturer: Gold Plating Services, Inc.
378 North Main #112
Layton, Utah 84041
United States of America
Non-Emergency Phone #: (801) 546-6200
Outside US #: (00) 1 (801) 546-6200
www.GoldPlating.com

Emergency telephone numbers: Inside US #: (800) 633-8253 (P.E.R.S.)
Outside US #: (00) 1 (801) 629-0667

Current SDS preparation date: July 1, 2019
Original SDS preparation date: May 16, 2014

Section 2. Hazards identification

Classification of the substance or mixture:
- ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4
- ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 4
- ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4
- RESPIRATORY SENSITIZATION - Category 1
- SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1
- CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2
- AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 2
- AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 2

GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms:

Signal word: Danger

Hazard statements:
Harmful if swallowed, in contact with skin or if inhaled.
May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.
May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Suspected of causing cancer.
Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements

General:
Read label before use. Keep out of reach of children. If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.
Section 2. Hazards identification (cont.)

Prevention: Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Wear respiratory protection. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Avoid release to the environment. Avoid breathing vapor. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.

Response: Collect spillage. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical attention. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or physician if you feel unwell. If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Call a POISON CENTER or physician. IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER or physician if you feel unwell. Rinse mouth. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Call a POISON CENTER or physician if you feel unwell. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical attention.

Storage: Store locked up.

Disposal: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

Other hazards not classified: None known

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture: Mixture
Chemical name: Mixture of potassium aurocyanide, cobalt complex, weak organic acid buffers, inorganic salts and thickeners.
Other means of identification

CAS number/other identifiers
CAS number: Not applicable.
EC number: Mixture.
Product code: Not available.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Ingredient name</th>
<th>%</th>
<th>CAS number</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>potassium dicyanoaurate</td>
<td>1 - 5</td>
<td>13967-50-5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>[[N,N'-ethylenebis[N-(carboxymethyl)glycinato][4-].N,N’,O,O’,ON,ON’]cobaltate(2-)</td>
<td>1 - 5</td>
<td>14931-83-0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Citric Acid</td>
<td>0.1 - 1</td>
<td>77-92-9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>hydrogen [N,N-bis(carboxymethyl)glycinato(3-).N,O,O’,O’]nickelate(1-)</td>
<td>0.1 - 1</td>
<td>34831-03-3</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of first aid measures:  

Eye contact: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 20 minutes. Get medical attention.

Inhalation: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or
Section 4. First aid measures (cont.)

waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure.

**Skin contact**: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 20 minutes. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

**Ingestion**: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

**Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed**

**Potential acute health effects**

**Eye contact**: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Inhalation**: Harmful if inhaled. May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled. Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Serious effects may be delayed following exposure.

**Skin contact**: Harmful in contact with skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

**Over-exposure signs/symptoms**

**Ingestion**: Harmful if swallowed.

**Eye contact**: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Inhalation**: Adverse symptoms may include the following: wheezing and breathing difficulties asthma

**Skin contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness

**Ingestion**: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary**

**Notes to physician**: In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

**Specific treatments**: No specific treatment.

**Protection of first-aiders**: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)
Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

**Extinguishing media**

**Suitable extinguishing media**
- Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

**Unsuitable extinguishing media**
- Carbon dioxide (CO₂).

**Specific hazards arising from the chemical**
- This material is toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

**Hazardous thermal decomposition products**
- Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide, carbon monoxide, nitrogen oxides, metal oxide/oxides, hydrogen cyanide.

**Special protective actions for fire-fighters**
- No special measures are required.

**Special protective equipment for fire-fighters**
- Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

**Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures**

**For non-emergency Personnel**
- Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering.
- No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.
- Do not walk through spilled material. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

**For emergency responders**
- If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in “For non-emergency personnel”.

**Environmental precautions**
- Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.

**Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up**

**Small spill**
- Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

**Large spill**
- Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.
Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems or asthma, allergies or chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Advice on general occupational hygiene: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities: Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Occupational exposure limits

Control parameters

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Ingredient name</th>
<th>Exposure limits</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Potassium dicyanoaurate</td>
<td>ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2012). Absorbed through skin. C: 5 mg/m³</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hydrogen [N,N-bis(carboxymethyl)glycinato(3-)N,O,O',O'']nickelate(1-)</td>
<td>ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2012). TWA: 0.1 mg/m³, (as Ni) 8 hours. Form: Inhalable fraction</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Appropriate controls: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended statutory limits.

Environmental exposure controls: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

Eye/face protection: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields.
### Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection (cont.)

**Hand, Skin protection**: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

**Body protection**: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

**Other skin protection**: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

**Respiratory protection**: Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or supplied air respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

### Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Appearance</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Physical state</td>
<td>Liquid. [Liquid or gelled mixture]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Color</td>
<td>Purple.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Odor</td>
<td>Slight Odor.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Odor threshold</td>
<td>Not available.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>pH</td>
<td>6 to 6.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Melting point</td>
<td>-1.1°C (30°F)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Boiling point</td>
<td>Not available.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flash point</td>
<td>Does not burn</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Burning time</td>
<td>Not applicable.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Burning rate</td>
<td>Not applicable.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Evaporation rate</td>
<td>Not available.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flammability (solid, gas)</td>
<td>Not applicable.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits</td>
<td>Not applicable.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vapor pressure</td>
<td>Not available.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vapor density</td>
<td>Not available.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Relative density</td>
<td>1.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Solubility</td>
<td>Easily soluble in the following materials: cold water and hot water.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Solubility in water</td>
<td>Not available.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Partition coefficient:</td>
<td>Not available.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>n-octanol/water</td>
<td>Not available.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Auto-ignition temperature</td>
<td>Not applicable.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Decomposition temperature</td>
<td>Not available.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SADT</td>
<td>Not available.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Viscosity</td>
<td>Not available.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

Chemical stability: The product is stable.

Possibility of hazardous reactions: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

Conditions to avoid: No specific data.

Incompatible materials: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: strong acids, acid fumes or steam.

Hazardous decomposition products: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>Result</th>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Dose</th>
<th>Exposure</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Potassium dicyanoaurate</td>
<td>LD50 Oral</td>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>29 mg/kg</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Citric Acid</td>
<td>LD50 Oral</td>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>3000 mg/kg</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Irritation/Corrosion

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>Result</th>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Exposure</th>
<th>Observation</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Citric Acid</td>
<td>Eyes – severe irritant</td>
<td>Rabbit</td>
<td>24 hours 750 µg</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Skin – mild irritant</td>
<td>Rabbit</td>
<td>24 hours 500 µg</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Skin – moderate irritant</td>
<td>Rabbit</td>
<td>0.5 ml</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Sensitization

- Skin: There is no data available.
- Respiratory: There is no data available.

Carcinogenicity

There is no data available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

There is no data available.

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

There is no data available.

Aspiration hazard

There is no data available.

Information on the likely routes of exposure

Potential acute health effects

- Eye contact: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Inhalation: Harmful if inhaled. May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled. Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Serious effects may be delayed following exposure.
- Skin contact: Harmful in contact with skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
- Ingestion: Harmful if swallowed.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics
**Section 11. Toxicological information (cont.)**

**Eye contact**
No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Inhalation**
Adverse symptoms may include the following:
- wheezing and breathing difficulties
- asthma

**Skin contact**
Adverse symptoms may include the following:
- irritation redness
- No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Ingestion**

**Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure**

**Short term exposure**
- Potential immediate effects: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Potential delayed effects: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Long term exposure**
- Potential immediate effects: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Potential delayed effects: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Potential chronic health effects**
- General: Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.
- Carcinogenicity: Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.
- Mutagenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Developmental effects: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Teratogenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Fertility effects: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Numerical measures of toxicity**

**Acute toxicity estimates**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Route</th>
<th>ATE value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Oral</td>
<td>830 mg/kg</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Inhalation (vapors)</td>
<td>14.29 mg/L</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Section 12. Ecological Information**

**Toxicity**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>Result</th>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Exposure</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Citric Acid</td>
<td>Acute LC50 160000 µg/l Marine water</td>
<td>Crustaceans - Carcinus maenas - Adult</td>
<td>48 hours</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Persistence/degradability**

There is no data available.

**Bioaccumulative potential**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>LogP\textsubscript{ow}</th>
<th>BCF</th>
<th>Potential</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Citric Acid</td>
<td>-1.8</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>low</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (K<sub>oc</sub>) : Not available.

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal Considerations

Disposal methods : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling empty containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>US DOT</th>
<th>IATA</th>
<th>IMDG</th>
<th>TDG</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>UN number</td>
<td>Not regulated for transport</td>
<td>Not regulated for transport</td>
<td>Not regulated for transport</td>
<td>Not regulated for transport</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>UN proper shipping name</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Transport hazard class</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Packing group</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Environmental hazards</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Additional information</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Special precautions for user : Transport within user’s premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Section 15. Regulatory information

Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product. : No known specific national and/or regional regulations applicable to this product. (including its ingredients).
Section 16. Other information

History

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Date of issue</th>
<th>15/11/2015</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Version</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Revised Sections</td>
<td>Not applicable</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Prepared by</td>
<td>Gold Plating Services</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.